

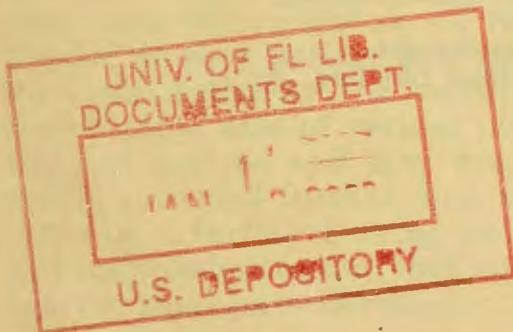
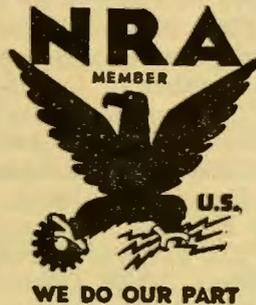
NATIONAL RECOVERY ADMINISTRATION

CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION

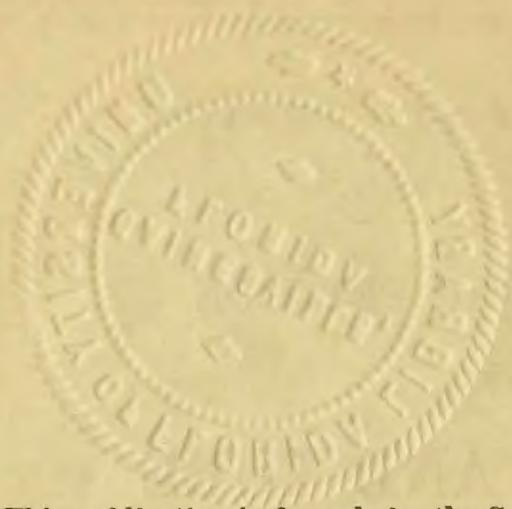
FOR THE

FIBRE CAN AND TUBE  
INDUSTRY

AS APPROVED ON FEBRUARY 24, 1934



UNITED STATES  
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**CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION**  
**FOR THE**  
**FIBRE CAN AND TUBE INDUSTRY**

**As Approved on February 24, 1934**

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**ORDER**

**APPROVING CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION FOR THE FIBRE CAN AND  
TUBE INDUSTRY**

An application having been duly made pursuant to and in full compliance with the provisions of Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act, approved June 16, 1933, for approval of a Code of Fair Competition for the Fibre Can and Tube Industry, and hearings having been duly held thereon and the annexed report on said Code, containing findings with respect thereto, having been made and directed to the President:

NOW, THEREFORE, on behalf of the President of the United States, I, Hugh S. Johnson, Administrator for Industrial Recovery, pursuant to authority vested in me by Executive Orders of the President, including Executive Order No. 6543-A, dated December 30, 1933, and otherwise; do hereby incorporate by reference said annexed report and do find that said Code complies in all respects with the pertinent provisions and will promote the policy and purposes of said Title of said Act; and do hereby order that said Code of Fair Competition be and it is hereby approved; provided, however, that the provisions of Article VI, Sections 2 to 9 inclusive, insofar as they prescribe a waiting period between the filing with the Code Authority (i.e. actual receipt by the Code Authority) and the effective date of revised price lists or revised terms and conditions of sale be and they are hereby stayed pending my further order; provided further, that within ninety days I may direct that there be a further hearing on such of the provisions of said Code as I may designate, and that any order which I may make after such hearing shall have the effect of a condition on the approval of said Code.

HUGH S. JOHNSON,  
*Administrator for Industrial Recovery.*

Approval recommended:

GEO. L. BERRY,  
*Division Administrator.*

WASHINGTON, D.C.,  
*February 24, 1934.*

## REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

The PRESIDENT,  
*The White House.*

SIR: This is a report of the hearing on the Code of Fair Competition for the Fibre Can and Tube Industry, conducted in Washington on December 2, 1933, in accordance with the provisions of Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act.

### HOURS AND WAGES

The Code provides a standard 40 hour week for factory workers. Members of the Industry may adopt a standard work day for factory employees of either eight or ten hours; overtime to be paid for all hours worked in excess of forty hours per week. The usual exceptions are made in regard to non-productive employees. Office employees are limited to an average of 40 hours per week over an eight week period.

The minimum wage rate in the North for hourly paid employees is 32½¢ per hour. In the South the minimum wage rate for hourly paid employees is 30¢ per hour. Office employees will receive a minimum wage of \$15.00 per week in the North and \$14.00 per week in the South.

