## **NISTIR 7880-7**

# NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program Winter 2009 Comparability Studies

Results for Round Robin LXV Fat-Soluble Vitamins and Carotenoids in Human Serum and Round Robin 30 Ascorbic Acid in Human Serum

David L. Duewer Jeanice B. Thomas

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April, 2013



U.S. Department of Commerce *Rebecca Blank, Acting Secretary* 

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## **Abstract**

The National Institute of Standards and Technology coordinates the Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program (MMQAP) for laboratories that measure fat- and water-soluble vitamins and carotenoids in human serum and plasma. This report describes the design of and results for the Winter 2009 MMQAP measurement comparability improvement studies: 1) Round Robin LXV Fat-Soluble Vitamins and Carotenoids in Human Serum and 2) Round Robin 30 Total Ascorbic Acid in Human Serum. The materials for both studies were shipped to participants in December 2008; participants were requested to provide their measurement results by March 31, 2009.

## **Keywords**

Human Serum Retinol,  $\alpha$ -Tocopherol,  $\gamma$ -Tocopherol, Total and Trans- $\beta$ -Carotene SRM 1950, Total Ascorbic Acid

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### Introduction

Beginning in 1988, the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) has coordinated the Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program (MMQAP) for laboratories that measure fat- and water-soluble vitamins and carotenoids in human serum and plasma. The MMQAP provides participants with measurement comparability assessment through use of interlaboratory studies, Standard Reference Materials (SRMs) and control materials, and methods development and validation. Serum-based samples with assigned values for the target analytes (retinol, alphatocopherol, gamma/beta-tocopherol, *trans*- and total beta-carotene, and total ascorbic acid) and performance-evaluation standards are distributed by NIST to laboratories for analysis.

Participants use the methodology of their choice to determine analyte content in the control and study materials. Participants provide their data to NIST, where it is compiled and evaluated for trueness relative to the NIST value, within-laboratory precision, and concordance within the participant community. NIST provides the participants with a technical summary report concerning their performance for each exercise and suggestions for methods development and refinement. Participants who have concerns regarding their laboratory's performance are encouraged to consult with the MMQAP coordinators.

All MMQAP interlaboratory studies consist of individual units of batch-prepared samples that are distributed to each participant. For historical reasons these studies are referred to as "Round Robins". The MMQAP program and the nature of its studies are described elsewhere. [1,2]

### Round Robin LXV: Fat-Soluble Vitamins and Carotenoids in Human Serum

Participants in the MMQAP Fat-Soluble Vitamins and Carotenoids in Human Serum Round Robin LXV comparability study (hereafter referred to as RR65) received one lyophilized and four liquid-frozen human serum test samples for analysis. Unless multiple vials were previously requested, participants received one vial of each serum. These sera were shipped on dry ice to participants in December 2008. The communication materials included in the sample shipment are provided in Appendix A.

Participants are requested to report values for all fat-soluble vitamin-related analytes that are of interest to their organizations. Not all participants report values for the target analytes, and many participants report values for non-target analytes.

The final report delivered to every participant in RR65 consists of three documents:

- A cover letter for the current study, a brief description of the other two documents, and a discussion of our analysis of the overall results that may be of broad interest. This cover letter is reproduced as Appendix B.
- The "All-Lab Report" that lists all of the reported measurement results, a number of consensus statistics for analytes reported by more than one participant, and the mean median and pooled SD from any prior distributions of the serum. This report also provides a numerical "score card" for each participant's measurement comparability for the more commonly reported analytes. This report is reproduced as Appendix C.

• An "Individualized Report" that graphically analyzes each participant's results for all analytes reported by at least five participants. This report also provides a graphical summary of their measurement comparability. The graphical tools used in this report are described in detail elsewhere [3]. An example "Individualized Report" is reproduced as Appendix D.

## Round Robin 30: Vitamin C in Human Serum

Participants in the MMQAP Vitamin C in Human Serum Round Robin 30 comparability study (hereafter referred to as RR30) received four frozen serum test samples, one frozen control serum, a solid ascorbic acid control material, and one optional unknown (SRM 1950 Metabolites in Human Serum) for analysis. Unless multiple vials were previously requested, participants received one vial of each material. These sample materials were shipped on dry ice to participants in December 2008. The communication materials included in the sample shipment are provided in Appendix E.

The test and control serum materials were prepared by adding equal volumes of 10 % metaphosphoric acid (MPA) to human serum that had been spiked with ascorbic acid. While these samples contain some dehydroascorbic acid, its content is variable. Therefore, the participants report only total ascorbic acid (TAA, ascorbic acid plus dehydroascorbic acid). Participants are also encouraged to prepare calibration solutions from the supplied solid control to enable calibrating their serum measurements to the same reference standard.

SRM 1950 is a human plasma pool designed for the evaluation of the measurement of metabolites in humans to provide insight into various disease states. The SRM 1950 plasma contains lithium heparin as an anticoagulant but does not contain MPA. Participants were asked to analyze SRM 1950 as an unknown to help evaluate whether TAA could be usefully certified in this material.

The final report delivered to every participant in RR30 consists of three documents:

- A cover letter for the current study, a brief description of the other two documents, and a discussion of our analysis of overall results that may be of broad interest. This cover letter is reproduced as Appendix F.
- The "All-Lab Report" that summarizes all of the reported measurement results and provides several consensus statistics. This report is reproduced as Appendix G.
- An "Individualized Report" that graphically analyzes each participant's results for TAA, including a graphical summary of their measurement comparability. The graphical tools used in this report are described in detail elsewhere [3]. An example "Individualized Report" is reproduced as Appendix H.

## References

- 1 Duewer DL, Brown Thomas J, Kline MC, MacCrehan WA, Schaffer R, Sharpless KE, May WE, Crowell JA. NIST/NCI Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program: Measurement Repeatabilities and Reproducibilities for Fat-Soluble Vitamin-Related Compounds in Human Sera. Anal Chem 1997;69(7):1406-1413.
- 2 Margolis SA, Duewer DL. Measurement Of Ascorbic Acid in Human Plasma and Serum: Stability, Intralaboratory Repeatability, and Interlaboratory Reproducibility. Clin Chem 1996;42(8):1257-1262.
- 3 Duewer DL, Kline MC, Sharpless KE, Brown Thomas J, Gary KT, Sowell AL. Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program: Helping Participants Use Interlaboratory Comparison Exercise Results to Improve Their Long-Term Measurement Performance. Anal Chem 1999;71(9):1870-1878.

## Appendix A. Shipping Package Inserts for RR65

The following three items were included in each package shipped to an RR65 participant:

- Cover letter
- Datasheet
- Packing List and Shipment Receipt Confirmation Form

The cover letter and datasheet were enclosed in a sealed waterproof bag along with the samples themselves. The packing list was placed at the top of the shipping box, between the cardboard covering and the foam insulation.



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Institute of Standards and Technology Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-

December 3, 2008

Dear Colleague:

Enclosed are samples for the first fat-soluble vitamins and carotenoids in serum study (Round Robin LXV) for the 2009 NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program. The set of samples (Sera 352 - 356) consists of one vial of each of four liquid-frozen and one lyophilized serum samples for analysis along with a form for reporting your results. These samples should be stored in the dark at or below -20 °C upon receipt. When reporting your results, please submit one value for each analyte for a given serum sample. If a value obtained is below your limit of quantification, please indicate this result on the form by using NQ (Not Quantified). Results are due to NIST by March 31, 2009. Results received more than two weeks after the due date may not be included in the summary report for this round robin study. The feedback report concerning the study will be distributed in April 2009.

Lyophilized samples should be reconstituted with 1.0 mL of HPLC-grade water or equivalent. Before reconstitution, samples should be allowed to stand at room temperature under subdued light until thawed. We recommend that dissolution be facilitated with 3 to 5 min agitation in an ultrasonic bath or at least 30 min at room temperature with intermittent swirling. (CAUTION: Vigorous shaking will cause foaming and possibly interfere with accurate measurement. The rubber stopper contains phthalate esters that may leach into the sample upon intermittent contact of the liquid sample with the stopper. These esters absorb strongly in the UV region and elute near retinol in most LC systems creating analytical problems.) Pipette a known volume of serum from the vial for analysis. The final volume of the reconstituted sample is greater than 1.0 mL. Water should not be added to the liquid-frozen samples.

For consistency, we request that laboratories use the following absorptivities (dL/g · cm): retinol, 1843 at 325 nm (ethanol); retinyl palmitate, 975 at 325 nm (ethanol);  $\alpha$ -tocopherol, 75.8 at 292 nm (ethanol);  $\gamma$ -tocopherol, 91.4 at 298 nm (ethanol);  $\alpha$ -carotene, 2800 at 444 nm (hexane);  $\beta$ -carotene, 2560 at 450 nm (ethanol), 2592 at 452 nm (hexane); and lycopene, 3450 at 472 nm (hexane).

Please report your results for Round Robin LXV by e-mail to david.duewer@nist.gov or fax to 301-977-0685. If you have questions or comments regarding this study, please call me at (301) 975-3120 or e-mail me at jbthomas@nist.gov.

Sincerely,

Jeanice Brown Thomas

Research Chemist

Analytical Chemistry Division

Chemical Science and Technology Laboratory

**Enclosures** 



Participant #:	Date:
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# Round Robin LXV: Human Sera NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program

Analyte	352	353	354	355	356	Units*
total retinol						
trans-retinol						
didehydroretinol						
retinyl palmitate						
lpha-tocopherol						
γ/β-tocopherol						
δ-tocopherol						
total β-carotene						
trans-β-carotene						
total cis-β-carotene						
total α-carotene						
total lycopene						
trans-lycopene						
total β-cryptoxanthin						
total α-cryptoxanthin						
total lutein						
total zeaxanthin						
total lutein&zeaxanthin						
total coenzyme Q10						
ubiquinol (QH <sub>2</sub> )						
ubiquinone (Qox)						
phylloquinone (K₁)						
25-hydroxyvitamin D						
		ı	1	ı		<u> </u>
Other measurands?						T
		1	1	I	1	I

\* we prefer μg/mL

Were the liquid-frozen samples (353 to 356) frozen when received? Yes | No

Comments:

Mail: M<sup>2</sup>QAP NIST, Stop 8392 Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8392

Participant #:	

Data:		
Date:		

## Fat-Soluble Vitamins Round Robin LXV NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program

## **Packing List and Shipment Receipt Confirmation Form**

This box contains: one vial each of the following five FSV M<sup>2</sup>QAP sera

Serum	Form	Reconstitute?	Vial/Cap
#352	Lyophilized	Yes (1 ml H <sub>2</sub> O)	2 mL amber, silver
#353	Liquid frozen	No	2 mL amber, green cap
#354	Liquid frozen	No	2 mL amber, red cap
#355	Liquid frozen	No	2 mL amber, blue cap
#356	Liquid frozen	No	2 mL amber, green cap

- Please 1) Open the pack immediately
  - 2) Check that it contains all of the above samples
  - 3) Check if the vials are intact
  - 4) Store the sera at -20 °C or below until analysis
  - 5) Complete the following information
  - 6) Fax the completed form to us at 301-977-0685 (or email requested information to david.duewer@nist.gov)

1) Date this shipment arrived:	
,	

- 2) Are all five sera vials intact? Yes | No If "No", which one(s) were damaged?
- 3) Was there any dry-ice left in cooler? Yes | No
- 4) Did the liquid frozen samples arrive frozen? Yes | No
- 5) At what temperature are you storing the serum samples? \_\_\_\_ °C
- 6) When do you anticipate analyzing these samples? \_\_\_\_\_

Your prompt return of this information is appreciated.

The M<sup>2</sup>QAP Gang

## **Appendix B. Final Report for RR65**

The following four pages are the final report as provided to all participants:

- Cover letter.
- An information sheet that:
  - o describes the contents of the "All-Lab" report,
  - o describes the content of the "Individualized" report,
  - o describes the nature of the test samples and details their previous distributions, if any, and
  - o summarizes aspects of the study that we believe may be of interest to the participants.



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Institute of Standards and Technology Geithersburg, Maryland 20899-

May 8, 2009

## Dear Colleague:

Enclosed is the summary report of the results for intercomparison RR65 of the 2009 NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program (MMQAP) for the fat-soluble vitamins and carotenoids in human serum. Included in this report are: 1) a summary of data and measurement comparability scores for all laboratories, 2) a detailed graphical analysis of your results; and 3) a graphical summary of your measurement comparability.

Your overall measurement comparability is summarized in the "Score Card" summary, page 6 of the All Lab Report. Combined results rated 1 to 3 are within 1 to 3 standard deviations of the assigned value, respectively; those rated 4 are >3 standard deviations from the assigned value. Similar information is presented graphically in the "target plots" that are the last page of your Individualized Report. If you have concerns regarding your laboratory's performance, please contact us for consultation.

SRM 968d, Fat-Soluble Vitamins, Carotenoids, and Cholesterol in Human Serum is now available. Orders can be placed directly through the NIST on-line SRM order request system at: <a href="https://srmors.nist.gov/index.cfm">https://srmors.nist.gov/index.cfm</a>. You may also call the SRM office directly at (301) 975-2200 if you have purchasing questions.

Samples for the second 2009 QA intercomparison study will be shipped during the week of June 1, 2009. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact Dave Duewer at david.duewer@nist.gov or me at jbthomas@nist.gov, tel: 301/975-3120, or fax: 301/977-0685.

B2

Sincerely,

Jeanice B. Thomas, M.B.A.

Research Chemist

Analytical Chemistry Division

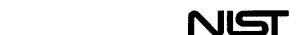
Chemical Science and Technology Laboratory

Dave L. Duewer, Ph.D.

