# TECHNICAL REPORT ON AN AIRBORNE GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OF CENTRAL OKLAHOMA

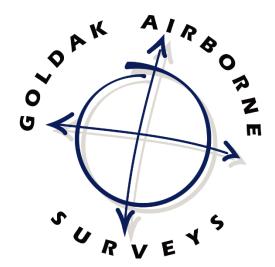
Contract No. G17PC00038
FOR THE

# **UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

BY

# **GOLDAK AIRBORNE SURVEYS**

November, 2017



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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This report describes an airborne geophysical survey conducted in over three distinct areas in Central and Southern Oklahoma. This high sensitivity aeromagnetic surveys were carried out by Goldak Airborne Surveys (Goldak) on behalf of the United States Geological Survey (USGS) between August 11th and October 28th, 2017.

Aircraft equipment operated included a cesium vapour magnetometer, a GPS real-time and post-corrected differential positioning system, as well as radar and barometric altimeters. All data were recorded digitally in GEDAS binary file format.

Reference ground equipment included a GEM Systems GSM-19W Overhauser magnetometer and a Novatel 12 channel GPS base station which was set up at the base of operations for differential post-flight corrections.

Fifty one flights (including test and calibration sorties) were required to complete the survey. A total of 44,551 line kilometres of high resolution magnetic was collected, processed and compiled.

The largest of the blocks, Area 123, was flown with traverse lines spaced at 400 metres with control lines flown at a separation of 4 000 metres. Area 4 was flown with a traverse line spacing of 1 000 metre sand control lines spaced at 10 000 metres. Area 5 used and 800 meter traverse line spacing and an 8 000 metre control line spacing. Nominal terrain clearance was specified at 120 metres above ground for all blocks however regulations pertaining to flight over built up areas required the altitude to be raise in many instances. Altus, OK was used as the base of operations for the first part of the survey. Operations were moved to Chickasha, OK for the latter part of the project.

All installations and equipment specifications are described in more detail in Section 4 of this report. Daily operational logs were kept and are included as Appendix B of this report.

#### 2 SURVEY AREA LOCATION

The survey was comprised of three blocks in Central and Southern Oklahoma.

In relation to the state capital, Oklahoma City, Area 123 was centred 150 km SW at approximately 34°47N, 98°48W. Area 4 was centred 150 km NW at about 36°33′N, 98°41′W while Area 5 was centred 75 km to the NE of at roughly 36°53N, 96°56′W.

The western part of Area 123 extends into the state of Texas. The original extents of Area 123 had to be altered as they overlapped Ft. Sill restricted airspace. Officials at Ft. Sill had initially indicated we could be accommodated but permission to enter the restricted space was not granted in a suitable time frame.

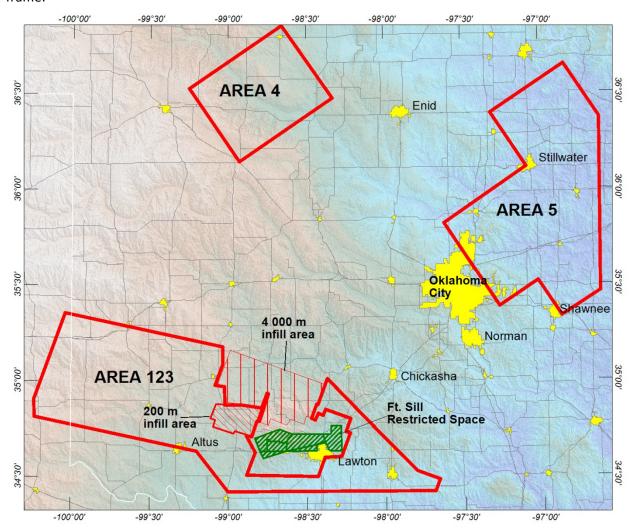


Figure 1 - Location of the Central Oklahoma Survey Blocks

The coordinates of each survey area are posted in Appendix A.

# **3 CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS**

# 3.1 Line Spacing

#### 3.1.1 Block 123

Traverse Lines:

- bearing N 20°E UTM
- spacing 400 metres, with 200m infill

#### Control Lines:

- bearing N 110°W UTM
- nominal spacing 4 000 metres

#### 3.1.2 Block 4

**Traverse Lines:** 

- bearing N 146°E UTM
- spacing 1 000 metres

#### **Control Lines:**

- bearing N 236°W UTM
- nominal spacing 10 000 metres

#### 3.1.3 Block 5

Traverse Lines:

- bearing N 146°E UTM
- spacing 800 metres

#### **Control Lines:**

- bearing N 236°W UTM
- nominal spacing 8 000 metres

#### 3.2 Altitude

Altitude control was accomplished via a smooth drape constructed using STRM elevation data.

Target nominal altitude: 120 m NTC (nominal terrain clearance)

Actual Mean terrain clearances:

Area 123: 138 m Area 4: 140 m Area 5: 178 m Tolerance: a maximum 30 m difference between traverse lines and control lines. To accomplish this, actual height deviations from the drape surface were not to exceed an envelope of +/- 15 metres at all times.