### OPEN PRICE PLAN

An open price plan of selling is provided and selling below cost, except to meet competition, is prohibited.

### OTHER PROVISIONS

Provision is made for furnishing the Administrator with such statistical data as he may require.

### ECONOMIC EFFECT OF THE CODE

The Industry employed in 1929 approximately 3,200 persons and 2,900 persons in 1933. The effect of the Code will be to employ between 550 and 600 additional workers.

The increase in the total payrolls of the Industry as a result of the Code will be about 15%.

### FINDINGS

The Deputy Administrator in his final report to me on said Code having found as herein set forth, and on the basis of all the proceedings in this matter

I find that:

(a) Said Code is well designed to promote the policies and purposes of Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act, including

removal of obstructions to the free flow of interstate and foreign commerce which tend to diminish the amount thereof and will provide for the general welfare by promoting the organization of industry for the purpose of cooperative action among the trade groups, by inducing and maintaining united action of labor and management under adequate governmental sanction and supervision, by eliminating unfair competitive practices, by promoting the fullest possible utilization of the present productive capacity of industries, by avoiding undue restrictions of production (except as may be temporarily required), by increasing the consumption of industrial and agricultural products through increasing purchasing power, by reducing and relieving unemployment, by improving standards of labor, and by otherwise rehabilitating industry.

(b) Said Industry normally employs not more than 50,000 employees and is not classified by me as a major industry.

(c) The Code as approved complies in all respects with the pertinent provisions of said Title of said Act, including without limitation Subsection (a) of Section 3, Subsection (a) of Section 7, and Subsection (b) of Section 10 thereof; and that the applicant Association is an industrial Association truly representative of the aforesaid Industry; and that said Association imposes no inequitable restrictions on admission to membership therein.

(d) The Code is not designed to and will not permit monopolies or monopolistic practices.

(e) The Code is not designed to and will not eliminate or oppress small enterprises and will not operate to discriminate against them.

(f) Those engaged in other steps of the economic process have not been deprived of the right to be heard prior to approval of said Code. For these reasons this Code has been approved.

Respectfully,

HUGH S. JOHNSON,  
*Administrator.*

FEBRUARY 24, 1934.

## CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION FOR THE FIBRE CAN AND TUBE INDUSTRY

To effectuate the policies of Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act, the following is hereby established as a Code of Fair Competition for the above named Industry and shall be binding on every member thereof.

### ARTICLE I—DEFINITIONS

The following words are used in this Code with the meaning herein set forth:

“Industry”—The business of manufacturing cans of various shapes from paper, fibre and/or similar materials; cans consisting of a combination of metal, fibre, paper and/or similar materials and tubes, cores, spools and reels for a multiplicity of purposes made of these same materials, whether such cans, tubes, cores, spools and reels are for use and consumption by maker, or are for sale, or are used in connection with and incidental to the major and prime business of maker.

“Member”—A natural person, partnership, corporation, association, trust, trustee, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, or other form of enterprise, engaged in such Industry.

“Act”—Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act.

“Administrator”—The Administrator for Industrial Recovery under Title I in the Act.

### ARTICLE II—ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

SECTION 1. There shall forthwith be constituted a Code Authority of the Fibre Can and Tube Industry which shall comprise six (6) members of the Industry. Five (5) of such members shall be elected by the Board of Directors of the National Fibre Can and Tube Association. The five (5) members so elected shall elect a sixth member from among the members of the Industry. At least two of the six members so elected to the Code Authority shall be engaged in the manufacture of tubes and cones for winding textile yarns. In addition to the six (6) members so elected the Administrator may designate from one to three persons to serve on the Code Authority without vote and without compensation from the Industry.

SECTION 2. The Association shall impose no inequitable restrictions on membership and shall file with the Administrator certified copies of any amendments of its By-Laws relating to eligibility or admission to membership in the Association, or relating to the method of selection of the members of the Board of Directors which the Association may hereafter adopt.

SECTION 3. In order that the Code Authority shall at all times be truly representative of the Industry, the Administrator may

prescribe such hearings as he may deem proper, and thereafter if he shall find the Code Authority is not truly representative of the Industry, he may require an appropriate modification of the method of selection of the Code Authority.