Research Chemist

**Analytical Chemistry Division** 

Chemical Science and Technology Laboratory



L.C. Sander

The NIST M<sup>2</sup>QAP Round Robin LXV (RR65) report consists of:

Page	"All Lab" Report
1-4	A listing of all results and statistics for analytes reported by two or more participants.
5	A listing of results reported by only one laboratory and the legend for pages 1-4.
6	The text Comparability Summary ("Score Card") of measurement performance.
Page	"Individualized" Report
1	Your values, the number of labs reporting values, and our assigned values.
2-n	"Four Plot" summaries of your current and past measurement performance, one page for each analyte you report that is also reported by at least eight other participants.
n+1	The graphical Comparability Summary (target plot) of measurement performance.

**Samples**. Five samples were distributed in RR65.

Serum	Description	Prior Distributions
352	Lyophilized 1+1 blend of the pools used to produce SRM 968c Levels I and II.	#247:RR44-9/98, #317:RR58-9/05
353	Fresh-frozen 1+0.03 blend of a normal serum and a low-normal serum spiked with <i>trans</i> -β-carotene in a lipoprotein carrier. The same materials were used to prepare #354 and #355.	New, produced Fall 2008
354	Fresh-frozen 1+0.08 blend of the materials used to prepare #353.	New, produced Fall 2008
355	Fresh-frozen 1+0.19 blend of the materials used to prepare #353.	New, produced Fall 2008
	Fresh-frozen 1+0.56 blend of the residual pools used to produce SRM 968c Levels I and II.	New, produced Fall 2008

### Results

1) Serum #352: This material is a 1+1 mixture of the left-over pools for SRM 968c Level I and Level II (where 1+1 means equal volumes of the two pools and left-over means the material left in the carboy after stirring became problematic). The material was prepared in 1998, soon after the SRM 968c units were packed away, to test how well we could predict measurand levels in a mixture. This is the third time this material has been distributed. There has been no statistically significant change in the level or variability of any measurand. However, the measured level of total lutein and total lutein plus zeaxanthin has somewhat decreased with time. The level of total zeaxanthin does not appear to have changed. Given the relatively few measurements available, the apparent decline in lutein is mostly a curiosity. We will, however, re-examine the archived data for other materials that have been stored for ten or more years.

2) Serum #356: This material is also a mixture of the left-over pools for SRM 968c Level I and Level II. However, this material was mixed and ampouled in 2009. While there was no surety that results for SRM 968c were really applicable to these residual materials, we were again interested in how well we can predict the levels in a blend. Table 1 contrasts our predictions for the #352 material (lyophilized, stored for 11 years in 2-mL glass vials) with those for #356 (liquid frozen in Teflon for 11 years). The "Calc" values are our predictions based upon MMQAP results for the six distributions of the SRM 968c Level I and Level II materials over the past ten years, "Obs" are the median results in RR LXV, and "%Dif" is 100\*(Calc – Obs)/Obs. Note: The "Calc" results of Table 1 define the dark blue "expectation" lines for these two SRM 968c-related materials in your "Individualized" Report.

Table 1: Calculated and Observed Results for Mixtures of the SRM 968c Level I and II Pools

	Se	erum #35	2	Se	erum #35	6
Analyte	Calc	Obs	%Dif	Calc	Obs	%Dif
Total Retinol	0.67	0.69	-2	0.72	0.76	-5
α-Tocopherol	12.1	11.4	6	10.8	10.6	2
γ/β-Tocopherol	2.7	2.6	3	3.0	2.5	24
Total β-Carotene	0.30	0.31	-4	0.26	0.27	-1
Total α-Carotene	0.056	0.054	4	0.045	0.044	3
Total Lycopene	0.36	0.38	-4	0.35	0.37	-7
trans-Lycopene	0.18	0.17	7	0.18	0.18	0
Total β-Cryptoxanthin	0.052	0.056	-7	0.058	0.059	-2
Total Lutein	0.071	0.058	23	0.066	0.055	20
Total Zeaxanthin	0.027	0.024	16	0.029	0.030	-5
Total Lutein&Zeaxanthin	0.100	0.091	10	0.097	0.097	0

Most of the predicted levels are within about 10 % of those observed. Interestingly, total lutein is about 20 % less than predicted in both materials. While total zeaxanthin and total lutein plus zeaxanthin are somewhat lower than expected in the #352 material but not in the #356, the major difference between the two materials is for  $\gamma/\beta$ -tocopherol, where the level in the #356 material is about 25 % lower than expected. We as yet have no defensible explanation for this anomaly.

3) Sera #353, #354, and #355. These three materials are the culmination of an experiment begun in late 1999 testing whether carotenoids could be successfully augmented. The materials are all mixtures of the same β-carotene-deficient but otherwise fairly normal serum and a *trans*-β-carotene spiking solution. Following a number of false-starts, this solution was prepared in the late 1990's by mixing *trans*-β-carotene and high- and low-density lipoproteins into a low-normal serum followed by extensive mixing and filtering. Due to resource constraints, the solution sat unused until this spring.

Following further mixing and filtering, the three materials were prepared at the same time as #356. Serum #353 was spiked with just enough of the solution to raise the level of *trans*-β-carotene to about that of the #352 and #356 materials. Serum #354 was spiked to a reasonably high *trans*-β-carotene level and #355 was spike to an unreasonably high level, just to determine the limits of augmentation.

Figure 1 displays the results for all of the  $\beta$ -carotene results reported in RR65. Each line represents the results for a single participant. The line segments o the left connect results for #352 and #356; the lines to the right connect results for #353, #354, and #355. The x-axis spacing for the three spiked materials reflects the relative proportion of the spike, so that ideal results will produce a straight line.

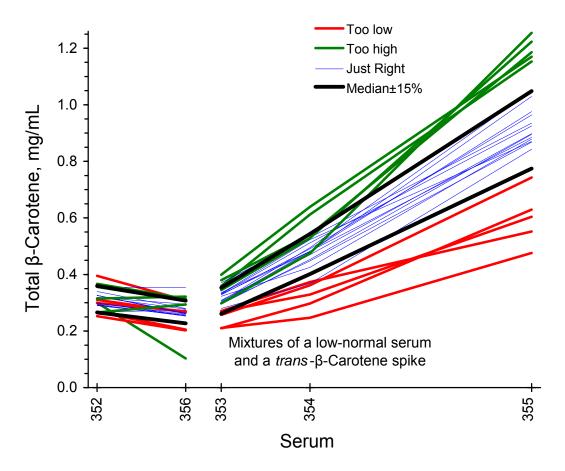


Figure 1: RR65 Results for Total β-Carotene

The thick black lines bound the region  $\pm$  15 % about the median result. The thin blue lines denote the participant results that (mostly) fall within this region. The thick green lines denote the results for #355 that are more than 15 % higher than the median; the thick red lines denote the results that are (mostly) more than 15 % lower than expected.

We hypothesize that the "too low" results arise from extraction processes that are not adequate enough to completely extract  $\beta$ -carotene. However, there is no correlation between the relative location of the "too low" results of the spiked materials and in the two SRM 968c-related mixtures. Therefore, the relative under-extraction in the artificial matrix does not imply under-extraction in a native matrix. Also, the "too low" results are quite consistently low for all three of the spiked materials, thereby indicating that the problem is with the nature of the spike and not its proportion in the mixture.

The "too high" results are less easily explained, since we do not believe that extraction from the artificial matrix should be easier than from the native. However, we actually expected the spiked levels to be somewhat higher than the median results so it is quite plausible that the "too high" values are in fact the "true" values for a really complete extraction.

Regardless of the causes, the RR65 results strongly suggest that we cannot (yet) successfully augment carotenoid levels. We will continue to try to provide you with sera that have interesting levels and patterns of analytes, but we are constrained in what we can deliver by the native levels in commercially available sera.

## Appendix C. "All-Lab Report" for RR65

The following six pages are the "All-Lab Report" as provided to all participants, with two exceptions:

- the participant identifiers (Lab) have been altered.
- the order in which the participant results are listed has been altered.

The data summary in the "All-Lab Report" has been altered to ensure confidentiality of identification codes assigned to laboratories. The only attributed results are those reported by NIST. The NIST results are not used in the assessment of the consensus summary results of the study.

pherol, µg/mL 354 355 0.106 0.098	0.072 0.067 0.060															C	,		U					0.201	0.290	0.027	0		0.287	•	0.287	0.013		1 0.277 0.047
354 0.106	0.067															290			0.050				4	0.050	0.098	0.009			bu					0.061
.104																0.251 0.110 0.060 0.062 0.201			0.370 0.080 0.100 0.050 0.280				4	0.060	0.106	0.029 (	0		bu					0.084 (
ió lo	0.320															0 110			0.080				4	0.072	0.110	0.022	0		bu					0.092
352 0.338																0.251							4	0.251	0.370	0.037	9	0.369	0.331	7 7	0.33	0.011	0.019	0.330
	2.52	1.90	2.72	2.90	2.49		1.88				2.34	2.37	2.70	2.46		2 40			2.45	1		i	18	1.88	2.98	0.285	. 0		2.34	7 :	7.34	0.048	0.080	2.398 0.296
1, µg/m 355 3.06	2.75	2.19	3.09		3.06			2.90				2.61		2.73		275	3.37		2.75			0	18	2.17	3.37	0.337			2.82	7 7	0.8.0	0.070	0.103	2.794 0.338
0	3.27	2.42			3.49								3.65	3.19		308			3.08	į		Ċ	3.09	0,0		0.328			3.11	7 9	3.100	0.110	0.139	3.187 0.348
//β-Τοc 353 3.50	3.23	2.41			3.43			3.30				3.26		3.06		3 17			3.15			0	3.00	2.39		0.351			2.95	7	7.954	0.058		3.076 0.391
352 2.80	2.78	2.00		3.00	2.73			2.40				2.58	2.95	2.66		2 63	3.24	2.55	2.62	i			18	2.00	3.24	0.212	23	2.730	2.61		2.608			2.627 0.262
356	10.55	10.70 9.58	11.10 11.44	10.44	11.07	10.77	8.20	10.20	10.70	9.70	10.26	11.74	11.05	12.40	7.80	10.80	10.57	8.24	10.57		9.70	9.60	31	7.80	12.40	0.812	0		10.71	7 !	0.715	0.227	0.363	10.633 0.827
355 6.73	7.13	7.30	6.80	6.74	7.47	7.32	5.49	6.90	6.90	6.20	6.79	7.30	7.67	8.51	6.91	6.90	6.93	5.32	7.13	9	6.40	6.60	31	5.32	8.51	0.593	0		6.93		0.927	0.201	0.203	6.914 0.593
354 7.69	8.13	8.40	7.70 8.37	7.91	7.97	8.18	5.98	7.70	7.80	8.20	7.38	9.11	8.53	6.67	8.04	8.70	7.70	6.26	7.97		7.20	7.40	3.1	5.98	9.1	0.755	0		8.09	7 .00	8.034	0.109	0.155	8.002 0.766
α-Tocopherol, μg/ml 353 354 355 7.73 7.69 6.73	8.03	8.80	7.70 8.54	7.59	8.48	8.18	6.07	7.80	6.90	8.40	7.58	8.98	8.55 7 85	9.27	7.70	8.10	7.70	6.41	8.27	9	7.40	7.80	3.4	6.07	9.27	0.697	0		7.87	7 7	0.429	0.398	0.585	7.836
352 10.86	11.96	12.20 10.57	11.20 12.28	10.85	12.55 13.44	12.06	9.25	9.50	11.40	12.54	11.32	13.17	12.69	13.91	10.07	12.90	11.94	9.58	12.07	i	10.90	9.70	34	9.25	13.91	1.260	4	11.619	11.65	7 0	0.601	0.270	0.659	11.542
356 0.053	0.040		0.051		bu		0.034						0.077	0.040			0.056		0.036			ŗ	0.045 0	0.034	0.045	0.012	0						L	0.045
Retinyl Palmitate, µg/ml. 353 354 355 8 0.066 0.072 0.096 (	0.031		0.036 0.051		bu		0.001					9	210.0	0.010 0.040			0.034		0.006 0.036			0	<0.02 8		0.096	0.020	0							0.022
almitate 354 0.072			0.036		bu		0.002						0.010				0.051						20.02 8	0.002		0.021	0							0.021
353 0.066			7:037		bu		0.001						0.010	0.010			0.039		0.006 0.008				20.02 8	0.001	0.066	0.015	0							0.014
Re 352 0.058	0.049		0.054 0.037 0.036	3	0.061		0.040 0.001 0.002 0.001 0.034						0.058 0.010	0.040 0.010 0.020			0.071		0.034			9	0.049	0.034		0.012	13	0.052						0.052
356										0.620	) }		9080	9							0.594		0.708	0.594		0.130	0						L	0.708
ug/mL 355										0.260	0.320		0 528 0 310 0 314 0 340 0 806	5							0.230		0.233	0.230	0.340	0.044	0							0.260
etinol, <sub>1</sub>										0.290	5		217	5								i	107.0	0.251	0.353	0.047	0							
trans-Retinol, µg/m  353 354 355										0.290 0.290 0.260	0.00		0.340	5							0.259 0.258	0	0.239		0.356	0.046	0							0.290
352										0.650	0.030		0.530	0.023							0.638		0.572		0.698	0.089	9	0.059						0.638 0.290 0.290 0.089 0.046 0.047
356	0.799	0.778	0.800	0.647	0.749	0.740	0.624	0.768	0.800	≥0.620 >0.745	0.702	0.776	0.805	0.670	0.599	0.862	0.812		0.752	0.690	≥0.594	0.643	≥0.708 28	0.584	0.862	990.0	0		0.722	7 0	0.027	0.013		0.745
mL 355 0.292	0.300	0.289	0.310 0.297	0.215	0.293	0.290	0.235	0.295		≥0.260 ≥		0.261	0.316	0.260	0.267	0.291	0.302		0.241				20.233	0.215	0.350	0.019	0		0.276	7 0	0.276	0.002	0.011	0.285
ast4 0.320			0.350		0.319	0.320		0.347		≥0.290 ≥v	d		0.342			0.399			0.285		ΛI	,	20.231			0.027	0				0.308			0.314
찚			0.340 0 0.325 0		0.315 0	0.320		0.327 0		>0.290 ≥0	d		0.338			0.349 0			0.268 0		ΛI	,	28 20			0.027 0	0		0.309		0.309			0.313 0
. (,)			0.790 0. 0.700 0.		0.698 0.	0.690		0.673 0.			d		0.728 0.0			0.843 0.0			0.697 0.			,				0.071 0.	; 4	0.673	0.683 0.		0.683 0.0			0.059 0.
										BR ≥0.650	d										ΛI		N 28			SD O.C	Npast				Sren 0.6			NAV NAU 0.0
Lab FSV-BA	FSV-BB FSV-BC	FSV-BD FSV-BE	FSV-BF FSV-BG	FSV-BH	FSV-BJ FSV-BK	FSV-BL	FSV-BN	FSV-BO	FSV-BQ	FSV-BR	FSV-BU	FSV-BV	72V-BW	FSV-CD	FSV-CE	FSV-CF	FSV-CI	FSV-CP	FSV-CW	FSV-DD	FSV-DV	FSV-EE	73-751 N	Min	Σ	-, 0	ž	Medianpast SDpast	Z į	ISIN :	Ne Ne	ຸດ	Z Z	ΖŻ

