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PLITER User's Guide

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SECTION 1

TERMINOLOGY AND DEFINITIONS

- CDD A CDDMS data base. A CDDMS data base is a special-purpose data base used to store wind tunnel data and results of aerodynamic analysis codes. CDDs are binary files and cannot be edited or printed directly.
- CDDMS A special-purpose data management and graphics system for storing and plotting wind tunnel data. Individual components of this system are described briefly in APPENDIX K.
- CDDMS Plot Request Forms Special forms designed to allow the plot data as well as the format of the desired plots to be requested precisely so that others may do the actual plotting.
- Configuration Code An integer code identifying which model configuration is appropriate for a given run: sequence. If configuration text is desired in plot legends, configuration code must be available in the sixth position of the run header. (See run header definition in this section.)
- Configuration Table A CDDMS table containing text which may be output in plot legends.
- Defaults File An optional file used in the Requests file system for specifying invariant plot options.
- Derived data (Also called Summary data.) A set of standard results computed from aerodynamic wind tunnel data.
- DIP file Device Independent Plot file. DIP files are the basic files needed to create Versatec plots. They may be converted to Dicomed format for making microfiche plots. DIP files cannot be edited.
- Disregarded Data Data points which are to be ignored by curve fairing operations. Such points are identified by disregarded data flags which are stored on the CDD. These flags may be adjusted by running the ARIES program or the TOGGLE program.
- Force Force data is stored on a CDD as one value per sequence for each force quantity. Forces are identified on a CDD by a unique 8-character name in the Force Names Table.

- Force Names Table Also called a Names Table. A CDDMS table containing the names of the force data on a CDD in the same order as the data is returned from the SWTS. Each force name may contain up to 8 characters. RUN, SEQ or SEQUENCE, REGION or REG or RGN are reserved names and can be requested on the legend card. They may not be used as Force names.
- Frames File An optional file used in the Requests file system for specifying plot options which vary from frame to frame. Each frame definition in a Frames file must begin with a \$FRMID keyword.
- Legend Also called a plot legend. A tabulation of userspecified quantities identifying information about each
 ourve on a given plot. Legends may contain force data, run
 number, sequence number, region numbers, and configuration
 text. All legends appear at the top of plot frames.
- Map Table A CDDMS table which establishes the correspondence between a pressure tap number and a scanivalve:port combination.
- PDF Plot Definition File. Contains extracted data to be plotted. PDFs may be edited.
- Plot Code Integer code identifying which plumbing configuration (for pressure data tubing) is appropriate for pressure data in this run: sequence. If pressure plots are desired, the plot code must be available in the first position of the CDD run header. (See run header definition in this section.)
- PLTTER A command file for creating plots of wind tunnel or theory data stored on a CDD. PLTTER invokes various CDDMS programs to allow desired plots to be specified, plot data to be extracted and sorted, and plots to be created. Most users start with a Requests file to create Versatec plots.
- POUT Also called POUT9. A special file used to control data extraction from the SWTS. A POUT must be created before the wind tunnel test data can be retrieved.
- Pressure tap A small orifice on a model surface at which a pressure is measured. Pressures are generally measured using a "port" on a "scanivalve" (scan).
- PSF Plot Specification File. PSFs are intermediate files created from Requests files using the PLTTER system.

 Quantities to be plotted are identified by "pointers" on the data base. PSFs contain run specifications to direct

- data extraction from a CDDMS data base. PSFs may be edited.
- Region Also called a pressure region. A region identifies by number some subset of tap locations at which pressure and coordinate information are to be extracted for a given curve on a pressure plot.
- Region Table A CDDMS table which identifies pressure tap numbers for pressure data which is to be used for a given pressure plot. Pressure plots are requested for a specified numbered region.
- Requests File A plot Requests file identifies the data to be plotted from a CDD. Requests files may be used in conjunction with a Frames and/or Defaults file. A Requests file is made up of request blocks. A request block is made up of all plot options specified for a single request. Request blocks are delimited by \$STATUS keywords.
- Run Header A special section of information stored with each run on a CDD. Run headers contain six quantities, some of which have special significance when plotting. Standard run header quantities are shown on the Data Retrieval Request forms in Appendix G. page 45.
- Special Text Any combination of Greek characters, mathematical symbols, or sub/superscripting in a text string.
- SWTS The Standardized Wind Tunnel System. A specialized data acquisition and storage system for wind tunnel data. Raw data and computed results are stored on Test Data Bases (TDBs). There is a special-purpose report generator within the SWTS which creates output which can be loaded onto a CDD by the LOADER program.
- Tap Table A CDDMS table containing coordinate information for pressure tap locations.
- Wind Tunnel Test Data Retrieval Request Forms Also called Data Retrieval Request Forms. Special-purpose forms for identifying all the data that is to be retrieved from the SWTS for storing on a CDD. Information provided on these forms is required to retrieve data, to create CDDMS Tables, and to initialize the CDD.

SECTION 2

INTRODUCTION TO THE PLTTER SYSTEM

FEATURES, PLOT OPTIONS, AND DEFAULTS

CDDMS is a comprehensive system for data basing and subsequent plotting of data acquired during wind tunnel tests or from computational flow analyses. The graphics capabilities of this system may be invoked by typing the command CDDMS followed by PLTTER at any terminal connected to the FAR or FAE VAX. (CDDMS needs to be typed only once during a given login session. Frequent users of PLTTER and other CDDMS programs may find it convenient to put the CDDMS command in their login command files.)

PLTTER is a system which creates plots of wind tunnel data which has been stored on a CDDMS data base. The user is prompted for all information necessary to create desired plots and is given the opportunity to begin and end at several stages along the way. For example, the user may wish to start with a Requests File and stop after creating a Plot Specification File for use with the ARIES program.

The PLTTER system features many capabilities which are especially useful when plotting wind tunnel data. Data from up to five CDDs may be displayed for comparison on the same plot. PLTTER offers a variety of page formats, different grid options and parametric curve fitting algorithms, and a powerful legend capability to identify relevant information about individual curves. One or more plots on a page can be suppressed if desired so that an established page format can be maintained. Force plot data may be sorted with respect to a third quantity. (E.g. CL and CD may be sorted with respect to ALPHA before being plotted.) Certain data points (sequences for force plots or tap locations for pressure plots) may be "disregarded" so that they are ignored by curve fairing operations. Special text, such as subscripts and Greek characters, is easily specified. Plots may be rotated 90 degrees to the "cinema" orientation. Final plot output may be standard Versatec plots, QMS Laser printer plots, or microfiche (from the Dicomed). This system also features a mechanism for requesting plots. By completing CDDMS Plot Request Forms, the user can have others do the plotting.

The basic features and options of the PLTTER system are highlighted on the sample plots shown in APPENDIX A. These plots also introduce basic graphics terminology necessary to make effective use of the PLTTER system.

The Requests file system allows plot-controlling information to be arranged in the way most appropriate for any application. All files must be created before running PLTTER.

HELP is available for most menu-type prompts issued by PLTTER and its constituent programs by simply entering a question mark (?) in response to the prompt. In such cases, descriptions of possible user options are explained in greater detail.

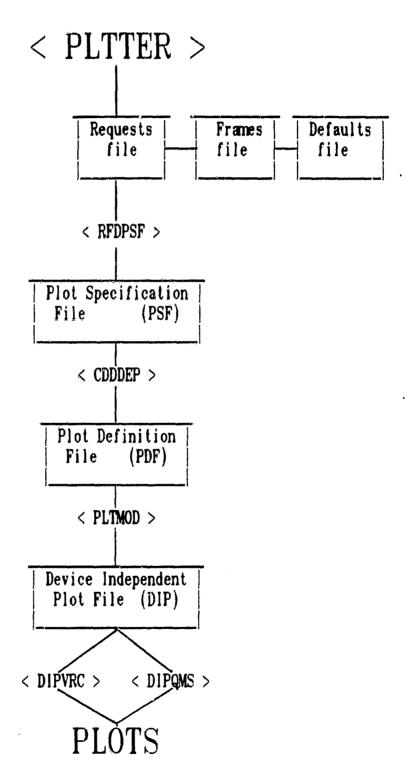
Defaults are provided for nearly every plot option. Most defaults are clearly identified on the CDDMS Plot Request Forms (shown in APPENDIX H) on which they are preceded by an asterisk (*). Default titles and labels are blanks; default legends are empty. The default frame type is Force. Unless otherwise requested, Force data is sorted with respect to ALPHA before plotting. In fact, the only quantities which MUST BE specified (either in user files or on Plot Request Forms) and for which no defaults are provided are:

- o The name(s) and type(s) of the CDDMS data base(s) from which to extract data for plotting.
- o The names of the data to be plotted on the X and Y axes.
- o The RUN(s) to be plotted.

The following diagram shows the relationship of the various files and programs which make up the PLTTER system. The user may choose to begin and end at any stage in this structure. In addition, individual components (programs) of the PLTTER system can be run by typing PROGRAM NAME, where PROGRAM NAME is the name of the individual program to be invoked.

A CONTRACT OF

The following diagram shows the various programs and files which make up the PLTTER system. Files are enclosed in boxes. Program names are shown in < angle brackets >.



BEFORE PLOTTING THE DATA

There are several steps necessary before plotting data with the PLTTER system. These are outlined briefly below.

- o The user should understand the basic PLTTER system structure shown on the diagram on page 7 and be familiar with terminology and with the various file structures and plot options which are available.
- o The user must have (reduced) wind tunnel test data (i.e. RESULTS) available in a Test Data Base (TDB) of the SWTS.
- o The data that is to be retrieved and stored on a CDD for plotting must have been identified. The Wind Tunnel Test Data Retrievel Request Forms must be completed well in advance of the test. These forms contain all information necessary for initializing the data base, retrieving the data, and creating the CDDMS Tables needed for plotting various types of data.
- o Before running any CDDMS programs, the user must type CDDMS. This defines those programs for the current login session. The user may find it easier to put the CDDMS command in the login command file.
- O Support personnel must create a POINTERS input file based on the information specified on the Data Retrieval Request Forms and run the POINTERS program to create the input file for the SWTS reporting subsystem. This file directs data retrieval from the SWTS.
- O Support personnel must run the SWTS report generating subsystem to extract desired data. The extracted (RUN.DAT) data file must be transferred to the FAR or FAE VAX.
- o Support personnel must initialize the CDD by running the CDDINI program.
- o Support personnel must run the LOADER program to load data (RUN.DAT file) onto the CDD.