SECTION 4. The Code Authority is charged generally with the duty of administering this Code. It shall have power to investigate alleged violations of this Code and acts or courses of conduct by any member which are or appear to be contrary to the policy of the Act, or which tend or may tend to render ineffective this Code. If the Administrator shall determine that any action of the Code Authority, or any agency thereof, may be unfair or unjust or contrary to the public interest, the Administrator may require that such action be suspended to afford an opportunity for investigation of the merits of such action and further consideration by the Code Authority or agency pending final action which shall not be effective unless the Administrator approves or unless he shall fail to disapprove after thirty (30) days notice to him of intention to proceed with such action in its original or modified form.

SECTION 5. The expense of administering this Code shall be borne pro rata, in accordance with a formula to be adopted by the Code Authority, by all members of the Industry who accept the benefit of the services of the Code Authority or otherwise assent to this Code.

SECTION 6. The Code Authority is hereby constituted the agency to endeavor to effect, by arbitral proceedings or otherwise, adjustments of contracts entered into by members of the Industry, where the costs of executing such contracts are increased through the application of the provisions of the Act or of this Code.

SECTION 7. Nothing contained in this Code shall constitute the members of the Code Authority partners for any purpose, nor shall any member of the Code Authority be liable in any way to any one for any act of any other member, officer or agent or employee of the Code Authority; nor shall any member of the Code Authority be liable to anyone for any action or omission to act under the Code, except for his own wilful misfeasance or non-feasance.

### ARTICLE III—HOURS OF LABOR

SECTION 1. Employees in the Industry shall not be required or permitted to work hours in excess of the limits prescribed in the following schedule except as hereinafter provided:

#### SCHEDULE OF WORKING HOURS

- (a) Watchmen: Fifty-six (56) hours in any one week.
- (b) Chauffeurs, truckdrivers and their helpers: Nine (9) hours in any one day, or forty-five (45) hours in any one week.
- (c) Engineers, firemen, electricians, filter plant employees, electric and hydro-electric operators: Nine (9) hours in any one day, or forty-two (42) hours in any one week.
- (d) All other laborers, mechanical workers or artisans employed in any plant, mill or factory or on work connected with the operation of such plant, mill or factory: Eight (8) hours in any one day and forty (40) hours in any one week. Any member may elect to adopt a standard work of ten (10) hours by filing notice of such

election with the Code Authority on or before thirty (30) days after the effective date of this Code, and may not thereafter revert to a standard eight (8) hour day for a period of at least one year from such date. When any member has elected to adopt the ten (10) hour day, all time worked by such of his employees, as are included within the meaning of this paragraph, in excess of forty (40) hours in any one week, or on the fifth or following day in any calendar week shall be paid for as overtime in accordance with the provisions of Section 2 of this Article.

(e) Employees engaged in a managerial or executive capacity, foremen and supervisors, receiving \$35.00 or more per week, their personal secretaries, and outside salesmen: No limitation.

(f) All other employees: Forty-eight (48) hours in any one week but not to exceed three hundred twenty (320) hours in any period of eight (8) consecutive weeks.

SECTION 2. The limitations provided in the above schedule may be exceeded for any reason at any time provided that all time worked in excess of the maximums shall be paid for at the rate of time and one-third for all hours above the maximums up to and including forty-eight (48) hours per week, and at the rate of time and one-half for all hours above forty-eight (48) hours per week.

SECTION 3. No employer shall knowingly permit any employee to work for any time, which, when totalled with that already performed with another employer or employers in this Industry, exceeds the maximum number of hours permitted in the schedule set forth in this Article.

#### ARTICLE IV—WAGES

SECTION 1. The minimum rate of wage of any employee, other than office or clerical employees, employed in any plant, mill or factory, or on work connected with or incidental to the operation of such plant, mill or factory shall be as follows:

(a) In the Northern zone, which shall consist of all of the territory of the United States except the States named in subdivision (b) hereof: 32½¢ per hour.

(b) In the Southern zone, which shall consist of the States of Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas: 30¢ per hour.

SECTION 2. The minimum rate of wage of any office or clerical employee shall be as follows:

(a) In the Northern zone, as defined in Section 1 hereof, \$15.00 per week.

(b) In the Southern zone, as defined in the said Section, \$14.00 per week.

(c) Part-time employees covered by the provisions of this Section shall be paid at the rate of not less than 37½¢ per hour in the Northern zone, and 35¢ per hour in the Southern zone.

SECTION 3. This Article establishes a minimum rate of pay which shall apply irrespective of whether an employee is actually compensated on time-rate, piece-work or other basis.

SECTION 4. Female employees, performing substantially the same work as male employees, shall receive the same rate of pay as male

employees. The Code Authority shall within ninety (90) days after the effective date of this Code file with the Administrator a description of all occupations in the Industry in which both men and women are employed.