All Lab Report

356	0.228	2			.163			0.149					;	0.221		0.176				7	0.149	0.228	0.027	<u>o</u> c	>		0.191	N 5	0.191	0.001	0.008	0.183
355	0.310 0.201	2000	0.189 0.271 0.233 0.233 0.194		0.223 0.233 0.239 0.163			0.150 0.211 0.215 0.166 0.149						0.296 (		0.187 (				7	0.166	0.310	0.072	9 0	>		0.225 (	Z 200	0.225	0.013	0.015	0.230
354	0.330 0.230	0.055	662.0		0.233			0.215					:	0.320 0.316 0.296	!	0.223 0.217 0.187					0.215	0.330	0.027	_ <			0.22	7 000	0.223	0.006	0.013	0.228
353	0.322	720	0.27					0.211						0.320		0.223					0.211		0.0	-			0.225	7	0.225	0.000	0.011	0.227
=	0.218				0.161									0.229	į	0.177					0.150		0.0	5 =	o.	0.033	0.201	N 70	0.201	0.012	0.023	0.186
356	0.571 0.401 0.505 0.382	9760	3 0.372 0 0.390			0.350		2 0.368	0.339		0800		i	2 0.351	0.293 0.251						3 0.251		0.03	4 C								7 0.372
355	7 0.571 3 0.505	6	5 0.428 2 0.490		4 0.467	1 0.391		4 0.412	3 0.441	8 0.577	0.430.0.520	20.0	!	7 0.472						15 15	4 0.293 5 0.467	8 0.577	0.0	-								0.515 0.467
3 354	31 0.597 38 0.533		19 0.497 18 0.515 33 0.572			43 0.441 21 0.408			ob 0.543 34 0.627					0.507	35 0.364						21 0.364		0.0	<u> </u>	<b>o</b>							
2 353	0.416 0.581 0.376 0.538	75	0.367 0.518 0.367 0.518 0.416 0.533		0.331 0.437	0.262 0.443 0.396 0.321		04 0.531	81 0.566 42 0.584	48 0.644	0320 0380	5		11 0.506	0.280 0.365					, 21	0.262 0.321	0.448 0.644	0.0	0 7	12	78						76 0.519
=						0.044 0.2			0.056 0.381					0.060 0.311		94								<u>o</u> c		0.078	20	N 6	0.050	3 8	0.003	47 0.376
355 356	0.030 0.043 0.024 0.042					0.027 0.0 0.038 0.0			0.027 0.0 0.033 0.0		070 0 070			0.045 0.060 0.059 0.062	0.028 0.0	0.026 0.049					0.021 0.039		0.008 0.0		>		0.031 0.050		0.031 0.050		0.005 0.0	0.031 0.047
354 3	0.032 0.0 0.029 0.0	200	0.034 0.033 nq nq 0.034 0.031		0.025 0.0	0.026 0.0		0.039 0.0	0.034 0.0	0.020 0.0	070 0 040			0.048 0.0 0.058 0.0	0.033 0.0	0.027 0.0				16	0.020 0.0	0.058 0.0		97	>		0.031 0.0		0.031 0.0	0.000 0.0	0.004 0.0	0.032 0.0
353 3	0.032 0. 0.028 0.		0.038 U. nq v. 0.032 0.			0.026 0.		0.037 0.	0.040 0. 0.040 0.		0.030.0			0.049 0. 0.062 0.	0.030 0.	0.028 0.					0.019 0.			8 0	>		0.029 0.		0.029 0.			0.030 0.
352	0.049 0 0.048 0	0 990	0.038 0 0.043 0.058 0			0.024 0			0.056 U 0.071 0		0 050 0			0.066 0 0.082 0		0.054 0					0.024 0				0.055	0.012	0.048 0		0.048 0			0.051 0
	0.013		0.011		0.017									0.021							0.011			ξ, c								0.013
	0.036		0.043		090.0									0.063							0.036			4 0	•							0.043
	0.020		0.020		0.028									0.036							0.020			<b>~</b> C	>							0.021
	0.014 0.014		0.014		0.019									0.024							0.014			o c	•							0.014
352	0.019		0.016		0.036									0.025						2	0.016	0.036	90000	တ္က တ	0.024	0.008						0.020
356	0.243		0.248					0.255						0.233					0.294	7	0.233	0.294	0.010	4 C	>							0.248
355	0.274 0.285 0.428 0.833 0.243 0.274 0.281 0.433 0.855 0.239		0.283 0.322 0.462 0.933 0.248		0.304 0.210 0.301 0.569 0.252			0.290 0.333 0.523 0.870 0.255					;	0.274 0.303 0.455 0.901 0.233					0.266 0.345 0.529 1.223 0.294	7	0.569	1.223	0.055	٥ ٥	•							0.870
354	0.428		0.462		0.301			0.523						0.455					0.529		0.301	0.529	0.04	n c								0.455
353	0.274 0.285 0.274 0.281		3 0.322		4 0.210			0.333						4 0.303					5 0.345	7 7	0.266 0.210	1 0.345	0.0	4 w		<del>-</del>						0.274 0.303 0.455 0.870 0.248
		0 10 1				m 0			- 4	4		. "			0 01	<u> </u>	)						0.01	4 6	0	0.034	4 (	N :	4 (	· –	0	
	0.256		0.259			0.263		ΛI	0.261		0.280			0.255		0.277			≥0.294		0.103						0.26		0.264			0.266
355	0.868 0.896		0.976 0.843			0.898		≥0.870	1.170		1 030	1 153	-	0.964		0.925			≥1.223	20	0.476	1.254	0.190		•		0.885	7 200	0.885			0.898
354	0.448 0.453	0.247	0.368		0.329	0.470		≥0.523	0.639	0.425	0.480	0.430	2 :	0.491	0.362	0.512			≥0.529	20	0.247	0.639	0.079	<u> </u>	)		0.482	7 7	0.482	0.009	0.022	0.477
353	0.299	0.211	0.336 0.280		0.229	0.309		≥0.333	0.399	0.323	0 330	0.359		0.328	0.257	0.332	i S		≥0.345	20	0.211	0.399	0.042	<u>4</u> C	)		0.303	7 00	0.303	0.011	0.013	0.305
352	0.292 0.294	0.311	0.299 0.319		0.340	0.326			0.326	0.355	0 340	0.300		0.299	0.253	0.319			≥0.266	20	0.253	0.395	0.034	- 80	0.320	0.043	0.326	7 000	0.326	0.006	0.022	0.321
Lab	FSV-BA FSV-BB FSV-BC	FSV-BE FSV-BE FSV-BF	FSV-BG FSV-BH FSV-BJ	FSV-BK FSV-BL	FSV-BM FSV-BN	FSV-BO FSV-BP	FSV-BQ FSV-BR		FSV-BU FSV-BV	FSV-BW	FSV-CC	FSV-CE	FSV-CF	FSV-CG FSV-CI	FSV-CP	FSV-CW	FSV-DD	FSV-DV		z	Min	Max	SD	> to Z	Medianpast	SDpast	NIST	LSIN :	Mean	Shet	SNIST	NAV

	356		1.160 1.150 1.060 0.925	0.770 0.853 0.919 0.789 0.776		1.334 1.083		0.770 0.770	0 1.280	3 0.793	7 7 7 770 0.770 333 0.900 334 1.280 188 0.184 20 20	0 0			3 0.900 8 0.184
Ó,	4 355		50 1.06	19 0.78		17 1.33			30 0.910 30 0.981	71 0.933	0.0	0			30 0.933 38 0.188
zyme G	3 354		60 1.1	53 0.9		1.349 1.585 1.817		1.000 0.970	1.080 0.980 1.077 1.080	59 0.971		0			77 0.980 23 0.098
	352 353		0.941 1.1	70 0.8		349 1.5		0.780 1.0	1.130 1.0 1.043 1.0	0.813 0.959	7 7 0.770 0.853 0.941 1.077 1.349 1.585 0.239 0.123 25 11	7 0.776 0.135			0.941 1.077 0.239 0.123
[		03	0.6		77 01 97		30			0.8		0 0.7 0.1	95	95 00 07	0.096 0.941 0.024 0.239
, µg/mL		54 0.082 53 0.103		42 0.097 37 0.080	40 0.077 79 0.101 32 0.097		50 0.230	24 0.129 16 0.066			0.0	0	9 0.095	49 0.095 35 0.000 14 0.007 15 0.007	
xanthin		72 0.154 97 0.163		52 0.142 53 0.137	52 0.140 38 0.179 90 0.102	34 0.106 12 0.181 32 0.187 33 0.169	0.360	52 0.224 25 0.116			0.0	0	79 0.149	79 0.149 33 0.005 37 0.014 37 0.015	30 0.154 44 0.034
7% 1%		71 0.172 39 0.197		74 0.162	51 0.152 56 0.188 58 0.090	37 0.134 36 0.212 34 0.232 34 0.203	0.400	51 0.252 5 0.125			0.0	0	3 0.179	2 33 0.179 35 0.003 34 0.007 36 0.007	34 0.180 39 0.044
tal Lute		2 0.171 7 0.199		8 0.174 9 0.161	4 0.151 8 0.206 4 0.088	6 0.137 3 0.196 7 0.234 2 0.204	0 0.360	2 0.251 0 0.145	3 0.168 3 0.209		0.0	24 00 25	3 0.183	2 3 0.183 5 0.005 7 0.006	
. [	1	0.082		0.098	0.094	0.066 0.103 0.107 0.082	0.230	0.122			0.0	0.0	0.093	0.093	
	356	0.040		0.060 0.057 0.050 0.030	3 0.023	0.021		3 0.014	5 0.044		7 7 3 0.014 5 0.030 5 0.045 8 0.015	0	0.034 0.062 0.062 0.048 0.034	3 0.034 4 0.002 3 0.004 5 0.004	9 0.032
.⊑	322	0.066 0.050		7 0.05	7 0.043	0.019 0.045 0.044 0.031		0.013 0.026 0.024 0.023	0.083 0.076		7 7 7 7 7 7 124 0.023 0.050 119 0.028 34 56	0	2 0.04	2 0.048 2 0.004 2 0.003 3 0.005	9 0.049
eaxant	354			0.05	17 0.047 36 0.071	15 0.04		6 0.02	7 0.08		0.0	0	2 0.06	2 0.062 33 0.002 31 0.002 33 0.003	0.059
Total Z	2 353	0.040 0.068		27 0.06	20 0.047 / 0.086	19 0.04		13 0.02	0.039 0.077		0.00	15 027 009	34 0.06	2 2 2 2 3 3 4 0.062 3 5 0.003 3 0.001 3 0.003	29 0.061
L F	352			0.027	54 0.020 56 <i>nd</i>						0.0.0.0	0 15 0.027 0.009	=	2 0.034 32 0.005 33 0.001 4 0.005	
	5 356	13 0.063		37 0.050 25 0.068	00 0.054 08 0.056	75 0.0		0.093 0.052	22 0.074		0.00	0	0.06	21 0.061 31 0.002 11 0.003	
⊐.	355	32 0.113		0.096 0.087 0.139 0.125	0.109 0.100 0.117 0.108	0.0 06			0.139 0.122		0.00	0	18 0.10	0.118 0.101 0.002 0.001 0.005 0.011 0.005 0.011	15 0.103 27 0.021
tal Lute	353 354	0.130 0.132		0.101 0.0 0.137 0.1	0.107 0.109 0.120 0.117	0.0 260		0.119 0.101	0.133 0.1		8 8 0.092 0.090 0.120 0.113 0.137 0.139 0.019 0.027 16 24	0	121 0.1	0.121 0.1 0.002 0.0 0.005 0.0 0.006 0.0	0.120 0.115 0.022 0.027
	352 39	0.067 0.		0.052 0.7	0.054 0.7	0.047 0.092 0.090 0.075 0.042		0.057 0.7	0.073 0.		8 0.047 0.0 0.058 0.7 0.073 0.7 0.011 0.0	16 0.068 0.015	0.059 0.121 0.118 0.101 0.061	0.059 0.7 0.001 0.0 0.004 0.0	0.058 0.7
[	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		10	090	0.	o.		=	0	0	0000	
	355	0.035 0.031 0.020 0.033 0.028 0.020			.017 0.	.028 0.	.100 0.				5 5 5 5 0.007 0.007 0.009 0.022 0.017 0.007 0.002 0.034 0.035 0.028 0.020 0.060 0.100 0.110 0.100 0.060 0.012 0.012 0.010 0.006 0.004 0.009 0.00	0			0.028 0.020
toxanth	354	.035 0 .033 0			0.022 0	0.039 0	0.110 0				5 0.022 0 0.035 0 0.110 0 0.006 0	0			0.035 0
a-Cryp	353				0.019	0.041	0.100				5 0.019 C 0.034 C 0.100 C 0.010 C	0			0.034 0
Total	352	0.020 0.034 0.035 0.031 0.020 0.017 0.032 0.033 0.028 0.020			0.007 0.019 0.022 0.017 0.007	0.028 0.041 0.039 0.028 0.026	0.060 0.100 0.110 0.100 0.060				5 5 0.007 0.019 0.020 0.034 0.060 0.100 0.012 0.010 59 31	6 0.019 0.002			0.020 0.034 0.035 0.028 0.020 0.012 0.010 0.006 0.004 0.009
/m/	=			0.061 0.066 0.058	0.054 0.050 0.052	0.049 0.080 0.057 0.046	0.070	0.082	0.060		16 0.046 0.059 0.082 0.010	0	090.0	0.060 0.001 0.004 0.004	0.059
thin, µg	322	0.098 0.090 0.061 0.096 0.084 0.061		0.088 0.095 0.082	0.081 0.074 0.036	0.076 0.111 0.076 0.075	0.130	0.134	0.079		16 0.036 0.082 0.134 0.011	0	0.083	0.083 0.001 0.001 0.002	0.082
ptoxan	354	0.098		0.097 0.102 0.092	0.088 0.078 0.044	0.081 0.131 0.093 0.089	0.120	0.135	0.090			0	0.101	0.101 0.003 0.000 0.003	
ਲ	353	0.056 0.097 0.098 0.090 0.061 0.056 0.093 0.096 0.084 0.061		0.058 0.100 0.060 0.100 0.056 0.089	0.051 0.088 0.070 0.077 0.056 0.043	0.046 0.074 0.075 0.110 0.050 0.089 0.042 0.090	0.110	0.132	0.054 0.091 0.046 0.080		16 16 0.042 0.043 0.056 0.091 0.075 0.132 0.007 0.014 13 15	0	0.100	0.002	0.095
Tot			0 1				0.070	0.061		<u> </u>		Npast 26 Ilianpast 0.057 SDpast 0.011	NIST 0.058 0.100 0.101 0.083 0.060	Mean 0.058 0.100 0.101 Srep 0.002 0.002 0.003 Shet 0.001 0.003 0.000 SNIST 0.002 0.004 0.003	NAV 0.057
	Lab	FSV-BA FSV-BB FSV-BC	FSV-BD FSV-BE FSV-BF	FSV-BG FSV-BH FSV-BJ FSV-BK	FSV-BL FSV-BN FSV-BO FSV-BP FSV-BP FSV-BQ	FSV-BS FSV-BU FSV-BV FSV-BW	FSV-CD FSV-CE	FSV-CF FSV-CG FSV-CI	FSV-CP FSV-CW FSV-CZ	FSV-DD FSV-DV FSV-EE	Median Max SD CV	Npast 26 Medianpast 0.057 SDpast 0.011	NIST	Mean Srep Shet	NAN NAU
								- 11	- L -			Me			