- o Support personnel must create necessary CDDMS Tables.
- o Support personnel must run the TABLES program to load CDDMS Tables onto the CDD. If force data is to be plotted, they must load a Force Names Table. If pressure data is to be plotted, they must load Map, Tap, and Region Tables. If text is desired in plot legends, they must load a Configuration Table.
- o If plots of Summary data are desired, the user (or support personnel) must run the DERIVD program first. DERIVD is discussed in greater detail in APPENDIX J.
- o If the user wishes for someone else to do the plotting, CDDMS Plot Request Forms must be completed. To ensure fast turnaround, these forms must be completed well in advance of the need to see the plots.

SECTION 3

PLOTTING WIND TUNNEL DATA WITH PLTTER

FRAME TYPES

Three basic frame types are available - Force, Pressure, and Summary (i.e. F, P, and S).

Force plots represent two force quantities plotted one versus the other for a given run (or set of runs). Force data to be plotted must be identified by name (exactly as it appears in the Force Names Table). Each point on the resulting curve represents the values of the two force quantities for one sequence of the specified run(s).

Pressure plots represent a pressure quantity plotted versus the position of the corresponding tap (e.g. Cp vs. X/C) for a specified run: sequence combination. Pressure plots require a separate region to be specified for each of the upper and lower surfaces of a wing. Each point on the resulting curve represents pressure and location information for a single pressure tap for the specified run: sequence.

Summary plots show "derived" data generated by the DERIVD program. Derived data contains such quantities as slopes, intercepts, and maximum and mimimum values for various force quantities evaluated over an ALPHA or BETA range in a given run. Summary plots require the user first to have derived such Summary data from original force data by running the DERIVD program. (See APPENDIX J.) Each point on the resulting curve represents characteristics which have been derived for data from an entire run. Hence, Summary plots require the "ampersand" run specification syntax described next in this section so that data from more than one run may be shown on the same plot. Derived data also may be plotted against any force quantity on the CDD.

SPECIFYING RUNS TO BE PLOTTED

The following examples demonstrate valid CDDMS run specification syntaxes. A slash (/) is used to identify runs from a data base other than the default (1). The data base specified using the slash notation is honored only for the current run specification line. The default (1) is restored automatically at the beginning of each run specification line. A colon may be used after a run number to identify an individual sequence of that run (for plotting pressure data). The syntaxes shown below must be used to identify the runs or run: sequence combinations for which a given frame is desired.

RUN SYNTAX	DESCRIPTION .
7	A single run from default Data Base (DE 1)
1:5/2	A single run: sequence from DB 2
5-15/3,17-20	Runs 5 thru 15 and 17 thru 20 from DB 3
1 2,3,5,7	Selected runs 1,3,5,7 from DB 2
489/5811817/1	Force comparison - Multiple runs per plot; runs 4817 from DB 1; 9811 from DB 5
8:562:7,3	Pressure comparison - Multiple run:sequences per plot; run 8:5 from DB 1; 2:7 from DB 3
58789815	For Summary, "&" only valid option: runs must all be from same DB
« ČR »	Exit

THE REQUESTS FILE SYSTEM

The Requests file system allows plot-related information to be specified only as often as that information is required to be changed in a given plotting session. It is based upon a hierarchy of three files which can be used to define various information needed to create desired plot frames. Information in the three files may be specified using keywords or the SOPTIONS namelist. The SOPTIONS namelist may appear in any of the three files. The (optional) Defaults file is intended to allow invariant quantities for a given set of plots to be specified only once. This file generally includes such information as selected grid type, curve fitting technique, curve symbol sequence, etc. Any of the options specified in the Defaults file may be modified at a higher level in the file hierarchy. The (optional) Frames file allows plot options which are frame-dependent to be defined. Frames files normally include such items as the names of data to be plotted on the X- and Y-axes and axis scaling information and labels. Options specified at the Frames file level in the hierarchy may be modified in the Requests file. The Requests file contains actual plot requests. It specifies the runs and frame definitions to be plotted and allows a final opportunity to modify plot options specified in the Defaults and or Frames files.

One very natural arrangement for the information to be contained in each of the three files is to follow loosely the structure of the CDDMS Plot Request Forms. The structures of the Requests, Frames, and Defaults files (with examples) are provided in APPENDICES B, C, and D respectively.

Sample Requests, Frames, and Defaults files are available on the FAR VAX in FAEO: [FAECDD.DOC]:

SAMPLE.REQ SAMPLE.FRM SAMPLE.DEF

More extensive files are also available which show all possible options.

COMPLETE. REQ COMPLETE. FRM COMPLETE. DEF

These may be copied into the user's account as a start in using the Requests file system.

AN IMPORTANT NOTE ON HOUSEKEEPING

The PLTTER system involves the creation of many intermediate files. Of these, it is likely that the only ones which need to be kept for any period of time are Requests file(s), Frames file(s), and Defaults file(s).

PLTTER creates several other file types from these when it creates plots and these should be deleted as soon as they are no longer useful. File types created by PLTTER which should be deleted routinely include:

.PSFs (e.g., TESTDAT.PSF)
.PDFs (e.g., TESTDAT.PDF)
.DIPs (e.g., TESTDAT.DIP)
.QMSs (e.g., TESTDAT.QMS)

SECTION 4

PLOTTING DATA NOT ON A CDDMS DATA BASE

If data is not stored on a CDDMS data base, identical plotting capabilities (with the exception of multiple plots per frame) can be accessed by using the QMOD system, which is documented in Informatics General Corporation Technical Note #84-7104-306-21. QMOD is a powerful and very user-friendly system for creating report-quality plots from nearly any data source.

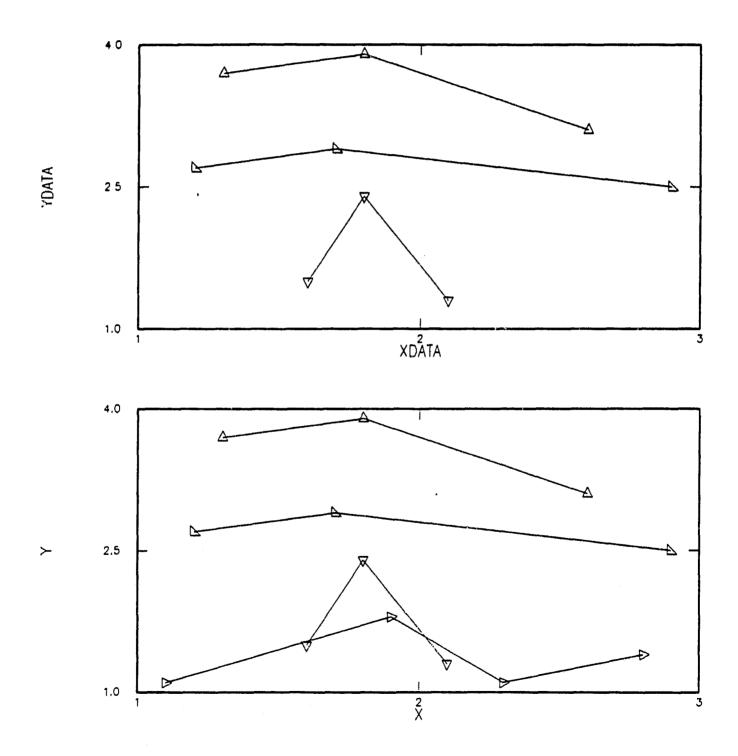
SECTION 5

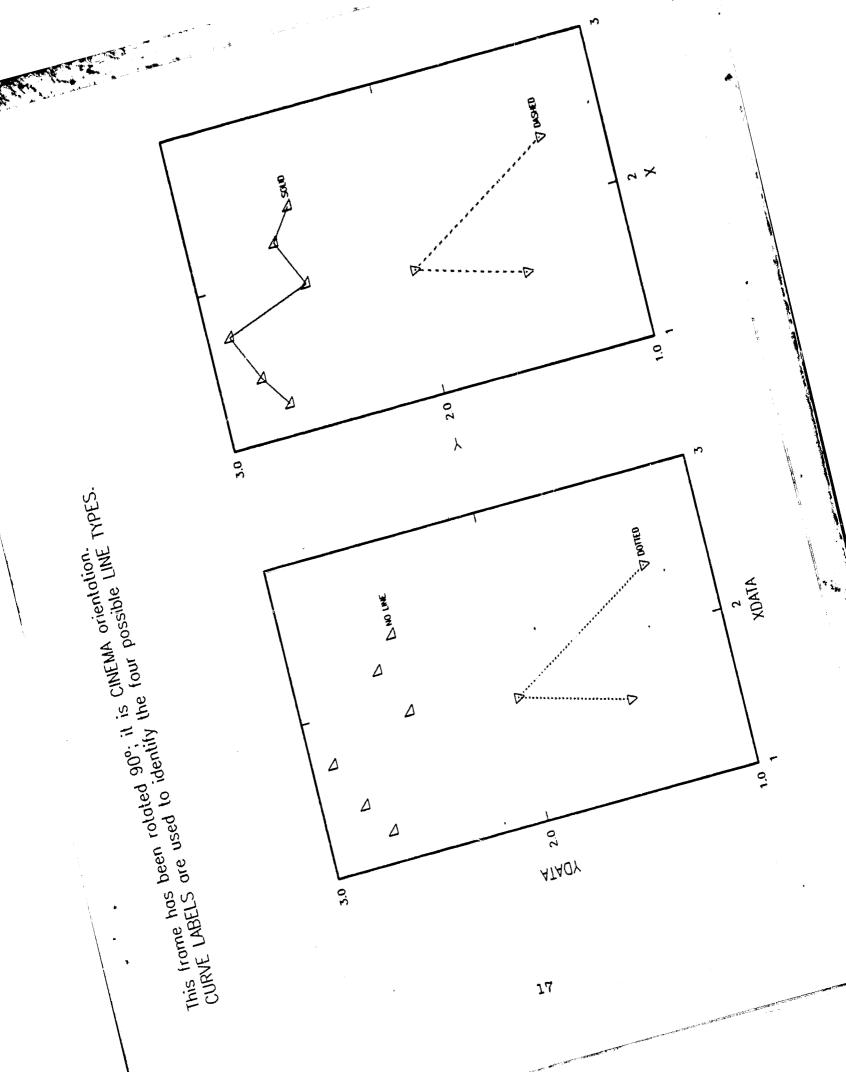
APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: SAMPLE PLOTS; INTRODUCTION TO GRAPHICS TERMINOLOGY

The following plots were created using PLTTER. They are intended as an introduction to graphics terminology used throughout this document and to the capabilities of the PLTTER graphics system. On the following pages, terminology which is being introduced is CAPITALIZED for emphasis.

