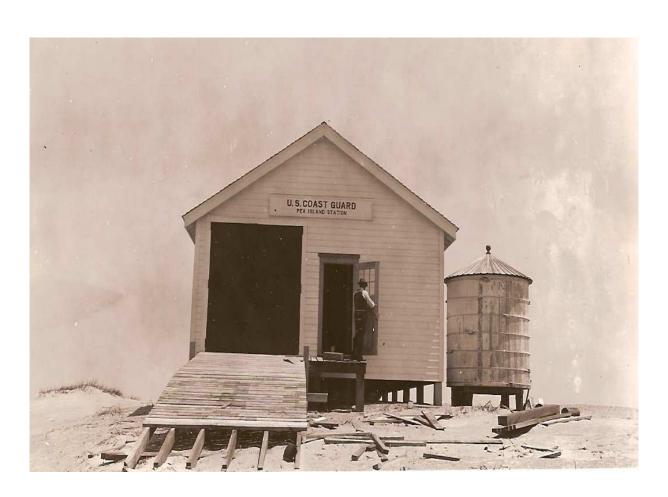


Pea Island Life-Saving Station Rodanthe, North Carolina

Coast Guard Station #177

Historic Resource Study



Cultural Resources Cape Hatteras National Seashore

Pea Island Life-Saving Station Rodanthe, North Carolina

Coast Guard Station #177

Historic Resource Study



2008 Written By: Douglas Stover Historian National Park Service Cape Hatteras National Seashore

Contents

Foreword	iii
Chapter One: Introduction History of Life-Saving Station on the Outer Banks	. 1
Chapter Two: History of the Pea Island Life Saving Station on the Outer Banks	6
Chapter Three: Rescues, Wrecks and Assist of the Pea Island Life-Saving Stations on the Outer Banks	19
Chapter Four: Architectural History of the Pea Island Life-Saving Stations	38
Appendix: Collection of Letter of Pea Island Life-Saving Station (1880-1911)	50
Bibliography	83

Foreward

I am pleased to make available this history of the Pea Island Life-Saving Station, Rodanthe, North Carolina. The research was undertaken to help Cape Hatteras National Seashore, Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge and the Town of Manteo interpret the histories of Pea Island Life-Saving Station on the Outer Banks of North Carolina.

With the help of many sources and research material from the National Archives, Cape Hatteras National Seashore Museum Resource Center, location of the original material of Keeper Richard Etheridge, Pea Island LSS. My thanks to the efforts of Eugene Austin, and Carole Scott-Sciotto of The East Carolina Pathway to Freedom Coalition that made the effort to save the original cookhouse of the Pea Island Life Saving Station and relocated it to the Town of Manteo at Collins Park.

Special thanks to The Collin Parks Committee, Chairman Darrell Collins, Member Tonya Collins, Member Virginia Tillett, Member Doug Stover. Members Linda and Frank Hester. Member John Wilson, and the help of Manteo Town Manager Kermit Skinner, Manteo Building Inspector Johnny Boniface, Town Clerk Becky Breiholz, Mayor and Commissioner of the Town of Manteo for restoring the original cookhouse as a museum.

This book is dedicated in memory to Manteo Commissioner Dellerva Collins, an African American woman who sat on the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Manteo for more than 26 years, and who envisioned to move and restore the historic Pea Island Cookhouse museum to tell the story of the history of African Americans on the Outer Banks. The original Pea Island Life-Saving Station cookhouse can be visited today at Collins Park, Manteo, NC.

With the help of several staff from the National Park Service, Outer Banks Group, National Park Service, Mike Murray, Superintendent, Judy Ryan, Marie Reed and my supervisor Thayer Broili, Chief of Resource Management.

I hope it will prove useful to managers and interpreters at Cape Hatteras National Seashore, Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge and the Town Of Manteo.

Doug Stover

Historian Cape Hatteras National Seashore

2008

Chapter One:

Introduction, History of Life-Saving Stations on the Outer Banks

The United States Lifesaving Service

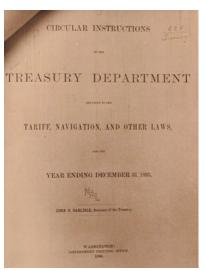
- Established in 1871 under Department of Treasury
- Committed to aiding stranded vessels and saving shipwreck victims
- Each station manned by keeper and six crewmen

In the early 1800s, shipwreck victims were at the mercy of the sea and the only help of the victims might receive was from the local residents, providing they happened upon the wreck or the survivors that made it to shore. In 1807, the first volunteer lifesaving station was built in Cohasset, Massachusetts by the Massachusetts Humane Society. But very soon attention was focused on "the Graveyard of the Atlantic," the treacherous coast of North Carolina.

In 1871, the United States Department of The Treasury established an organization solely committed to aiding stranded vessels and saving shipwreck victims, the United States Lifesaving Service (L.S.S.). The U.S. Lifesaving Service was the forerunner to the U.S. Coast Guard. This marked an end to the volunteer era and the beginning of a professional organization. When first created, the L.S.S. was part of the Revenue Marine Bureau. Secretary of the Treasury Boutwell appointed Sumner I. Kimball as Head of the Revenue Marine Bureau.



Photo: Sumner I. Kimball Smithsonian Intuition



National Park Service, Cape Hatteras NS Museum Collection

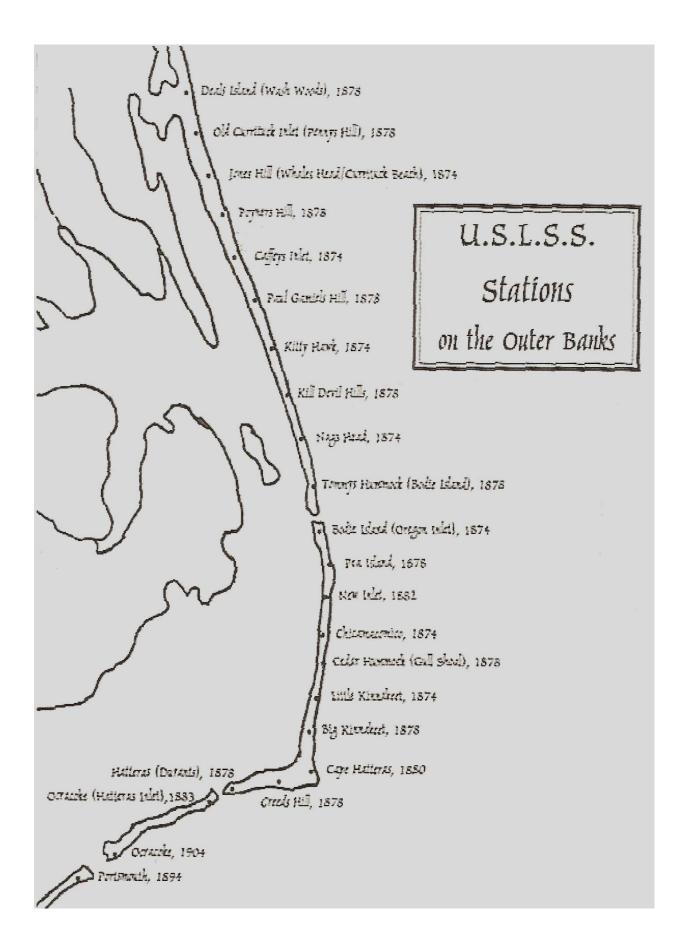
The districts would be directed by Civilian Superintendents. The superintendents would work for the Revenue Marine Bureau. In 1873, the U.S.L.S.S. was better organized and regulations were issued, including the creation of districts to be directed by civilian superintendents, someone outside of the Revenue Marine Bureau. The Sixth District included the Atlantic coast from Cape Henry, VA to Oak Island, NC. The new regulations also created a detailed system for inspection

and maintenance of stations and required a physical examination for every keeper. On 20 June 1874, Congress passed the Life-Saving Stations Act

In 1874, the U.S. Lifesaving Service was begun by building a chain of seven lifesaving stations along the Outer Banks, at the points of greatest danger to ocean going vessels. The lifesaving stations, working in conjunction with the several lighthouses located along the Outer Banks, helped to save and rescue many vessels as they passed through the Graveyard of the Atlantic.

Outer Banks Life-Saving Stations

- 1874 7 stations,
- 15 miles apart
- Disasters for the LSS
- 1877- USS Huron
- 1878- Metropolis
- Congress passes H.R. 3988, Lifesaving on the Outer Banks
- 11 new stations on Outer Banks
- Extension of season
- Doubled keeper's salary
- In an attempt to end corruption, Richard Etheridge is appointed.



<u>List of Life Saving Station's Today on the Outer Banks of North Carolina</u>

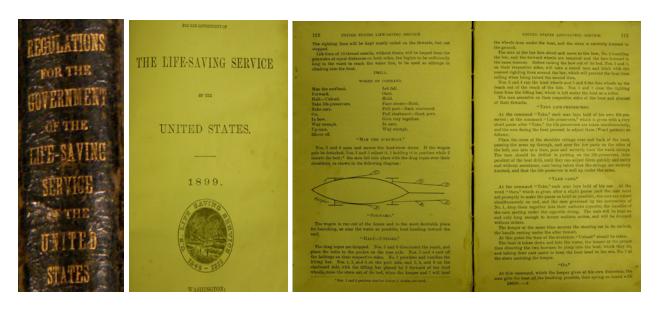
- Wash Wood (1878-1933) Once called Deal's Island station. Early station once used as a dance hall. Subsequent station now a private home.
- Penney's Hill (1878) Old station recently moved to original site 6 1/2 miles north of Corolla for use as private home. Once called Old Currituck Inlet.
- Currituck Beach (1874-1904) Also called Jones Hill. Later station also recently moved from original location in Corolla to site adjacent to Penney's Hill station for use as private home.
- Poyners Hill (1878, 1904-08) Older station now in Corolla as private home. Built as a result of 1878 Metropolis disaster on nearby beach. Second station burned down in early 1970.
- Caffeys Inlet (1874-1899) Once protected inlet at Dare-Currituck county line. Now restored as Sanderling Restaurant.
- Paul Gamiel Hill (1878, 1909 new site) Once located in what is now Seacrest Village. Abandoned by Coast Guard in 1949, used as a private residence, then burned in early 1960 s.
- Kitty Hawk (1874-1915) Located near Mile Post 4 1/2 on Beach Road; 1874 station now the Station Six Restaurant; 1915 station a private home.
- Kill Devil Hills (1878-1930 s) Original station moved in 1986 to Corolla, now restored as Twiddy & Company, real estate office. Second station a private home located on 1878 site on Beach Road near Mile Post 8 ½
- Nags Head (1874-1912) Last station destroyed in 1962 Ash Wednesday storm.
- Bodie Island (1878-1923) Once called Tommy 's Hummock. Old station owned by the National Park Service.
- Oregon Inlet (1874-1897) Threatened by erosion. Original station washed away by inlet.
- Pea Island (1878-1881) Formerly located opposite Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge headquarters; remnants of stone foundation at parking area are there. First station destroyed by suspicious fire. Cookhouse now re-located in Manteo, Collins Park.
- New Inlet (1882) Destroyed by fire near where inlet cut through Hatteras Island. Never rebuilt.
- Chicamacomico (1874-1911) Both stations near original sites in village of Rodanthe. Site of famous 1918 Mirlo rescue, stations are now restored museums.

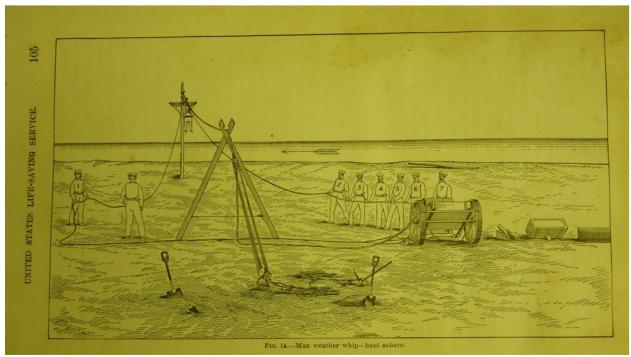
- Gull Shoal (1878) Once called Cedar Hummock, it was destroyed in 1944 hurricane.
 Near where Ramus Midgett saved 10 people from wreck of the Priscilla in 1899.
 Location near Salvo campground.
- Little Kinnakeet (1874-1904) Both stations located north of Avon village. Owned by National Park Service.
- Big Kinnakeet (1878-1929) Damaged in 1944 hurricane, demolished later. Foundation south of Avon near Askins Creek.
- Cape Hatteras (1882) Once south of the lighthouse near Cape Point, station and boathouses demolished during early 1930 s and replaced by Coast Guard group station in 1935. Protected beaches closest to dangerous Diamond Shoals.
- Creeds Hill (1878-1918) West of Frisco village on Route 12; once located about two miles east of present site. Now private home.
- Durants (1878) Original station now part of Durants motel complex near ocean beach. Formerly called the Hatteras station, it is being restored as part of condominium project.
- Hatteras Inlet (1883) Earlier location on Hatteras side now destroyed. Later station on Ocracoke Island destroyed in 1955 storm near where Ocracoke ferry dock is now located. Present Coast Guard inlet station near Hatteras ferry docks.
- Ocracoke (1905-early 1940 s) Original station, now one, located east of present Coast Guard Station on Silver Lake harbor entrance in Ocracoke village. Portsmouth (1894) -Located in Portsmouth village, now deserted community owned and maintained by U.S. Park Service.¹

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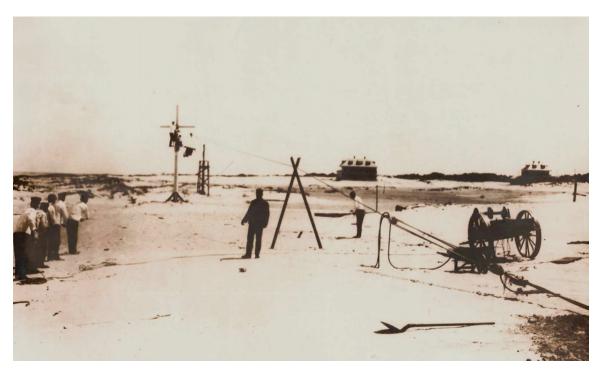
¹ List of Life Saving Stations, The Outer Banks Chamber of Commerce

Chapter Two: Life-Saving Stations Tools of the Trade





Photo's: National Park Service, Cape Hatteras National Seashore Collection



Life-Saving Station Crew Drill





Photo's: National Park Service, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

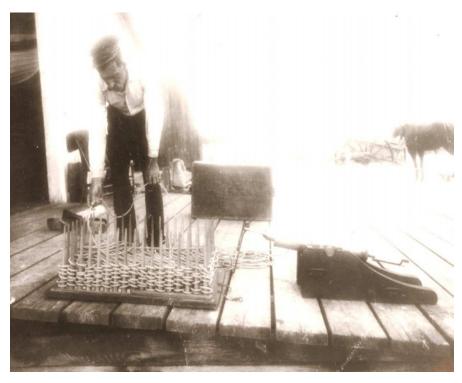


Photo: Smithsonian Institution

Crewman at the U.S. Lifesaving Station faking the messenger line of the Lyle gun.