L	Phyllo	pduin	one (K	Phylloquinone (K1), ng/mL	٦Ļ	25-	ydroxy	vitamir	25-hydroxyvitamin D, µg/mL	'nĽ
Lab	352 3	353	354	355	356	352	353	354	355	356
FSV-BA FSV-BB FSV-BC FSV-BD	4 0 0		7			0.013	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.014
FSV-BE FSV-BF FSV-BG	1.188 .0	0.587	0.578	c09.0	1.132					
FSV-BH FSV-BJ FSV-BK						0.012	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.012
FSV-BL FSV-BM										
FSV-BO										
FSV-BQ FSV-BR										
FSV-BS FSV-BU										
FSV-BV FSV-BW										
FSV-CC FSV-CD										
FSV-CE FSV-CF										
FSV-CG FSV-CI	1 837 0	0800	0 714	000	1 253					
FSV-CP		2	5							
FSV-CW FSV-CZ										
FSV-DD										
FSV-EE										
Z		7	2	~	2	2	2	2	2	2
Min	1.188 0.	0.587	0.578	9080	1.132	0.012	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.012
Max		0.820	0.714	9	1.253	0.013	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.013
3 5										
Npast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SDpast										
NIST										
Nnist Mean										
Shet										
SNIST										
NAV NAU										

## Analytes Reported By One Laboratory

Analyte	Code	352	353	354	355	356
Ubiquinol	FSV-BW	1.283	1.265	1.543	1.207	0.555
Ubiquinone	FSV-BW	0.066	0.320	0.274	0.126	0.528

Term	Legend
N Min Median Max SD CV	Number of (non-NIST) quantitative values reported for this analyte Minimum (non-NIST) quantitative value reported Median (non-NIST) quantitative value reported Maximum (non-NIST) quantitative value reported Standard deviation for (non-NIST) results: 0.741*(3rd Quartile - 1st Quartile) Coefficient of Variation for (non-NIST) results: 100*SD/Median
N <sub>past</sub> Median <sub>past</sub> SD <sub>past</sub>	Mean of N(s) from past RR(s) Mean of Median(s) from past RR(s) Pooled SD from past RR(s)
Mean <sub>NIST</sub> S <sub>rep</sub> S <sub>het</sub> S <sub>NIST</sub>	NIST's within-vial pooled standard deviation NIST's among-vial pooled standard deviation
NAV	NIST Assigned Value = (Median + Mean <sub>NIST</sub> )/2 for analytes reported by NIST analyst(s) = Median for analytes reported by ≥ 5 labs but not NIST
NAU	NIST Assigned Uncertainty: √(S² + Sbtw²) S is the maximum of (0.05*NAV, SD, SNIST, eSD) and Sbtw is the standard deviation between Median and Mean <sub>NIST</sub> . The expected long-term SD, eSD, is defined in: Duewer et al., Anal Chem 1997;69(7):1406-1413.
nd nq ≥x	Not detected (i.e., no detectable peak for analyte) Detected but not quantitatively determined Concentration greater than or equal to x
italics	Not explicitly reported but calculated by NIST from reported values

## Comparability Summary

Lab	TR	аТ	g/bT	bC	tbC	аC	TLy	TbX	TLu	ΤZ	L&Z
FSV-BA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
FSV-BB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FSV-BC	1										
FSV-BD	1	1									
FSV-BE	3	2	3	2							
FSV-BF	2	1		1							
FSV-BG	1	1	1	2		1	1	1			1
FSV-BH	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FSV-BJ	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		
FSV-BK		1									
FSV-BL	1	1									
FSV-BM	2	2									
FSV-BN	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
FSV-BO	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
FSV-BP	1	2		2		2	2	2			2
FSV-BQ	1	1									
FSV-BR	2	2									
FSV-BS	2			1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
FSV-BU	2	1	1	1		1	1	2			1
FSV-BV	1	2	1	2		1	1	1			1
FSV-BW	1	1	2	2		1	2	1			1
FSV-CC	2	2									
FSV-CD	2	3	1	1		1	1	2			4
FSV-CE	2	2		3							
FSV-CF	3	1									
FSV-CG	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	2			2
FSV-CI	2	1	2	2		3			1	2	2
FSV-CP		3	2	2		1	2	1			1
FSV-CW	2	1	1	1		1		1	2	2	1
FSV-CZ	2	2	1	2							
FSV-DD	2										
FSV-DV	3	1									
FSV-EE	2	1									
FSV-EZ	3	2	1	2	3						
NIST	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
n	33	32	19	23	7	18	15	17	9	8	17
ا ، ، ،	TR	aT	g/bT	bC	tbC	aC	TLy	TbX	TLu	TZ	L&Z
% 1	39	59	68	52	71	83	80	76	78	75	71
% 2	42	31	21	43	0	11	20	24	22	25	24
% 3	18	9	11	4	29	6	0	0	0	0	0
% 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6

Label	Definition
Lab	Participant code
TR	Total Retinol
аТ	α-Tocopherol
g/bT	γ/β-Tocopherol
bC	Total β-Carotene
tbC	trans-β-Carotene
aC	Total α-Carotene
TLy	Total Lycopene
TbX	Total β-Cryptoxanthin
TLu	Total Lutein
TZ	Total Zeaxanthin
L&Z	Total Lutein & Zeaxanthin
n	number of participants providing quantitative data
% 1	Percent of CS = 1 (within 1 SD of medians)
% 2	Percent of CS = 2 (within 2 SD of medians)
% 3	Percent of CS = 3 (within 3 SD of medians)
% 4	Percent of CS = 4 (3 or more SD from medians)

### "Comparability Score"

The Comparability Score (CS) of summarizes your measurement performance for a given measurand, relative to the consensus medians. CS is the average distance, in standard deviation units, that your measurement performance characteristics are from the consensus performance. CS is calculated when the number of quantitative values you reported for a measurand,  $N_{you}$ , is at least two and the measurand has been reported by 10 or more participants.

$$CS = MIN(4, INT(1 + \sqrt{C^2 + AP^2}))$$

$$C = Concordanc \, e = \sum_{i}^{N_{you}} \frac{You_{i} - Median_{i}}{NAU_{i}} / N_{you}$$

$$\mathsf{AP} = \mathsf{Apparent\ Precision} = \sqrt{\sum_{i}^{N_{\mathsf{you}}} \!\! \left( \frac{\mathsf{You}_{i} - \mathsf{Median}_{i}}{\mathsf{NAU}_{i}} \right)^{\!2} \! \left/ \!\! \left( \! N_{\mathsf{you}} - 1 \! \right)}$$

NAU = NIST Assigned Uncertainty, our estimate of the overall measurement standard deviation for each sample. The estimate includes serum heterogeneity, analytical repeatability, and among-participant reproducibility variance components.

For further details, please see: Duewer DL, Kline MC, Sharpless KE, Brown Thomas J, Gary KT. Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program: Helping participants use interlaboratory comparison exercise results to improve their long-term measurement performance. Anal Chem 1999;71(9):1870-8.

## Appendix D. Representative "Individualized Report" for RR65

Each participant in RR65 received an "Individualized Report" reflecting their reported results. Each report included a detailed analysis for analytes that were assayed by at least five participants. The following analytes met this criterion in RR65:

- Total Retinol
- trans-Retinol
- Retinyl Palmitate
- α-Tocopherol
- $\gamma/\beta$ -Tocopherol
- Total β-Carotene
- *trans*-β-Carotene
- Total *cis*-β-Carotene
- Total α-Carotene
- Total Lycopene
- trans-Lycopene
- Total β-Cryptoxanthin
- Total α-Cryptoxanthin
- Total Lutein
- Total Zeaxanthin
- Total Lutein & Zeaxanthin
- Coenzyme Q10

The following thirteen pages are the "Individualized Report" for the analytes evaluated by participant FSV-BA.

