



Cogongrass-(Jan.)-dormant



Cogongrass-shows plant & hairy throat



Cogongrass-(May)-flowering

Cogongrass Imperata cylindrica

Plant: Aggressive, colony-forming perennial grass, mostly 0.5–1.2 m (I 1/2–4 ft) tall. with upright or matforming light green leaves having rough margins and an off-centered midrib, from sharp-tipped white-scaly rhizomes with fibrous roots.

Stem: Upright to ascending, hidden by overlapping leaf sheaths

Leaves: Mainly basal, blades yellow-green to pale green with the midrib slightly to mostly off-center and whitish on the upper surface. 6–18 mm (1/4–3/4 in) wide and 20–150 cm (X-60 in) long and shortest upward. Flat or rolled to slightly corrugated, narrowing at the base with a long-tapering sharp tip, often drooping, margins translucent and minutely serrated, sheaths overlapping and hairy (or not) with hair tufts near the throat. *Ligule* a fringed membrane to 1.1 mm (1/16 in) long.

Flowers: March-May (year round in central and south Florida). Single terminal. silky, spike-like panicle.

3-20 cm (I 1/4-8 in) long and 0.5-2.5 cm (3/16-1 in) wide. cylindrical and tightly branched. with paired spikelets, each 3-6 mm (1/8-1/4 in) long, obscured by silky, silvery white or cream-colored hair\ to 1.8 mm (1/8 in) long.

(1/16 in) long, released within hairy husks for wind Seeds: May-June. Grains brown, oblong, 1-1.3 mm

new forest plantations, open forests, old fields, and

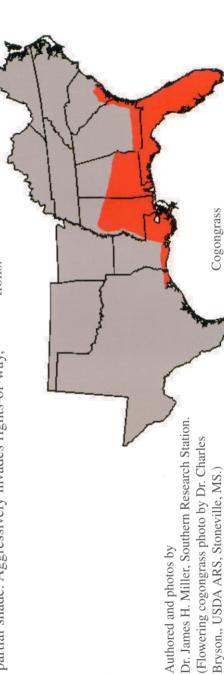
pastures. Persists and spreads by rhizomes and by

prolific wind-dispersed seeds. A single plant can

Range: Southeast Texas, southeast Louisiana, Mississippi, lower half of Alabama, all of Florida, southeast Georgia and southern South Carolina. dispersal.

partial shade. Aggressively invades rights-of-way, Ecology: Highly adaptable from full sunlight to

80 kilometers (50 miles). The sharp-tipped rhizome is generate 3,000 seeds which can be dispersed as far as other vegetation. Very difficult to control, being able able to grow through the roots of other plants. Rhizomes branch to form a dense mat, excluding most to withstand burning and single herbicide applications.



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