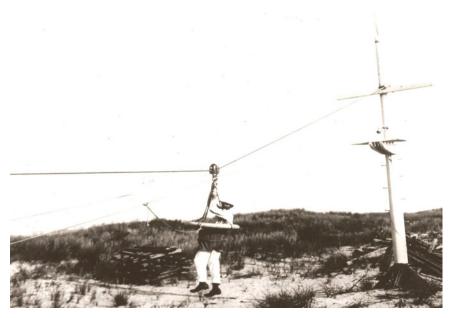
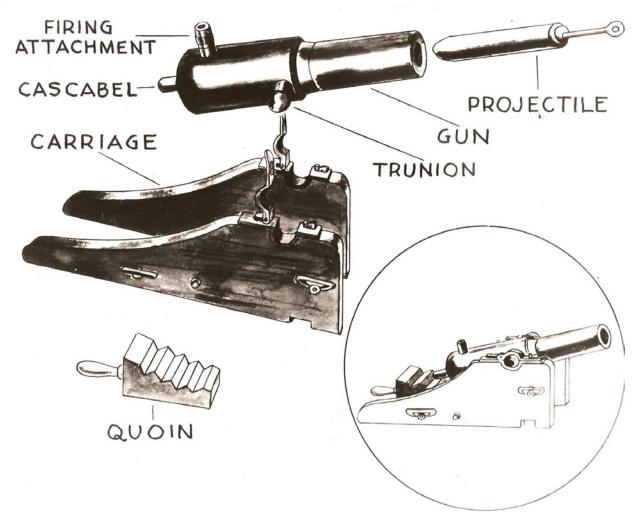


Photo: National Park Service, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

Breeches Buoy:

The breeches buoy is a life ring sewn into a pair of short pants. It is used to transport the wreck victim from the ship to the beach. It is attached to the traveling block which rides along the hawser and pulled back and forth by the surfman manning the whip line.



Lyle Gun & Shot:

The Lyle Gun is a line throwing device used to deliver the first line (i.e. the shot line) to the ship. Designed by David A. Lyle, this, heavy, short barreled gun is capable of firing the shot approximately 300 yards on a full charge of 8 ounces of black powder. The shot, weighing 18 pounds, is a cylindrical projectile with an eye on one end where the shot line is tied. Shot Line & Faking Box:

The shot line is tied to the projectile and is the first line to reach the shipwreck. This is the thinnest line used in the drill and is stored in a special pattern the faking box. This special pattern allows it to pay-out freely as the gun is fired. After the drill, the shot line is returned to the box by carefully laying it in the faking pattern ensuring that it is ready for the next use.

Heaving Stick:

The heaving stick was used in case the Lyle Gun could not be deployed and substituted as a line throwing device. This was a most dangerous technique, as the surfmen would often have to wade deep into the surf in attempt to get a line aboard the ship.





Photo: Tally Board, National Park Service, Cape Hatteras National Seashore Collection

The tally board is used to deliver instructions to the vessel in peril. It is simply a board with printed instructions (English on one side and French on the other) telling the mariners how to aide the surfmen in their rescue efforts. The tally board is tied to the shot line by the keeper at the same time as the whip line and hauled aboard.

Whip Line & Block:

The whip consists of two whip reels mounted on the beach cart, the whip line, and the whip block. Once the shot is fired across the wreck or wreck pole, the shore-side end of the shot line is tied to the tail block. At that point is hoped that there is an able bodied seaman aboard the ship capable of hauling in the shot line and attaching the tail block high aboard the ship. Once it is determined that the line has been secured to the vessel, the whip will be used to haul items such as the hawser, breeches buoy and sometimes the life-cart back and forth between the beach and the wreck. This operates in the same manner as an old fashion clothes line with pulleys operates with the surfmen pulling on either the windward or leeward half of the whip from shore.

Hawser & Traveling Block:

The hawser is the work horse of all the lines. It is a thick, strong rope made from manila with a traveling block attached. This block travels along the hawser and carries the breeches buoy back and forth from the vessel by means of the whip.

Fall:

The fall is a block and tackle pulling device used to place tension on the hawser. The fall consists of an inner block and outer block and has a ratio of 4:1 giving five surfmen the pulling strength of twenty. The outer block is painted blue to indicate that it faces seaward and the outer block is painted white to indicate that this block faces shoreward and is attached to the sand anchor pendant, loaded can weigh nearly a ton. It also is crucial that the cart is loaded in a specific order where the first item loaded is the last item unloaded.

Strap:

The strap is a rope tied to itself to form a loop and is used to attach the fall souter block hooks to the hawser by means of a knot named a cat spaw. Crotch Pole:

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² U.S.L.S.S. Living History Association

The crotch pole is used to keep the victims and equipment traveling along the hawser above the crashing surf. It consists of two boards approximately 8 feet long fashioned together similar to a pair of scissors. Once tension is placed on the hawser by means of the surfman pulling on the fall the Keeper will give the command to raise the crotch pole in position. Now the hawser is high above the surf and is ready to transport equipment.

Sand Anchor:

The sand anchor is used to secure the shore-side of the fall to the beach. It consists of two wooden planks connected loosely together with an eye bolt with pendant attached. The pendant is used to attach the fall to the sand anchor. A narrow trench is dug in the fashion of a cross to a depth of approximately 2 1/2 feet. The anchor is placed in it and buried with care given not to cover the pendant.

Pick, Shovel, & Bucket:

The pick and shovel are used to dig the trench to place the sand anchor. The bucket is used to carry water used to wet a section of the shot line and to flood the Lyle gun barrel in the event of a misfire.

Hawser Cutter:

The hawser cutter is used to cut the hawser near the ship after the last victim is rescued. The cutter rides along the hawser and is pulled back and forth by the surfmen pulling on the whip line. The blades are carefully angled so the hawser cutter moves freely along the hawser when being pulled seaward, but, slice the hawser in two when pulled toward the shore. Beach Cart:





Photo: National Park Service, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

The beach cart is a most essential part of the beach apparatus. Without the cart, it would be impossible for the surfmen to transport the equipment to the site of the wreck. The cart is pulled by two surfmen, pushed by two and steered by two. The beach cart rides on two wheels and is pulled by horses or mules.

Chapter Three:

History of the Pea Island Life-Saving Stations on the Outer Banks



Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1917), Cape Hatteras National Seashore

Location:	On beach, 6-7/8 miles south southeast of Oregon Inlet and 9 miles southeast by south of Bodie Island Light; 35° 43 '15" N x 75° 29 ' 30" W (circa 1939), Dare Co. Rodanthe North Carolina,
Date of Conveyance:	18 June 1878
Station Built:	1878 / 1896 / 1931
Fate:	The station was decommissioned in 1947.

Pea Island L.S.S. Keepers



Photo: Pea Island LSS Keeper Etheridge, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

?-1880 George C. Daniels [- May 8, 1880 ?]

"Keeper Daniels of No. 17 was dismissed from the Service in consequence of the...investigation made by Lieut. Shoemaker, under your orders of the loss of the *Henderson* [November 30, 1879]...About the first intimation of any "crookedness" in Daniel's testimony was through a confidential letter from Superintendent Etheridge." [Letter latter refers to evidence of perjury on Daniel's part. Letter from Newcomb to Kimball, May 8, 1880, National Archives, RG 26, #N 77, Vol. 9.]

1880-1899 Richard Etheridge [appointed January 24, 1880, died May 8, 1900, died while in service]. National Archives. Experience: Fisherman and surfman. Born North Carolina. Age 39. Served 3 years in the army, 36th inft (colored). Appointed January 24, 1880, oath February 2, 1880. Colored surfman from station #16 [Oregon Inlet.]

Richard Etheridge

- Born as a slave
- Taught to read and write by owner
- Knowledgeable about tides, weather, and shore life
- Officer in the Colored Troops of the Union Army
- Leader of the black community
- #6 surfman of Bodie Island station
- Appointed keeper of Pea Island station in 1880

1900 Benjamin Jarvis Bowser [began June 11, 1900, died September 2, 1900, died while in service].

1900-1916 Lewis S. Wescott [began October 4, 1990, retired February 28, 1916] National Archives. Experience: Surfman at Pea Island, October 18, 1880 to May 1, 1886. Reenlisted as surfman, December 1, 1892 at Oregon Inlet, Caffeys Inlet and Pea Island. Promoted to Keeper October 4, 1900, born North Carolina February 28, 1852, appointed September 27, 1900, oath October 4, 1900. [card, 1913]

1916-1922 William H. Irving (Boatswain) [began August 28, 1916, retired 1922]

1922-1936 George Edward Pruden (Chief Bos'n) [began 1922, departed July 1, 1936]

1936-? Maxie M. Berry, Sr. [began July 1, 1936, departed ?]

?-1947 Herbert Collins, Keepers:

Chief Boatswain's Mate Maxie Berry, Sr., USCG, was the Officer in Charge of the historic Pea Island Station during the World War II years. BMC Berry was one of 22 members of his family that have served their country in the U.S. Life-Saving Service and U.S. Coast Guard. Berry's father, Joseph H. Berry, joined the Life-Saving Service in 1897.

Chief Boatswain's Mate (a) Lonnie C. Gray served as the acting "commanding officer" at least as of 8 December 1943.

Life as a Surfman

- Exposure to disease
- At least one 6-mile beach patrol a day, even in bad conditions
- Daily drills
- Rescues were very dangerous
- No pension
- Live, sleep, eat, and work at the station
- Some stations, like Pea Island were very isolated

History: Pea Island Life Saving Station



Photo: Pea Island LSS (1917), Cape Hatteras National Seashore

The original site of the Pea Island Station was acquired by deed dated 25 July 1878 under provisions of the Act of Congress, approved 3 March 1875 and covered a tract of land containing 3 acres from Jesse Etheridge.³

Captain Richard Etheridge became the first African-American to command a Life-Saving station when the Service appointed him as the keeper of the Pea Island Life-Saving Station in North Carolina on 24, January 1880.

The Revenue Cutter Service officer, who recommended his appointment, First Lieutenant Charles F. Shoemaker, noted that Etheridge was "one of the best surfmen on this part of the coast of North Carolina." Soon after Etheridge's appointment, the station burned down. Determined to execute his duties with expert commitment, Etheridge supervised the construction of a new station on the original site. He also developed rigorous lifesaving drills that enabled his crew to tackle all lifesaving tasks. His station earned the reputation of "one of the tautest on the Carolina Coast," with its keeper well-known as one of the most courageous and ingenious lifesavers in the Service.

On May 29, 1880, a month after the end of the active season, (the crew had left the station April 30), the station was destroyed by a suspected arson fire ⁴ The stable and wood pile, located a short distance from the main building, survived the fire, so the stable was converted into temporary quarters for the surfmen at the start of the next active season. The USLSS offered a

³ 20Stat L 163

⁴ USLSS Annual Report, 1880. Page 29.

\$300 reward. The Treasury Department investigator suspected surfmen living on Bodie Island but the case was never prosecuted. ⁵

The station was rebuilt in late 1880 "The station at Pea Island, North Carolina (No. 17, Sixth District mentioned in the last (1880) annual report as in process of rebuilding, were completed early last winter (1880). and were occupied during most of the inclement season." Pea Island like all the stations, had discipline problems. Although he was not discharged, Superintendent Kimball did reprimand R.F. Toler, Surfman #2. "You returned from the Post Office so crazed with drink that it took three men to hold you and keep you from damaging the furniture and other station property..." In 1885, J.H. Coster of Baltimore, Maryland, entered into a contract for the repair and improvement of the Nag's Head, Bodie's Island, Oregon Ilet, Pea Island, Chicamacomico, Gull Shoal, Little Kinnakeet, Big Kinnakeet, Creed's Hill and Durant's Station."

A great deal has been written about the Pea Island Station being an all African-American station. This did away with the mixed race station (known at the time as "checkerboard" stations) on the Outer Banks. This was an inconvenience to some of the African-American surfmen, such as Wescott and Case was asked to transfer to Pea Island from Caffeys Inlet in 1880 (Wescott, whose family lived near the Caffeys Inlet Station, refused to transfer) it was also not solely by design. When a vacancy occurs at the Pea Island Station, the keeper of that station calls for a certification of eligible, (and he is furnished with the names of three eligible standing highest on the register of section 2. From these names he is obliged to make selection, and almost invariably the person selected is a white man, who immediately declines to service where only colored men are employed. In consequence of such declinations, other certification must be made. It is, therefore, suggested that the Secretary of The Treasury request the Civil Service Commission to take the necessary steps toward furnishing this office with a special register of eligible for the Pea Island Station; such eligible to be debarred from certification to other life-saving stations in the 7th District, and vise versa. "The General Superintendent wrote a note from the District Superintendent stating that "... the only colored men on the eligible register for my district [7th], section 2 [Outer Banks] "were Israel S. Simmons and Thomas H. Mackey".

In 1885 all the stations were authorized to receive a telephone.⁹

In 1896, by deed of 7 December that year, a new site was acquired and the old site was "abandoned and reverted to the grantors." A new site was acquired by deed dated December 7, 1896, and the old site was abandoned and reverted to the previous owner.

In 1897, authority was given to obtain materials to construct a boathouse"... to protect the old surfboat at the station."

In 1898, construction of an iron water cistern was authorized.

⁵ Investigator's report to Superintendent Kimball, dated September 11, 1990, National Archives Record group 26.

⁶ Annual Report, 1881, page 78.

⁷ National Archives, RG.26, Letter sent, Vol. 19, page 26. Letter dated January 8, 1884.

⁸ National Archives, RG.26, Letter sent, Vol. 27, page 116. Letter to Thomas J. Poyner from S. Kimball, dated August 12, 1885.

⁹ National Archives, RG 26, Letter Sent, Vol. 27. page 358-359: Letter from S. Kimball dated October 6, 1995

General Superintendent Kimball wrote to the Secretary of the Treasury on January 8, 1904 and explained: "Some difficulty has arisen from time to time through the facts the white eligible for section 2 (Outer Banks of the 7th Life-Saving District have been certified to fill vacancies existing at Pea Island Station, whose crew is composed entirely of colored men.

On September 25, 1908, additional land and a right of way adjoining the station property was acquired.

On 25 September 1908, additional land and right of way adjoining the station property was acquired from E. M. Midgett.

In 1909, authority was given for unspecified repairs at the station.

A new (third) ten-acre-site was acquired by deed dated June 11, 1930, from the trustees of the Pea Island Club. The property was a 200-foot wide parcel extending from the ocean to the sound.

"New quarters had been provided in 1931 and the Old Pea Island station, about two miles north, had been abandoned. The new station cost "some \$30,000".

The station was deactivated in 1947 and fully decommissioned in 1949.

After WWII, The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service took over the station's building as headquarters from the Pea Island National Refuge. In 1966 a new wildlife headquarters were built and the Old Station was sold at auction.

The main station, lookout tower, and a cistern were purchased by Harvey Pettit, for \$1,500, from the person who bought them at auction. Mr. Pettit moved the building to Salvo (sound side) and used the main station for a vacation home.



Pea Island Main House and Tower, Salvo, NC. 2008 Photo: Doug Stover

His grandson, Ronald Pettit, Jr., owned the building and property where he operates Hatteras Water Sports.

The cookhouse was relocated to the north end of Rodanthe near the sound (boarded up and deteriorated till 2006). The owner of the cookhouse wanted the structure removed from his property.

In 2006 East Coast Pathway to Freedom Coalition, a non-profit organization arranged the move of the 1903 Pea Island Cookhouse from Rodanthe, North Carolina to Collins Park, within the Town of Manteo, North Carolina. Today the Pea Island Life Saving Station Cookhouse is managed by the Town Of Manteo as a museum displaying memorabilia, artifacts, relics, and pictures depicting life in the Life Saving Service to these courageous African-American men who triumphed over unbeatable odds.



Pea Island LSS Cookhouse relocated (2006) over the Bonner Bridge, 2006 Photo:Doug Stover



Pea Island Life Saving Cookhouse, (2008), Collins Park, Manteo, N.C. 2008.

Photo: Doug Stover

Chapter Three:

Rescues, Wrecks and Assists of the Pea Island Life-Saving Stations on the Outer Banks



Photo: Cape Hatteras National Seashore (ca. 1890's)

Rescue Activity

A significant wreck occurred in 1879 near the station. "Although the life-saving crew did not participate in a rescue, the wreck had a tremendous effect on the station and the USLSS. A British boat M&E Henderson wrecked on Pea Island near the station. Four crewmen drowned in the surf. Three survivors made their way to the station and found the life-savers asleep. Soon afterward, the entire crew of the station was court martialed and dismissed for negligence in the performance of their duty." The all-white crew was replaced by an all-black crew with Richard Etheridge as keeper. It was to remain the only all African-American life –saving station in the United States.