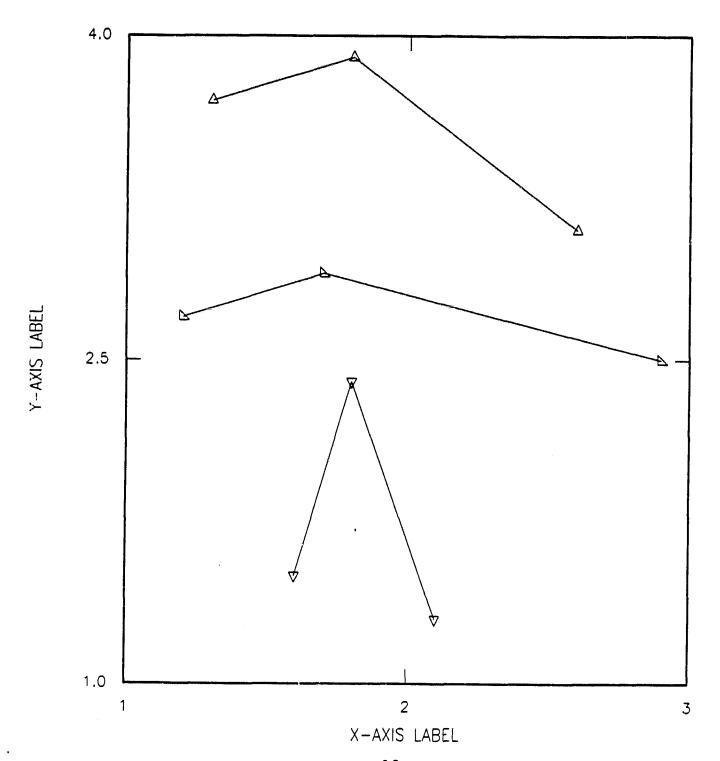
A FRAME is a page of graphical output. This frame was generated in the COMIC orientation and contains two PLOTS. 3 and 4 CURVES shown.



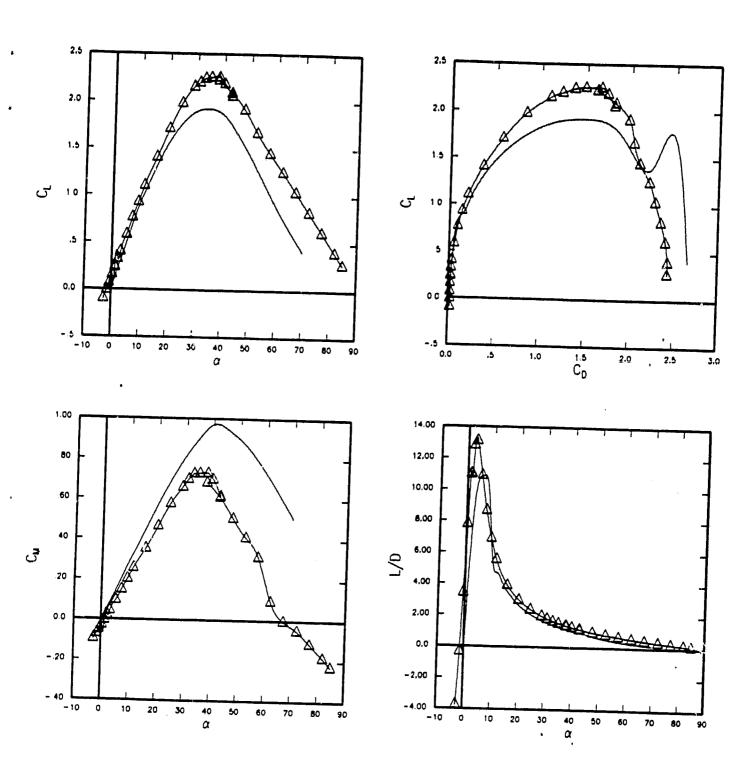


These two lines of text are FRAME TITLES, which may contain up to 70 characters each. The tabulated items below are a LEGEND.

T. JU. 1. U		1110 (W W . V !!	910	A FFAF11
SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION	ALPHA	CL	CD	MACH	RN/L E-6
∆	Canard off	2.16	.214	.025	.30	3,612
	Canard on	2.14	.234	.026	.30	3.796
 ∇	Nocelle on	2.21	,222	,025	.31	3,822

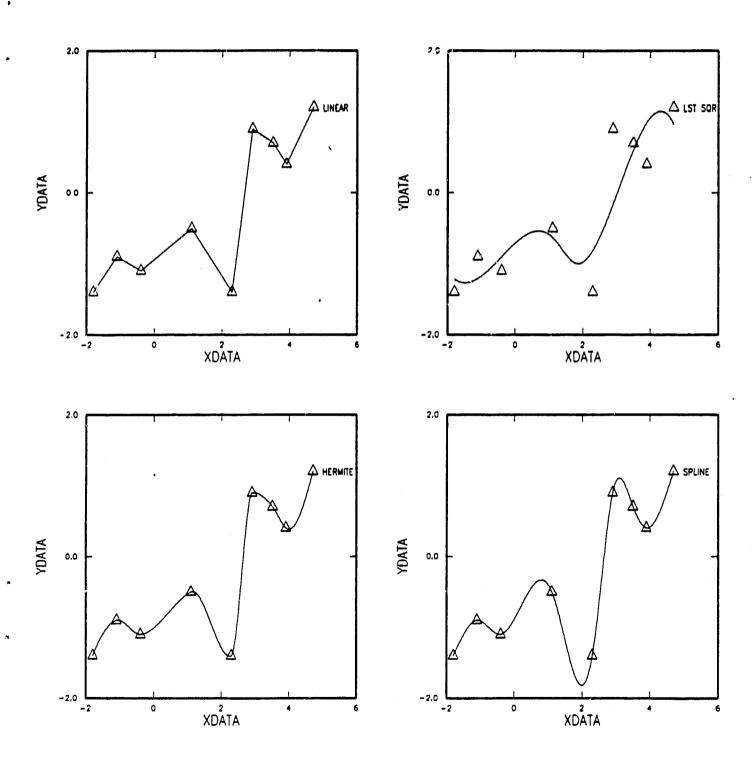


SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION	RUN	MACH
<u></u>	Experimental Experimental	43	202
	Theory	166	205
	*******	900	,200

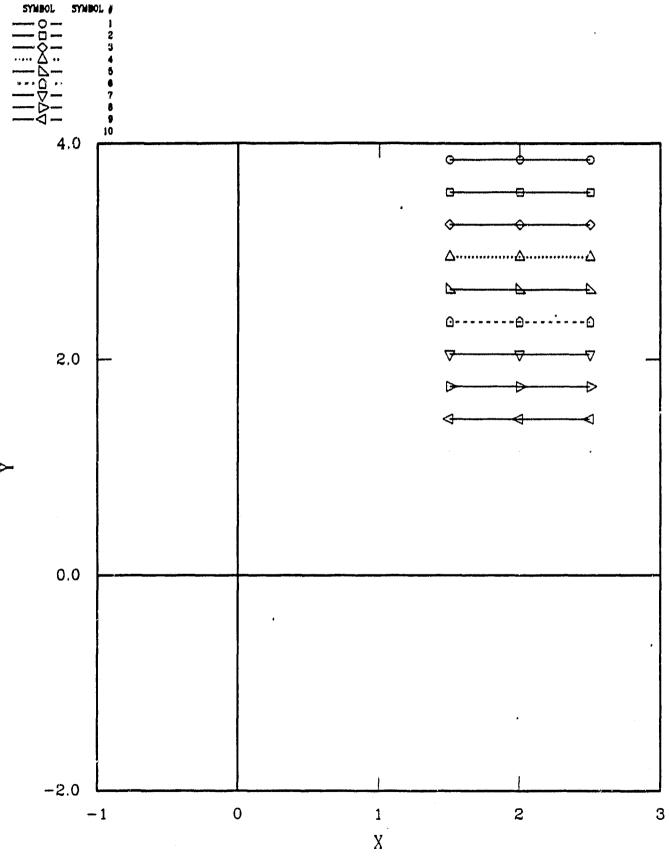


Axis labels may differ from plot to plot. Frame titles may be placed at the bottom of the frame.

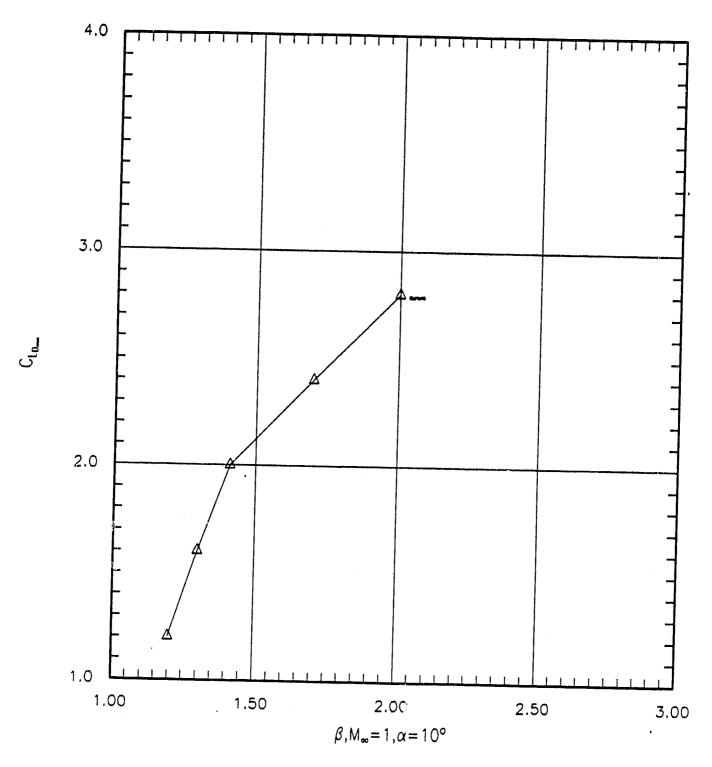
GRID TYPE 1 of six (no grid; ticks). CURVE FITTING methods: linear, 3rd order least squares, cubic Hermite, cubic spline.