SECTION 5. The wage rates of all employees receiving more than the minimum rates herein prescribed shall be reviewed and such adjustments, if any, made therein as are equitable in the light of all the circumstances, and within sixty (60) days after the effective date hereof, the Code Authority shall report to the Administrator the action taken by all members of the Industry under this Section.

SECTION 6. A person whose earning capacity is limited because of age or physical or mental handicap may be employed on light work at a wage of not less than 80% of the minimum prescribed by this Code, provided the State Authority or other agency designated by the United States Department of Labor shall have issued a certificate authorizing his employment on such basis. Each member shall file with the Code Authority a list of all such persons employed by him. The provision of this Section requiring a certificate of authority shall not become effective until sixty days after the effective date of this Code.

#### ARTICLE V—GENERAL LABOR PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. No person under sixteen (16) years of age shall be employed in the Industry. No person under eighteen (18) years of age shall be employed at operations or occupations which are hazardous in nature or dangerous to health. The Code Authority shall submit to the Administrator within sixty (60) days after the effective date of this Code a list of such operations or occupations. In any State an employer shall be deemed to have complied with this provision as to age if he shall have on file a certificate or permit duly signed by the authority in such State empowered to issue employment or age certificates or permits, showing that the employee is of the required age.

SECTION 2. Employees shall have the right to organize and bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and shall be free from the interference, restraint, or coercion of employers of labor, or their agents, in the designation of such representatives or in self-organization or in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection. No employee and no one seeking employment shall be required as a condition of employment to join any company union or to refrain from joining, organizing, or assisting a labor organization of his own choosing. Employers shall comply with the maximum hours of labor, minimum rates of pay and other conditions of employment, approved or prescribed by the President.

SECTION 3. No provision in this Code shall supersede any State or Federal law which imposes on employers more stringent requirements as to age of employees, wages, hours of work, or as to safety, health, sanitary or general working conditions or insurance or fire protection than are imposed by this Code.

SECTION 4. No employer shall reclassify employees or duties of occupations performed or engage in any other subterfuge for the

purpose of defeating the purposes or provisions of the Act or of this Code.

SECTION 5. All employers shall post copies of Articles III, IV and V of this Code in conspicuous places accessible to employees.

SECTION 6. Every employer shall make reasonable provisions for the safety and health of his employees at the place and during the hours of their employment. Standards for safety and health shall be submitted by the Code Authority to the Administrator within six (6) months after the effective date of this Code.

SECTION 7. The Code Authority shall make a study of conditions in the Industry to determine the feasibility of the adoption of a shorter working week and shall, within three (3) months after the effective date of this Code, make a report of its findings to the Administrator. The Code Authority shall also submit to the Administrator, within six (6) months after the effective date of this Code, a plan for the stabilization and regularization of employment.

SECTION 8. The manufacture or partial manufacture of any product of the Industry in homes shall be prohibited.

#### ARTICLE VI—ACCOUNTING—SELLING

SECTION 1. The Code Authority shall cause to be formulated an accounting system and methods of cost finding and/or estimating capable of use by all members of the Industry. After such system and methods have been formulated, full details concerning them shall be made available to all members. Thereafter all members shall determine and/or estimate costs in accordance with the principles of such methods.

SECTION 2. The Code Authority may from time to time determine that an open price plan of selling such product or products of the Industry as it shall specify shall be put into effect on such date as it shall fix. Notice of such determination shall be announced to all known members of the Industry who manufacture such products not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date so fixed.

SECTION 3. At least ten days prior to such date, every such member shall file with the Code Authority a schedule of prices and terms of sale for all such products or, in the alternative, shall be deemed to have filed a schedule conforming in respect to price and terms of sale with the schedule at any time on file which states the lowest prices and the most favorable terms.

SECTION 4. All such schedules shall be in such form as the Code Authority shall prescribe and shall contain all information necessary to permit any interested person to determine the exact net price per unit after all discounts or other deductions have been made, whether pertaining to a single order, a commitment for future delivery, or a contract. All such original schedules shall become effective on the date fixed by the Code Authority as provided in Section 2 hereof.

SECTION 5. A revised schedule or schedules, or a new schedule or schedules or a notice of withdrawal of a schedule previously filed, may be filed by a member with the Code Authority at any time, provided, however, that any member who withdraws a schedule without substituting a new schedule therefor shall be deemed to have

filed a schedule conforming in respect to price and terms of sale with the schedule at any time thereafter on file which states the lowest price and the most favorable terms. Any schedule or notice filed hereunder shall become effective five days after the date of filing provided, however, that an increased price may become effective at such earlier date as the member filing the same shall fix.