On 11 October 1896, Etheridge's rigorous training drills proved to be invaluable. The three-mastered schooner, the E.S. Newman, was caught in a terrifying storm. En route from Providence, Rhode Island to Norfolk, Virginia, the vessel was blown 100 miles off course and came ashore on the beach two miles south of the Pea Island station. The storm was so severe that Etheridge had suspended normal beach patrols that day. But the alert eyes of surfman Theodore Meekins saw the first distress flare and he immediately notified Etheridge. Etheridge

gathered his crew and launched the surfboat. Battling the strong tide and sweeping currents, the dedicated lifesavers struggled to make their way to a point opposite the schooner, only to find there was no dry land. The daring, quick-witted Etheridge tied two of his strongest surfmen together and connected them to shore by a long line. T hey fought their way through the roaring breakers and finally reached the schooner. The seemingly inexhaustible Pea Island crewmembers journeyed through the perilous waters ten times and rescued the entire crew of the *E.S. Newman*. For this rescue the crew, including Etheridge, was awarded the Gold Lifesaving Medal by the Coast Guard.

Life Saving Medals Awarded





In the first 30 years of LSS, 131 medals of honor, 33 on the coast of NC, none to Pea Island.

For the rescue of all nine passengers and crew of the *E.S. Newman*, October 11, 1896, the Pea Island Station keeper and surfmen listed below were awarded gold medals posthumously in Washington, D.C., on March 5, 1996:

- Richard Etheridge, Keeper
- Benjamin Bowser, Surfman
- Lewis Wescott, Surfman
- Dorman Pugh, Surfman
- Theodore Meekins, Surfman
- Stanley Wise, Surfman
- William Irving, Surfman

In 1993, CDR Steve Rochon, USCGR, received a call from two graduate students, David Zoby of Virginia Commonwealth University in Richmond, Va. and David Wright of the University of Massachusetts in Boston. They had been working on a research project on Richard Etheridge and the Pea Island Lifesaving Station and asked for Rochon's assistance. After exhaustive research, the two students, one white, the other black, had confirmed that the Pea Island crew did not get recognized for any of their many daring rescues during its years of service (1880-1947). It was at that moment that the three decided to "go for the Gold," with Wright and Zoby doing the research and Rochon preparing the recommendation.

Two years into their laborious efforts, Rochon received a call from the Chief of the Medals and Awards Branch at Headquarters. He was told that 14-year-old Kate Burkart, from Washington, N.C. had written Senator Jesse Helms of North Carolina. In her letter, she asked the Senator to write the Coast Guard to tell them that the Pea Island Lifesavers deserved the Gold Lifesaving

Medal for the E.S. Newman rescue. Burkart, who had become interested in Pea Island as part of a school research project, also wrote a few other members of Congress and the President of the United States. President Clinton also wrote the Commandant, focusing greater attention on the rescue. Rochon, sensing that the timing was right, finalized and forwarded the 69-page recommendation to the Medals and Awards Panel.

The Commandant approved the awarding of the Gold Lifesaving Medal to the Pea Island Station Oct. 31, 1995.

And so the Commandant unveiled the Gold Lifesaving Medal for the Pea Island Lifesaving Station at an impressive ceremony at the Navy Memorial in Washington, D.C. March 5, 1996. The ceremony was attended by many dignitaries, friends and over 30 Pea Island descendants. ¹⁰



Photo: Kohler Shipwreck, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

The following list of shipwrecks of the Pea Island Life Saving Station are from is primarily accounts, testimonials and tables published in the USLSS Annual Reports in it original written format..

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¹⁰ USCG Reservists Magazine, Oct 1996

Rescue/Wreck Activity: Pea Island Log

Date: November 30, 1879, Vessel: M&E Henderson, 11 Cargo: Phosphate Rock

On the 30th of November, 1879, patrolman Tillett, who had the morning watch on the beat south, returned to the (station) house a few minutes after five o'clock in the morning lit a fire in the stove and called the cook, then went up-stairs, and looking with the marine glass from the south window, perceived, at some distance in the clear moonlight, a man whom he at first thought was a fisherman. Presently noticing that the man was without a hat it at once occurred to him that he might have been washed ashore from a wreck. He immediately aroused the keeper and crew, and started out in advance, soon came up to a haggard and dripping figure, a sailor, tottering along very much exhausted, and only able to articulate, captain drowned-masts gone. Debris from the wreck came ashore just a mile and quarter south of the Station.

Date: March 31, 1881, Vessel: Night signal, 12 Cargo:

At haft past 4 in the morning, the patrolman of Station No. 17 (Pea Island) discovered a schooner almost on the beach. He burned a red Coston signal, on which the vessel stood off shore and escaped standing.

Date: October 5, Vessel: Thomas J. Lancaster, ¹³ Cargo: Ice

Pea Island crew assisted the Chicamacomico crew which was first on the scene. Thirteen people on the wreck. More than 28 hours after the vessel grounded, the life-savers brought 6 survivors safely to shore. The Captain three of his younger daughters and three of the crew drowned, Two of the survivors, the Captain's wife and one daughter, had been tied to the rigging to prevent their being washed overboard. They remained in the rigging for twenty-four hours before being rescued.

Date: December 16,, 1881, Vessel: Unknown, 14 Cargo:

The patrolman from Station No. 17 at about 8:30 p.m. discovered a steamer standing close on New Inlet Shoals. He burned his red Coston signal, which was answered by a white signal from the steamer, and she stood off-shore.

Date: October 22, 1882, Vessel: Wood, 15 Cargo:

The crew of the Pea Island Station discovered about fifteen hundred feet of birch planks floating in the surf, in the vicinity of the station, which they hauled out on the beach and turned over to the commissioner of wrecks.

Date: February 17, 1883, Vessel: Frank Pigot, 16 Cargo: Wood

¹¹ Annual Report, 1880, pages 19-21. Ship Ashore, pages 91-93. (Note: Keeper Daniels was dismissed as a result of investigation which followed this wreck.

¹² Annual Report, 1881, pages 172

¹³ Ship Ashore, page 97-98

¹⁴ Annual Report, 1881, page 172

¹⁵ Annual Report, 1882, pages 115

¹⁶ Annual Report, 1883, pages 200

Soon after dark in the evening the master of the small schooner Frank Pigot, of Elizabeth City, North Carolina, arrived at the Pea Island Station and requested the assistance of the life-saving crew in getting his vessel afloat. She was loaded with wood from Powell's Point for Pea Island, and had grounded at 6 o'clock on what is known as New Inlet Shoal, in Pamlico Sound, about three miles southwest of the station, the captain being unacquainted with the channel. The lifesaving crew turned out at once to the schooner's relief, and soon succeeded in hauling her off the shoal and anchored her in a safe place for the night. The vessel carried but two men, and they could have done nothing without aid from the station.

Date: November 13,1883, Vessel: Warning, ¹⁷ Cargo:

Shortly after 3 o'clock in the morning, the south patrol from the Pea Island Station discovering a schooner almost in the breakers, burned a Coston light when she at once swung off shore and went clear.

Date: January 4, 1884, Vessel: Mary A. Trainer, ¹⁸ Cargo: General

Assisted Oregon Inlet Station Crew

Date: January 9, 1884, Vessel: Excel, ¹⁹ Cargo: Mail

The sail-boat Excel, employed in carrying the mail between Manteo and Kinnakeet was caught in Pamlico Sound, on the 5th, by a violent snow storm, and the occupant of the boat compelled to leave his craft about a mile from Pea Island Station and to seek refuge at that station. But for the shelter afforded him he must have perished. The storm continued until the night of the 9th, when the wind changed suddenly to a strong gale from the southwest. The boat being deeply laden sank at midnight, and the contents were washed overboard. The crew of the station reached the boat early on the morning of the 10th and succeeded in raising it and bringing it to the shore. They also recovered about two-thirds of the cargo, and after putting it on board, saw the boat safely to its destination. The man was at the station five days.

Date: November 16,1884, Vessel: Steamship, ²⁰ Cargo:

Just after sunset, during a northwest gale, the patrol of the Pea Island Station discovered a steamship in great danger of standing. He burned a Coston light, when she at once changed her course and stood off shore.

1885- No Activity (In 1885 all the stations were authorized to receive a telephone)

Date: December 6, 1886, Vessel: Lumber, 21 Cargo:

During the day the crew of the Pea Island Station recovered within the patrol limits, a considerable quantity of yellow pine lumber which had washed upon the beach. The Commissioner of Wrecks was duly notified and subsequently sold what had been saved for the benefit of the State.

Date: May 15, 1887, Body Found, ²² Cargo:

Annual Report, 1884, pages 154
 Annual Report, 1884, pages 154

¹⁹ Annual Report, 1884, pages 191/296

²⁰ Annual Report, 1885, pages 135

²¹ Annual Report, 1887, pages 194

In the morning the keeper of the Pea Island Station found the body of a drowned man about a mile south of the station. The head and face were badly disfigured, and there were no marks by which the remains could be identified, a leather wallet in one of the trousers pockets contained a small amount of money. With the assistance of the Keeper of the Oregon Inlet Station the body was decently interred.

Date: June 25, 1887, Vessel: Rachel A. Collins, ²³ Cargo:

Shortly after sunrise a vessel was discovered about two miles off the Pea Island Station with a signal of distress flying. The station being closed for the summer, the keeper mustered a volunteer crew, launched the surf-boat, and boarded her. She proved to be the schooner Rachel A. Collins, of Frankford Delaware, bound to Hatteras from Philadelphia. Her rudder being disabled, the captain was anxious to procure the assistance of a tug to tow him into port. The keeper accordingly took a message ashore and telephoned it to the Kitty Hawk Signal Office, whence it was transmitted to Norfolk, Virginia. The following morning a tug arrived which remained with the schooner until the damage was repaired. The latter proceeded the next day to her destination.

Date: September 23, 1887, Vessel: Charles, 24 Cargo: Fish Oil

Assisted the Oregon Inlet Station crew

Date: January 7, 1888, Vessel: Night Signal²⁵ Cargo:

A schooner closed in and heading for New Inlet Shoals was warned off by a signal from the morning patrol.

Date: December 22-30, 1888, Vessel: Charles C Lister, Jr., ²⁶ Cargo: Lumber

Assisted from the Oregon Inlet Station crew.

Date: January 29, 1889, Vessel: Succor, 27 Cargo:

A party of eight men, bound from Hatteras to Roanoke Island, in a small open boat, being wet and cold, exposed to a fresh northwest winds, were afforded shelter for two day at the Pea Island Station.

Date: March 6, 1889, Vessel: Night Signal, ²⁸ Cargo:

A schooner running to the beach for safety was warned clear by the midnight patrol.

Date: April 8-9, 1889, Vessel: Alice M. Minott, ²⁹ Cargo: Ballast

Early in the morning (8th) during a fresh northerly gale, the lookout of the Pea Island observed a ship running in toward the land just north of the station. Before a heavy sea When but little more

²² Annual Report, 1887, pages 268

²³ Annual Report, 1887, pages 291

²⁴ Annual Report, 1888, pages 108/328

²⁵ Annual Report, 1888, pages 306

²⁶ Annual Report, 1889, pages 180-181/320

²⁷ Annual Report, 1889, pages 196

²⁸ Annual Report, 1889, pages 301

²⁹ Annual Report, 1888, pages 227

than a mile from shore anchors were let go, and as the ship swung around head to the gale and sea, the masts were cut away to save the vessel. From signals displayed it was learned that the craft was the American ship Alice M. Minott, of Bath, Maine. Owing to the high and dangerous surf it was impossible for life-saving men to board the vessel, and the captain was warned not to attempt to land, but to await the arrival of the tug, which was immediately sent for. The latter succeeded in getting to the ship early in the morning of the 10th, and towed her to a place of safety. In the meantime, almost constant communication had been kept up between the ship and the station by means of signals. The Minott was in ballast, and carried a crew of seventeen men.

Date: April 24, 1889 Body Found³⁰

A surfman of the Pea Island Station while patrolling the beach observed a dead body in the surf, which proved to be that of a young colored sailor. It was pulled out on the beach clear of the tide, and the keeper was notified. The clothing was thoroughly searched in the pockets were found several papers and twenty-five dollars in currency. From the papers it was learned that the name of the deceased was Robert Nolan, aged seventeen years and that he had served on the English ship Canute and the American ship David Crocket. The letters on the cork jacket which he wore were so nearly obliterated that the name of the vessel from which he had been lost could not be ascertained. The money and papers were turned over to the proper authorities and the body was decently buried.

Date: July 9-10, 1889, Vessel: A.J, Marine, 31 Cargo: Navy Store

Assisted New Inlet Station crew.

Date: October 17, 1889, Vessel: Roseania, 32 Cargo: Fish

Assisted Oregon Inlet Station crew.

Date: October 24, 1889, Vessel: Lizzie S. Haynes, 33 Cargo: Lumber

Schooner was a total loss and five lives were lost.

Date: November 6, 1889, Vessel: Steamer. 34 Cargo:

On this date, in the morning, the lookout at the Pea Island Station sighted a vessel anchored several miles off shore with a signal of distress flying. She had lost her foremast, boom, and main topmast. As a steamer and two other vessels were seen to heave to and speak her and then proceed, it was evident that she needed a tug; and the surf being too rough after the recent gales to go off to her in the boat the keeper telephoned up the coast to the United States Signal Service Observer at Kitty Hawk, Twenty-odd miles to the northward, requesting that a tug be telegraphed for from Norfolk. The message was promptly forward, and by half-past 6 o'clock in the evening a tug arrived and took the craft in tow for Hampton Roads. This incident is another striking illustration of the value of the telephone system established by the service on that desolate coast.

Annual Report, 1889, pages 241
 Annual Report, 1890, pages 73-74/378

³² Annual Report, 1890, pages 179/380

³³ Annual Report, 1890, pages 32-35/380

³⁴ Annual Report, 1890, pages 203

Date: November 18, 1889, Body Found³⁵

The morning patrol from 3 o'clock till sunrise north from the Pea Island Station found the body of an unknown drowned man on the beach. The station crew gave the remains proper burial.

1890- No Activity

Date: February 16, 1891, Vessel: J.W. Gaskill, 36 Cargo: Coal

The schooner, J.W. Gaskill, Bridgeton, New Jersey, bound from Philadelphia, Pennsylvania to Savannah, Georgia, with a load of coal valued at \$2,500, wrecked two and one-quarter mile south by east of Pea Island Station. The Oregon Inlet and New Inlet Station assisted with the rescue of the seven crew members. They were sheltered at the station for a total of 222 days. The schooner and cargo were a total loss.

Date: March 1, 1891, Vessel: Night signal, ³⁷ Cargo:

The patrolman on duty after sunset saw a steamer dangerously near New Inlet Shoals. He warned her by means of his signal, when she headed off shore in safety.

Date: April 4, 1891, Vessel: Night signal, 38 Cargo:

A schooner heading in dangerously near the shore was promptly warned off by the signal of the night patrol.

Date: October 1, 1891, Vessel: Night signal, ³⁹ Cargo:

The patrol, south, of the midwatch warned a steamer out of danger by setting off a Coston light.

Date: November 24, 1891, Vessel: Night signal, 40 Cargo:

A vessel dangerously near New Inlet Shoals was warned off the signal of the early morning watch.

Date: November 19, 1892, Vessel: Irene Thayer, 41 Cargo: Lime

Assisted Oregon Inlet Station Crew

Date: December 2, 1892, Vessel: Night signal, 42 Cargo:

A vessel that was running dangerously near the beach avoided stranding by heeding the warning signal of the south patrol.

Date: July 29, 1893, Vessel: George C. Wainwright, 43 Cargo: Shingles

³⁵ Annual Report, 1890, pages 212

³⁶ Annual Report, 1891, pages 148

³⁷ Annual Report, 1891, pages 97

³⁸ Annual Report, 1891, pages 98

³⁹ Annual Report, 1892, pages 111

⁴⁰ Annual Report, 1892, pages 114

⁴¹ Annual Report, 1893, pages 67, 97,218

⁴² Annual Report, 1893, pages 151

Stranded on reef in Pamlico Sound. Ran anchors with assistance of volunteer crews from New Inlet and Oregon Inlet station, and started to have her off but, when nearly afloat, she suddenly sprung a leak. Making it necessary for master to go to Norfolk for a steam pump. On his return, keeper helped to lighter deck load and to place on board the steam pump, with which she was floated. When the schooner sunk, shortly afterwards, keeper assisted to save her outfit. She was finally raised by wreckers and towed to Elizabeth City for repairs.