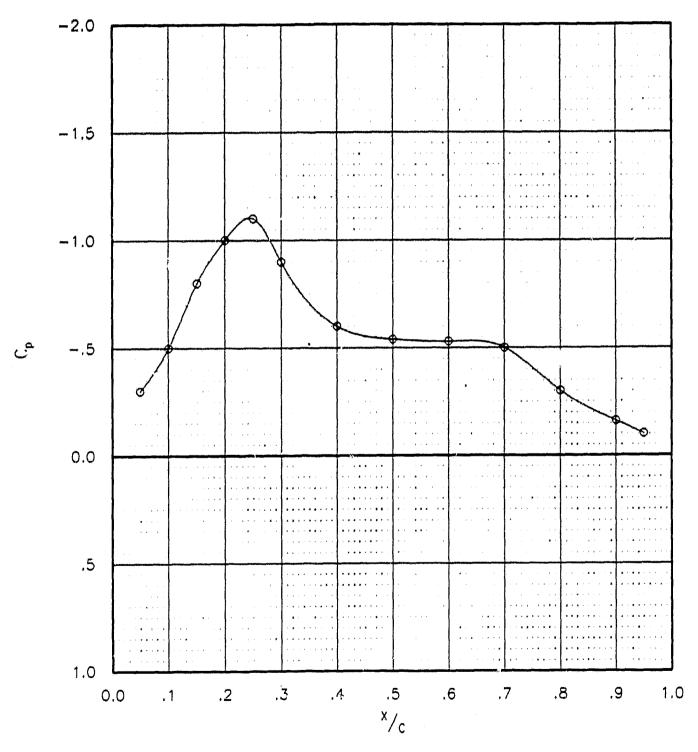
Grid type 2 (no grid; ticks; origin lines). Ten curve symbols are provided. This frame uses report-quality font.

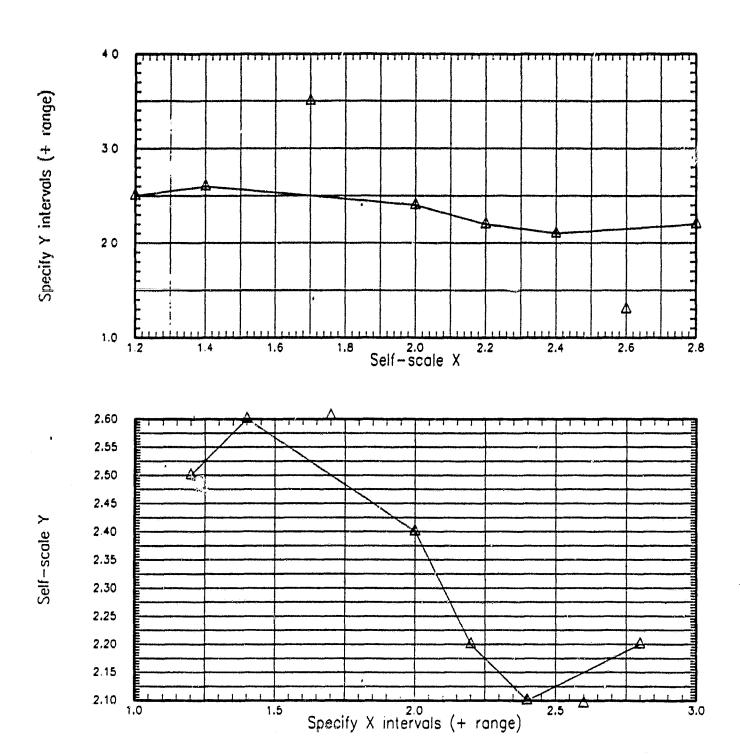


Grid type 3 (coarse grid; ticks) Any user-supplied text may contain Greek, math symbols, super $_{1sl_{2nd_{34}}}$ scripts.



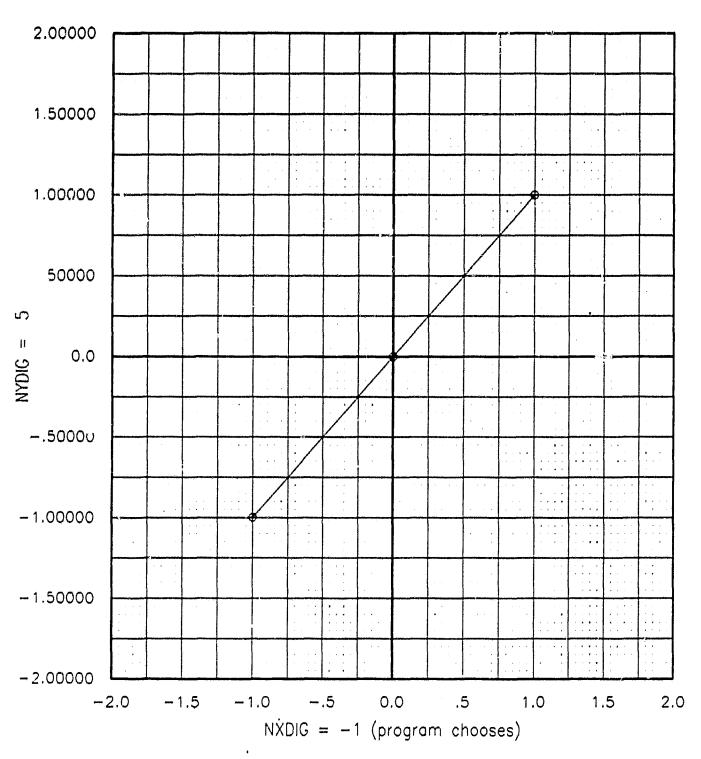
Grid type 4 (coarse grid: dots). Direction of either plot axis may be reversed. YBOT = 1. YTOP = -2.



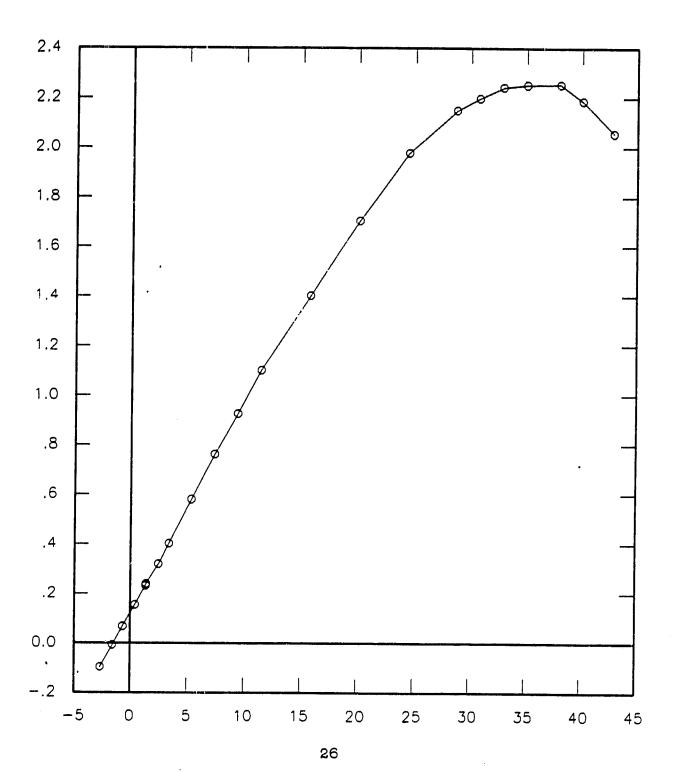


Grid type 6 (fine grid; dots). User controls number of DECIMAL DIGITS (digits to right of decimal point) in tick labels and in legend.

SYMBOL O DIGITS 1 DIGIT 2 DIGITS 3 DIGITS 4 DIGITS 5 DIGITS —— 0 —— 11 10.9 10.92 10.918 10.9183 10.91827



This frame was generated with all standard defaults (except titles). Must specify data base name/type and data to plot.



APPENDIX B: REQUESTS FILE (STRUCTURE AND EXAMPLES)

This appendix shows the structure of the Requests file. Most plotting information specified using the Requests file system can be specified in two ways - by keyword and by namelist. The first section shows all namelist options. The second section shows all valid keyword record options.

The following variables can be specified in the \$OPTIONS namelist. Note that the "\$" must begin in column 2 for the beginning of the namelist, and that no namelist variable may begin in column 1. The namelist must be terminated with a \$ (\$END in the examples) which cannot appear in column 1. Entries noted as text must be enclosed in single quotation marks. Dimensions appear in parentheses after some variable names. Entries noted with a dimension of 4 are plot options and may be specified up to four times (e.g., IFIT=1,3,2). A dimension of 25 indicates that the option is a curve option. IDSYM and IDLINE have a dimension of 25; the symbol code and line type sequences are repeated after the first 25 curves.

NAMELIST

VARIABLE TYPE DESCRIPTION

CLABEL(25) text curve label, up to 8 characters

COMMENT text any comment (does not appear on plot)

FRMTYP text type of data on frame, where

P = Pressure

F = Force

S = Summary

IDLINE(25) int line code, where

0 = no line

1 = solid line

2 = dotted line

3 = dashed line

(-1, -2, or -3) may be used to draw a curve with the corresponding positive line type but with its entry in the

plot legend suppressed.

IDSPLY(4) int display points flag, where

1 = display only valid points

3 = display all points

NAMELIST VARIABLE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
IDSRGD(4)	int	<pre>disregarded Force/Pressure flags, where 0 = do not use the Disregarded flags 1 = use the Disregarded flags array (must use ARIES or TOGGLE first to disregard points)</pre>
IDSYM(25)	int	<pre>plot symbol for curve, where 0 = no symbol 1 = eight-sided circle 2 = square 3 = diamond 4 = triangle, point up 5 = right triangle 6 = house 7 = triangle, point down 8 = triangle, point right 9 = triangle, point left 10 = dot (from -1 to -10) may be used to suppress any legend data for the appropriate curve)</pre>
IFIT(4)	int	<pre>curve fit option, where 0 = no fit (linear) l = least squares 2 = cubic Hermite 3 = interpolatory cubic spline</pre>
IGRID	int	<pre>type of grid on frame, where 1 = no grid; ticks at boundary 2 = same as grid 1 but with origin lines 3 = coarse grid; ticks 4 = coarse grid; dots 5 = fine grid; ticks 6 = fine grid; dots</pre>
IORIEN	int	<pre>page orientation, where 1 = Standard Versatec (COMIC) 2 = 90 degree rotation (CINEMA)</pre>
IPOS	int	<pre>position of titles on frame, where l = titles at top of frame 2 = titles at bottom of frame</pre>
NCRV(4)	int	number of curves for Force: number of different curves