# 3.3 Diurnal Specifications

The diurnal tolerances were as follows:

- Monotonic changes in the magnetic field of 5 nT in any five-minute period.
- Pulsations having periods of 5 minutes or less shall not exceed 2 nT.
- Pulsations having periods between 5 and 10 minutes shall not exceed 4 nT.
- Pulsations having periods between 10 and 20 minutes shall not exceed 8 nT.

#### 3.4 Magnetic Noise

The magnetic noise was not to exceed 0.1 nT in the 4<sup>th</sup> digital difference.

All data was fully examined in the field and home office and was deemed to have met the above specifications.

# 4 AIRCRAFT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 4.1 Aircraft

Type: ......Piper PA-31 Navajo with VG and LR Fuel Kit Registration: .....& C-GJBB Cruise Range:.....1500 km Survey Duration: 6.5 hours plus reserve Max Climb Gradient:.....800 ft/NM Max Descent Gradient: ......1000 ft/NM Cruising Speed: ......140 knots Aviation Fuel:......100 LL aviation gasoline Fuel Consumption: ......200 pounds per hour total Long Range Comm:......Iridium Sat Phone, SPOT ELT Frequency ......121.5 Mhz, 406 MHz Tail Stinger: .....4 meter composite Wingtip Pods: .....1 meter composite FOM:.................0.8 nT typical

A single Piper PA-31 Navajo, registration C-GJBB, owned and operated by Goldak Airborne Surveys, was used on this survey. The aircraft magnetometers are installed in the 3-meter stinger attached to the rear fuselage and in the 1-metre composite pods attached to each wing-tip. The attitude sensing fluxgate magnetometer is positioned at the midpoint of the stinger. The three magnetometers form a two-axis gradiometer.

The aircraft has been extensively modified, both mechanically and electrically, to minimize the effects of maneuvering on the measured magnetic field. This aircraft has typical a Figure of Merit result of less than 0.7 nT as measured to Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) specification.



Figure 2 - Aircraft C-GJBB at Altus

#### 4.2 Airborne Systems

#### 4.2.1 Data Acquisition System

Manufacturer: Goldak Exploration Technology Ltd.

Type and Model Number: GEDAS Sampling Rate: 10 Hz

Data Format: GEDAS binary

All magnetic and positioning data are processed and recorded digitally by our GEDAS system. The GEDAS is an industrial rack-mount Intel Pentium based PC computer with multiple hard-drives, IO ports and ADAC devices.

The GEDAS system records GNSS navigation records at 1Hz. Magnetic, radar altimeter and barometric altimeter data are recorded at 10 Hz. All data is tightly synchronized to GPS time with an accuracy of  $\pm$  1 millisecond. Each data packet, on arrival to the data system is stamped with a system time with a resolution of 1 millisecond. Data files are organized on a flight-by-flight basis in a proprietary binary format. The data can then imported directly into Geosoft $^{\circ}$  via a custom import routine.

#### 4.2.2 Magnetometers and Compensation

#### **Aircraft Magnetometers:**

Manufacturer: Geometrics
Type and Model Number: Cesium G-822A
Range in nT: 20,000 to 90,000

Sensitivity in nT: 0.005 Sampling Rate: 10 Hz

#### **Real-time Magnetic Compensator:**

Manufacturer: RMS Instruments

Type and Model Number: AADCII

Range in nT: 20,000 to 100,000

Resolution in nT: 0.001 Sampling Rate: 20Hz

The airborne magnetometers installed are a matched set of Geometrics G-822A optically pumped cesium vapour types with sensitivity of 0.005 nT. The magnetometer's Larmor signal is decoupled and counted by a RMS Instruments AADCII compensator, and data are produced at a rate of 10 Hz with a resolution of 0.001 nT. The data bandwidth is from 0 to 0.9 Hz with an internal noise level of less than 0.002 nT.

Compensation mathematically "corrects" the magnetic data for noise due to aircraft motion and heading. Prior to the survey, the aircraft is taken to an area of low magnetic gradient at a high altitude (7000' AGL +) and put through a series of rolls, pitches and yaws on each of the survey's cardinal headings. The data collected from these maneuvers can then be used to form a model of the aircraft's magnetic characteristics without the near influence of the local geology.

The remaining magnetic distortion is quantified by a term known as the Figure of Merit, or FOM. The Geological Survey of Canada uses a figure of merit of 1.5 or less as standard survey criteria.

Two compensation flights pertinent to data collected were completed over the course of the survey. The results of these flights are posted in Appendix A.

#### 4.2.3 GNSS Positioning and Navigation

#### **Navigation System:**

Manufacturer Goldak Exploration Technology Ltd.

Type and Model Number GENAV

Displays 10" Color LCD data display 3D Autodrape LCD pilot display

#### **GNSS Receiver:**

Manufacturer Novatel

Type and Model Number: OEMV dual-frequency ProPakV3 (x1)

System Resolution: <1 meter

Overall accuracy: 3 m in real-time, <1m post-corrected

Number Channels: 120

Signal Tracking: GPS L1, L2, L2C, L5

GLONASS L1, L2 Galileo E1, E5

The GNSS receiver in the survey aircraft was a GPS and GLONASS capable Novatel OEMV ProPakV3 120 channel dual-frequency differential unit that communicates directly with the GEDAS system. This unit is used for navigation purposes and also logs data for post-flight differential corrections.

