This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

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SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS

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CONTINUED ON CHART 18620

CONTINUED ON CHART 18620

KAPP 1812

FORT BRAGG AND NOYO ANCHORAGE

Scale 1:10,000

SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS
AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

FORT BRAGG
NOYO
Noyo River
Noyo Basin
Dolphin Cove
Soldier Pt
Pudding Cr
Virgin Cr
Laguna Pt
Cleone
Mitchell Cr
Jug Handle Cr
Caspar Pt
CASPAR
Caspar Cr
Doyle Cr
Pt Cabrillo
Pine Grove
Russian Gulch
W GABLE HOUSE
Jack Peters Gulch
MENDOCINO
MENDOCINO BAY
Little River
Buckhorn Cove
Stillwell Pt
Colby Reef
Dark Gulch
ALBION
Albion River
Bull Rock
Whitesboro
Navarro Ridge
Navarro River
Saddle Pt
Cove Rock
Cuffey Pt
Cuffey Cove
Casket Rock
Nose Rock
CH CROSS
CH SP
ELK
Mendocino County Airport
Beaver Pt
Hare Cr
Little River
Salmon Pt
Barn
Breakers
Awash LW
Awash 1 fdn
Foul
Rock
Sewage Filtration Ponds
STACK
TOWER
CUP
OVHD CAB
OVHD PWR CAB
OVERHEAD POWER CABLE
CABLE
Runway
Breakwater
Wharf Rock
Gunderson Rock
Greenwood Cr
Navarro River

MAGNETIC
VAR 16° 00'E (2000)
ANNUAL DECREASE 4'

RW "NA" Mo (A) WHISTLE
R "2" Fl R 2.5s BELL
DUMP SITE (dredged material) (see note S)
Depths from survey of 1935

COLREGS DEMARCATION LINE 80.1146 (see note A)
FIXED BRIDGE (under reconstruction) Construction Guidance AUTH HOR CL 82 FT AUTH VERT CL 80 FT
Iso R 6s 24ft 8M "12"
R 4s 15ft 4M "12"
Fl R 4s 58 4M "12"
Fl R 2.5s 15ft 5M "6"
Fl R 4s
Fl G 4s
Fl G 2.5s
Fl R 2.5s
Fl G
R "2"
R "4"
Fl R "2"
Fl R "4"
Fl G "1"
Fl G "3"
Fl R "2" BELL
Fl R "4" BELL
Fl G "1" BELL
Fl G "3" BELL
Fl R "2" GONG
Fl R "4" GONG
Fl G "1" GONG
Fl G "3" GONG
Fl R "2" WHISTLE
Fl R "4" WHISTLE
Fl G "1" WHISTLE
Fl G "3" WHISTLE
Fl R "2" HORN
Fl R "4" HORN
Fl G "1" HORN
Fl G "3" HORN
Fl R "2" BELL HORN
Fl R "4" BELL HORN
Fl G "1" BELL HORN
Fl G "3" BELL HORN
Fl R "2" GONG HORN
Fl R "4" GONG HORN
Fl G "1" GONG HORN
Fl G "3" GONG HORN
Fl R "2" WHISTLE HORN
Fl R "4" WHISTLE HORN
Fl G "1" WHISTLE HORN
Fl G "3" WHISTLE HORN

NOYO ANCHORAGE
PLANE COORDINATE GRID (based on NAD 1927)
California state grid, zone 2, is indicated by dashed ticks at 5,000 foot intervals.

Nautical Mile
Yards

123° 49'
123° 50'
48'
50'
39° 26'
25'

ELK

Scale 1:10,000

SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS
AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

Cove Rock
Cuffey Pt
Cuffey Cove
Wharf Rock
Casket Rock
Nose Rock
Gunderson Rock
Greenwood Cr
CH CROSS
CH SP
ELK
GREENWOOD COVE
Breakers
Awash LW
Awash 1 fdn
Rock
CABLE
TOWER
OVHD CAB AUTH CL 108 FT
OVHD PWR CAB AUTH CL 108 FT

MAGNETIC
VAR 16° 00'E (2000)
ANNUAL DECREASE 4'

Nautical Mile
Yards

123° 44'
43'
39° 08'

CAUTION
SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES
Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:

Pipeline Area — Cable Area

Additional uncharted submarine pipelines and submarine cables may exist within the area of this chart. Not all submarine pipelines and submarine cables are required to be buried, and those that were originally buried may have become exposed. Mariners should use extreme caution when operating vessels in depths of water comparable to their draft in areas where pipelines and cables may exist, and when anchoring, dragging, or trawling.
Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.

SOURCE DIAGRAM
The outlined areas represent the limits of the most recent hydrographic survey information that has been evaluated for charting. Surveys have been banded in this diagram by date and type of survey. Channels maintained by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers are periodically resurveyed and are not shown on this diagram. Refer to Chapter 1, United States Coast Pilot.