Date: October 20, 1893, Vessel: Unknown, 44 Cargo:

During the night the patrol south from the station slashed his red light to a steamer close to New Inlet Shoals; she profited by the timely warning, and so altered her course as to prevent mishap.

Date: November 20, 1893, Vessel: Rowboat, 45 Cargo:

Drifted ashore near the station. Hauled her out and held her for owner.

Date: December 26, Vessel: Shelter, 46 Cargo:

Sheltered a hunting party of ten men who had landed from a yacht early in the day, and were unable to return to her in the evening, on account of a sudden change of the wind to a gale from the northward. Next day boated them off to their vessel.

Date: October 23,1894, Vessel: Fancy, 47 Cargo:

Parted her moorings in gale of 9th and was carried out to sea; drifted ashore during night of 22nd. Hauled her up on the beach and secured her for owner.

Date: November 28, 1894, Vessel: Frances Ann, 48 Cargo: Fish net

Rudder lost; unmanageable; drifted ashore. Ran to the place of stranded, which was nearby (the Oregon Inlet Station), hauled the boat out on the beach, and assisted the boatmen ashore; provided for the at (Oregon Inlet) station. Next day, with the assistance of the crew of Pea Island Station and a team, hauled the craft across the beach and launched her in Pamlico Sound where the three men took charge of her and proceeded.

Date: February 7,1895, Vessel: Schooner, 49 Cargo:

Probably on account of the thick weather prevailing throughout the night, which obscured the coast line, a large schooner lost her reckoning and ran dangerously near the beach. Patrolman fired three Coston signals in quick succession before her attention was attracted, but the warning was finally heeded, and she changed her course to seaward.

Date: February 10,1895, Vessel: Shelter, ⁵⁰ Cargo:

⁴³ Annual Report, 1894, pages 82, 258

⁴⁴ Annual Report, 1894, pages 185

⁴⁵ Annual Report, 1894, pages 117

⁴⁶ Annual Report, 1894, pages 170

⁴⁷ Annual Report, 1895, pages 118, 292

⁴⁸ Annual Report, 1895, pages 134, 292

⁴⁹ Annual Report, 1895, pages 221

Two hunters, who were encamped on the beach, 2 1/2 miles from the station, ran out of provisions, firewood and supplies at the station for succor. Care for them forty-eight hours.

Date: March 10,1895, Vessel: Haze,⁵¹ Cargo:

Assisted New Inlet Station

Date: March 12,1895, Vessel: Shelter afforded, ⁵² Cargo:

A hunting party of six men whose boat had grounded at low tide, obliging them to leave her, came to the station, where they were sheltered for the night.

Date: July 3,1895, Vessel: Property saved,⁵³ Cargo:

Keeper, assisted by volunteers (inactive season) hauled from surf 5,000 feet of pine lumber and secured it for delivery to proper person.

Date: August 7,1895, Vessel: Rosa B. Cora, ⁵⁴ Cargo: Miscellaneous

Assisted Chicamacomico Station.

Date: November 20,1895, Vessel: Rosette, 55 Cargo: Fish

Assisted Oregon Inlet Station Crew.

Date: December 4,1895, Vessel: Unknown, ⁵⁶ Cargo:

The north patrol sighted a schooner dangerously near the beach during the first watch. He warned her with Coston light, and she was headed off shore.

Date: December 25,1895, Vessel: Unknown,⁵⁷ Cargo:

About midnight, patrolman discovered a schooner dangerously near shore. He burned a danger signal at once and she was swung off successfully.

Date: December 27,1895, Vessel: Emma C. Cotton, ⁵⁸ Cargo: Coal

Stranded (one and one-quarters miles north of the station) at 2 a.m. during shift of wind, 200 yards from shore. Alarm was given and station crew hastened to wreck with beach apparatus. Prepared to fire shot line on board, but master of schooner hailed keeper and requested that action be deferred until daylight. While waiting, keeper sent for surfboat, and at daybreak an attempt was made to launch it, which was successful, and schooner was boarded took off the crew of seven men with their baggage and landed them without mishap; carried them to station,

⁵⁰ Annual Report, 1895, pages 201

⁵¹ Annual Report, 1895, pages 160, 296

⁵² Annual Report, 1895, pages 204

⁵³ Annual Report, 1896, pages 208

⁵⁴ Annual Report, 1896, pages 70, 316

⁵⁵ Annual Report, 1896, pages 112, 316

⁵⁶ Annual Report, 1896, pages 240

⁵⁷ Annual Report, 1896, pages 241

⁵⁸ Annual Report, 1896, pages 125, 318

where they were succored for three days. On January 2, saved the sails of the schooner, assisted by crew of Oregon Inlet Station. Vessel and cargo of coal were total loss.

Date: January 12,1896, Vessel: James Woodall, ⁵⁹ Cargo: Sugar and Molasses

Assisted New Inlet Station crew.

Date: January 15,1896, Vessel: Alert, 60 Cargo:

Rubber unshipped and vessel became unmanageable, anchoring about 5 miles off the station. The life-saving crew having boarded her, the keeper was requested by Lieutenant J.C. Cantwell, R.C.S., assistant inspector life-saving station, who was on board, to return to the station and brings off materials to effect temporary repairs. This work performed, and the sloop proceeds proceeded to Elisabeth City, while Lieutenant Cantwell and Mr. P.H. Morgan, superintendent Sixth Life-Saving District, were landed at New Inlet Station by the life-saving crew to continue their official tour of inspection.

Date: February 10,1896, Vessel: Maggie J. Lawrence, 61 Cargo: Coal

Stranded during strong northwest winds, at 3:30 am (three-quarter of a mile south of station) Discovered by patrolman and reported at station, and also at Oregon Inlet Station. Keeper and crew hauled beach apparatus and surfboat abreast of vessel and awaited daylight before beginning action, as schooner was gradually working inshore, and in no immediate danger of going to pieces. As it grew light, it was found that surfboat could be used to advantage. This was soon launched, and the wreck reached. Crew of seven and their baggage were taken off and landed without mishap. The Oregon Inlet crew arrived in time to assist in landing and hauling surfboats upon beach. Sheltered crew at station for six days, while engaged in saving stores, rigging, and sails of wrecked vessel. Master was cared for during fifteen days while this work was in progress, and was aided by station crew. Schooner was total loss.

Date: May 3,1896, Vessel: Maud. 62 Cargo:

The south Patrolman, while on duty from midnight to 3 a.m. (Sunday), discovered this boat in the edge of the surf. The following day the life-saving crew hauled her well upon the beach above high-water mark, finding the craft considerably damaged. She was turned over to the wreck commissioner, and finally sold by him on May 19.

Date: October 11,1896, Vessel: E.S. Newman, 63 Cargo:

Sails blown away and master obliged to beach her during hurricane 2 miles below station at 7 p.m. Signal of distress was immediately answered by patrolman's Coston light. Keeper and crew quickly started for the wreck with beach apparatus. The sea was sweeping over the beach and threatened to prevent reaching scene of disaster, but they finally gained a point near the wreck. It was found to be impossible to bury the sand anchor (for the breeches buoy), as the tide was rushing over the entire beach, and they decided to tie a large-sized shot line around two surfmen and send them down through the surf as near the vessel as practicable. These men waded in and

Annual Report, 1896, pages 131, 318
 Annual Report, 1896, pages 133

⁶¹ Annual Report, 1896, pages 146, 318

⁶² Annual Report, 1896, pages 180

⁶³ Annual Report, 1897, pages 115, 318

succeeded in throwing a line on board with the heaving stick. It was made fast to the master's three-year old child, who was then hauled off by the surfmen and carried ashore. In like manner his wife and the seven men composing the crew were rescued under great difficulties and with imminent peril to the life-savers. They were all taken to station and furnished with food and clothing, and during next three days the surfmen aided in saving baggage and stores from wreck. On the 14th three of the crew left for Norfolk and on the 21st the remainder departed for their homes, the vessel having proved a total loss.

Date: November 20,1896, Vessel: Dory, 64 Cargo:

A 17-foot dory, which came ashore near the station, was picked up by the life-savers and later turned over to the commissioner of wrecks.

Date: December 30,1896, Vessel: Warned by night signal, 65 Cargo:

A steamship was discovered by the south patrol, during the watch from 9 p.m. to midnight, dangerously near the shoals, he burned a Coston light and her course was changed, taking her clear.

Date: September 30,1897, Vessel: Salvage of fish oil, 66 Cargo:

Patrol found a large hogshead of fish oil on the beach, which was handed over to the commissioner of wreck, by whom it was sold on Oct. 23.

Date: March 12,1898, Vessel: Shelter, 67 Cargo:

Two men traveling along the seashore were sheltered at the station over night.

Date: June 11,1898, Vessel: Body Found, 68 Cargo:

Assisted New Inlet Station crew.

Date: June 12,1898, Vessel: Lily Gay, 69 Cargo:

Sprung a leak and sank in 3 feet of water in Pamlico Sound, 2 miles from the station. Crew went out in supply boat and landed the baggage and stores, and at low water helped stop the leak and put the boat in trim. Sheltered the two men over night, and next morning put them and their efforts on board the sloop.

Date: March 10,1899, Vessel: warned by night signal, 70 Cargo:

Sunrise patrol made out a schooner heading for the breakers. He displayed a warning light, and the vessel kept out and passed clear.

Date: August 28,1899, Vessel: Lumber, 71 Cargo:

⁶⁴ Annual Report, 1897, pages 136

⁶⁵ Annual Report, 1897, pages 252

⁶⁶ Annual Report, 1897, pages 183

⁶⁷ Annual Report, 1898, pages 189

⁶⁸ Annual Report, 1898, pages 194

⁶⁹ Annual Report, 1898, pages 166, 278

⁷⁰ Annual Report, 1899, pages 238

⁷¹ Annual Report, 1900, pages 173

Surfmen saved a quantity of lumber and railroad ties which had washed ashore within the patrol limits of station and turned them over to the commissioner of wrecks.

Date: January 28,1900, Vessel: Marstonmoor, 72 Cargo:

Assisted New Inlet Station crew.

Date: February 12,1900, Vessel: Night signal, 73 Cargo:

During the morning watch the station patrol flashed a danger signal to warn a vessel that was much too near the beach. She heeded the warning.

Date: February 18,1900, Vessel: Night signal, 74 Cargo:

A steamer dangerously near the beach hauled offshore upon seeing the warning signal of the patrolman.

Date: February 25,1900, Vessel: Jane C. Harris, 75 Cargo:

Assisted Oregon Inlet Station crew.

1901- No Activity

Date: January 28, 1902, Vessel: Night signal⁷⁶ Cargo:

A steamer standing too close to the beach was warned by a danger signal and she hauled offshore.

Date: February 22, 1902, Vessel: Night signal, ⁷⁷ Cargo:

At 10 p.m. a schooner close to the outer bar was made aware of her dangerous position by the flash of the surfman's signal, and at once hauled out into deep water.

Date: August 31, 1902, Vessel: Night signal, 78 Cargo:

A first night patrol warned a steamer off the bar by a Coston signal.

Date: September 10, 1902, Vessel: Night signal, 79 Cargo:

A steamer in jeopardy near the bar changed her course and passed clear upon seeing the signal which the north patrol displayed in warning at 10:40 p.m.

Date: March 28, 1903, Vessel: Night signal, 80 Cargo:

At 4:30 a.m. a steamer heading for the bar hauled offshore upon being warned by a patrolman, who burned a Coston signal.

⁷² Annual Report, 1900, pages 58, 129-130, 266

⁷³ Annual Report, 1900, pages 195

⁷⁴ Annual Report, 1900, pages 195

⁷⁵ Annual Report, 1900, pages 136, 210, 266

⁷⁶ Annual Report, 1902, pages 215

⁷⁷ Annual Report, 1902, pages 216

⁷⁸ Annual Report, 1903, pages 206

⁷⁹ Annual Report, 1903, pages 206

⁸⁰ Annual Report, 1903, pages 211

Date: April 14, 1903, Vessel: Topaz, 81 Cargo: Eggs and Barrels

Capsized in a squall off Rollinson's Reef. 5 miles WNW of station (in Pamlico Sound) at 4 p.m. The life-saving crew pulled to the vessel, but finding no one on board, returned to station. The next morning, accompanied by the surfmen from New Inlet station, they assisted in righting, bailing out, and temporarily repairing the capsized craft.

Date: November 13, 1903, Vessel: Warned by Night signal, 82 Cargo:

The patrol from midnight to 3 a.m. burned a red light to a schooner standing near to the bar, and she immediately changed her course to seaward.

Date: May 4, 1904, Vessel: Succor, 83 Cargo:

A man who sought shelter was succored for the night at the station.

Date: July 31, 1904, Vessel: Succor, 84 Cargo:

A belated traveler was succored at the station overnight.

Date: December 4, 1904, Vessel: Warned by night signal, 85 Cargo:

The sunset patrol upon seeing a schooner heading for the beach flashed a night signal, and the vessel immediately hauled offshore.

Date: December 11, 1904, Vessel: Montana, 86 Cargo: Salt

Shortly before midnight, during a heavy NNW gale with thick snowstorm and rough sea, the Montana, a three mastered schooner laden with salt and carrying a crew of seven, all told, struck the beach ¼ mile N of station and 300 yard from shore. Heavy seas swept over her, and the crew, after burning a torch for help, took refuge in the forerigging the N patrol promptly reported the disaster, and keeper and crew, provided with beach apparatus, reached the shore abreast of the wreck at 12:10 a.m., the keeper having telephoned for assistance to Oregon Inlet and New Inlet stations, the former crew arriving at 1 a.m. and the latter some time later. It was impossible to launch a boat through the heavy surf, and after lighting a bonfire the life-savers placed the wreck gun and fired several lines, some of them going adrift and some to the wreck, but none in such position that the shipwrecked crew could reach it. At daylight the surfmen laid a line over the spring stay, which the crew succeeded in reaching, and after several hours of difficult work six men were landed. The seventh man, the ship's cook, being of advanced year, was washed overboard during the night and lost. Four of the rescued men were sheltered at the station for eleven days, and two for sixteen days. The Montana became a total wreck, and was sold by the master for a small sum.

Date: May 6, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 87 Cargo:

⁸¹ Annual Report, 1903, pages 149, 288

⁸² Annual Report, 1904, pages 205

⁸³ Annual Report, 1904, pages 195

⁸⁴ Annual Report, 1905, pages 177

⁸⁵ Annual Report, 1905, pages 203

⁸⁶ Annual Report, 1905, pages 119, 286

⁸⁷ Annual Report, 1905, pages 191

Two men, weather-bound, were given succor and lodging for four days, they having no other shelter.

Date: August 10, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 88 Cargo:

Three men, belated by a storm, came to the station for shelter, and the keeper took them in and made them comfortable until the gale abated.

Date: August 24, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 89 Cargo:

Two men were afforded shelter at the station, they having no other place to go for the night.

Date: September 5, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 90 Cargo:

A man lost on the beach came to the station in quest of shelter, and the keeper made him comfortable until he was able to depart.

Date: September 26, 1905, Vessel: Recovery of property, 91 Cargo:

The beach patrol found 1,000 feet of pine lumber which, being gathered up by the surfmen, was delivered to the Commissioner of Wrecks.

Date: November 6, 1905, Vessel: Warned by night signal, 92 Cargo:

A schooner approaching too near the bar for safety was appraised of the danger by a Coston signal and she immediately hauled offshore.

Date: December 8, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 93 Cargo:

A party of 4 persons, storm bound, came to the station in quest of shelter from the storm, and the keeper made them comfortable until it subsided.