SECTION 6. The Code Authority shall promptly supply all members of the Industry who manufacture any particular product with copies of all schedules, revised schedules, and notices of withdrawals, which pertain to such product. Immediately upon receipt of information relative to the withdrawal of a price for any product, any member may file notice of withdrawal of his own price for the same product effective as of the same date as the notice of withdrawal of such other member. Immediately on receipt of information that a schedule then on file has been revised, or that a new schedule has been filed, any member may file a revised schedule conforming as to price and terms to the schedule of such other member, and effective on the same date, or he may notify the Code Authority that he adopts as his own the schedule of such other member. In the latter event, he shall be deemed to have filed a revised schedule conforming to the revised schedule of such other member.

SECTION 7. No such schedule of prices and terms of sale filed by any member, or in effect at any time, shall be such as to permit the sale of any product at less than the cost thereof to such member determined in the manner provided in Section 11 hereof, provided, however, that any member may by notice to the Code Authority adopt as his own a lower price filed by another designated member. Such adoption shall become automatically void upon the withdrawal or revision upward of the price adopted.

SECTION 8. No member who shall have filed a price, or adopted as his own a price filed by another member for any product of the Industry shall sell such product for less than such price or upon terms or conditions more favorable than stated in such price schedule. No member, who shall have failed to file a price for any product for which the open price plan is in effect, shall sell such product at a lower price or on terms more favorable than the lowest price and most favorable terms stated in any price schedule for such product then on file.

SECTION 9. The Code Authority shall furnish at cost to any non-member requesting them, copies of any price schedules which have been filed with it. Such price schedules shall be made available to non-members at the same time that they are sent to members.<sup>1</sup>

SECTION 10. No member shall sell any product of the Industry for which no open price plan is in effect at less than the cost thereof to such member, determined as provided in Section 11 hereof, except to meet the price of a competitor whose price does not violate such Section.

SECTION 11. Cost, for the purposes of this Article, shall be determined pursuant to the method of cost determination prescribed, as provided in Section 1 hereof, as soon as such method is adopted and approved, and theretofore pursuant to the method employed by such member subject to such preliminary rules as the Code Authority

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<sup>1</sup> See paragraph 2 of order approving this Code.

shall from time to time prescribe with the approval of the Administrator. In computing cost either by the prescribed method herein provided for, or prior to the time when such method is put into operation, every member shall use the market price of prime materials as furnished by the leading mills making these materials. If a member manufactures any of the raw or semi-finished materials used in making the products of this Industry, he shall use the market price as described in this Section in computing the cost of materials and not his manufacturing cost.

SECTION 12. For the purpose of determining whether Sections 7 and 10 hereof have been complied with, every member shall upon the request of the Code Authority furnish a designated agency of the Code Authority in respect to closed transactions only, with complete information in regard to any quotation, order, contract, or sale of any product of the Industry, including information as to specifications, quantities, prices, conditions of storage, transportation or delivery, terms of billing, cash or trade discounts allowed and other pertinent facts relating to such quotation, contract or sale.

SECTION 13. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the disposition of distress merchandise required to be sold to liquidate a defunct or insolvent business or of discontinued lines, damaged goods or seconds, in such manner, at such price and on such terms and conditions as the Code Authority may approve.

SECTION 14. Except in fulfillment of bona fide contracts existing on the effective date of this Code, no member shall sell or offer for sale any product of the Industry at a price less than a price arrived at in accordance with the provisions set forth in this Article.

## ARTICLE VII—REPORTS AND STATISTICS

SECTION 1. Each member shall prepare and file with an impartial agent or agents, designated by the Code Authority at such times and in such manner as it may prescribe, such statistics, data and information relating to plant capacity, volume of production, volume of sales in units and dollars, orders received, unfilled orders, stock on hand, inventory both raw and finished, number of employees, wage rates, employee earnings, hours of work and other matters, as the Code Authority or the Administrator may from time to time require. Any or all information so furnished by any member shall be subject to checking for the purpose of verification by an examination of the books, accounts and records of such member by any disinterested accountant or accountants or other qualified person or persons designated by the Code Authority.

SECTION 2. Except as otherwise provided in the Act, or in this Code, all statistics, data and information filed or required in accordance with the provisions of this Code shall be confidential and the statistics, data and information of one member shall not be revealed to another member. No such data or information shall be published except in combination with other similar data and in such manner as to avoid the disclosure of confidential information. The Code Authority shall arrange in such manner as it may determine for the current publication of Industry statistics to members.