# Individualized Round Robin LXV Report: FSV-BA

Set 1 of 38

# Summary

	Ser	Serum 352		Ser	Serum 353		Ser	Serum 354		Ser	Serum 355		Ser	Serum 356	
Analyte	You	NAV	⊆	You	NAV	_	You	NAV			NAV	⊆	You	NAV	⊆
Total Retinol	0.666		28	0.318	0.313	28	0.320	0.314	~	0.292	0.284	28		0.741	28
Retinyl Palmitate	90.0	0.05	10	0.1	0.0	∞	0.1	0.0	~	0.10	0.02	∞	0.05	0.05	ဝ
a-Tocopherol	10.86		31	7.73	7.84	31	69.7	8.00	31	6.73	6.91			10.63	31
γ/β-Tocopherol	2.795		18	3.495	3.076	18	3.485	3.187	18	3.064	2.794	18		2.398	18
5-Tocopherol	0.338	0.330	4	0.104	0.092	4	0.106	0.084	4	0.098	0.061	4	0.290	0.277	4
Total β-Carotene	0.292	0.318	20	0.299	0.305	20	0.448	0.477	20	0.868	0.898	20	0.256	0.266	20
trans-β-Carotene	0.274	0.274	) _	3.285	0.303	7	0.428	0.455	7	0.833	0.870	7	0.243	0.248	7
Total cis-β-Carotene	0.019		4	0.014	0.014	4	0.020	0.021	4	0.036	0.043	2	0.013	0.013	2
Total α-Carotene	0.049		17	0.032	0.030	16	0.032	0.032	16	0.030	0.031			0.047	17
Total Lycopene	0.416		15	0.581	0.519	15	0.597	0.515	15	0.571	0.467	15		0.372	15
trans-Lycopene	0.218			0.322	0.227	7	0.330	0.228	7	0.310	0.230			0.183	7
otal <b>β-Cryptoxanthin</b>	0.056		16	0.097	0.095	16	0.098	0.097	16	0.090	0.082	16		0.059	16
otal α-Cryptoxanthin	0.020		2	0.034	0.034	2	0.035	0.035	2	0.031	0.028			0.020	2
Il Lutein&Zeaxanthin	0.082	0.092	16	0.171	0.186	16	0.172	0.181 16	16	0.154	0.154	16		0.096	16

You: Your reported values for the listed analytes (micrograms/milliliter)

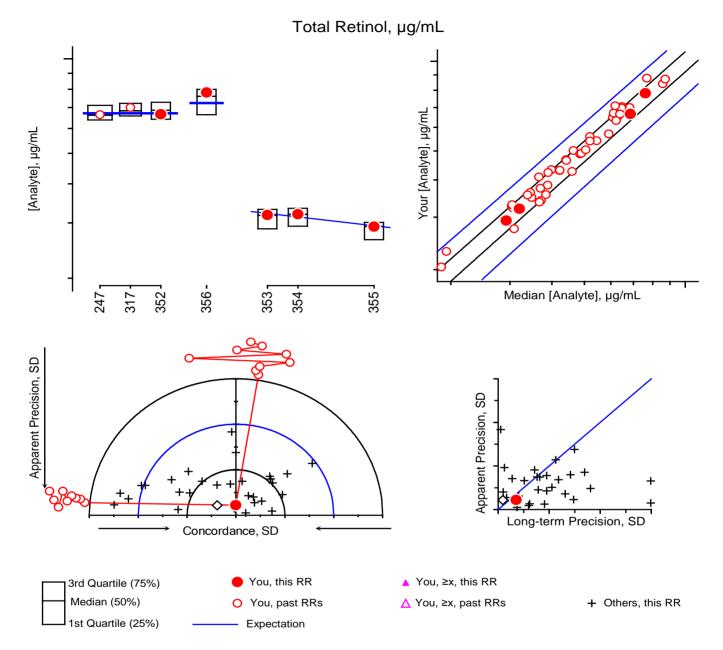
NAV: NIST Assigned Values, here equal to this RR's median

n: Number of non-NIST laboratories reporting quantitative values for this analyte in this serum

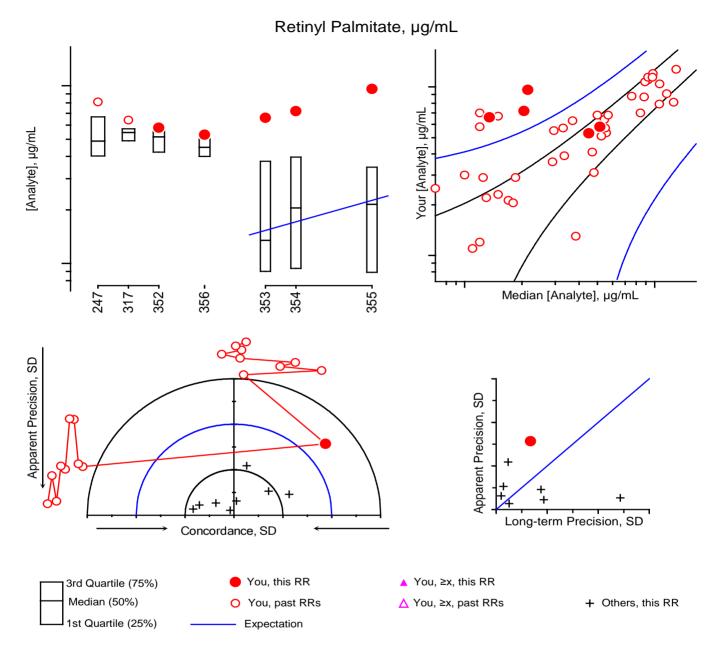
Please check our records against your records. Send corrections and/or updates to...

Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program National Institute of Standards and Technology Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8392 USA 100 Bureau Drive Stop 8392

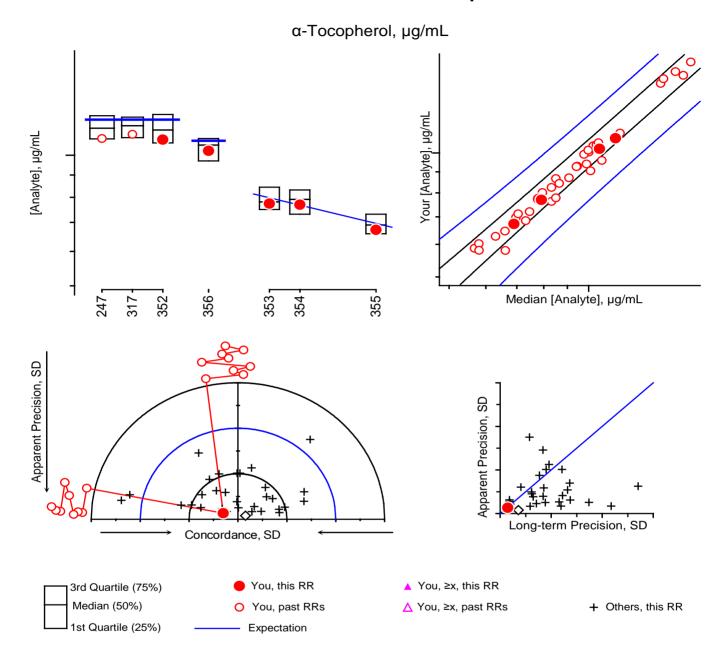
Fax: (301) 977-0685 Email: david.duewer@nist.gov Tel: (301) 975-3935



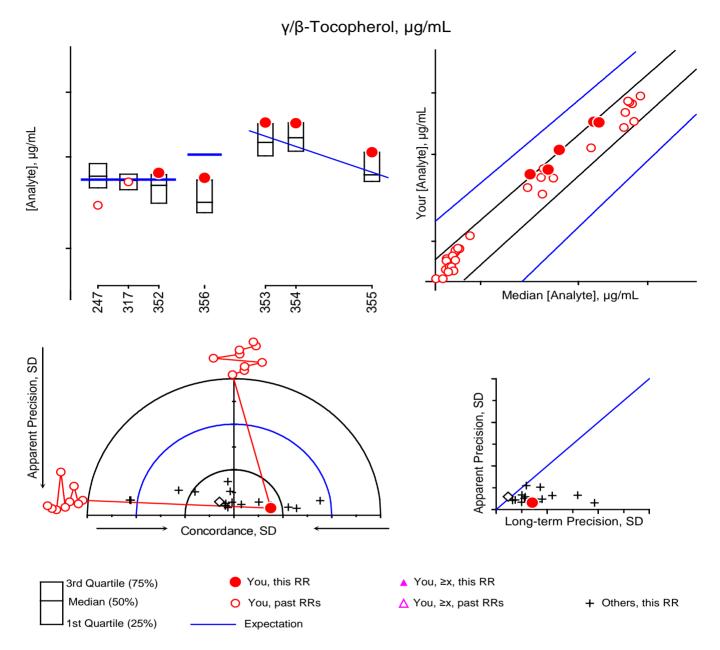
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



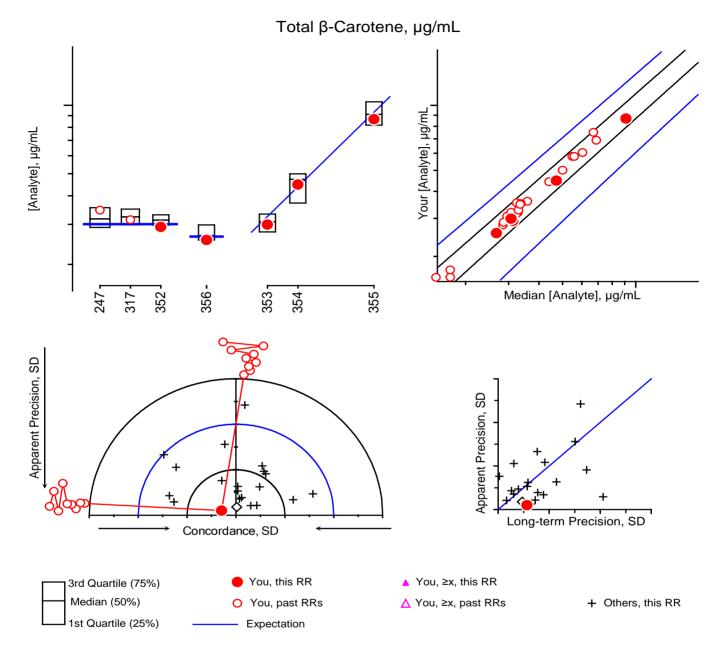
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
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#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



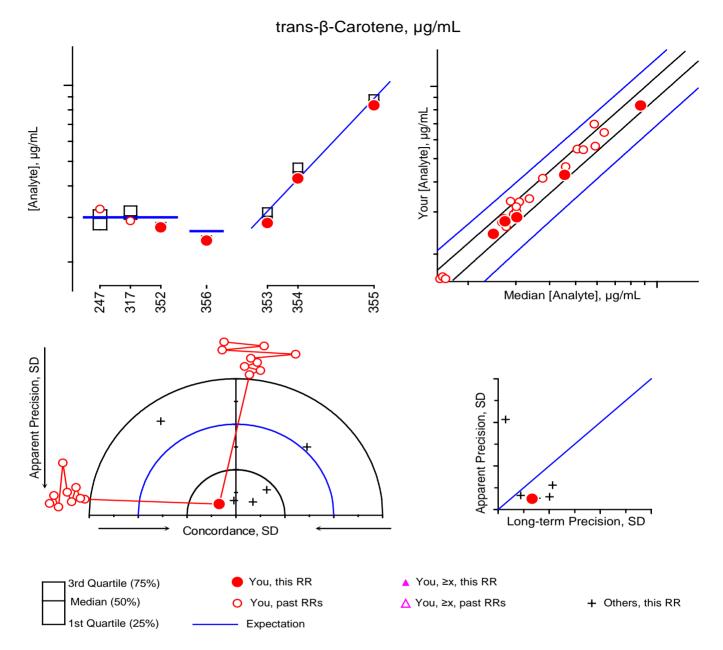
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
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#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



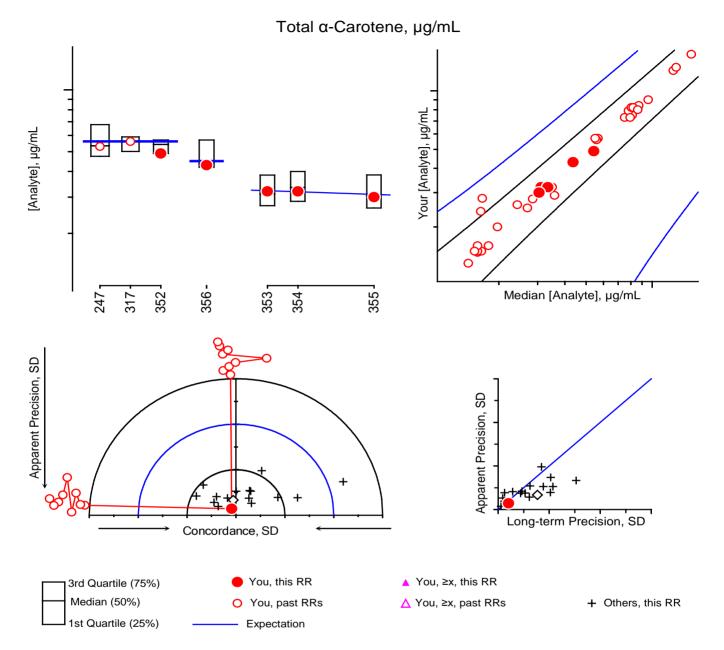
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
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#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



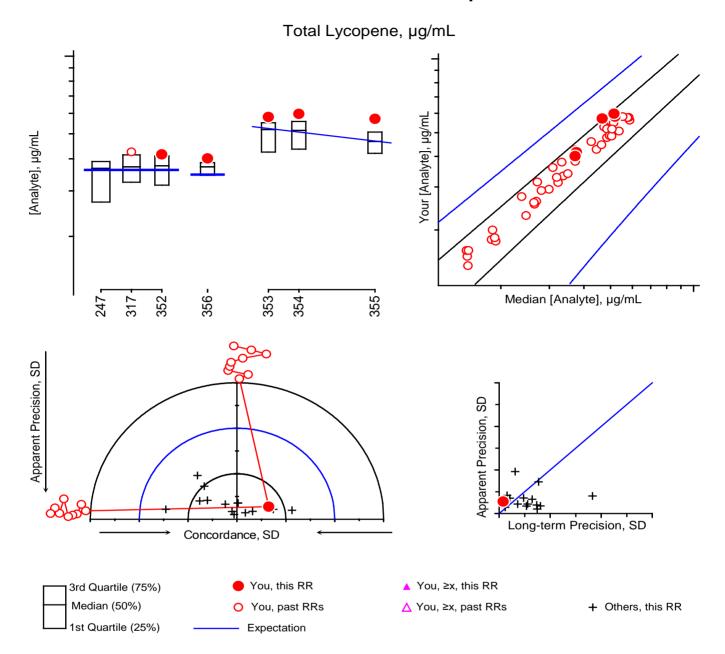
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