NAMELIST VARIABLE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
		for Summary: number of \$RUNS records for this plot
		(NCRV(i)=0 can be used to suppress display of Plot (i) of the current frame. This allows the user to create, for instance, 6 plots in a 4-plots-per-frame format. This feature will maintain user-established formatting of plot frames in multiple plots per frame situations.)
NORM	int	normalization code (pressure), where 0 = no 1 = yes
NPLOTS	int	number of plots on current frame, where 1. 2, 3, or 4 plots are allowed
NXDIG(4)	int	<pre>number of decimal digits in X-axis tick labels -l = program chooses number of digits 0 = integer ,0 = number of decimal digits (maximum is 5)</pre>
NXINT(4)	int	<pre>number of desired x intervals, where</pre>
NYDIG(4)	int	<pre>number of decimal digits in Y-axis tick labels -1 = program chooses number of digits 0 = integer >0 = number of decimal digits (maximum is 5)</pre>
NYINT(4)	int	<pre>number of desired y intervals, where</pre>
RGN1(25) RGN2(25) RGN3(25) RGN4(25) RGN5(25)	<pre>int int int int int int</pre>	region numbers for curves from data base #1 region numbers for curves from data base #2 region numbers for curves from data base #3 region numbers for curves from data base #4 region numbers for curves from data base #5

NAMELIST VARIABLE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
SRTFLD(4)	text	name of the Force value by which to sort the Force data to be plotted (enter NOSORT if no sorting is desired).
XDATA(25)	text	<pre>for Force: name of data for x-array (up to 8 char) for Pressure: CP = CP along abscissa Otherwise, X along abscissa for Summary: name of data for x-array (up to 8 char)</pre>
XLABEL(4)	text	X-axis label, up to 30 oharacters
XLEFT(4) or XMIN(4)	real	value of X-axis at left edge (XLEFT MUST be greater than XRIGHT if decreasing left to right)
XRIGHT(4) or XMAX(4)	real	value of X-axis at right edge (XRIGHT MUST be less than XLEFT if decreasing left to right)
YBOT(4) or YMIN(4)	real	value of Y-axis at bottom (YBOT MUST be greater than YTOP if decreasing bottom to top)
YDATA(25)	text	<pre>for Force: name of data for y-array for Pressure: if Theory, pointer to column of pressures if Wind tunnel, pointer = 1 for Summary: name of data for y-array</pre>
YLABEL(4)	text	Y-axis label, up to 30 characters
YTOP(4) or YMAX(4)	real	value of Y-axis at top (YTOP MUST be less than YBOT if decreasing bottom to top)
=1 - 0-11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

The following variables can be specified on keyword records.

The following rules apply:

o The "\$" must be in column 1 for all keywords.

- o The data on the keyword record must begin in column 9.
- o Text entries should not be enclosed in single quotation marks.
- o The first seven keywords appear only in the Requests file and the first four must ALL appear in the order shown at the beginning of the Requests file.
- o \$FRMID must appear only in the Frames file and defines frame information until another \$FRMID card appears.
- o Optional keyword records may appear in any order.
- o The system will count to keep track of to which curve and plot to apply certain information. On multiple-field keyword records, filling a field with "9999" tells the system not to override that field. For example, \$CRVINF 9999, CD, 9999 overrides the YDATA field without destroying the XDATA and CLABEL fields.

The lower case names of variables already defined above appear on the keyword record definition. Otherwise, descriptions appear.

Must appear at beginning of the Requests file in order shown:

KEYWORD	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
\$DEFFIL	text	name of Defaults file (blank = no file)
\$FRMFIL	text	name of Frames file (blank = no file)
\$DBSETS		general data base information
		<pre>number of data bases (up to 5) text quality, where Q = quick look R = report quality</pre>
\$DBNAME		data base information (one card/data base)
DATSRC	text	<pre>data source, where WT = wind tunnel TH = theory</pre>
NAME .	text	CDD data base filename

Service of

Must appear only in the Requests file:

KEYWORD	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
\$STATUS	text	Controls whether or not plots are created for this request block, where 1 (or ON) = plot 0 (or OFF) = do not plot
\$FRAMES	int	numbers of templates in Frames file to use. Specify from 0 to 20 Frame IDs. Frame ID must be 0, and the entire card may be omitted, if there is no Frames file.
\$RUNS	text	Run number(s). Multiple RUNS cards may be used as necessary. See page 11 for a discussion of run specifications.

Must appear only in Frames file:

FRMID int ID number of this frame in the Frames file. Frame IDs must be positive integers <32767.

May appear in any file in any order

\$COMMENTcomment

\$TITLE1	text	Frame title 1, up to 70 characters
\$TITLE2	text	Frame title 2, up to 70 characters
\$LEGEND	text	legend control information
LEGLBL	text	LEGLEL is either the name of a Force value to be displayed in the Legend, or is the word CONFIGUR to indicate a Configuration code. RUN, SEQ (or SEQUENCE), REGION (or REG or RGN) may also be requested. Up to 10 legend fields may be specified. (Only 8 fit using COMIC orientation.)
NDIG	int	NDIG is the number of decimal digits to be displayed for data corresponding to each label, where 0 = integer -1 = text (for configuration) >0 = number of decimal digits (maximum is 5)

\$XAXIS xleft,xright,nxint,nxdig,xlabel

\$XLABEL xlabel

SYAXIS ybot, ytop, nyint, nydig, ylabel

SYLABEL ylabel

\$CRVINF xdata, ydata, clabel

\$CLABEL clabel

A sample Requests file follows. This file was used, in conjunction with the Frames file in Appendix C and the Defaults file in Appendix D, to create the plots shown

in Appendix D. **\$DEFFIL** FAEO: [FAECDD.DOC] EXAMPLE.DEF \$FRMFIL FAEO: [FAECDD.DOC] EXAMPLE.FRM \$DBSETS 2,Q \$DBNAME WT.FAEO:[FAECDD.F8]F8FAEVAX.CDD \$DBNAME WT, FAEO: [FAECDD.F8]F8TSS.CDD Sstatus ON SFRAMES 1 \$title2 CP vs X/C at 70% span on right wing SOPTIONS RGN1 = 10.11, SEND SRUNS 43:11 SSTATUS ON SFRAMES 4 LONGITUDINAL & LATERAL/DIR STABILITY STITLE1 FIGURE 12. \$TITLE2 MACH EFFECTS: SWEEP COMPARISON \$OPTIONS IPOS=2, NCRV=4, IDSRGD=0, \$END \$LEGEND CONFIGUR. -1.Q, O, SWEEP, O, FLAP, 1, FLAPERON, 1, AILERON, 1 \$COMMENT This is a Summary plot; note the 4 \$CRVINF cards, \$COMMENT one for each \$RUNS card SCRVINF MACH.LDMAX \$CRVINF MACH, LDMAX \$CRVINF MACH, LDMAX \$CRVINF MACH, LDMAX \$RUNS 79880881882883 \$RUNS 2228223822482288232 \$RUNS 330832783258324 **SRUNS** 29582948293829082898286 \$STATUS ON \$FRAMES 6 STITLE1 FIGURE 23. VENTRAL STRAKE EFFECT'S SOPTIONS IPOS=2, SEND \$LEGEND CONFIGUR, -1, MACH, 3, Q, O, SWEEP, O, BETA, 2, RUN, O 1918182879884 \$RUNS \$STATUS OFF \$FRAMES 5.3 \$TITLE1 FIGURE 14. LONGITUDINAL & LATERAL/DIR STABILITY \$TITLE2 SIDESLIP POLARS: MACH COMPARISON **\$OPTIONS IPOS=2, \$END** \$LEGEND CONFIGUR, -1, MACH, 3, Q, O, SWEEP, O, ALPHA, 2, RUN, O \$RUNS 88893899

The second

APPENDIX C: FRAMES FILE (STRUCTURE AND EXAMPLES)

The (optional) Frames file contains information defining one or more frame templates. Each such template must begin with a \$FRMID keyword. This may be followed by the \$OPTIONS namelist (as shown in APPENDIX B) and/or by other keywords not restricted to the Requests file. (See APPENDIX B for further details.)
This sample Frames file was used to create the plots in

Appendix D.

\$FRMID 1
\$OPTIONS FRMTYP='P', NCRV=2, XMIN=0., XMAX=1.,
XLABEL='+s"X"".'"-s"C"', YLABEL= '"C"-s"p"', NYINT=6,
NXINT=10, NXDIG=2, YTOP=-.60, YBOT=0.60, NYDIG=2, \$END
\$LEGEND CONFIGUR, -1, MACH, 2, SWEEP, 1, ALPHA, 2, RUN, 0, SEQ, 0, RGN, 0

\$FRMID 3 \$OPTIONS SRTFLD='BETA', \$END \$XAXIS -12.,10.,11,1,G"b" \$YAXIS -.35,.35,14,2,"C"-s"Y" \$CRVINF BETA,CY

\$FRMID 4
\$OPTIONS FRMTYP='S', SRTFLD='NOSORT', \$END
\$XAXIS .5,1.5,0,1,MACH
\$YAXIS 0.,20.,10,1,"L/D"-S"MAX"
\$CRVINF MACH,LDMAX

\$FRMID 5
\$OPTIONS SRTFLD='BETA', \$END
\$XAXIS -12.,10.,11,1,G"b"
\$YAXIS -.1,.9,10,2,"C"-S"L"
\$CRVINF BETA,CL

\$FRMID 6 \$OPTIONS NPLOTS=4, IORIEN=1, NCRV(2)=0, \$END \$COMMENT NCRV(2)=0 means that the 2nd plot is to be suppressed. \$COMMENT Must have \$XAXIS, \$YAXIS cards to keep correct count **\$XAXIS** -6.,26.,16,0,G"a" **SYAXIS** -.4,1.6.10,1,"C"-s"L" \$CRVINF ALPHA, CL **\$XAXIS** -6.,26.,16,0,G"a" **\$YAXIS** 0.0,.8,8,2,"C" -s"D" \$COMMENT Missing \$CRVINF card. Must not be specified. \$XAXIS -6.,26.,16,0,G"a" **\$YAXIS** -.35,.05,8,2,"C"-s"Y" \$CRVINF ALPHA, CY \$XAXIS -.4,1.6,10,2,"C"-s"L" SYAXIS -8.,24.,8,1,L/D \$CRVINF CL,L/D

- 1-1-7-

APPENDIX D: DEFAULTS FILE (STRUCTURE AND EXAMPLES)

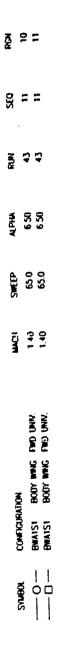
The (optional) Defaults file contains user-selected plot options which are of a global nature for a given plotting session. They need only be specified once. Any option specified in the Defaults file may be modified for a given frame and/or request in the Frames and/or Requests file. The Defaults file may contain the \$OPTIONS namelist (See APPENDIX B) plus any keywords not restricted to the Frames or Requests files.

