IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

FEBRUARY 5, 1821.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred the petition of Clarissa Scott, submitted the following

REPORT:

That it appears to your committee, from an attested copy of an entry taken from one of the books containing records of Spanish grants, in possession of the Register of the Land Office for the eastern district of the state of Louisiana, that a grant, bearing date on the 15th of March, 1788, was legally issued, by the authority of the Spanish government, to Manuel and Isaac Monsanto, to whom the petitioner claims to be the lawful representative, for four hundred arpens of land, lying on Second creek, in the county of Adams and state of Mississippi. The petitioner, it appears, omitted to present her papers and apply to the Board of Commissioners for a confirmation of her title, owing, as she states, to her ignorance of the laws of the United States. On the 30th of October, 1815, the land was sold, at private sale, by the Register of the Land Office west of Pearl River. The committee are of opinion that the legal representatives of Manuel and Isaac Monsanto are entitled to relief: they, therefore, report a bill.