SECTION 3. The Code Authority shall make such reports to the Administrator as he may from time to time require.

**SECTION 4.** In addition to information required to be submitted to the Code Authority there shall be furnished to Government Agencies such statistical information as the Administrator may deem necessary for the purposes recited in Section 3 (a) of the Act. Nothing contained in this Code shall relieve any member of any existing obligations to furnish reports to any Government Agency.

#### ARTICLE VIII—MONOPOLIES

**SECTION 1.** No provision of this Code shall be applied as to permit monopolies or monopolistic practices, or to eliminate, oppress or discriminate against small enterprises.

#### ARTICLE IX—RECOMMENDATIONS

**SECTION 1.** The Code Authority may, from time to time, present to the Administrator recommendations based on conditions in the Industry which will tend to effectuate the operation of this Code and the policy of the Act, and in particular along the following lines:

(a) For the establishment of additional rules of Fair Trade Practices for the Industry and for the modification of its Trade Customs, and the enforcement thereof.

(b) For the establishment of plans to equalize production with demand, so that the interests of the Industry and the public may be properly served.

(c) For dealing with any other inequality that may arise to endanger the stability of the Industry and of production and employment.

(d) For an increase or decrease in the number of Industry members of the Code Authority and/or for a change in the method of choosing such members.

**SECTION 2.** For the purpose of assisting the Code Authorities of the Paper Manufacturing and/or Converting Industries in the adjustment of all labor disputes and labor complaints arising within such Industries, the Code Authority shall consider the advisability of creating a Joint Industrial Relations Board for such Industries and shall report its recommendations to the Administrator.

**SECTION 3.** Recommendations made pursuant to Sections 1 and 2 hereof, when approved by the Administrator, shall have the same force and effect as other provisions of this Code.

#### ARTICLE X—GENERAL TRADE PRACTICES

**SECTION 1.** The following are hereby constituted Trade Practices for the Industry and failure to comply with the provisions thereof shall be a violation of this Code:

(a) Members of the Industry shall not practice deception in regard to that which is sold or its selling price by false or misleading description, statement, record or undisclosed consideration.

(b) Members shall refrain from dumping, deferred delivery, extension of stated credit and secret rebates.

(c) Members shall not wilfully injure by falsely defaming a competitor's goods, credit or ability to perform his contract.

(d) Members shall not wilfully induce or attempt to induce the breach of a competitor's contract.

(e) No member shall give, permit to be given, or directly offer to give, anything of value for the purpose of influencing or rewarding the action of any employee, agent or representative of another in relation to the business of the employer of such employee, the principal of such agent or the represented party, without the knowledge of such employer, principal or party. The foregoing provisions shall not be construed to prohibit free and general distribution of articles commonly used for advertising except so far as such articles are actually used for commercial bribery as herein defined.

(f) No member of the Industry shall ship goods on consignment, except under circumstances to be defined by the Code Authority where peculiar circumstances of the Industry require the practice.

(g) To make payment or refunds at any time, directly or indirectly, or to allow privileges not extended to all purchasers under like terms and conditions excepting, however, such differentials or differences between purchasers as are permitted by the terms of Section 2 of the Clayton Act, shall be considered Unfair Trade Practices.

(h) No member of the Industry shall withhold from or insert in his billing, statements resulting in the invoice being a false record, wholly or in part of the transaction represented on the face thereof.

#### ARTICLE XI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. If any member is also a member of another industry, the provisions of this Code shall apply to and affect only that part of his business which is included in this Industry.

SECTION 2. Any work or process incidental to and carried on by a member at his plant as a part of the manufacture of any product of the Industry, shall be regarded as a part of this Industry.

SECTION 3. Such of the provisions of this Code as are not required to be included therein by the Act, may, with the approval of the Administrator, be modified and eliminated as changes in circumstances or experience may indicate.

SECTION 4. This Code and all the provisions thereof are expressly made subject to the right of the President, in accordance with the provisions of Section 10 (b) of the Act, from time to time to cancel or modify any order, approval, license, rule or regulation issued under Title I of said Act, and specifically, but without limitation, to the right of the President to cancel or modify his approval of this Code or any conditions imposed by him upon his approval thereof.

SECTION 5. This Code shall become effective on the second Monday after the date upon which it shall be approved by the President of the United States.

Approved Code No. 305.

Registry No. 311-03.