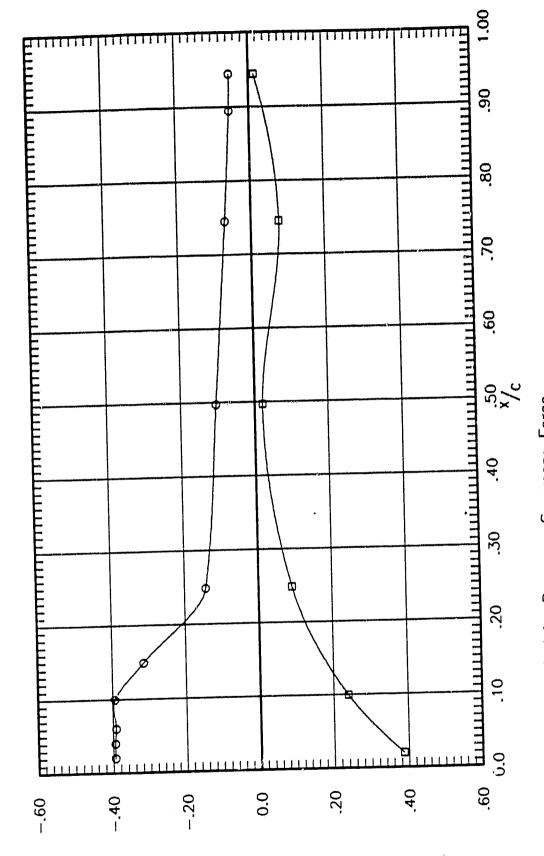
This sample Defaults file was used to create the following plots.

\$OPTIONS IGRID=3. IFIT=2, IORIEN=2, IPOS=2, NORM=1, IDSRGD=1,1,1,1, IDSPLY=3,3,3,3, \$END \$TITLE1 Examples of 3 types of plots, Pressure, Summary, Force \$LEGEND CONFIGUR,-1,MACH.2,Q,O,RN,2,5WEEP,1,ALPHA,2,CL,2,RUN,O

In the above example, note that plot option IFIT is specified for the first plot (of up to four) but IDSPLY and IDSRGD are specified for all four plots.

Note also that the legend specified in the Defaults file above does not appear in any of the following plots. This is so because the legend information specified in the Frames file for the first plot, and in the Requests file for the second and third plots, overrides it. Other plotting controls have also been overridden.





Examples of 3 types of plots, Pressure, Summary, Force CP vs X/C at 70% span on right wing

 C^b



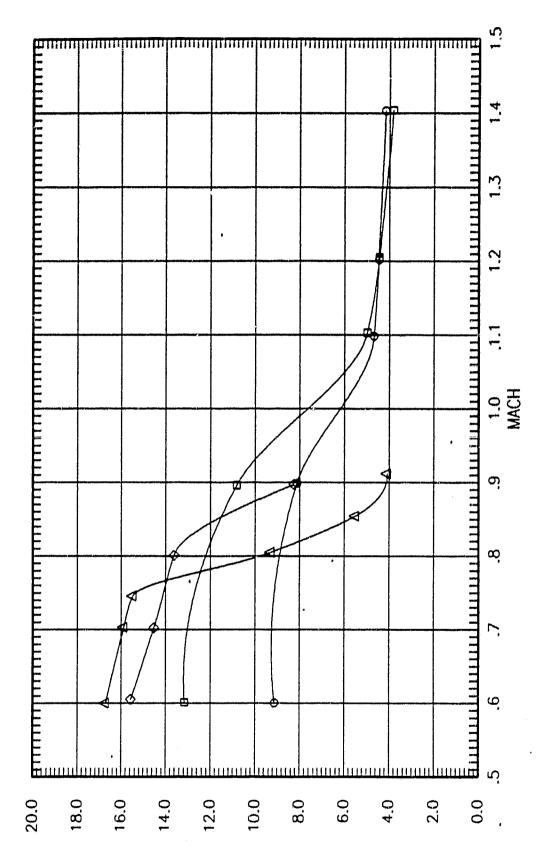
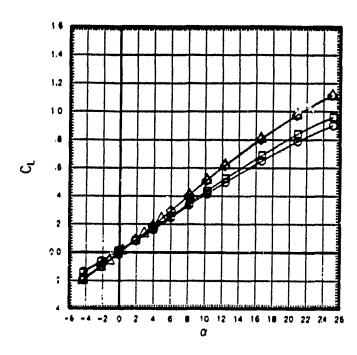
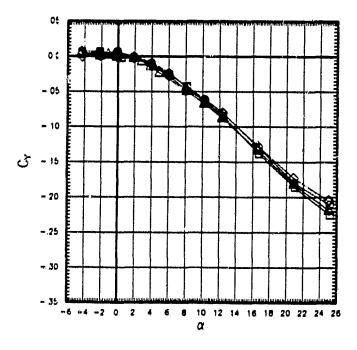


FIGURE 12. LONGITUDINAL & LATERAL/DIR STABILITY MACH EFFECTS:SWEEP COMPARISON

r/Dwx

SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION		MACH	Ġ	SWEEP	BCTA	RUN
o_	8WA151V1	SWEEP=65	1.394	800	65	- 43	191
	BWA151V1V2	SWEEP=65	1.401	799	65	≈.34	182
 \diamond	BWA151HV1	SWEEP= 65	1,399	801	65	- 43	79
$-\Delta$	BWA151MV1V2	SWEEP=65	1.396	797	65	- 30	84





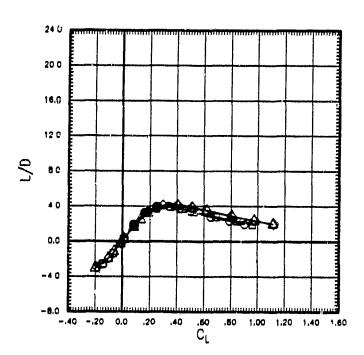


FIGURE 23. VENTRAL STRAKE EFFECTS

APPENDIX E: GUIDELINES FOR USING THE REQUESTS FILE SYSTEM

When using the CDDMS graphics system with a Requests file, the following points are noteworthy:

- o Final plots represent plot options which have been updated in the following manner:
 - Options specified in the Requests file supersede
 - Options in the Frames file which supersede
 - Options in the Defaults file which supersede
 - Standard program defaults.
- o A value assigned to a plot option at a lower level in the hierarchy (described above) can be preserved by assigning it a value of 9999. For example, \$CRVINF 9999,9999,newlabel assigns a new curve label without modifying previously defined values for KDATA and YDATA.
- o Frames and Defaults files are optional. All plotrelevant information may be specified in the Requests file. If either the Frames or Defaults file is missing from the hierarchy, the corresponding keyword must be present in the Requests file, but with no filename specified.
- o Blank lines may appear anywhere within the Requests, Frames, and Defaults files.
- o All keywords may be specified in either upper or lower case. They must be spelled correctly and begin in column 1 or an error condition will result.
- o The first records of the Requests file must be (in the order specified):

\$DEFFIL \$FRMFIL \$DBSETS

\$DBNAME (one for each data base)

o The \$STATUS keyword must be the first record in a request block in the Requests file. Plots are created only for those request blocks with \$STATUS ON (or lower case 'on') or \$STATUS 1. The default status of a given request block (in the event that an invalid option is specified on the \$STATUS

keyword) is OFF.

- o The \$DEFFIL, \$FRMFIL, \$DBSETS, \$DBNAME, \$STATUS, \$FRAMES, and \$RUNS keywords may appear only within the Requests file.
- o The \$FRMID keyword must be the first record of a frame definition block in the Frames file. Frame IDs must be greater than O and specified in ascending order in the Frames file. The \$FRMID keyword may appear only in the Frames file.
- o Unexpected results may occur if frame types are mixed in a given request block of the Requests file. This is because the RUN specifications differ for the three valid frame types (F, P, and S).
- o A maximum of 20 frame IDs may be specified on the \$FRAMES keyword in the Requests file.
- o At most 25 curves may be defined for a given frame. However, using the ampersand (%) run syntax (see page 11), more than 25 curves may be drawn on one plot.
- Only the last \$FRAMES card in any request block of the Requests file will be honored.
- Options specified using keywords are applied to the current curve in the immediate file. For example, the first \$CRVINF keyword is applied to the first curve on the first plot. An exception to this rule is that if \$CRVLBL keywords are specified, they are applied to the most recently defined \$CRVINF card if no curve label was specified for that curve. A similar arrangement applies to axis labels when none are specified on \$XAXIS or \$YAXIS keywords.

APPENDIX F: CREATING SPECIAL TEXT ON PLOTS

All text to be output on plots can contain special text such as Greek letters, mathematical notation, or sub or superscripting, by using the following conventions:

double quotes around the text

- g means the following text is to be in Greek
- m means the following text is to use math font
- f num, means the following text is to use font #num u means the following text is to be underlined
- b means backup to current position after following text
- -s means the following text is to be a subscript
- -2s means the following text is to be a second-level subscript
- -3s means the following text is to be a third-level subscript +s means the following text is to be a superscript

For example, g"a" means to output the Greek letter a: "C"-s"p" means to output the letter C with the subscript of p; and "C"-s"1"-2sg"a" means to output the letter C with the subscript of 1 and the second level subscript of Greek a. string m"v" outputs the symbol for mathematical integration. The string f2"Cursive" outputs the word Cursive using font 2. The string bu+s" 1 "-s" 2 " forms the quotient 1/2. To use sub/superscripting, mathematical symbols, or Greek characters within a line of text, be sure to put double quotes around all text:

"This equation is E"-s"t"=Mc"+s"2".

Special text commands may be either UPPER or lower case.

The next page provides a complete listing of Greek characters and mathematical symbols which may be output using the system just described.

GREEK CHARACTERS

A B Γ Δ E Z H Θ I K Λ M Λ Ξ O Π P Σ T T Φ X Ψ Ω A B A B C D E F G H I J K L M Λ O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z α β γ δ ε ζ η ϑ ι κ λ μ ν ξ o π ρ σ τ υ φ χ ψ ω α δ α b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

1234567890

! @ # \$ % ^ & * () - + ~ { } : " < > ? - = ` [·] ; ' . . / \ | ! @ # \$ % ^ & • () - + ~ { } : " < > ? - = ` [·] ; ' , . / \ |

MATHEMATICAL SYMBOLS

() [] $\{$ $\}$ \langle \rangle | \parallel $-+\pm$ \mp \times \cdot \div = \neq \equiv < > \leq \geq \sim A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

~´`´´`´' ` ' ∨⊂∪⊃∩∈→↑←↓∂∇√∫ \oint ∞%&cabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

1234567890

APPENDIX G: DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORMS

The following forms must be used to identify data to be retrieved from the Standardized Wind Tunnel System for storing on a CDD. Information provided on these forms also is required to create the CDDMS Tables and to initialize the CDD.