Date: December 14, 1905, Vessel: Succor, 94 Cargo:

A man who had become storm-bound came to the station for shelter. The keeper took him in and gave him succor until the storm showed signs of abating.

Date: February 13, 1906, Vessel: Jennie Lockwood, 95 Cargo:

During a severe northerly gale, thick weather, and high seas this vessel stranded at 5 a.m. 200 yards E of the station. The patrol discovered her and reported her to the keeper, who telephoned to the Oregon Inlet station to come down and lend a hand at the wreck. At 10 a.m. the Pea Island crew arrived abreast of the stranded craft with their beach apparatus and fired a shot from the Lyle gun, the line falling over the fore rigging. The crew from Oregon Inlet now arrived, and by means of the breeches buoy all hands – there were 7 in all – were safely landed and taken to the Pea Island station and succored for six days. The schooner was lost.

⁸⁸ Annual Report, 1906, pages 169

⁸⁹ Annual Report, 1906, pages 170

⁹⁰ Annual Report, 1906, pages 171

⁹¹ Annual Report, 1906, pages 173

⁹² Annual Report, 1906, pages 193

⁹³ Annual Report, 1906, pages 179

⁹⁴ Annual Report, 1906, pages 125,226

⁹⁵ Annual Report, 1908, pages 91

Date: October 17, 1907, Vessel: Yawl, 96 Cargo:

Found by the patrol, it was hauled up on the beach to await claimant.

Date: January 11, 1908 Vessel: Boat, 97 Cargo:

Crew assisted to launch a boat at Oregon Inlet.

Date: January 18, 1908 Vessel: Succor, 98 Cargo:

A man and woman. Sheltered for the night.

Date: May 18, 1908 Vessel: Succor, 99 Cargo:

A wayfarer. Cared for overnight.

Date: May 28, 1908 Vessel: Succor, 100 Cargo:

A wayfarer. Given shelter for the night.

Date: September 22, 1908, Vessel: Succor, ¹⁰¹ Cargo:

Sheltered a man overnight.

Date: May 16, 1909, Vessel: Succor, 102 Cargo:

Two men overtaken by bad weather: sheltered overnight.

Date: June 4, 1909, Vessel: Succor, ¹⁰³ Cargo:

Four men overtaken by fresh breeze, which prevented them from returning to their homes; succored for the night.

Date: June 12, 1909, Vessel: Succor, 104 Cargo:

Four men fed and sheltered overnight.

Date: August 24, 1910, Vessel: Launch, 105 Cargo:

No entry.

⁹⁶ Annual Report, 1908, pages 179

⁹⁷ Annual Report, 1908, pages 117

⁹⁸ Annual Report, 1908, pages 172

⁹⁹ Annual Report, 1908, pages 173

¹⁰⁰ Annual Report, 1908, pages 173

Annual Report, 1909, pages 188

¹⁰² Annual Report, 1909, pages 189

¹⁰³ Annual Report, 1909, pages 189 ¹⁰⁴ Annual Report, 1909, pages 189

¹⁰⁵ Annual Report, 1911, pages 144

Date: April 20, 1911 Vessel: Two Sisters, ¹⁰⁶ Cargo:

3 miles WNW

Date: May 18, 1911 Vessel: Charles J. Dumas, ¹⁰⁷ Cargo: Iron Pipe

[Schooner, traveling from Philadelphia to Bolivar, Texas, with a load of iron pipe valued at \$26,000, wrecked 1 mile SE of Pea Island Station. The vessel and cargo were a total loss but all 7 on board were saved. Pea Island crew assisted by New Inlet and Oregon Inlet stations. The 7 survivors were succored at Pea Island for a total of 35 days.]

Date: 1912-1913

No Activity

Date: April 28, 1914 Vessel: Erroll, ¹⁰⁸ Cargo:

2 miles NW of Pea Island Station (in Pamlico Sound)

Date: January 20, 1915, Vessel: George W. (N?) Reed, ¹⁰⁹ Cargo: Cement

Schooner wrecked by standing. Crew of 17 men taken ashore in surfboat. (Assisted Oregon Inlet Station crew.

Date: December 13, 1915, Vessel: Steamer, ¹¹⁰ Cargo:

Warned away from beach by Coston signals.

Date: May 9, 1916, Vessel: Motor Boat, 111 Cargo:

Engine disabled in Roanoke Sound. Towed to harbor.

Date: May 27, 1916, Vessel: Louise, 112 Cargo:

Lost bearings and ran ashore in Pamlico Sound, floated.

Date: July 8, 1917, Vessel: Terry, 113 Cargo:

Stranded 2 miles SW of station. Floated and taken to safe mooring.

Date: July 27, 1917 Vessel: Terry, 114 Cargo:

¹⁰⁶ Annual Report, 1911, pages 126

¹⁰⁷ Annual Report, 1912, pages 98,136

Annual Report, 1914, pages 170

¹⁰⁹ Annual Report, 1915, pages 196

Annual Report, 1916, pages 221

Annual Report, 1916, pages 171

Annual Report, 1916, pages 175

Annual Report, 1920, pages 229

¹¹⁴ Annual Report, 1920, pages 235

Lost bearings and stranded 3 miles WSW of station [in Pamlico Sound.] Floated and towed to save anchorage.

Date: October 20, 1908 Vessel: Tom Willis, 115 Cargo:

[Assisted Oregon Inlet Station crew.]

Date: August 25, 1918 Vessel: Streamer, 116 Cargo:

Warned away from shore 2 miles NNE of station by Coston signal.

Date: August 25, 1918, Vessel: Succor. 117 Cargo:

Carried to station and succored 8 inmates of buildings at Pen [sic] Island Gun Club that had been washed away in storm.

Date: October 1, 1918, Vessel: Succor, ¹¹⁸ Cargo:

Warned away from shore 2 miles NNW of station [in Pamlico Sound] by Coston signal.

Date: March 6, 1919, Vessel: Elizabeth, 119 Cargo:

[Assisted Chicamacomico Station crew.]

Date: November 3, 1919, Vessel: Black Hawk, 120 Cargo:

[Assisted Chicamacomico Station crew.]

Date: 1920-1923 No Activity

Date: March 11, 1924, Vessel: Succor, ¹²¹ Cargo:

Two men in motor boat who were overtaken by storm.

Date: July 23, 1928, Vessel: Succor. 122 Cargo:

Blue Anchor Society supplies provided to 2 members of crew of Oregon Inlet ferryboat, which was caught in sever storm.

Date: November 19, 1929, Vessel: Succor, 123 Cargo:

Blue Anchor Society supplies provided to 2 fishermen whose dory capsized.

¹¹⁵ Annual Report, 1920, pages 259

Annual Report, 1920, pages 400

Annual Report, 1920, pages 400

Annual Report, 1920, pages 404

¹¹⁹ Annual Report, 1920, pages 415

¹²⁰ Annual Report, 1920, pages 115

¹²¹ Annual Report, 1929, pages 45

¹²² Annual Report, 1920, pages 51

¹²³ Annual Report, 1930, pages 60

Date: April 7, 1930 Vessel: Succor, 124 Cargo:

Blue Anchor Society supplies provided to 2 automobilists whose car became stalled in surf.

Date: 1931.

No Activity

¹²⁴ Annual Report, 1930, pages 60

Chapter Four:

Architectural History of the Pea Island Life-Saving Stations

Original station was one of twenty- six 1876-Type designed in 1875 and mostly built in 1878-79 along the Atlantic coast. Of those twenty-six, eleven were built on the Outer Banks of North Carolina during that period of expansion of the USLSS. The style was similar to the 1874 and 1875-type stations in detail and layout. Shingles replaced vertical boarding on the first floor. The roof deck was redesigned and moved from the center of the building to the front. Two dormers were then added on each side of the roof in the middle of the station. A variation of this style station was designed for the Centennial Exposition of 1876 in Philadelphia.

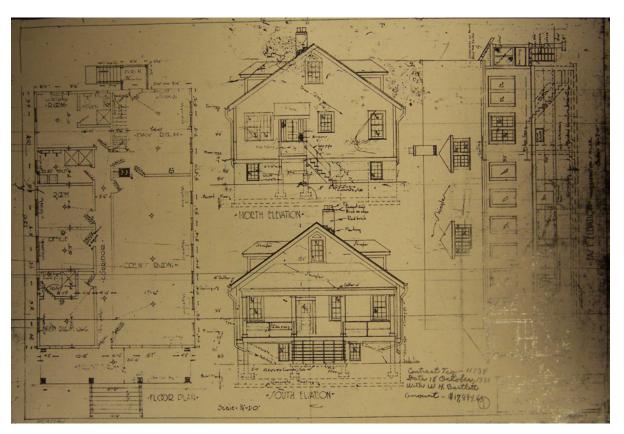


Photo: Pea Island LSS, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

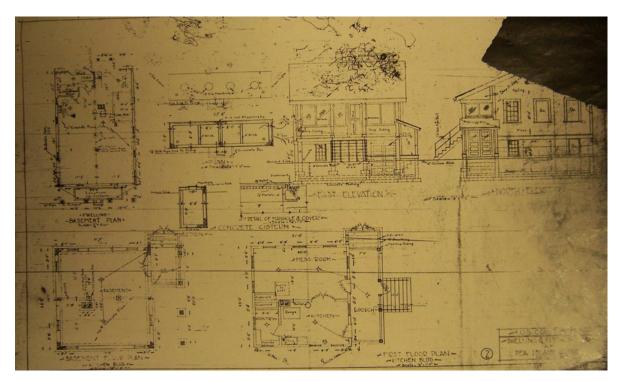


Photo: Pea Island LSS, Cook House, Cape Hatteras National Seashore

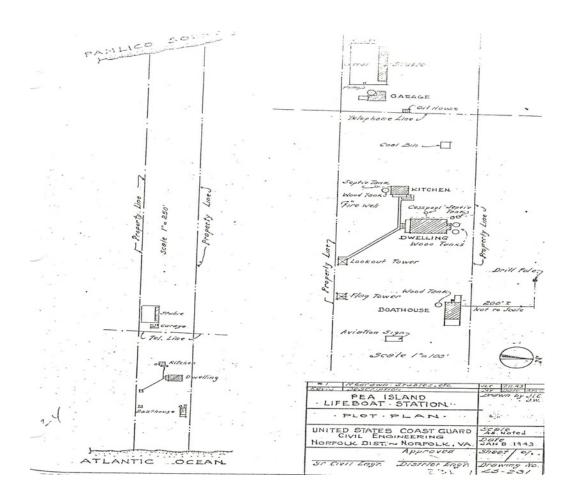














Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1935), Cape Hatteras National Seashore













Photo: Pea Island LSS. (1962), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS Cookhouse, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS Shed (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS Shed, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore





Photo: Pea Island LSS, (1960), Cape Hatteras National Seashore

Appendix:

Collection of Letter of Pea Island Life-Saving Station (1880-1911)

The National Park Service, Outer Banks Group is the keeper's of some 249 archival collections of original letters of the Pea Island Life Saving Station from 1880-1911 including photographs of the Station. The follow pages contain a sample of the letters for you to read.







No. 19. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

bapt: Etheridge.

Her for or when should

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far as I known.

Ally 24, 99.

Superintendent of File-Sabing Stations,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Mantho, S. C. November 29, 1880.

Richard Etheridge Esq.

Ceefeer S. Station ho 17

Six

Conclosed find copy of a letter from

The lineal Superintendents, discharging
Saufman Dailey Meal from the surve, and

instructing you in your action in simular

cases, also requiring you to read said

letter to your crew, and to copy the letter

on your journal, and make record

that it was read to your crew, in your

Soumal and welsley hauscript;

Very Respectfully

Of the Experintendents

Mante N. C. hovember 39. 1880

I.M. Estenday Superintendent
Sith Dife-Saving District;
Whanter Horth Carolinal.

Sir Wanter Month Carolinal.

Sir Wanter the 20th instant, stating that Skily Olkal, sufman at Dife-Saving Station hope. reported that on the night of October 2 the last, he met David I hay, sufman of Station ho!? on the patrol, when in fact he did not much prim, is received from will direct the keeper of Station ho?? In forthwith deimies sufman Ofeal from the service and forbid his future employment in any of the stations in your district.

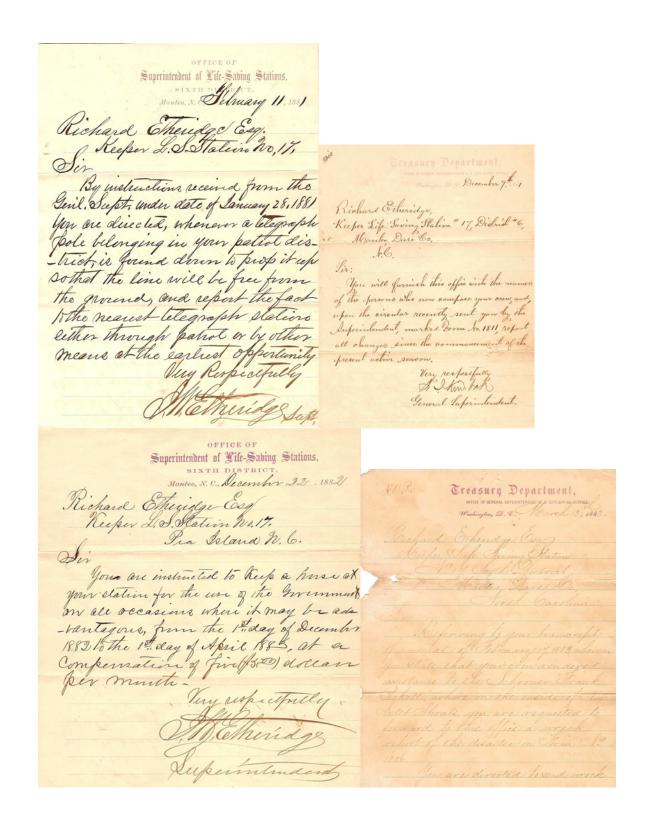
You will cause this letter, or a true

of each station to his onew, and enter a copy thereof, and the fact of its reading, upon his premal; and each hisper is hereby directed, upon satisfactory and sufficient evidence, to immediately discharge from the service any sufmon of his onew, who fails to completely perform his petrol duty, without a good and sufficient pason, and to forward a statement of the facts of once to this office.

Case heeper is also directed to take the same action in the case of any sur-timen, making a false report in reforment, making a false report in reforment to the directory of his duty.

Come to the directory of his duty.

Control of his directory and sufficiently of the survey of his duty.



DEFICE OF
Superintendent of Life-Saving Stations,
SIXTH DISTRICT.
Manteo, N. C., DCC 8, 31, 1883

Richard Cheridge Cay,
Reeker Pearloland Station
Six
I send you two sets minature
segnals, for the peupose of instrucling your crew in the Path
matin leade of segnals
In will inter them upon your
minutivities of public properly,
length specifically
Seys.

Superintendent of Ette-Saving Stations,

SINTH DISTRICT.

Manteo, N. C., Guery 18, 1884.

Richard Ethericity Est

Thefu Ra Leland Cha: and wait for their pay for

Sir. Jon will please in the regular visit is

form this of fice if their

Surfmens componing your

and "Teny Respectful Mathematics"

Many for the quartic ending

many for the quartic ending

month of april or be paid

in april for the quarter

ending march 31.

LETTER TRANSMITTING SMITHSONIAN AND FISH COMMISSION REPORTS TO LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE,

Washington, D. C., March 21 , 1884.

M. R. Etheridal

Ecopor Ro Saland Life Saving Station,

6 th District,

Mantes U. le.

There have been mailed you this day 13 copus of the Report of the Smithsonian Institution and I copy of the Report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, which have been kindly furnished this Office for distribution to life-saving stations by Professor Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

You will acknowledge the receipt of the books, enter tun upon the inventory of your station, and care for them as public property.

Very respectfully,

A. S. Kun Salt

LETTER TRANSMITTING SMITHSONIAN AND FISH COMMISSION REPORTS TO LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Washington, D. C., May 1 , 188 4.