SOURCE
B4 1900-1939 NOS Surveys partial bottom coverage

Nautical Miles
Yards

55' 50' 46' 45' 30' 15' 123° 45' 40'
20' 19' 15' 10'
39° 15'

UNITED STATES - WEST COAST

CALIFORNIA

ELK TO FORT BRAGG

Mercator Projection
Scale 1:40,000 at Lat. 39°19'
North American Datum of 1983
(World Geodetic System 1984)

SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS
AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

TIDAL INFORMATION

Place Name	(LAT/LONG)	Height referred to datum of soundings (MLLW) Mean Higher High Water	Mean High Water	Mean Low Water	Extreme Low Water
		feet	feet	feet	feet
Albion	(39°14'N/123°46'W)	5.8	5.1	1.1	-2.5
Mendocino	(39°18'N/123°48'W)	5.8	5.1	1.1	-2.5
Fort Bragg Landing	(39°27'N/123°49'W)	5.8	5.2	1.1	-2.5

(598)

ABBREVIATIONS (For complete list of Symbols and Abbreviations, see Chart No. 1.)
Aids to Navigation (lights are white unless otherwise indicated):

AERO aeronautical
Al alternating
B black
Bn beacon
C can
DIA diaphone
F fixed
Fl flashing
G green
IQ interrupted quick
Iso isophase
LT HO lighthouse
M nautical mile
m minutes
MICRO TR microwave tower
Mkr marker
Mo morse code
N nun
OBSC obscured
Oc occulting
Or orange
Q quick
R red
Ra Ref radar reflector
R Bn radiobeacon
R TR radio tower
Rot rotating
s seconds
SEC sector
St M statute miles
VQ very quick
W white
WHIS whistle
Y yellow

Bottom characteristics:
Blds boulders
bk broken
Cy clay
Co coral
G gravel
Grs grass
gy gray
h hard
M mud
Oys oysters
Rk rock
S sand
so soft
Sh shells
sy sticky

Miscellaneous:
AUTH authorized
ED existence doubtful
Obstn obstruction
PA position approximate
PD position doubtful
Rep reported
Subm submerged
⚓ Wreck, rock, obstruction, or shoal swept clear to the depth indicated.
(2) Rocks that cover and uncover, with heights in feet above datum of soundings.
COLREGS: International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972.
Demarcation lines are shown thus: — — — —

HEIGHTS
Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

AUTHORITIES
Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, and U.S. Coast Guard.

CAUTION
Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Notice to Mariners.

AIDS TO NAVIGATION
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

CAUTION
Only marine radiobeacons have been calibrated for surface use. Limitations on the use of certain other radio signals as aids to marine navigation can be found in the U.S. Coast Guard Light Lists and National Imagery and Mapping Agency Publication 117.
Radio direction-finder bearings to commercial broadcasting stations are subject to error and should be used with caution.
Station positions are shown thus:
⊙ (Accurate location) ○ (Approximate location)

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 7 for important supplemental information.

NOTE A
Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 7. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 11th Coast Guard District in Long Beach, CA or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in San Francisco, California.
Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

NOTE S
Regulations for Ocean Dumping Sites are contained in 40 CFR, Parts 220-229. Additional information concerning the regulations and requirements for use of the sites may be obtained from Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). See U.S. Coast Pilots appendix for addresses of EPA offices.

POLLUTION REPORTS
Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

RADAR REFLECTORS
Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

NOAA VHF-FM WEATHER BROADCASTS
The National Weather Service stations listed below provide continuous marine weather broadcasts. The range of reception is variable, but for most stations is usually 20 to 40 miles from the antenna site.

Eureka, CA	KEC-82	162.40 MHz
Point Arena, CA	KIH-30	162.55 MHz

HORIZONTAL DATUM
The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 0.310" southward and 4.078" westward to agree with this chart.

LOGARITHMIC SPEED SCALE
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60
To find SPEED, place one point of dividers on distance run (in any unit) and the other on minutes run. Without changing divider spread, place right point on 60 and left point will then indicate speed in units per hour. Example: with 4.0 nautical miles run in 15 minutes, the speed is 16.0 knots.

FATHOMS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
FEET 6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48 54 60 66 72 78 84 90 96 102
METERS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Elk to Fort Bragg
SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS - SCALE 1:40,000

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CAUTION
This chart has been corrected from the Notice to Mariners published weekly by the National Imagery and Mapping Agency and the Local Notice to Mariners issued periodically by each U.S. Coast Guard district to the date shown in the lower left hand corner.

SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS

OUR SEAS AND OUR SKIES
OF EXCELLENCE AT NOAA

Published at Washington, D.C.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
COAST SURVEY

WARNING
The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

ED NO. 15
NSN 7642014011640 18DMA18626
NIMA REFERENCE NO.