	4.	3 13
OF.	POOR	QUALITY

DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ GENERAL INFO. ~

Test	#	 _
Date		

1)	Requester's name	F	in Ext	Branch
2)	Test # Test Tit Requested data base name			
3)	Planned starting date	Plann	ned completion date	
4)	Expected maximum number of:	uns	sequence	es/run
5)	Unless otherwise requested, the run headers. Please specify using the variable names develop	e following value any substitutions ped by the wind t	es will be extracted for in the spaces provided unnel programmers.	r placement in to the right,
	NOTE: The plot code identifies ting pressure data. The configured. It is vital that both the data processors. Map Tables and Mach number must be in the second	guration code id ese quantities b	lentifies the test model be entered properly by t	configuration he wind tunnel
	•	•	-	
	2) MACH			
	3) RN			
	- 101.445			
	5) TTR			
	6) CONF		مناوري	
6)	# of forces # of ext	tra values to be	loaded at force recomput	e
7)	For pressures: (total # of scani	ivalves for all p	ressure blocks)	
	# of scanivalves # of	ports	# of region definitio	ns
8)	Identify the pressure data to be which appear in the RESULTS file scanivalves 2-4, ports 2-14). Tretrieved.	e. List the des	ired ranges for pressure	data: (e.g.,
	Cp name	scanivalves	pο	rts

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DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ FORCES ~

Test	#	
Date		

Provided forces: In the space provided, identify the numbers (pointers) corresponding to the force values to be retrieved as shown in the Definition of Results for your test as prepared by the SWTS programmers. Also specify the name with which you wish to identify each stored force value on your CDD data base.

Each name may contain up to eight characters and must be unique for this data base. Embedded blanks are allowed. If additional sheets are needed, please write over the #1 in the top left position of the form below with the proper starting value (41 for the first additional page, 81 for the second, etc.).

POINTER	CDD NAME	POINTER	CDD NAME
1		21	
2		22	
3		23	
4		24	
5		25	
6		26	
7		27	
8		28	
9		29 .	
10		30	
11		31	
12		32	
13		· 33	
14		34	
15		35	
16		36	
17		37	
18		38	
19		39	
20		40	
•			



DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ CONFIGURATIONS ~

Test	#	
Date		

10) In the space provided, specify the integer configuration code recorded in the RESULTS file for each model configuration used. Beside each configuration code, enter the text with which you wish to describe that model configuration. Each configuration text may contain up to 30 characters. If additional sheets are required, write over the #1 that appears at the top left position of the form below with the proper starting value (i.e., 21 for the first additional page, 41 for the second, etc.).

#	CONFIGURATION CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	COI	VF.	IGI 2	JR.	AT	10	6	TE:	KT 8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
1						-	_		-			_	_				_	<u> </u>	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		_
2						_	-	_	_		_	_	_	_			-		_	_		_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_		
3						_	-	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	-	-	_	_	-			-	_		_
4		-	-	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-			_	-	-	_	_	_
5			-	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
6		-	<u> </u>	_	_		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		1	-	_	-	_	-	_		_	-	_	_			_
7			- 	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	~=	_	-	_	-	-	-	1	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
8				-		-	1		_	_	-	-	_	_	-		1		-	_	_	_	-	_	-	1		_	_		_
9		-	-	_	_	ļ	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_			_	_	_	_			
10		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	-		_	_
11		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	900		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_			_	_
12	A Property of the Control of the Con	_	_		_	_	_	-		_	_		_	_		-								-		_	_				
13		_	_	-	-			-	_				_	_											_	_					
14			_	_	_		_	_	_	-	_		_	-		_								_					_		
15		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_			- 		_	_						_	_		_				_		_
16			_					_	_				_		_		_		_								_	_			
17		_	-	_	-			_	_	_		_	-		_			_					_	_							
81						_				_		_	_	_				_				_		_		_					
19			_		-			-	-	-		-		-	-				-	-			- - 								
20								- 	-	-				- 		-	-			-			-	-	-	-			-		

DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ PLUMBING CONFIGURATION ~

Test	#	
Date		

11A) This formmust be completed if pressure plots are desired. List tap coordinates for all model configurations used in your test. Only those coordinates against which pressures will be plotted need be supplied, although, if all three coordinates are known for each tap, please list them as they may be useful later for other graphics applications. If pressure contour plotting is anticipated, both coordinates on which data is to be contoured must be provided. DO NOT NORMALIZE COORDINATES, as this renders them useless for contouring and other graphics software.

If additional sheets are needed, please write over the #1 in the top left position of the form below with the proper starting value (i.e. 51 for the first additional page, 101 for the second, etc.).

PLUMBING CONFIGURATION # ____

TITL	E								, <u></u>		
TAP	SCAN	PORT	x	Y	z	TAP #	SCAN #	PORT	x	Y	z
1	**********	·				26				· <u></u>	·
2						27					
3						28				, 	
4						29		-			
5				·		30			·		
6						31					
7						32					
8						33					
9						34					
10						35				· 	
11						36				· 	
12						37					
13						38					
14						39			- ,		
15						40				·	
16						41					
17					V	42					
18						43					
19						44					
20						45					
21						46					
22						47					
23						48					
24					•	49					
25						50					
(3/8	5)									•	

DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ SUPPLEMENTAL PLUMBING CONFIGURATIONS ~

T	e	5	t	#	
D.	a	ŧ	•		

This formmust be filled out if more than one PLOT CODE value has been recorded with your data. Only those taps which have been routed to a different scanivalve/port combination than that already specified in some other plumbing configuration sheet need to be identified here. Use additional sheets if necessary.

TITL	E			,	OMD I W		·				
			mation for t	his p ceptio	lumbing	configuration co	on is ow:	identic	al to that	of plu	mbing
TAP #	SCAN #	PORT	TAP	SCAN	PORT	TAP #	SCAN	PORT	TAP	SCAN #	PORT

		a	\$ Laurenter								,
											
											
											
											
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								-		***************************************	
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		-	Martin Company	*************							
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			COTT, MANAGEMENT								
			•			mandari-station					
			***********			-					

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DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ REGION INFO. ~

Test	#	
Date		

included in essary.	each desir	ed reg	it pressure pi	re plot	desired. Identify thou ting. Use additional sl	meets if nec-
REGION #	•	# of	taps		Plot pressure -vs-	(circle one)
Region title						
Normalization:	X0		Y0	_ Z0	Norm. length	
-						
REGION #	,	# of	taps		Plot pressure -vs-	(circle one)
Normalization:	X0		Y0	_ Z0	Norm. length	
REGION #		# of	taps		Plot pressure -vs-	(cîrcle one) X Y Z
					Norm. length_	
List taps to be	included in	n this	region			
REGION #					Plot pressure -vs-	
-					Norm. length	
REGION #			taps		Plot pressure -vs-	(circle one) X Y Z
Normalization:	хо		Y0	_ Z0	Norm. length	

informatics general corporation ,

DATA RETRIEVAL REQUEST FORM ~ REQUESTED RUNS ~

Test	#
Date	

Examples:	run(s)	DESCRIPTION					
n n-m		Retrieve run n					
		Retrieve runs n thro	ough m				
Ri	N(E)	RUN(S)	RUN(S)				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
	Managara da de la compansa del la compansa de la co						
	7.1						
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APPENDIX H: CDDMS PLOT REQUEST FORMS

The following forms must be used to request the data to be plotted and to indicate the format of the desired plots.

1)	REQ	UESTER'S NAME:	RN	EXT; BRANCH
2)	OUT (C	PUT DESIRED: Fiche with hardcopy / Firele one) 24X 48X /	iche witi 24X	hout hardcopy / * Versatec / Laser 48X
3)	CHA	RACTER FONT: (Circle one) * Quick-	look /	Report-quality
4)	DAT DB	A BASE(s): # CDD FILENAME (or W. T. Test #)		SOURCE (Circle one)
	• 1)			Force & Pressure / Force / Theory
	2)			Force & Pressure / Force / Theory
	3)			Force & Pressure / Force / Theory
	4)			Force & Pressure / Force / Theory
	5)			Force & Pressure / Force / Theory
5)		GRID TYPE	override and C.	den in the "SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS" CURVE FIT
		No grid; ticks No grid; ticks; origin l Grid with ticks Grid with dots Type 3, but with interme	diate gr	O Linear Least squares Cubic Hermite Cubic spline Lines Cubic spline
	C)	LINE TYPE	D)	POSITION OF PLOT TITLES
		O No line 1 Solid line 2 Dashed line 3 Dotted line		* 1 Top of plot frame 2 Bottom of plot frame
	E)	PLOT ORIENTATION ON FRAME	F)	NORMALIZATION OF ABSCISSAS (for pressure plots only)
		• 1 Regular Versatec (CONIC 2 Rotated 90 degrees (CIN) Ema)	O Do NOT normalize Normalize
	G)	DO YOU (GENERALLY) WISH TO ELIMINAT DATA POINTS FROM CONSIDERATION DURISCURVE FAIRING OPERATIONS?	E H) NG	IF YOU ANSWERED "YES" TO 5(G), DO YOU WISH TO DISPLAY VALID POINTS ONLY?
		O No Yes		V Yes No
	1)	REQUESTED CURVE SYMBOL SEQUENCE: S	pecify se	equence from 0 - 10, where:
		O No curve symbol appears Circle (approximated by octa Square Dismond Triangle, point up	gon)	6 House 7 Triangle, point down 8 Triangle, point right 9 Triangle, point left 10 Dot

CDDMS PLOT REQUEST FORM A

CDDMS PLOT REQUEST FORM B ~ FRAME DEFINITION ~

Test	#	
Date		

NOTES: An appropriate number of decimal digits with which to label tick marks for a given axis will be calculated if no entry is made in the corresponding space. If XLEFT and XRIGHT (or YBOT and YTOP) are specified, NXINT (or NYINT) also MUST be provided. If self-scaling is desired for an axis which is to have its direction reversed, specify -1 for the corresponding number of intervals on that axis (NXINT or NYINT). Axis labels may contain up to 30 characters. In addition to overriding plotting defaults set on FORM A, the SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS section on this form must specify any desired curve labels. If your plot request is for single plots per frame, AFPENDIX I of the PLTTER User's Guide describes a more compact scheme for filling out this form.