Mr. Etheriage

Keeper Lea Daland Life-Saving Station

6H District

martes, n.C.

There have been mailed you this day—cop of the Report of the Smithsonian Institution and /copy of the Report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, which have been kindly furnished this Office for distribution to life-saving stations by Professor Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

You will acknowledge the receipt of the books enter it upon the inventory of your station, and care for was public property.

Very respectfully,

A. S. Kurbalt

Marchael Stundy Service, Marchael Offendye Captaing Richard Churdye Keeper Pea, Seland, Ld. Sir. On the weight of library U. S. Life-Saving Service, Jo Reep is of Pea keand intended for your Shation you will place the book on the inventory Onieceipt of Patrol as the frakeity of the Shaliow, You will take Special Comof their Signal casi, sinderceipt fors amily Mailtome at Olizabeth Coty, 16. Respectfully (Signed) Elofolianter, Zuit, M. S. A. J. Asst, Impr. Z.S. J. preservation not allawing him to but aken from the Stationsunder butakur gromstance; Very respectfulle Very respectfulle Ob Chay too Link UN Rlew Contineprets Marter Dar Could Chance for me there is hary What has a start of the S

U. S. Life-Saving Service, Elizabeth Gily A.C., 1884. meaning so fat anytime the within mention sciomals shouldby Suplayer by a possing Hanles, Dare County Ale viced, they sovel Sounderstood withoutsefungeo the Internation al signal book Whenyow employ the grew for the HO HO H J- H Y- H M- J NO-12-15-15-15-15 Comingactiniscason, the log 142 surface must by men who gre capa ble of taking charge of the brat Very sepectfully Tout it & Chapter Aset, Impr. my going to tand from the biach shouldthy bere quir to for them to lo so during your absence from the Station and the balance of the crew to bemen who are familian with theough It will be regnice of your crevoto committo manong the following dangersignale and their

Superintendent of Vife-Saving Stations, Manteo, N. C., august 21 , 1884 Richard Echeridge Esq Kerker Ra. Island & & Station Maulio Mo. Sir You are instructed to provide you station with oir surface by the first day of Seplember mut, and one addilimal man from and after Decrist in accordance with the Revised. Regulations for the Government of the V.S. Service 1881 You will select competent mu for there positions, permetting no comsiderations, whatever other than perconal worth and professional capacity to influence you in their

a employment or returtion! Not mon than our form the cause family is to be employed at a station except when adherense to this mule would In detrimental to the interest of the Government and this provision will be underclord as extending to the family of the Keeper. Der paragraph_87- Rev. Regulations-1884 In view of the experience and skill allready gained by the members of the fresent crews. They will in every case with the foregoing exceptions to re-engof so far as they are willing to serve unless the Kuper can gior substantial ons for their non- Employment in which case the ceaser must be July clated and forwarded to this office (see paragraph 80 20 81. Rev Regulations 1888. The areas will be employed in accord-- ance with from no 1803. and will remain at the stations from the dates about

named to april 30 1885. incl. gin at a compensation of Fifty Dallans Pos.o.o. per month derving that period, and when attending weeks that may occur such for the purpose of recoving life or property lash sentimany will be paid the sum of The articles of engagment" will be signed in duplicate, and you will forward then this office as some as they are executed Occasions is laken to call your attention service will to held to a strict-accountabile particularly to the importance of the ser- ity for the faithful performance of his vice to be rendered, and to arrae upon duties mercity for the greatest vigilaus viduity in carrying out the formthe Regulations for preserving life and property from uncased visels, is pecially those relating to the patrolling of the beach. (See faragraphs 108 to 110, in-clusion Rev Regulations-1884- " Circulars 20 99_ Dec, 22, 1880 - and no 30- march 28, 1881

Every person connected with the

Superintendent of Life Saving Stations,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Manteo, N. C., August 21, 1884.

Richard Etheredge Earl

Six Week Pea Island State

Die

You will cause all surf

men you wagage, whether now
in the service or not to firmust
a certification before signing the
articles of singagoneus forms

1800. we closed

The Respectfully

Superintendent of Wife-Sabing Stations,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Manter, N. C. December 25, 1884.

Window, N. C. December 25, 1884.

Windows Dear Dear Dear Station

Jon are directed to make a monthly upon to the General Suppl. of the amount of Kerosone Citized in year obtained during the mount of the mount of lamp Polantein is burned during the mount of Cit consumed during the the Lamps Dearten gallon can talely furnished the station, you can arrive at a very close approximation of the amount of Cit consumed;

The Laske Office of the amount of Cit consumed;

Superintendent of Elife-Saving Stations,

SIXTH THETHET.

Mancho, N. C., March 26, 1885.

Capt Richard Etheridge.

Merper Pea Island L.S.

Sir:

Capt Midgett of New

Inlet Station will misletch

You, how to me the painth

No 34. for inside work.

and paint your Station

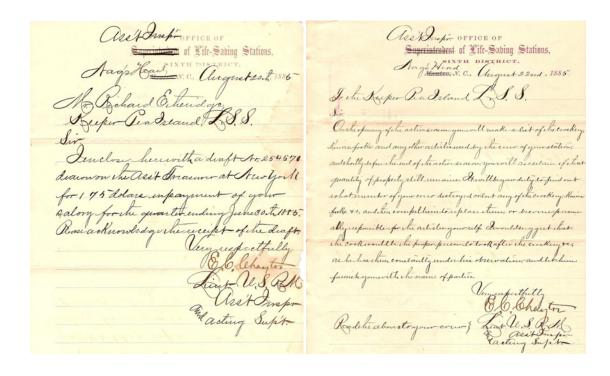
Caerding to his mislenetions,

When the Ramis that was

Sent to your Station this

Leason, Sent the

Soutaing Cil, an surply; sent them to me at Elizabath bil-Ne. any time after the sol of may nech Ving austiconfielly Your Olt est Link MARRIE Osset Inopeelor



OFFICE OF engagement, form 1803, should be regued in duplicate Superintendent of Life-Sabing Stations, SIXTH DISTRICT.
Menteo, N. C., August 23d , 1886. properly dated, the sumbor which each marwill occupy in the crewmented, and forwarded to me Mr Dehay Detunder & S.S. for liansmittallocke Guil Supt. Each surfugue be will be required to formentiations to funish the by per went freates browing that he is physically found, from a medical officer of the you are hereby directed loves that your relation Marine Nospital Service, or when such officer is provided with a crew of signen from Seplenter. cannot be reached without unreasonable expense 1. 1885, to april 30, 1886, inclusive, and aw additional from a physiciaus megular practice for colone surpran from December 1, 1885, to april 30, 1884. standing I am lovouch for you will not be inclusion; the sum to busing a ged in a condance allowed to engage new mention Splace of with, and under the ustrictions in the provision of anumbus of last season's crew without permition paragraphe 9. 80, 81, 82 and 87, of the Revised first oblanced from the Cen't Supt. Agalations of the Life Saving Surice, 1884, and You are also instructed that lunporary surprice relive compensation at therale of \$50, - permonth under cercular, Dekartment on a 69, 188 5; Employment each, during that period and when attending wricks, oftenporargenfuewin the Life Sorring Surie, will that may occur during the inactives caron for the improcase beingaged for a period of less than one day. purpose of uscung life or property, each surfuan will paid theorem of 3, =. Ihe article of Occasion Sistakento callyour attention particular

ly to he importance of he service to be rendered, and to engage and properly properly properly from any fine chapter from the property from me chyloresels, up cially those relaining the patrol of the back. It is blieved that if die attentionets duty is paid by you and your meny not all for ever to lation the 4th, dieliect, and you are directed to see that north the 4th, dieliect, and you are directed of every fewer with the selection of persons. Every fewer wormetises with the relief of a countability for the faithful performance of his cluty.

Our respectfully

The Paymer

Superintendent.

OFFICE OF
Superintendent of Life-Saving Stations,

Poplar Branch N. C., Aug 26, 1885
Capt- Richard Latheridge:

Keeper of Rea Island I I'sl

you will inform me at once
the distance between the fractice
foole and Sand anchor at the

drill grounds of Pea Island

I, I'sl very hespectfully

Superintendent I'sl

6- District

Superintendent of Life-Sabing Stations,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Poplar Branch Meteo, N.C., Jug. 26, 1885.

Spart Richard Etheridge

Steeper of Pra Brand 2 f. Alley J. M.

Voster of Baltimore H. L. having

entered into contract with the

Borrenment for the sepairs and
improvements of Pra Bland 2 f. J.,

you will render him very facility
for the performance of the work, not
incompatible with the efficiency of
the Station or the interest of the

Overnment.

Very Prefectfully.

Suferintendent 2 f. J. G. W. Dietrict

LETTER TRANSMITTING SMITHSONIAN AND FISH COMMISSION REPORTS TO LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.
Washington, G. C., September 7., 1885.

Mr. Richard Etheridge,

Marcles, Rare County, Unth Carolina

There has been mailed you this day a copy of the Report of the Smithsonian Institution and cap of the Report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisherice, which has been kindly furnished this Office for distribution to life-saving stations by Professor Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

You will acknowledge the receipt of the books, enter No upon the inventory of your station, and care for No as public property.

Very respectfully,

A. S. Kin Sell Superintendent.

yours or the agoining Stations, all work on The Stable must stop and go at once to render assistance, The regular patroling of the beach must not be neglected, Two the last of the Schooner a receipt for the lumber to, and see that the amount received corresponds with the receipt, as the houses will be in Norfolk on the 20 th of This mouth, it is expected that the Stable will be ready at that time, you will therefore use your best endeavors to have this order carried out in every particular. Show this letter to the Keeper of Oregon for your authority for calling on him for assistance in constructing the Stable, I will in struct the last of the Schooner, to display at the Vessels fortopmash head a flag, you will in stench your crew to be constantly on to lookout for such Signal, after the reviels

It. S. Dife-Saving Service,

Norfolk V?

Dec 10th, 1881.

To kuper of Re Island S. S.S.

By Patrol

Sir;

There will be forward to you in a few days by

Schomer, material to build a Stable, upon the

arival of the Schomer, opposite your Station

you will take your onew and go on board the

Nesel and raft ashore the lumber to, and do

not keep the lumber in the water any longer

than is absolutly necessary, you will call upon

the Reeker of Oregon, to assist you in constructing

Stable in accordance with the enclosed plan

and place the Stable as near the Station

as possible, quarting against the sanding up of the same. Should a wreek occurat

the Stable with his crew, you will construct the

of this, and don't delay the Vessel.

You with the crew of Oregon render all aid in your power that may be required by the Capt of the Schooner, so as not to delay in the founding of the suffice, Mr. Minkwater has contracted to haul the lumber from the Same to Your Chatman.

Nery Respectfully

So Chay too

Lind US.R.M.

Ash Inspector.

Superintendent of Life Sabing Stations,

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Pelas Proper Ca Island I. S. S.

Dichard Stheridge

Super Ca Island I. S. S.

Six:

Please report to me, forthwist,

and distance South, and the course of each

beat. Also state the time that each patrol

leaves the stations and time of return to distin

Pleas con dition of the beach patrolled by

your men, whether it can be patrolled by

in all kinds of meather, and if not state

the reason why.

Respetfully

Supt. 6th I. S. S.

U. S. Life-Saving Service, E. lizabeth bity N.C. Heby 13th , 1886. To Kuper of Rea Island S. S. S. On and after receipt of this letter you will keep a good lookout for a Schooner displaying at her fore mast truck a burgee, which has on board forage for your Station, You will render the master of the Schooner all aid in your power to land the forage, Seeing it is keept perfectly bry, giving a receipt for the Way Oats to, to the master, showing condition when received, Morus Rispech J.G. Paym Suft M. S. Life Saving Stations

Superintendent of Fite Saving Stations,

Polar Board, Feb. 11, 1886.

Reeper Pea Island L. S. S.

Sir:

General Superintendent,

directing one to inform you

That the monthly report of

The amount of kerosene

exced must be discontinued,

Very Respectfully,

J. J. Payman

Superintendent other a. S. L. S. District

Superintendent of Life-Saving Stations,
SIXTH DISTRICT,
Manteo, N. C., March 31, 1886.

Capt Richard Elhundge

six

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that you can get at the
amount due temperary

Aurphun for months

with 31-30 and 28 days

John Paymen

U.S. Sev Sloop "Clert"
Inbuch 4 th 1886.

Mor Cichaed Exteridaye
Seeper Dia calaud fi S.S.

Sir: Phase follow out includion
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some to me at Chapter follow

Contained in within receipt and and date when receipt

Contained in the contained and the contained and and contained and

Superintendent of Sixth U. S. Life-Sabing District, Poplar Branch, N. C., March 4. Reeper Dea Island L. S. S. In reference to letter from the General Suft: W. S. hife Jaing Conice dated feb. 2? 1886. If you or any of your crew desire to apply for the horefile-provided by see, & of the act of May 4th 1882, see reised regulations page 23 rec. Thise daving for Service 1884. It will be necessary for you to provide the affidable of his or serve witnesser who were pereonally cognizant of the facts setting forth the him when and the circumstances under which the injury or disease nas contracted, also a certificate from the Rufur giving the whole time of your

absence from the station; the cause Therefore, and other information you may have relating thereto. The application should be accompanied by a certificate from a marine hospital surgeon, if me to accessible, if not from a practicing physician of good repute of whow standing I four and your crew will wouch for stating the exateurs of your disability and the probability of its having been carried as claimed, Whole may apply will be required to forward to em all paper for my apprial. In conformity with letter enclosed you will find blank. Very Respectfully. J. B. Paymer Superintendent oth. U. S. L. S. Diebrick.

U. S. Life-Saving Service, Elizabeth City A.C. 1886. To Keeper of Poa Island L. S.S. Immediately upon the receipt of material you will construct a screen door for each of the doors belonging to the stable and also a screen for each of the windows, (You will construct the screens both for the doors and windows in a substantial manner, securing them well at the ends, should you not have waits at the station as none is furnished for this purpose to make the framer, call upon the Keekers of any of the agoining Stations, after tacking the wire closeth to the frames you will place over the tack heads, a botton to Keep the tacks from drawing out, and

Enough for the strike for battone, he deare seems to be hung on hinges which is Jurnished, and the windows servens to be fastened with worden buttone on the out You will send me a recipt for the material Jurnished, also inform at what lime you completed the Screene. Very Reskeetfully So Chantor Lient W.S. R.M. asst Inspector. Colon all cracks that will admit of a mosquito, @ le Chaylor

secure this batton with the Hy inch serews Jurnished, you for that purpose, bare must be taken that the frames will fit nicely in the game of the drove and windows, and are to be kept constantly closed Except when passing to and fro. and then not to be opened any longer than is necessary for you to pass in and out The Hay racks, will be placed in position as soon as reed, there being a right and left handed rack, Sent you, care must be taken in cutting the wire cloath that you donot get it too small, as suffice cent has been sent you to make the I consider the amount of lumber sent you sufficient to make the frames for doors and windows, and give you

LETTER TRANSMITTING SMITHSONIAN AND FISH COMMISSION REPORTS TO LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE,
Washington, T. C., May 29, 1886.

Keeper, Pea Island

Mantes, N. C.

There have been mailed you this day a copy of the Report of the Smithsonian Institution wednesdes the Countries cineccolith and Eisboirs, which had been kindly furnished this Office for distribution to life-saving stations by Professor Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries.

You will acknowledge the receipt of the books, enter tupon the inventory of your station, and care for it as public property. Very respectfully,

A. I. Kimbalt

21. 5. Dife-Saving Service,

Obeyabeth leity, I lo,

July Jich , 1886.

Who Richard Citheridge

Sin:

Ou to the quantity of food you will guir

to the home during iterinactive sedeon,

must be govered by your own town

anon send and judgment; giving them

pusternough of the field to Suphthen fingord

order Gowind equies the horse

by with driving or viding the wat

leach printin aday, and note the same

on your look.

Very six kitfully

South Usern.