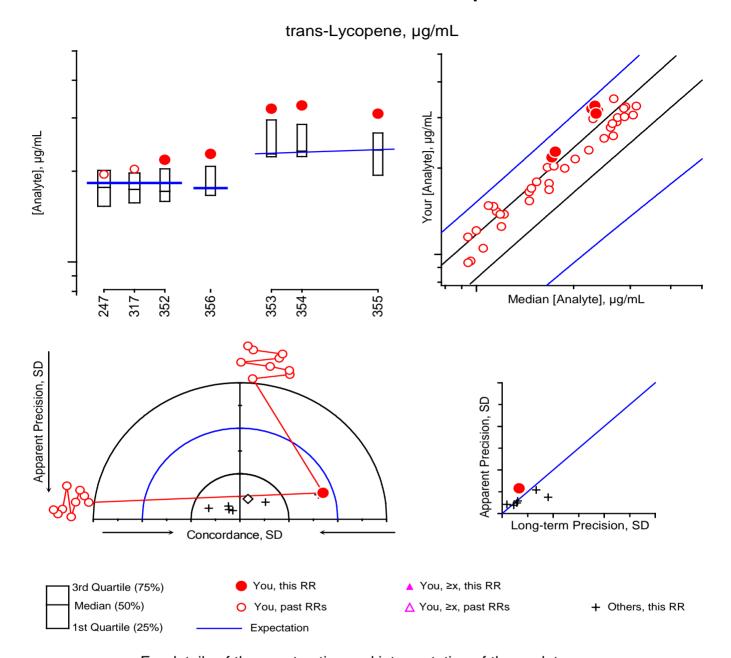
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	

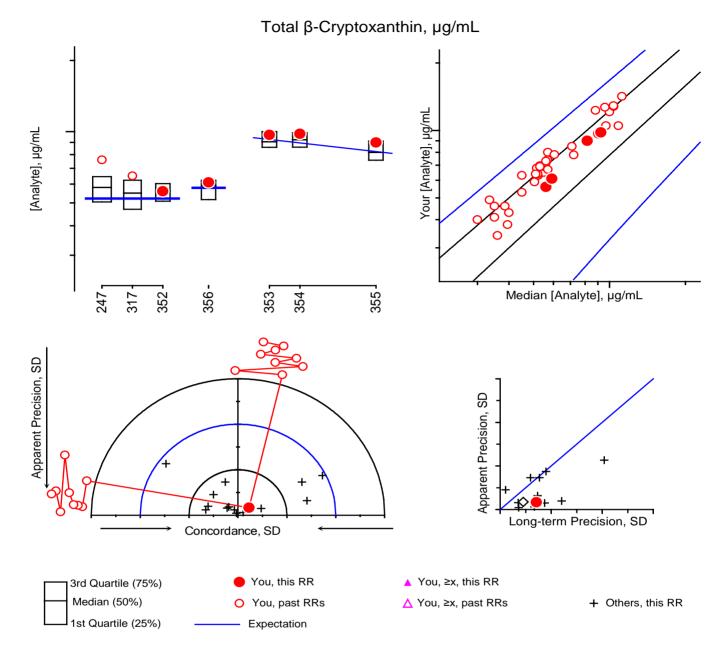


<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
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#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	



<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	

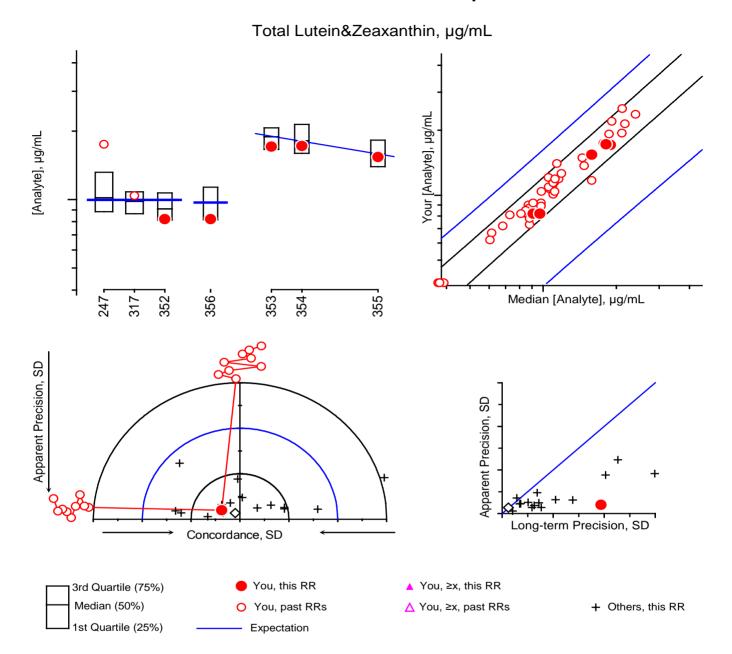
# Individualized RR LXV Report: FSV-BA



For details of the construction and interpretation of these plots, see: Duewer, Kline, Sharpless, Brown Thomas, Gary, Sowell. Anal Chem 1999;71(9):1870-8.

<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	

# Individualized RR LXV Report: FSV-BA



For details of the construction and interpretation of these plots, see: Duewer, Kline, Sharpless, Brown Thomas, Gary, Sowell. Anal Chem 1999;71(9):1870-8.

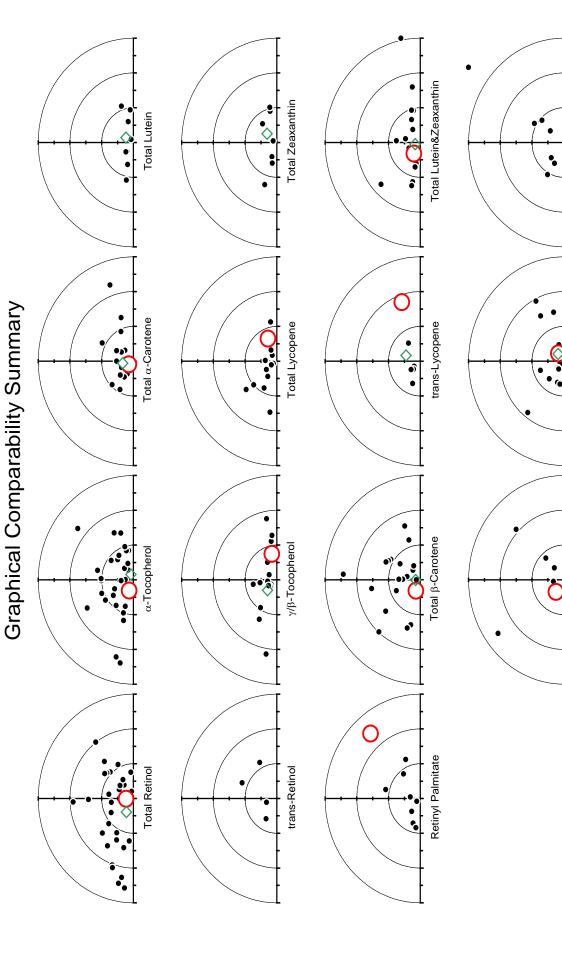
<u>Serum</u>	<u>Comments</u>		<u>History</u>
#352	1+1 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	44:#247, 58:#317	
#356	1+0.56 mixture of multi-donor pools #248 and #249	New	
#353	126+4 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#354	120+10 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	
#355	105+25 mixture of single-donor #353 with spike pool	New	

Coenzyme Q10

Total β-Cryptoxanthin

trans-β-Carotene

Set 1 of 38



#### Appendix E. Shipping Package Inserts for RR30

The following five items were included in each package shipped to an RR30 participant:

- Cover letter
- Protocol for Preparation and Analysis of the Ascorbic Acid Solid Control Material
- Preparation and Validation of Ascorbic Acid Solid Control Material Datasheet
- Analysis of Control Materials and Test Samples Datasheet
- Packing List and Shipment Receipt Confirmation Form

The cover letter, preparation protocol, and the two datasheets were enclosed in a sealed waterproof bag along with the samples themselves. The packing list was placed at the top of the shipping box, between the cardboard covering and the foam insulation.



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Institute of Standards and Technology Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-

December 3, 2008

Dear Colleague:

The samples within this package constitute Vitamin C Round Robin 30 (RR30) of the 2009 Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program.

RR30 consists of four vials of frozen serum test samples (#27, #57, #117, and #119), one vial of frozen control serum (CS #1), and one vial of ascorbic acid solid control material (Control). Please follow the attached protocols when you prepare and analyze these samples. If you cannot prepare the solid control solutions gravimetrically, please prepare equivalent solutions volumetrically and report the exact volumes used. (Routine 0.5 g gravimetric measurements are generally 10-fold more accurate than routine 0.5 mL volumetric measurements.)

Also included for analysis is one vial of SRM 1950 Metabolites in Human Serum. We would appreciate your assistance in the value-assignment of ascorbic acid in this material. SRM 1950 is a human plasma pool that was collected from healthy male and female donors. It contains lithium heparin as an anticoagulant. **Please note: SRM 1950 does not contain metaphosphoric acid.** Therefore, please prepare this sample as you would a routine plasma sample and provide us with any preparation and dilution details you consider relevant.

Please use the control serum to validate the performance of your measurement system <u>before</u> you analyze the *test* samples. The target value and  $\approx$ 95% confidence interval for CS #1 is 8.4  $\pm$  0.7  $\mu$ mol/L of sample.

The report for RR29 was e-mailed November 25, 2008. If you find your results for RR29 unsatisfactory, we recommend that you obtain Standard Reference Material (SRM) 970 Ascorbic Acid in Serum to validate your methodology and value assign in-house control materials. This SRM may be purchased from the Standard Materials Reference Program at NIST (Tel: 301-975-6776, Fax: 301-948-3730, or e-mail: srminfo@nist.gov).

Please be aware that sample contact with any oxidant-contaminated surface (vials, glassware, etc.) may degrade your measurement system's performance (SA Margolis and E Park, "Stability of Ascorbic Acid in Solutions in Autosampler Vials", *Clinical Chemistry* 2001, 47(8), 1463-1464). You should suspect such degradation if you observe unusually large variation in replicate analyses.

If you have any questions or concerns about the Vitamin C Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program please contact Jeanice Brown Thomas at tel: 301-975-3120, fax: 301-977-0685, or e-mail: jbthomas@nist.gov.

We ask that you return your results for these RR30 samples by March 31, 2009. We would appreciate receiving your results as soon as they become available. Please use the attached form. Your results will be kept confidential.

Sinderely,

Jeanice Brown Thomas

Research Chemist

Analytical Chemistry Division

Chemical Science and Technology Laboratory

Enclosures: Protocols, Preparation and Analysis of Control Materials and Analysis of Test Samples

RR30 Report Form for Ascorbic Acid Solid Control Material Preparation

RR30 Report Form for Control Material and Test Sample Analyses



# Micronutrient Measurement Quality Assurance Program for Vitamin C

### Please Read Through Completely BEFORE Analyzing Samples

#### Protocol for Preparation and Analysis of the Ascorbic Acid Solid Control Material

The ascorbic acid solid control material (in the amber vial) should be prepared and used in the following manner:

- 1) Prepare at least 500 mL of 5% mass fraction metaphosphoric acid (MPA) in distilled water. This solution will be referred to as the "Diluent" below.
- 2) Weigh 0.20 to 0.22 g of the ascorbic acid solid control material to 0.0001 g (if possible), dissolve it in the Diluent in a 100 mL volumetric flask, and dilute with the Diluent to the 100 mL mark. Weigh the amount of Diluent added to 0.1 g. Record the weights. The resulting material will be referred to as the "Stock Solution" below.
- 3) Prepare three dilute solutions of the Stock Solution as follows:
  - <u>Dilute Solution 1:</u> Weigh 0.500 mL of the Stock Solution to 0.0001 g into a 100 mL volumetric flask; dilute with Diluent to the 100 mL mark. Record the weight.
  - <u>Dilute Solution 2:</u> Weigh 0.250 mL of the Stock Solution to 0.0001 g into a 100 mL volumetric flask; dilute with Diluent to the 100 mL mark. Record the weight.
  - <u>Dilute Solution 3:</u> Weigh 0.125 mL of the Stock Solution to 0.0001 g into a 100 mL volumetric flask; dilute with Diluent to the 100 mL mark. Record the weight.
- 4) Calculate and record the total ascorbic acid concentrations, [TAA], in these Dilute Solutions. If you follow the above gravimetric preparation directions, the [TAA] in μmol/L is calculated:

$$[\mathsf{TAA}]_{\mathsf{DS}} = \frac{ \big( \mathsf{g} \, \mathsf{Stock} \, \, \mathsf{Solution} \, \mathsf{in} \, \mathsf{Dilute} \, \mathsf{Solution} \big) \cdot \big( \mathsf{g} \, \mathsf{AA} \, \mathsf{in} \, \mathsf{Stock} \, \mathsf{Solution} \big) \cdot \big( \mathsf{56785} \, \, \mu \mathsf{mol/g} \cdot \mathsf{L} \big) }{ \big( \mathsf{g} \, \mathsf{AA} \, \mathsf{in} \, \mathsf{Stock} \, \mathsf{Solution} \big) + \big( \mathsf{g} \, \mathsf{Diluent} \, \mathsf{in} \, \mathsf{Stock} \, \mathsf{Solution} \big) }$$

For example, if you prepared the Stock Solution with 0.2000 g of solid ascorbic acid and 103.0 g of Diluent, then 0.5 mL of the Stock Solution should weigh (0.2+103)/200 = 0.52 g and  $[TAA]_{DS1} = (0.52 \text{ g})(0.2 \text{ g}) \cdot (56785 \text{ } \mu\text{mol/g} \cdot \text{L})/(0.2 + 103 \text{ g}) = 57.2 \text{ } \mu\text{mol/L}$ . Likewise, 0.25 mL of the Stock Solution should weigh 0.26 g and  $[TAA]_{DS2} = 29.4 \text{ } \mu\text{mol/L}$  and 0.125 mL should weigh 0.13 g and  $[TAA]_{DS3} = 14.2 \text{ } \mu\text{mol/L}$ .