Y-axis label	RGN #	XLEFT	XRIGHT		
			ARIGHI	NXINT	NXDIC
	DB #	YBOT	YTOP	NYINT	NYDIG
			Backbook 2-2 9 H - up as		
mary		XLEFT	XRIGHT	NXINT	NXDIO
Y-axis label	DB #	YBOT	YTOP	NYINT	
سرب برب				1 1	NYDIG
		,			NYDIG
					NYDIG
	Y-axis	one) If Force	one) If Force frame, mmary sort data on: RGN # XLEFT	one) If Force frame, mmary sort data on: Y-axis RGN # XLEFT XRIGHT	one) If Force frame, manary sort data on: RGN # XLEFT XRIGHT NXINT

informatics general corporation .

CDDMS PLOT REQUEST FORM C \sim PLOT REQUEST \sim

Test	#	
Date		

NOTES:	Each plot title may contain up to 70 characteristics desired for individual curves in contation), specify the line type sequence provided below. See FORM A for available	comparison plots (i.e. empersand run in the SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS sections
TITLE1:		
TITLE2:		
FRAME	RUNS : SEQUENCES(enter DB # if other than default)	-
in lege	ENTRIES: List up to 10 force names (or CONF nd. Follow each name by the number of dec (-1 for configuration) e.g., CONFIGUR,-1,MAC	FIGUR, RUN, SEQ, REG) to be tabulated times digits to be displayed in that H.2, ALPHA, 0, BETA, 0, CL, 5, RUN, 0, SEQ, 0
TITLE1:		
TITLE2:		
FRAME	RUNS : SEQUENCES(enter DB # if other than default)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
LEGEND I	ENTRIES: (See above for details.)	
TITLE1:_		
TITLE2:_		•
FRAME IDs	RUNS : SEQUENCES(enter DB # if other than default)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
LEGEND E	NTRIES: (See above for details.)	



APPENDIX I: INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING PLOT REQUEST FORMS

CDDMS Plot Request Forms provide a means of specifying precisely the data and plot format to be used to generate desired plots. Although every effort has been made to provide clear, direct questions on the three separate forms of the CDDMS Plot Request Forms, this appendix has been prepared to provide further clarification. In the following pages, elements of the Plot Request Forms which may require further explanation are identified either by number or textually.

FORM A:

- 2) Microfiche output from the Dicomed can be 24X or 48X. Because of plotting's impact on system resources, neither Versatec nor Laser printer output is recommended for large plotting jobs of 50 or more frames.
- One of two fonts may be requested to be used for creating all text on plots. Because the reportquality font creates much larger plot files, its use should be restricted to instances where the requester is reasonably certain that the requested plots are acceptable for publication in every detail.
- 5E) The terms "CINEMA" and "COMIC" can easily be remembered by relating them each to fanfold Versated paper. COMICs (as in newspapers), are printed to be read with the fold, or page boundary, in a vertical orientation. CINEMA, or film orientation, is such that the page boundary of each frame is horizontal when the picture is viewed.
- 5F) If normalized abscissas (X/C) are desired for certain pressure plots, be sure that the required normalization information has been supplied in the appropriate Region definition on the data base.
- 5G) Certain data may be not used in, or disregarded by curve fairing activities. This is done by assigning "Disregarded Force (or Pressure) Flags" while running the ARIES program or the TOGGLE program and then by requesting that the disregard flags be acknowledged during plotting. If many plots are being requested, but data points are to be eliminated on only a few such plots, answer "NO" here and use the SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS section of FORM B or C to designate that certain data are to be

ignored during curve fairing operations. The words "DISREGARDED DATA" will suffice for this purpose.

5H) Disregarded data points may either be displayed on or omitted from plots. In either case, they are NEVER used for curve fairing.

FORM B:

AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD FOR FILLING OUT FORM B

FORM B is used to create a frame "template" for each desired frame type. Space is provided to designate the data, axis labels, and axis scalings for up to four plots on each frame. This request format is clearly inefficient in its space utilization when the more standard application of a single plot per frame is requested. To help to compensate for this four-plots-per-frame bias, FORM B may be restructured by crossing out the "PLOT *" entries and writing in unique frame identifiers in their place. The rows of the form intended for four plots of one frame can be used to define four separate frames instead. This allows definition of up to eight frames on a single sheet of FORM B instead of two as would be the case otherwise.

Each frame may contain up to four sets of plot axes. For each desired plot on the frame, identify by name the data to be plotted on the X- and Y-axes. For pressure plots, specify X (or X/C) and CP. For force plots, the names specified must match exactly a force name loaded into the Force Names Table on the CDD. Force names may contain any ASCII character except a comma, which is used later to delimit force names from other values. For theory data, where there may be more than one pressure type value at each "tap", identify the desired value by subscripting CP, such as CP(3).

RGN */DB *) One or more region numbers must be specified for pressure plots. In addition, if more than one data base is used, the data base for which the regions are specified must also be identified.

The last four columns of this form are optional, with defaults supplied as described below. XLEFT, XRIGHT, and NXINT are the values of the left and right limits of the X-axis and the number of intervals to be used to scale the X-axis, with a similar system used for scaling the Y-axis. If one or more of these three columns is left blank on the request form, the corresponding axis will be "self-scaled". This involves the scanning of all data to appear on the plot for minimum and maximum and "rounding to the outside" to obtain a more aesthetic range and increment.

The column marked NXDIG/NYDIG provides a means of specifying the number of decimal digits to be used to label plot axes tick labels. If left blank or a value of -1 is requested for either, an appropriate number of decimal digits will be calculated with which to label graduations on the corresponding axis.

The SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS section of FORM B can be used to override temporarily any of the plot-related defaults set on FORM A. Any modification to FORM A-specified defaults will be recognized only for the current FRAME definition.

FORM C:

FORM C is the actual "request" portion of the CDDMS Plot Request Forms system and each FORM C provides for three plot requests.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS) The special instructions section of FORM C allows plotting options for a particular request of a given set of frames to be overridden. In addition, for comparison plots of pressure data from more than one data base, the SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS section should be used to specify the regions to be used for pressure data from any data base other than data base *1.

APPENDIX J: DERIVED DATA FOR SUMMARY PLOTS

Plots of Summary data may be created only after the DERIVD program has been run. DERIVD prompts for such information as the name of the CDD, the model's aerodynamic center (in percent chord). choice of curve fit to be used to approximate certain slopes and intercepts, and the run numbers for which derived results are desired.

The following list identifies the names which must be used to identify Summary data for plotting. A brief description of each derived quantity is also provided.

Variable	Description
CDMIN CLCDMN ACDMIN CDCLO CDALFA LDMAX CLLDMX	Drag curve slope at ALPHA=0 Maximum lift/drag ratio CL at LDMAX
ΔΤ.Τ)ΜΔΥ	Angle of attack at LDMAX CD at LDMAX Pitching moment coefficient at CL=0 CL at CM=0 CM vs. CL slope at ALPHA=0 Aerodynamic center (XCG-CMCL) Pitching moment slope at ALPHA=0

APPENDIX K: FOR MORE INFORMATION

The CDDMS system contains many programs. PLTTER is a command file which invokes several of these. In addition, there are CDDMS programs which initialize data bases, load data onto data bases, create color contour plots of pressure data on CDDs, modify the status of data by adjusting disregarded data flags on CDDs, and dump CDD contents. Additional documentation is available for many of these systems. The list which follows indicates the names of various CDDMS programs and provides a brief description. Also included are several of the systems used to display results.

NAME DESCRIPTION

- ARIES An interactive system for editing the "disregard" status of force and pressure data on a CDD.

 Allows the user to see the data plotted and to change selectively the status of data points. A valid PSF is needed to run ARIES.
- ASKEW A system for plotting Cp data from oblique wing models. ASKEW creates plots using CONPLT (see below) or PLOTCP (a program which creates standard Cp vs. X/C plots plus perspective (carpet) plots showing Cp curves suspended over the planform geometry).
- CDDDEP Extracts (and sorts) from a CDD the data specified in a PSF and creates a PDF for plotting.
- CONPLT Creates color (and Versatec) contour plots of pressure data on a CDD. Also handles data from other sources.
- DERIVD Derives aerodynamic Summary data from wind tunnel results.
- DIPD48 Converts a DIP file to a D48 format for use by the Dicomed. (Be sure to use UPPER CASE when answering DIPD48 prompts.)
- DIPQMS Converts a DIP file into QMS format for plotting on a QMS LASER printer.
- DIPTEK Displays a DIP file on a Tektronix or Tektronix emulator "green screen".

- DIPVRC Converts a DIP file into VRC format for plotting on a Versatec.
- DMPALL Dumps selected information from a CDD.
- FIXHDR Modifies the value of plot code or configuration code which has been stored in the run header of a CDD.
- PLTMOD Creates DIP files for plotting from information specified in Plot Definition Files.
- POINTERS Creates the POUT9.DAT file needed to retrieve results from the SWTS for loading onto a CDD.
- QMOD Provides PLTTER graphics capabilities to those not having their data on a CDDMS data base.
- RELOAD Reloads computed data onto a CDD. Used in conjunction with XTRACT.
- RFDPSF Converts Requests, Frames, and Defaults files to a PSF.
- SEQUUT Extracts and creates a file containing force data for selected run: sequences.
- SHADE Creates 3-D shaded surface displays of pressure data mapped to a paneled (PAN AIR) definition of the model surface.
- TABLES Loads CDDMS Tables.
- TOGGLE Toggles the "disregard" status of force or pressure data on a CDD.
- TOTFRC Integrates experimental pressure data to provide a very crude approximation of total lift and drag forces.
- VECCON A merging of the VECTOR and CONPLT systems which creates color contours of velocity data stored on a CDD.
- VECTOR A system for creating color velocity vector and flow angle plots of velocity data (stored as force data) on a CDD.
- XTRACT Extracts data from a CDD for computations and reloading. Used in conjunction with RELOAD.

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7. Author(s) Alice Barlow, Dexter Hermstad, and Jeff Trosin			8. Performing Organization Report No. TN# 85-7104-306-23	
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This report provides information on the PLTTER graphics system, which is part of CDDMS. CDDMS is a comprehensive system for data basing and subsequent plotting of data acquired during wind tunnel tests or from computational flow analyses. The report includes Data Retrieval Request Forms, Plot Request Forms, and information on how to use them.				
PLITTER is a system which creates report-quality plots of data which has been stored on a CDDMS data base. The Requests file system allows plot-controlling information to be arranged in the way most appropriate for any application. The PLITTER system features many capabilities which are especially useful when plotting wind tunnel data. PLITTER offers a variety of page formats, different grid options and parametric curve fitting algorithms, and a powerful legend capability to identify relevant information about individual curves. One or more plots on a page can be suppressed if desired so that an established page format can be maintained. Final plot output may be standard Versatec plots, CMS Laser printer plots, or microfiche (from the Dicomed).				
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