Orsh Insper

Superintendent of Sirth & S. Bile Sabing District,

Poplar Branch, N. C., Cetaber 39, 1886.

Henry Darriel surfman

Rea Island Life saving station

sin

you are hereby granted leave for

visiting court in Dan county on buismes

from november 1th to 6th 1886

Very respectfully

y J Paymir

Supt 6th District

Superintendent of Sirth O. S. Life Subing District,

Poplar Branch, N. C., Oct 14 . 1886

Richard Etherolge Keiper

Paa Isand Life Saving Station,

Sin

Send on 3 Oclock Patrol the

old horse hornessid and let the

Patrol wait until I get now at.

five Oclock

Very respectfulty

J. Rogeria.

Superintendent of Sirth U. S. Life Sabing Bistrict, Poplar Branch, N. C., Novem 29th Richard Etheridge Super Pea Island L.O.S. Sir Tours of the 22 mel instant received. In reply will Day that the Check of G. R. Midgett is all right, Sind it to the Bank on which it is abrawn and he will receive his money for it, the deposit made with the Norfolk National Bank was not sufficient for the expenses of the quarte there has been an other deposit made with the Norfolk National Brank of Norfolk Virginia all parties holding check signed by me will receive their money on presenting their check now Respectfully any time, J. J. Payrun Supt 6th Life P Diat

OFFICE, OF Superintendent of Sixth A. S. Life-Saving District, Poplar Branch, N. C., . fan 33 ml , 1887 Mr Richard Etheridge Kuper Pea Island L. S.S Having received information from the General Supt of Life Saving Service that an extra Set of Seach appointed had been sent to each Station where the breeches broy is used you are therefore instructed to see that the often rope is broken out from the coils, the turne taken out and The whole put in readiness for instant we the Same as the old gear, you will report to me what corticled of any) such as whip-rule ste, are needed by you to comp the second or space set you will please furnish the required information on early on possible To Dayner Sufat GI & Salistick

Treamy Repartment;

Official Survey Survey Service,

Official Survey Survey Survey, 1887.

Reiper, Pea Jaland Rife daving Station,

Clarito, N. C.

Shewoff to has been informed by the
Secretary of the Theologan fackets, and a capeage
that and Beleef association, that a package
that any of the Survey pocket, and a capeage
that any of the people for persons of your
station, has been maded to your addissiAnter the articles alponthe infantity of the
station, and see that they are propelly come
for and used only for the office of the
received of the package, batting whether
all the articles are received in Jord condition.
When any of the supplicitations multined
are used by or furnished to shipmented portion
of the package, the articles used and
expended.

Outputfully yours.

Outputfully yours.

Issistant Inspector of Sirth U. S. Life-Sabing District, Elizabeth City xarous All. March 12d , 1887. Mr Richard Etheridge Leeper Rea Island Le.S. In accordance with telegraphic instructions received from bent Supt of I.d. in the Juture you will take a no. 7 no. 3rd no. 9 shot line to all wreeks where fir ing is to be done, I use for hauling whiphin 3rd tail block on board a no. 9 shot line . If no. Thine fail to reach the Nessel with 603. fonder, use no. 4 line with 503, poroder; if that does not reach, use no. 4 line again with not to exceed boy , powder, after getting Either the no. for no, 4 line 4 The Vessel, bend on 4 it the no. 9 live, It have the no. 9 hauled off to dessel, with whif line and tail block attached, This order must be carried out in every particular. Sey Respectfully & Chay ton Link U. S. R. M.

Received of
Richard Etheridge

Sea Osland L. S. S.

three Dollars

for Services hundred to

the Schooner Packel A. Collins

J. D. Entheridge

OFFICE OF Superintendent of Vife-Saving Stations, Coplasiant DISTRICT. Manteo, N. C., Ougust 21 " 1887.

Super Cea Island Sep Saving Statem

Os per instruction from the Secretary of the Treasury you are hereby instructed to see that your station is provided with a crew of six men from September , diesy to april 30 the 88 inclusive. The men to be engaged in assolance with, and under the restrictions contained in the pervisions of paragraphe 7.80, 81, 83, 87, 145, and 147, also circular no 96 of the revised regulations 1884. and to receive compensation at the rate of \$50. per month each, during that period; and when attending wreder that may occur during the inactive season each sufman will be paid the sum of M3, a The article of engagement Form 1803 Should be signed in duplicate and forwarded to merat once The varticle

to be signed with name writer in full. Each Surfmon

will be required before entistment to furnish you with a certificate showing that he physically sound from a medical officer of the marine hospital service Is when such officer cannot be reached without unreasonable expenses from a physician in regular practice for whom standing you and I can much. The examination must not begin earlier than ten days prior to enlistment, the patrole must begin on September 1 stat 12 a'clock a In.

Very Respectfully Sufst 6 "Life Saring Slist

OFFICE OF Assistant Inspector of Sixth a. S. Life Sabing District, +60 " Roof lath. Resper Pou Island, L.S.S. Upon the receipt of lumber and ma terral you will construct a oil house 1 Padlock 11×12-7 fat high under raves in side, 6 Boarde, 1x12-18 Jul long, Heart. 10# 20 d 12# 5d 46 11 1×12-16 " " 2 # Hd 10 11 1×12-14 " " +22 Pcs, 1/2×3-16 " 4. " 1×3-14 " " 2 sills, 6×6-12 " " 2 11 4x6-10 " " +6 sleepers, 2 X8-12 " +. 9 Posta 444-14 " " Run of lig. +7 " 2×4-14 " " " " " +6 prist 2×4-10 " " " " "

+12 rafters 2×4- That long Run of log. +10 Rul floor boards, 11 4 1 1050, Spearl shingles, 1 Pr 10 in, strak Hingle, 1 10 " Hask staples. 25# 8 & Galvanized Maile. Very Respectfully 8 & Changeton Seint W. A. B.M. Cest Inspector AR. You will see that the above is in good condition, and receiptfor same.

Superintendent of Sixth U. S. Life-Sabing District.

Appler Franch, A. C. September 14, 1888.

Super Dea Islands

Life-Saring Stations

Six:

By reference to your letters of instructions you will see that Surfmen are required to Sign their Hames in full, it is also printed at the head of the space where surfmen are the sign. Lignatures in Full, your will cause the correction to be made and in future see that it is done. Belower corrected Horne 1800, at once.

Respectfully yours.

No. 24 STATE STREET. NEW YORK. January 24, 1889. Seeher Richard & theridge, Lea Island Life saving Station u. E. Referring to notices of shipment transmitted with letter of the 21 st. met., you are informed that the 3 succe are intended for your station, Pea Island, and not for Kill Devils Hill, in the notice for which station they were included by mistage. You will therefore retain the zuce, anderase? Respectfully yours, them from the notice? Captain, U.S.R.W., for Kill Devil Hills ! Station. Euspector.

Superintendents of Construction of State Stations, Superintendents of Construction of Stations, Stations, State St

with the accompanying redices of slipment and forms of receipt. Respectfully yours,

Phila Pa Jan 11. 89 bapt I wrote mr Drinkwaler requesting him to oud you a zine for your batter, by Patral I will make requisition to the general Supplies and white some Supplies and white soul Jun's Auth and Jince' Junes Very Muly Miliam Rollow Supphone Expert Life Lavnif Service

Assistant Inspector of Sirth U. S. Life-Sabing District,

Elizabeth City, N. C., Rebnuary 4 , 1890.

Keeper of Pea Island Lige Daving station Dir:

you will see that the following instructions relative to the cone of the telephone one complied with in every particular :-

1. There must be at all times some one on hand to answer calls.

2. Unless in cases of regent recessity the hand telephone will not be kept of the book for more than ten minutes at any one time

3. The play of lut-out will be kept in the centre hale except when it is necessary to ground. while using the telephone or to cut out during storms.

Uniforming and Contract Department.

Wanamaker & Brown, Oak Hall, Philadelphia.

December 28th. 1889.

Mr. Richard Ethridge, Keeper,

Pea Island, L.S. S.

Manteo, N.C.

We have shipped the Uniforms for your Station but it will be necessary for us to send without the knitted Guernseys as they have not yet cone to hand. We will not send the invoices and receipts for the clothing until the Guernseys are shipped.

You can keep a record of what you receive and we will check up on the orders the goods that are sent, so that when the Guernseys arrive you can sign the necessary receipts for all the cloth Yours respectfully,

Wanamaker & Brown.

G. E. COREY, MANAGER, UNIFORMING DEPT.

New Bennindson 12 150.

Dea Island 2100-say 1 3 sailes. Mo

eral Superintendent dated March 3, 1800, giving instructions in regard to official telegrams is forwarded for your guidance.

"It is sherofore auggest id that, in future, whenever the use the service unless the employes of the telegraph company without such payment refuse to receive the messages for transmission, or made and the fact of such refusal reported to this office in every

"The words "Official business" should be written upon every telegram, and an exact copy of each telegram sont, except such as are addressed to officers in Washington, should be retained and forwarded to this office."

Ceseived of Captain Circul Petrereda One Hindred Vicinteen Too being etw a mount Due one by the Government as Suleny this a first the 24 th 1895! This aniel

> Efizabilet bil N.C.s or to the for flee for flea Island L. S. S. Neanter Dan W. N.C. Jayno Veny Respectfully Ok St. Inving Cicharl Eskeridge Bea Island L. S. Station

Or to the Sueper of Dea, Osland & S. B. Yours Very Espectfully yours Very Espectfully Burfman was Dea Coland L.S. Stations

Hea Osland J. S. Sept 24 # 890 Musons Hanamaker Torown S. E. Cor, 64 morket Street Shiladelphia. blean Sind me the following articles of iniform Goods Estrick Will be fraid for out of on whack for the quartet Ending Jan 1th 47891 I Sterry fronts of measurement to cost \$5.00 43, 32, 34, 40, 28, 20, 216 I Guernsey Goock, With (red letters on the bereck Dea Island, L. S. S. ast \$400 1 uniform Cap. 18. pring &2,00 1 Knitted Phrygian Oak prior 400 Stom hat Southersester height, 5 doof 10 inches to be shiped to Lieut -Ouspestor, Elizablets bily N.C.

Superintendent of Sixth U. S. Life-Saving District,

Rew.Berne, R. & December 15th, 1890.

**Coefect Pela Island Series, are described as follows:

The Signals, approved by the International Maratime Conference convened in Washington, in October 1889, and adopted by the Life-Saving Service, are described as follows:

"Upon the discovery of a wreek by night the life-saving force will burn a red pyrotechnic light or are rocket to signify—You are seen; assistance will be given as soon as possible:

"A red flag waved on shore by day, or a red light, red rocket, or red Roman candle displayed by night, will signify—Haul away."

"A white flag waved on shore by day, or a white light slowly swung back and forth, or a white rocket, or white Roman candle fieed by night will signify—Slack away."

"Two flags, a white and a red, waved at the same time on shore by day, or too lights, a white and a red, showly swung at the some time, or a blue pyrotechnic light burned by night, will signify—Tho not attempt to land in your own boats. It is impossible:

"A man on shore beckoning by day, or too torches burning near together by night, will signify—This is the best place to land."

"Any of these signals may be answered from the vessel as follows: In the day time—by waving a flag, a handserchief, a hat, or even the hand; at night—by firing a rocket, a blue light or a gun, or by showing a light over the ship's gunwale for a short time and then conceiling it."

You will observe that the use of the red and white lights are necessary to make some of the signals at night. Hence, a supply of lantern globes, either white or red (ruby) are required at your station.—You will therefore immediately report by letter to this office, the number of each kind of lantern globes (white or red) yon have on hand; also the exact size of each kind of globe, to fit the lanterns in use. The flags, red and white, will be sent to each Station by the Inspector.

You will in fature, promptly notify this office, when any of the articles described abore, are

Sith al. S. Dile-Sabing District,

Pea Osland Station,

March 9 th , 1891.

Lious, It. A. Failing

ases One peolor 2 & S. & Dish, Elizabeth bilg one.

Lich of Sufflies Recirced about Station of

the Bough for the dame, O dent of got

the Brigh for the dame, of dent of got

the Bright People of first to argon Onless this

yours very Respectfully

Rishard Station

Lelephone Keeper Payou to formers me

a nearpx for the number of gotten

of oil that his burne contained and

you so the same. M. A. Eailing

ass dougletter

Refer Jea Island,
Sing Daving Mation,

Sing Daving Mation,

Sing Daving Mation,

Sing Daving Mation,

April transcript of Journal for the weeks ending april 25 th may 2 have not been received at this office of the one for april 25 th may 2, must be many may 9 - has been received, the one for april 25 th may 2, must be have been lost in the mails. Or the party whener you sent to the party whener you sent to the sprice by failed to mail thing the Department are complaining about the delay in hameupte living forwarded.

The party whener on complaining about the delay in hameupte living forwarded.

The party whener of the complaining alout the delay in hameupte living forwarded.

OFFICE OF

Superintendent of Sixth M. S. Vile-Sabing District,

Seaufunds: c. May 30 . 189/.

Keeper Pea Island

Life Daving Station

Six
I have this day forwarded you by mail

One (1) not Done (1) White flag

Men will enter them upon the Inventory
of Public Broker, at your elotion opproperly

Confor them but under no circumstances

Will your Display theme, Until instructions

None bren given you by the Department

Casfieldy Jones

Lessylly Jones

Supple

Superintendent, of Sith D. S. Rite Sating District,
Decomposed on Stages of 3, 1891.

Meeper Dea Island
Montes N. 6,

Whow ince engage six (6) mon for duly
of your station (Dea Island) pm Deptimber
1.1891 to April 30-1892; including, Van addiTimal Rushman from December, 1891 to

April 30, 1892, inclusive—

Internal under the restrictions contained
in the provisions of Paragraphs, 1, 80, 81, 82,
87, 145 + 147, of the Terrised Regulations
1884, and to receive Compensation at
the rate of Fifty \$50 P) dollars for
much lach, alwing that period,

and when attending weeks
that may occur during the
"inactive season", for the purpose of rescuing life or property, each surfman will
be paid the sure of the (\$370) dollars,
The Articles of engagement form 1803
should be signed in duplicate office as early
as passible,
On one copy of the Articles, Under the
lage of each man you engage,
Cash surfman will before intishment
furnish you with a cultificate, showing
that he is physically sound, from a
medical officer of the Marine
Haspital Service
Upor will not allow more man for
ingagement to be examined before the

Jo Kup you out of trouble & specially Call your attention to paragraphs, 1, 80 X 8%. All violations of the said baragraphs with a reported to the General Super-intereduct Comments Super-intereduct Comments Super-intereduct Comments Super-intereductions of the Super-intereduction of the Supe

Superintendent of Sixth A. S. Life-Sabing District, Beaufant, N. C. October 17 , 189/ Meeper Jea Island Sir. Liter from sufmen B. J. Benser Ind appoint by you received This Day; It is actively necessary of Mr. Benser will furnish a sufmen in his place, fully as ciplable to pro, wyen bring responsible for the qualifycalism of The said substitute in all respects. for the discharge of duty te, you Can give Ludman Bruser the I days leave. noting fully the hanseigt my kufulfully

Superintendent of Sixth A. S. Life-Sabing District, Beaufish N.C. Deer 7 . 189/ Ruper Lea Island Sis-The 2 Shuts of Zine, you receipted for to White & Dodrow, in for Hiw Inlet Station, you wice plean forward it to the Kupu &B Midgel Anothe Itts of spen your delivered your, is for Paul Gamil's Still, By please sendit up to Kuper Payne treguest him to send it over to least Jesse Ethings, with instructions A formand it A Kupu Oflustin The your dericted to Kulou Custiss,

Hashington D.C. Feb. 25/93 m Richard Etheridge Leeper, Gea Island J. S. S. Dee 31/92 for the crew at your station not having been received by Capt Etheridge his widow regnests that you will please forward them at once to the address below. This request is made at the suggestion of the General Superintendent and if for any reason they are delayed, please inform me of the cause.
For Mis Etheridge
Very respectfully re.
Jos. J. Eister
2018 S. St. MW. Washington De.