5) Measure the ultraviolet absorbance spectrum of Dilute Solution 1 against the Diluent as the blank using paired 1 cm path length cuvettes. Record the absorbance at 242, 243, 244, and 245 nm. Record the maximum absorbance ( $A_{max}$ ) within this region. Record the wavelength ( $\lambda_{max}$ ) at which this maximum occurs.

The extinction coefficient ( $E^{1\%}$ ) of ascorbic acid at  $\lambda_{max}$  (using a cell with a 1 cm path length) of Dilute Solution #1 can be calculated:

$$E^{1\%}(\frac{dL}{g \cdot cm}) = \frac{\left(A_{max}\right) \cdot \left(\left(g \text{ AA in Stock Solution}\right) + \left(g \text{ Diluent in Stock Solution}\right)\right)}{\left(g \text{ Stock Solution in Dilute Solution 1}\right) \cdot \left(g \text{ AA in Stock Solution}\right)}$$

If your spectrophotometer is properly calibrated,  $\lambda_{max}$  should be between 243 and 244 nm and  $E^{1\%}$  should be  $550 \pm 30$  dL/g·cm. If they are not, you should recalibrate the wavelength and/or absorbance axes of your spectrophotometer and repeat the measurements.

- 6) Measure and record the concentration of total ascorbic acid in all three dilute solutions and in the 5% MPA Diluent in duplicate using *exactly* the same method that you will use for the serum control materials and test samples, including any enzymatic treatment. We recommend that you analyze these solutions in the following order: Diluent, Dilute Solution 1, Dilute Solution 2, Dilute Solution 3, Dilute Solution 3, Dilute Solution 2, Dilute Solution 1, Diluent.
  - a) Compare the values of the duplicate measurements. *Are you satisfied that your measurement precision is adequate?*
  - b) Compare the measured with the calculated [TAA] values. This is most conveniently done by plotting the measured values on the y-axis of a scatterplot against the calculated values on the x-axis. The line through the four {calculated, measured} data pairs should go through the origin with a slope of 1.0. Are you satisfied with the agreement between the measured and calculated values?

Do <u>not</u> analyze the serum control materials or test samples until you are satisfied that your system is performing properly!

7) Once you have confirmed that your system is properly calibrated, analyze the serum control CS #1 (see protocol below). The target values for this materials is 8.4 ±0.7 µmol/L of sample. If your measured values are not close to this value, please review your sample preparation procedure and whether you followed *exactly* the same measurement protocol the solutions prepared from the solid control material as you used for these serum controls. If the protocols differ, please repeat from Step 6 using the proper protocol. If the proper protocol was used, your measurement system may not be suitable for MPA-preserved samples; please contact us at 301-975-3120 or jbthomas@NIST.gov.

Do <u>not</u> analyze the test samples until you are satisfied that your system is performing properly and is suitable for the analysis of MPA-preserved serum!

#### **Protocol for Analysis of the Serum Control Materials and Test Samples**

The *serum control material* and *test samples* are in sealed ampoules. They were prepared by adding equal volumes of 10% MPA to spiked human serum. We have checked the samples for stability and homogeneity. Only the total ascorbic acid is stable. While these samples contain some dehydroascorbic acid, its content is variable. Therefore, only <u>total ascorbic acid</u> should be reported. The *serum control material* and *test samples* should be defrosted by warming at 20 °C for not more than 10 min otherwise some irreversible degradation may occur.

Each *serum test sample* contains between 0.0 and 80.0 μmol of total ascorbic acid/L of solution. The total ascorbic acid in each ampoule should be measured in duplicate. Please report your results in μmol/(L of the sample solution) rather than μmol/(L of serum NIST used to prepare the sample).

Participant #:	Date:
----------------	-------

# Vitamin C Round Robin 30 NIST Micronutrient Measurement Quality Assurance Program

## Preparation and Validation of Ascorbic Acid Solid Control Material

#### STOCK SOLUTION

Mass of ascorbic acid in the Stock Solution	g
Mass of 5% MPA Diluent added to the 100 mL volumetric flask	g
DILUTE SOLUTION 1	
Mass of added stock solution (0.5 mL)	g
Mass of 5% MPA Diluent added to the 100 mL volumetric flask	g
Absorbance of Dilute Solution 1 at 242 nm	AU
Absorbance of Dilute Solution 1 at 243 nm	AU
Absorbance of Dilute Solution 1 at 244 nm	AU
Absorbance of Dilute Solution 1 at 245 nm	AU
Absorbance of Dilute Solution absorbance maximum	AU
Wavelength of maximum absorbance	nm
Calculated E <sup>1%</sup>	dL/g·cm
Calculated [TAA] <sub>DS1</sub>	μmol/L
DILUTE SOLUTION 2	
Mass of added stock solution (0.25 mL)	g
Mass of 5% MPA Diluent added to the 100 mL volumetric flask	g
Calculated [TAA] <sub>DS2</sub>	μmol/L
DILUTE SOLUTION 3	
Mass of added stock solution (0.125 mL)	g
Mass of 5% MPA Diluent added to the 100 mL volumetric flask	g
Calculated [TAA] <sub>DS3</sub>	umol/L

Please return by March 31, 2009

Fax: 301-977-0685

Participant #:	Date:
----------------	-------

# Vitamin C Round Robin 30 NIST Micronutrient Measurement Quality Assurance Program

## **Analysis of Control Materials and Test Samples**

<b>Sample</b>	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Units
Dilute Solution 1			μmol/L of Dilute Solution
Dilute Solution 2			μmol/L of Dilute Solution
Dilute Solution 3			μmol/L of Dilute Solution
5% MPA Diluent			 μmol/L of Diluent
CS #1			μmol/L of Sample <i>Target:</i> 8.4 ±0.7 μmol/L
Serum Test Sample #27		<u>.                                    </u>	μmol/L of Sample
Serum Test Sample #57			μmol/L of Sample
Serum Test Sample #117			μmol/L of Sample
Serum Test Sample #119			μmol/L of Sample
SRM 1950			μmol/L of Plasma
Preparation details you consider relevant to our interpretation of these results:			_

Were samples frozen upon receipt? Yes | No

Analysis method: HPLC- $EC \mid HPLC$ -Fluor DAB  $\mid HPLC$ -OPD  $\mid HPLC$ -UV  $\mid AO$ -OPD  $\mid Other$  If "Other", please describe:

#### **COMMENTS:**

Please return by March 31, 2009

Fax: 301-977-0685

# Vitamin C Round Robin 30 NIST Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program Packing List and Shipment Receipt Confirmation Form

This box contains one vial each of the following **seven** VitC M<sup>2</sup>QAP samples:

Label	Form
VitC #27	Liquid frozen (1:1 serum:10% MPA)
VitC #57	Liquid frozen (1:1 serum:10% MPA)
VitC #117	Liquid frozen (1:1 serum:10% MPA)
VitC #119	Liquid frozen (1:1 serum:10% MPA)
CS #1	Liquid frozen (1:1 serum:10% MPA)
Control	Solid AA
SRM 1950	Liquid frozen (plasma)

- Please 1) Open the pack immediately
  - 2) Check that it contains one vial each of the above samples
  - 3) Check if the samples arrived frozen
  - 4) Store the samples at -20 °C or below until analysis
  - 5) Complete the following information
  - 6) Fax the completed form to us at 301-977-0685 (or email requested information to david.duewer@nist.gov)

1) Date this shipment arrived: _	
----------------------------------	--

- 2) Are all of the vials intact? Yes | No If "No", which one(s) were damaged?
- 3) Was there any dry-ice left in cooler? Yes | No
- 4) Did the samples arrive frozen? Yes | No
- 5) At what temperature are you storing the samples? C
- 6) When do you anticipate analyzing these samples? \_\_\_\_\_

Your prompt return of this information is appreciated.

The M<sup>2</sup>QAP Gang

#### **Appendix F. Final Report for RR30**

The following three pages are the final report as provided to all participants:

- Cover letter.
- An information sheet that:
  - o describes the contents of the "All-Lab" report,
  - o describes the content of the "Individualized" report,
  - o describes the nature of the test samples and details their previous distributions, if any, and
  - o summarizes aspects of the study that we believe may be of interest to the participants.



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Institute of Standards and Technology Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-

May 15, 2009

#### Dear Colleague:

Enclosed is the summary report of the results for intercomparison study RR30 for the measurement of total ascorbic acid (TAA, ascorbic acid plus dehydroascorbic acid) in human serum. Included in this report are a summary of data for all laboratories and an individualized summary of your laboratory's measurement performance. The robust median is used to estimate the consensus value for all samples, the "median absolute deviation from the median" (MADe) is used to estimate the expected standard deviation, and the coefficient of variation (CV) is defined as  $100 \times MADe/median$ .

RR30 consisted of one serum control material (CS#1), one solid control material for preparation of TAA control solutions, four test samples (#27 #57, #117, #119), and one optional unknown (SRM 1950). Details regarding the samples can be found in the enclosed report.

If you have concerns regarding your laboratory's performance, we suggest that you obtain and analyze a unit of Standard Reference Material (SRM) 970, Vitamin C in Frozen Human Serum. SRM 970 can be purchased from the NIST SRM Program at phone: 301-975-6776; fax: 301-948-3730. If your measured values do not agree with the certified values, we suggest that you contact us for consultation.

Samples for the second vitamin C study (RR31) of the 2009 M<sup>2</sup>QAP will be shipped during the week of June 1, 2009. If you have questions or concerns regarding this report, please contact David Duewer at 301-975-3935; e-mail: david.duewer@nist.gov or me at 301-975-3120; e-mail: jbthomas@nist.gov; or fax: 301-977-0685.

David Lee Duewer, Ph.D.

Research Chemometrician

**Analytical Chemistry Division** 

Chemical Science and Technology

Sincerely,

eanice Brown Thomas, M.B.A.

Research Chemist

**Analytical Chemistry Division** 

Chemical Science and Technology Laboratory

Laboratory

Cc: L. C. Sander

NIST

The NIST M<sup>2</sup>QAP summary report for vitamin C intercomparison study RR30 consists of:

Page	"Individualized" Report
1	Summarizes your reported values for the nominal 55 mmol/L solution you prepared from the ascorbic acid solid control sample, the serum control sample, and the four serum test samples.
2	Graphical summary of your RR30 sample measurements.
Page	"All Lab" Report
1	A tabulation of results and summary statistics for Total Ascorbic Acid [TAA] in the RR30 samples and control/calibration solutions.

**Serum-based Samples**. One serum control, four test unknowns, and an optional unknown (SRM 1950) were distributed in RR30.

- CS#1 SRM 970 level 1, ampouled in mid-1998.
- S30:1 VitC #27, ampouled in late 2001, previously distributed as sample S17:1 (RR17, Fall 02), S19:2 (RR19, Fall 03), S21:2 (RR21, Fall 04), S22:1 (RR24, Spring 05), S24:1 (RR24, Spring 06), and S28:1 (Spring 08).
- S30:2 VitC #57. ampouled in late 2001, previously distributed as sample S16:3 (RR16, Spring 02), S17:3 (RR17, Fall 02), S20:2 (RR20, Spring 04), S21:4 (RR21, Fall 04), S23:3 (RR23, Fall 05), S27:2 (RR27, Fall 07).
- S30:3 VitC #117, ampouled in 1995, previously distributed sample 682a=S08:3 (RR8, 1996), 682a=S10:2 (RR10, 1997), S25:4 (RR25, Fall 06), and S28:3 (Spring 08). (Unfortunately, two participants received miss-labeled units of a different serum. We apologize for the error.)
- S30:4 VitC #119, ampouled in 1995, previously distributed sample 688b=S07:2 (RR7, Spring 1995), 688b=S08:2 (RR8, 1997), S24:4 (RR24, Spring 06), and S28:4 (Spring 08)
- SRM 1950 Metabolites in Human Serum: A human plasma pool that was prepared in the Spring 07 from healthy male and female donors. This sample was designed for the evaluation of the measurement of metabolites in humans to provide insight into various disease states.

#### Results.

- 1) All participants who prepared the four 5% MPA control/calibration solutions (the three "Dilute Solutions" and the "Diluent") did so correctly. The criteria used to evaluate this success are: the density of the 5% MPA ( $\approx$ 1.03 gm/mL), the observed wavelength maximum of "Dilute Solution #1"( $\approx$ 244 nm), the observed absorbance at that maximum ( $\approx$ 0.58 OD), the calculated E<sup>1%</sup> #1"( $\approx$ 560 dL/g·cm).
- 2) The Measured = a+b\*Gravimetric calibration parameters for the control/calibration solutions (columns 10 to 13 of the All Lab Report) indicate that the measurement systems for most participants are linear (R² close to 1 and RMS close to 0.0) and reasonably well calibrated (intercepts close to zero and slopes close to 1). However, one participant's RMS is larger than expected and "re-calibration" to the gravimetric values degrades their results for the unknowns. This suggests that their measurement process may be non-linear and that it is sensitive to the sample matrix (5 % MPA vs. a 1+1 blend of serum and 10 % MPA).
- 3) One participant reported that they were unable to obtain a reasonable value for the serum control while results for the gravimetrically prepared solutions were as expected. On evaluation, they found

that an enzymatic reagent was insufficiently active, giving rise to plausible but incorrect results for the test unknown. This emphasizes the importance of validating your methods with a well-characterized control material having composition similar to that of your samples.

- 4) There is no evidence of sample degradation in any of the materials.
- 5) We appreciate your efforts to help us value-assign ascorbic acid in SRM 1950. With one exception, all of the reported results were at or below the detection limits for your methods. Since SRM 1950 plasma is not stabilized to oxidation/reduction, this was the expected result.

#### Appendix G. "All-Lab Report" for RR30

The following single page is the "All-Lab Report" as provided to all participants, with two exceptions:

- the participant identifiers (Lab) have been altered.
- the order in which the participant results are listed has been altered.

The data summary in the "All-Lab Report" has been altered to ensure confidentiality of identification codes assigned to laboratories.

Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program for Total Ascorbic Acid "Round Robin" 30 - March 2009

	SRM	1950	pu	1.04	1.09		pu	0.80	pu	8.05		95.9		0.57		pu												
		\$30:4	27.5	29.8	26.0	34.9	27.2	26.2	25.9	24.8	18.9	26.0				26.3		11	26.7	3.8		18.9	25.9	26.2	27.3	34.9	4.1	2
	1/	S30:3 S	43.1	45.3	40.6	53.9	44.8	40.9		39.2	38.6					40.3			43.0			38.6	40.3	40.9	44.8	53.9	3.2	80
	d, µmo	S30:2 S3					47.7		5.7	46.0	48.3	45.6				43.8			47.3							59.2		7
	Calibrated, µmol/									12.1 4		11.4				8.5 4			8.9							12.1 5		17
	Ö	1 830:1					8.2			-	2.2	<u>`</u>				8.6		6	8.1							11.3		2
		CS#1								_		_	_						∞	2	L	7	00	00	∞	7	0	
	p+q*Median	RMS					7 1.4				5 3.4			0 0.3		8 0.9												
Samples	= p+d*ľ	R <sup>2</sup>	1.000	0.998		0.99	0.997				0.975	0.998		1.000		0.998												
Sa	Measured :	Slope	1.07	1.02	0.98	1.27	1.14	0.89	1.08	0.93	1.00	0.89	0.99	0.90		0.94												
	Mea	Inter	3 -0.16	0.16	9 0.07	90.0-	1-2.33	1.92	-2.94	3.83	-0.07	3 2.25	9-0.05	95.0-	_	3 0.80	ı	_	01	<u> </u>	Г	_	_	_	_	_	01	10
		\$30:4	28.6			34.9	28.4	26.7	26.9	27.0	23.4	25.3	26.9	23.9	27.0	26.8		14	27.2							34.9		ų)
	nol/L	\$30:3	44.6	43.9	42.4	54.1	47.4	41.6	q	42.5	41.1	q	42.4	9	41.4	41.0		11	43.8	3.9		41.0	41.5	42.4	44.3	54.1	2.0	2
	Measured, µmol/	\$30:2	50.8	48.0	45.8	59.5	50.4	42.0	47.8	49.9	49.8	44.9	46.8	42.0	47.2	44.5		14	47.8	4.4		45.0	45.1	47.5	49.8	59.5	3.7	∞
	Meası	S30:1	9.4	8.8	8.5	10.8	9.7	9.5	6.3	13.4	10.8	10.7	8.7	7.4	9.5	8.7		14	9.3	1.8		6.3	9.8	9.0	10.4	13.4	1.3	15
		CS#1	8.1	9.0	8.4	11.0	7.9	8.4	8.3	na	8.4	na	8.5	6.3	9.0	8.9		12	8.5	1.1	-	6.3	8.3	8.4	8.9	11.0	0.5	9
_	etry	E <sup>1%</sup>	555.6	561.2	536.3	582.4	545.8	552.7		182.5ª	526.8	556.7				556.9		6	552.7	15.7		526.8	545.8	555.6	556.9	582.4	8.3	1.5
Dilute Solution 1	Spectrophotometry	A <sub>max</sub>	0.5690	0.5880				0.6117			0.5810					0.5930		6	0.5862	0.0206		0.5496	0.5804	0.5850	0.5930	0.6178	0.0119	2.0
Dilute	Spectro	λmax		243. 0	243. 0		9	244. 0			244. 0					243. 0		6		0.6 0		242.0 0	243.0 0	243.0 0	243.7 0	244.0 0	0.9	0.37
٨	sity	/mL					.029		030	.018		.029				.031			1.029	0.005	L		.029			1.037	0.0	.15
MPA	Density	5					_		_	_	_	_				_		z				_						
	+ b*Grav	RMS	_				1.0	_	_		2.8					0.6			Average	SD		Min	%52	Median	2%	Max	eSD	ડે
	а	$\mathbb{R}^2$	1.000	0.999	1.000	1.000		1.000	1.000	1.000	0.991	0.999				1.01 1.000												
	Measured =	Slope	1.03	0.98	1.06	1.01	1.08	1.02	1.06	1.08	0.90	1.00																
mples	Mea	Inter	0.19	-0.68	-0.57	-0.33	-0.89	0.05	-0.43	0.31	6.41	-0.64				0.16					_							
ition Sa	ol/L	MPA	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	8.5	0.0				0.2		11	0.8	2.6		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	8.5	0.0	
Calibra	ed, µm	Dil:3	3 15.1	9 13.4	3 14.2	2 13.8	8 16.2	2 15.7	8 14.4	7 14.9	6 16.8	8 14.3				7 14.9		1 11	6 14.9	0 1.0		7 13.4	8 14.3	2 14.9	0 15.4	6 16.8	1.0	7
Control / Calibration Samples	Measured, µmol/	Dil:2	31.	3 27.9		28.2	1 32.8	3 32.2	1 28.8	5 29.7	34.6	5 30.8				2 30.7		1	2 30.6	4 2.0		27.87	29.28	2 30.72	3 31.70	34.56	9 2.1	~
ŏ	~	3 Dil:1	9.09 5	.7 58.3	.7 61.2	.3 57.0	.8 65.1	.4 63.9	.2 60.1	.4 60.5	.2 63.1	.8 62.5				.9 61.2		1.1	.9 61.2	9 2.4	L	.4 57.0	.4 60.0		.3 62.8	.8 65.1	7.	5
	mol/L	:2 Dil:3	29.6 14.5	29.8 14.7	29.2 14.7	28.4 14.3	31.4 16.8	31.5 15.4	28.3 14.2	27.8 13.4	30.7 15.2	31.6 15.8				29.5 14.9		11 1	29.8 14.9	1.3 0.9		83 13.4	78 14.4	63 14.7	05 15.3	58 16.8	1.8 0.7	9
	Grav, µmol/L	:1 Dil:2	_															11		2.6 1		.7 27.83	57.6 28.78	.5 29.63	.7 31.05	.0 31.58		9
	_	Dil:1	.09 28.	08 59.5	09 58.2	9.99 60,	6.09 60,	09 62.8	00 57.0	09 55.7	09 62.6	0.69 63.0	60,	60,	60,	60.5		z	ge 59.5	SD 2.	L	Min 55.7	%25 57.	ian 59.5	%75 61.7	Max 63.0	De 3.7	S
		Date	60/80/80	17/12/08	60/03/00	10/02/09	17/03/09	20/03/09	10/02/09	27/03/09	26/03/09	24/09/09	30/03/08	60/60/90	11/02/09	17/03/09			Average	J		2	%	Median	%	Σ	MADe	J
		Lab	VC-MA	VC-MB	VC-MC	VC-ME	VC-MG	VC-MH	VC-MI	VC-MJ	VC-MK	VC-MN	VC-MP	VC-MU	VC-NE	VC-NF												
			_	_		_					_	_	_		•													

a) 5% Trichloroacetic acid solutionb) Mislabeled sample

## Appendix H. Representative "Individualized Report" for RR30

Each participant in RR30 received an "Individualized Report" reflecting their reported results. The following two pages are the "Individualized Report" for participant "VC-MA".

Date

RR

Method

## Vitamin C "Round Robin" 30 Report: Participant VC-MA

Dilute Solution 1

Spectrophotometry

 $A_{max}$ 

Control/Calibration Solutions

 $Y_{meas} = Inter + Slope^* X_{grav}$ 

Inter Slope

MPA

Density

g/mL

_ = =:							-					
08/28/06	25	HPLC-EC		1.039			0.555		8.0	0.95	0.999	0.92
03/20/07	26	HPLC-EC		1.033		244.0	0.573	554.3	0.3	1.00	1.000	0.31
10/05/07	27	HPLC-EC		1.032		242.0	0.561	557.2	-0.1	0.99	1.000	0.14
03/04/08	28	HPLC-EC		1.035		243.0	0.572	562.2	0.7	1.03	0.999	0.99
08/11/08	29	HPLC-EC		1.037		243.0	0.567	553.2	0.3	1.03	1.000	0.64
03/03/09	30	HPLC-EC		1.037		242.0	0.569	555.6	0.2	1.03	1.000	0.40
			Mean	1.036	•	242.7	0.57	556.6	-	Pod	led SEE	0.65
			SD	0.002		8.0	0.01	3.2				
			CV	0.24		0.34	1.2	0.6				
						mol/Ls	•					
Date	RR	Sample		Rep₁	Rep <sub>2</sub>	$F_{adj}$	Mean	aup	N		$SD_{repeat}$	
08/28/06	25	CS#1		8.3	8.6	1.0	8.4	0.2	4	8.5	0.2	0.4
03/20/07	26	CS#1		8.6	8.3	1.0	8.5	0.2				
03/04/08	28	CS#1		9.1	9.0		9.0	0.1				
03/03/09	30	CS#1		8.3	8.0	1.0	8.1	0.2				
			i	-								
12/12/02	17	S17:1		9.9	9.1	1.0	9.5	0.6	7	9.5	0.2	0.5
11/13/03	19	S19:2		9.2	9.1	1.0	9.2	0.1				
09/13/04	21	S21:2		8.8	8.7	1.0	8.7	0.1				
03/08/05	22	S22:1		9.6	9.6	1.0	9.6	0.0				
03/09/06	24	S24:1		9.8	9.6	1.0	9.7	0.2				
03/04/08	28	S28:1		10.4	10.3	1.0	10.4	0.1				
03/03/09	30	S30:1		9.5	9.4	1.0	9.4	0.1				
11/18/02	16	S16:3	Ī	49.9	44.9	1.0	47.4	3.5	7	48.9	1.4	1.5
12/12/02	17	S17:3		49.7	49.1	1.0	49.4	0.4		40.5	1.7	1.5
02/23/04	20	\$20:2		50.6	50.0	1.0	50.3	0.4				
09/13/04	21	S20:2 S21:4		47.1	47.0	1.0	47.0	0.0				
10/17/05	23	S23:3		49.8	48.8	1.0	49.3	0.7				
10/17/03	23 27	\$23.3 \$27:2		48.6	47.6	1.0	48.1	0.7				
03/03/09	30	\$30:2		51.2	<b>50.4</b>	1.0	50.8	0.6				
03/03/03	50	330.2		J1.Z	JU.4	1.0	50.6	0.0				
ND	80								3	42.5	0.5	2.3
08/20/97	10	S10:2		81.5	80.6	0.5	40.5	0.3				
08/28/06	25	S25:4		42.0	42.2	1.0	42.1	0.2				
03/04/08	28	S28:3		45.6	44.4		45.0	0.9				
03/03/09	30	S30:3		44.8	44.5		44.6	0.2				
30,00,00	-	000.0		1-110	. 110			٥.٢				
05/23/95	07	S07:2		51.1	49.8	0.5	25.2	0.5	3	27.8	0.5	2.3
ND	08					_						
03/09/06	24	S24:4		29.0	29.5	1.0	29.2	0.4				
03/04/08	28	S28:4		29.5	28.7	1.0	29.1	0.5				
03/03/09	30	S30:4		28.5	28.6		28.6	0.0				
3 2. 2 3. 3 3	- •		l				_5.5	5.0				

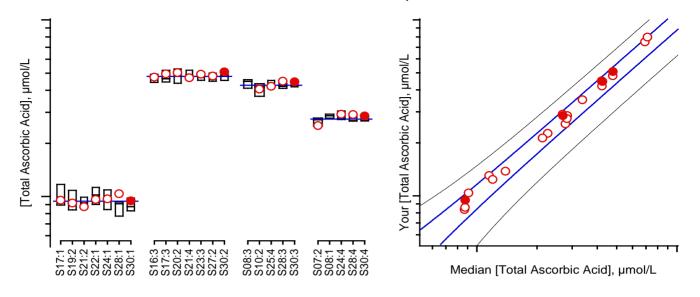
Please check our records against your records. Send corrections and/or updates to...

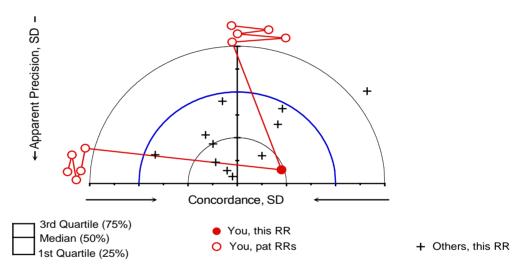
Micronutrients Measurement Quality Assurance Program
National Institute of Standards and Technology
100 Bureau Drive Stop 8392
Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8392 USA
Individualized Report

Fax: (301) 977-0685 Email: david.duewer@nist.gov

## Vitamin C "Round Robin" 30 Report: Participant VC-MA

Total Ascorbic Acid, µmol/mL





For details of the construction and interpretation of these plots, see: Duewer, Kline, Sharpless, Brown Thomas, Gary, Sowell. Anal Chem 1999;71(9):1870-8.

#### <u>Sample</u> <u>Comments</u>

S30:1 VitC #27 previously distributed in RRs 17, 19, 21, 22, 24, and 28

S30:2 VitC #57, previously distributed in RRs 16, 17, 20, 21, 23, and 27

S30:3 VitC #117, previously distributed in RRs 8, 10, 25, and 28

S30:4 VitC #119, previously distributed in RR 7, 8, 24, and 28