U. S. Department of Agriculture,

Washington, D. C., August 1, 1892.

Richard Etheridge

It is desired to make a new collection of the Weather Proverbs of the United States, and to make it as complete as possible. For this purpose your co-operation is requested. Should you have the kindness to send me a list of such proverbs, please distinguish, when practicable, between those which are of American origin and those which have been imported, giving when possible, the origin of each, whether Indian, Scotch, English, Irish, German, &c. By a prompt compliance with this request you will very much oblige,

Yours, respectfully,

Mark W. Harrington

(A franked envelope is inclosed for your reply.)

Lepen Stand Sife Saving Station.

Sith District. Marks. N.C.

Sith District. Marks. N.C.

Jin S. Nainaright. Norfolk. Ta. American two mosted schooner.

Clegens on board from, Mew berne, N.C., Frank, Asl. Skingly.

Cample co Sound. Sover Saved. Michard Schoolage, Ne per."

You could have Corrouged the information by using a left nember of words, as follows:

Schooner George & Nainion fit. Norfolk, from Navborner to Baurel, Will Baved. Etheridge.

Cond. All Baved. Etheridge.

Were Saved.

The form grow in Circular Repartment No. 16, & hard be followed. Abidion Carradher, of no Special Curregione, thend be uported on Form 1805- freliminary wreck report, and not telegraphed.

The grownment has to pay for Every words word in a despatch, and you thould we the fewart words for fable to Country, that is formation. You will be by Country, that is your mefough, you were Eight winecefoury words.

Nesterfully Your.

Jean Ball.

Jennal Superintendent.

See saving Department,
Life Saving Dervice,
November 4, 1893.

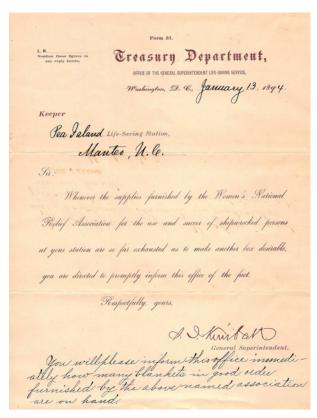
Respectfully referred to the
Meefer, Pea I sland Mation,
who will inform the applicant
that it will be necessary to
have the physician who rigned
the within certificate state whithe
the desease was probably contracted in the line of duty in
the hife slaving Dervice.

Asking Ball

General Daperintendent

C. S. C.

Treasury Department, L. R. 51066 Office of the General Superintenden Mashington, B. C. October 28, 1893. Pea Island Life-Saving Station. Manteo, N.C. Herewith are transmitted drafts dated the 27 instant and drawn on the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York City by Geo. A. Bartlett, Disbursing Clerk, in favor of the following named persons, in the sums set opposite their respective names for services rendered the Life-Saving Service under your disection on the occasion of the stranding of the schooner"Geo. C. Wainwright," on July 30th and \$2.00 hearthugh ham No. 538902 J. M. Midgett. J.T. Payne, 413 Disease 092.00 ... 53 8903. . 538.904. Joseph Midgett, 2.00 " 538.904. E.S. Midgett, 2.00 " 538.905. You will please deliver the drafts to them. Respectfully yours. D. Skins &M



L. R. 52006

Treasury Department,

Office of the General Superintendent Life-Saving Service,

Mashington, B. C., February 5, 1894.

Keeper.

Pea Island Life-Saving Station.

anteo. N. C.

Sir:

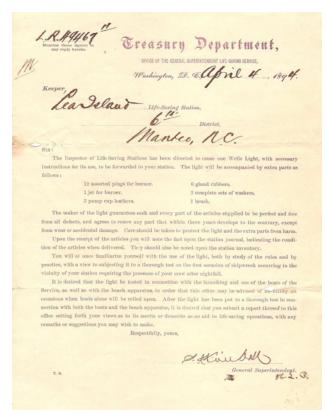
In accordance with the recommendation of the assistant inspector of your district, in his inspection report of the 29th ultimo, the inspector of life-saving stations has this day been directed to forward to your station one patrol clock.complete with leather case and eight keys. Upon the receipt of these articles you will cause the old patrol clock, complete, with leather case and all the keys belonging thereto, to be forwarded by mail to the inspector of life-saving stations. No. 24 State Street, new York City. The assistant inspector states that the old clock on hand stops frequently and is not satisfactory. You will carefully pack the old clock, etc., to be returned, in order that the articles may sustain no damage in transit.

The receipt of the new clock, and the disposition of the old one. should be noted upon the inventory, and the journal and transcript under the proper dates.

Respectfully yours.

General Superintendents

N. B.—The Instructions on the back of this rell must be carefully observed. Form 1 ₁₁₀ .																	
PAY-ROLL of the Pea Island Gife Farrag Station, Sixty District. We, the subscribers, acknowledge to have received this day of JAN 12 1894 189 from P. H. MORGAN, Superintendent of the Sixth Life-Saving District, the sums opposite our respective names, in full for our compensation for segrees rendered the Life-Saving Service during the QUARTER ending DEC 31 1883 189																	
NAME.	CAPACITY.		NOV			OF PAY.	AMOUN	T OF		CHECK	SULL II.		SIGNA			WITNESS.	REMARKS.
Richard Ethnidge	Keeper,	31	30	31	900	3	225	-	2/8/18/	8 8	888		900	31	00	18	Richard Eliniege
B. J. Bowen	Surfman.	30	30	30	_	65_	190	80	10	8 8	889	19		30	30	30	B. J. Bowerd
G. R. Medgett	"	29	29	29	-	65-			-13	5 8	892	68		29	93	29	h. R. Midgitt
W. W. Pelgh	**	29	30	30	-		188		.0	18	893			30	30	62	W. 4. Pelegh.
W. G. wise		29	28	30	-	65-				80	894			30	28	29	Thea, Mechan
W. H. Leving		29	30	24	-	65-	182	41		8	899						W. Y. weel
L. S. wwestt.		31	30	31	-	65-	195	-	4	8	900						W. H. Sernes
w. J. Wiseau.		-	-	31	-	65-	65	-		8	106						Vo. Y. Wussell
									1								
1. H. Berry	Temporary Surfinan.	_		9		65-	18	88		9	902						1 H. Burn
J. W. Berry		9	3	_		65_	25	39	-"		903						Turning in
0	44																ansira na . Il
							1460										
									3								
I HURRINY CHAPTER that the above among Keener and Surface have been proportional and a surface and surface have been proportional and a surface have been propo																	
I HERRIY CERTIFY that the above named Keeper and Surfmen have been employed at the station named under my supentendence for the period mentioned in each case, and at the rates of suthorized compensation opposite their respective names, in conformity with law and the established rules and regulations of the United States Life-Saving Service, and that the labove account is correct.																	
JAN 12 1894, 189. PHILLAYAW																	
(BL 6-3-91-2,003)																	
	1																



OFFICE OF
Deet Apenator of Sixth M & Wife Subing District
Asst. Inspector of Sixth A. S. Life-Sabing District,
Elizabeth City, N. C., May (2), 1893.
, 10,00
Capt Richard Ethering of
Capt Wighard Othering 8
P las state
Vea man (etal)
0 '
Ori I send the factures of sincered of overy her of for for for information, (19) Basis Osts 2582, (35) Blackbay 5525
I send the fallowing
statement of me for al
1 0 00
trans shipped to you for
· for ation
for information the
(101 B = 0 0 2582, (35/ Black Hay 55 25
(19) 00095
(18/ Bop Com 2480. (12) Blacks dem 900
110/.00%
Vend all Kuperulendent
of O. H. morgan
mail a al of L1
mail to O. M. may he took
chan yesterday.
h. 264 1.
Ges Vo Looding and Inspector
anax imspector
is a lovery of the second to my (61).
and the state of t

"						Startmare - from so it crans chest in this bide
	Jan. 189.	Feb. 189.	1895 march	a	nounts	Temps Surfman Time Surfman
B. J. Bowser	31-	27	31	\$ 60		1.16 Mescott
" " "		1. day	Loday	58	06	03. J. Bowses 408
G. R. Midaitt	2 6 5. day	26	31	450.	115.92	J. R. Midgett 816
" " " " "	0	2. day		55	7/	
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9. S. Hescott	31	28	310		\$174.19	

Treasury Bepartment,

Office of the General Superintendent

Elfe-Saving Service,

Office of the General Superintendent

Elfe-Saving Station,

Shirth Disturt, Maritis, N. 6.

Sir:

Referring to your statement in the

transcript of Journal of October 14, 1894,

relative to assisting a fishing sloop

stranded, your are requested to forward
to this Office, through the Disturb Superintendent, a report on Form 1506, giving

full particulars.

Respectfully yours,

Filerall Superintendent.

U. S. Treasury Department.

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Office Supt. 6 1 He-Saving Dist., Shandoro, M. C AUG 5 1895 Pea Island Station August: 1 , 1895 : Respectfully returned Richard Chudge to Keeper. PLa Island SUBJECT: Valvage is not allued to ecquelan surfumen Del Defailment - circulus 70.6/ 1893-Muyan. No. of Inclosures, supt-

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Office of Asst durin Gin IS. District Elizabile City M.C. Nov. 8 1895 Steeper Richard Exacris ge U.S. Sis. Station, Pea Island Sir. Hease sign enclosed from for condemnation of the desabled mule at your statem and return to me. Also perase in form we at what peace in your opinion it would be most advisable to have the mule said as recommended Respectfully years, (Asst Inspection Gih Sis. District

U.S. Treasury Department? Cook! Edward.

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French No. 2. } Treasury Department,
OFFICE OF THE
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE,
Washington, D. C., September 92", 1897
Mr. Richard Etheridge
Manteo, Marketer
Manies,
N. C. Pea Island
A. 6 th Outland
Dir:
Herewith is transmitted Draft No. /// def dated instant and drawn on the Assistant Treasurer of the
instant and drawn on the Assistant Treasurer of the
United States at New York, N. Y. by GEORGE A. BARTLETT,
Disbursing Clerk, in your favor, for the sum of
fifteen, 61 Dollars (\$ 1561)
in liquidation of your bill against the Life-Saving Service, dated
May 6, 1897. L.R. 60.875-
Respectfully yours,
2 Number
General Superintendent.

Na. 17. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office Supt & Life Samon Water

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JUL 28 1899

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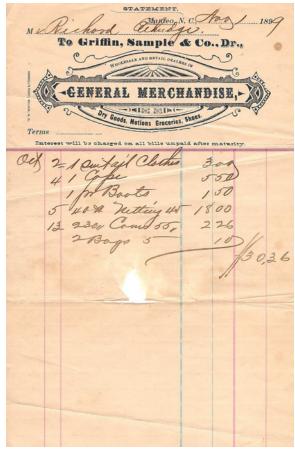
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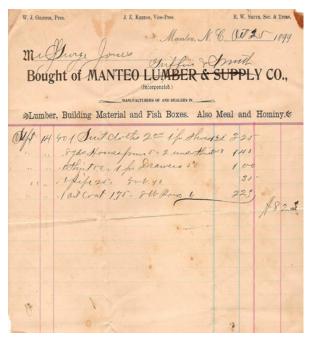
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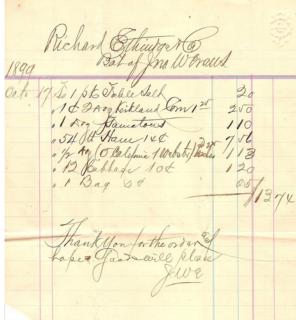
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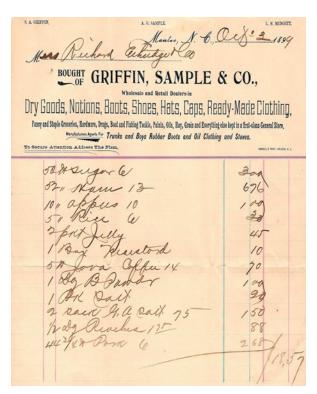
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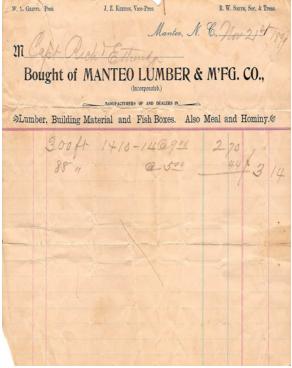
Evans, Meekins & Co., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, *********** Boots, Shoes, Hats and Furniture, Wood-Preserving Paints, Oils, and Net Material. Mantes, N. C. 11 23 1899 Ruper Rea Deland Station When you work up we for got to con. any think about the While for Station If or not the while Suited I was the bills make out Cornelly, will the chick Come Servet from the & spolmers This was an ommusion or my port to Day any thing about it, I would like to hear from you Jakespa

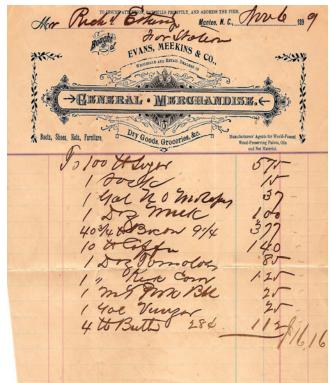


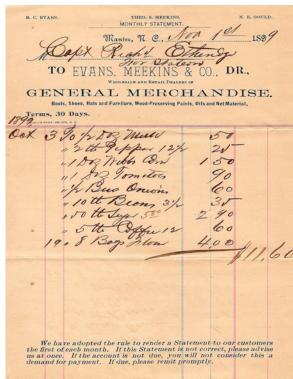




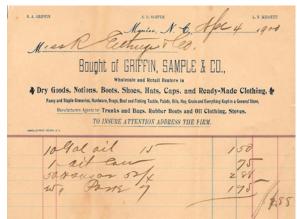








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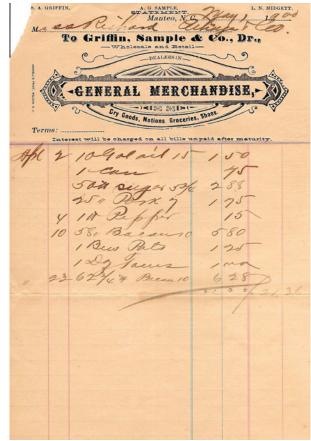
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No. 19. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

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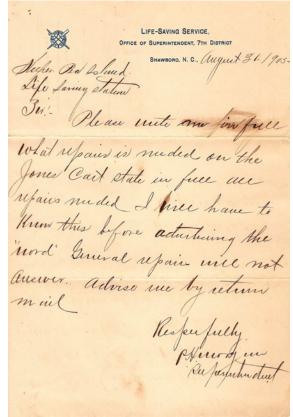
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LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.
OFFICE OF SUBMINISTRATION THE DISTRICT
SINGULAR COLF.
SHERMIGORD, N. C., MARCH 2, 1906

L. S. Meteoth R. S. Station. Keeps Pearls R. S. Station. Manter, n.C.

Sir:

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LIFE-SAVING SERVICE,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, 7th DISTRICT

SHAWBORO, N. C., June 7th.1911.

Keeper of the Pea Island station,

Sir:

You have been forwarded a set of blank keys for Imhauser time detector, You will fit the keys which you can do with a snall file, by a copy from the old keys,

If you cannot do this inform this office, keepers are doing it where new keys are requested.

Respectfully,

Mungan

Superintendent.

Bibliography

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- White, Gwen A. Summer, 1980. <u>Richard Etheridge: An American Coastal Hero</u>. Current, the Journal of Marine Education 1:4.
- Wright, David, Zoby, David <u>Fire on the Beach the Lost Story of Richard Etheridge and</u> the Pea Island Lifesavers



About the cover: photograph Pea Island Life Saving Station, 1935
This special history study is available for study at National Park Service, Outer Banks Group Headquarters, 1401 National Park Dr, Manteo, NC. 29959 and at a variety of other repositories, such as the Outer Banks History Center, Manteo, N.C. and a web-based format through the web site of the National Park Service. Please visit www.nps.gov.