GNSS signals can be affected by atmospheric and ionospheric effects which typically reduce the accuracy of the non-differential positioning to approximately 10 metres RMS. If a suitable stationary GPS receiver, on a known or assumed position, is used to record the apparent errors in the satellite range data, those errors can be used to correct the moving receiver in the aircraft to an accuracy of 1 meter RMS. This compensation process is called differential correction and can be applied to the moving receiver in real time for higher dynamic accuracy, or applied later to find out where the aircraft was with high accuracy. These are called real-time and post-corrected differential positioning respectively.

#### 4.2.4 Radar Altimeters

#### **Radar Altimeter 1:**

Manufacturer Thompson
Type and Model Number: CFS 530A
Range: 0-8000 feet
Resolution: 1 meter
Accuracy: 2%

#### Radar Altimeter 2:

Manufacturer Terra

Type and Model Number: TRA3000 – TRI40
Range: 40-2500 feet
Resolution: 3 metres
Accuracy: 5-7%

#### 4.2.5 Barometric Altimeter

Manufacturer: Setra Type and Model Number: 270

Range: -1000 to 10,000 feet

Resolution: 1 meter

# 4.3 Ground Systems

# 4.3.1 Magnetic Base Station

# **Base Station Magnetometer:**

Manufacturer: GEM Systems

Type and Model Number: Overhauser GSM-19W Range in nT: 20,000 to 120,000

Sensitivity in nT: 0.01

Sampling Rate: 1 Hz (5 Hz maximum)

# **Base Station Data Loggers:**

Manufacturer: Acumen

Type and Model Number: Data Bridge SDR-CF Serial Data Recorder

Media Type: Compact Flash

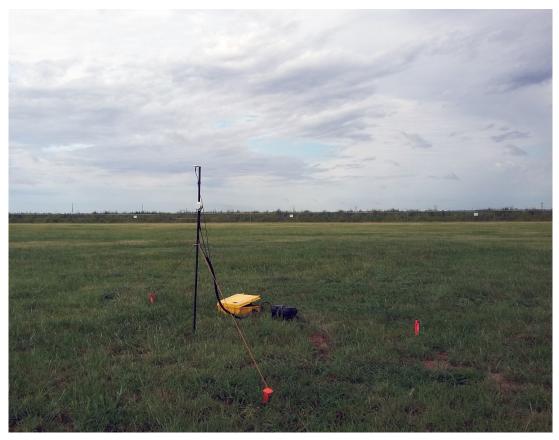


Figure 3 - Base Magnetometer Installation at Altus Airport

A magnetic base station using a GEM Systems GSM19W Overhauser type proton precession magnetometer with GPS time base was set up at the base of operations. The setup was configured to log data both internally and externally to a compact flash card using an Acumen DataBridge SDR serial data recorder. The base station in Altus was set up on the west side of the airfield, 190 m west of the runway. The Base station in Chickasha was also set up on the airfield, on the east side of the runway, 300 m from the apron.

Installation Location	Latitude	Longitude	Reference Value	Flight Range
Altus	34° 41' 51.9"N	99° 20' 26.6"W	49615nT	1 - 36
Chickasha	35° 05' 42.8"N	97° 57' 52.7"W	50265nT	37 - 51

Table 1 - Base Magnetometer Stations

#### 4.3.2 GNSS Base Station

#### **Base GNSS Reciever:**

Manufacturer Novatel

Type and Model Number: OEMV dual-frequency ProPakV3 (x1)

System Resolution: <1 meter

Overall accuracy: 3 m in real-time, <1m post-corrected

Number Channels: 120

Signal Tracking: GPS L1, L2, L2C, L5

The base station receiver unit, like the airborne units, was a Novatel OEMV ProPakV3 whose data were logged by a battery-powered, industrial portable computer. A survey-grade GNSS base antenna designed to minimize multi-path errors was set up on the roof of the Friendship Inn in Altus for flights 1 to 36 and on the roof of the Maverick Inn in Chickasha from flights 37. The precise position of the antenna was determined by collecting 9 hours of data then submitting the data to the NRCan's online Precise Point Positioning (PPP) service. The following WGS84 coordinate was delivered:

Longitude	-99° 19 58.3355
Latitude	34° 39 36.6274
Elevation (MSL)	410.146 m
Flight range	1 - 36

Table 2 - Base GNSS Position Altus

Longitude	-97° 55' 59.2463
Latitude	35° 01' 18.6143
Elevation (MSL)	323.649
Flight range	37 - 51

Table 3 - Base GNSS Position Chickasha

### 4.4 Field Office Systems

#### 4.4.1 Field Data Verification, Logging and Plotting

#### **Processing Computer:**

Manufacturer: Lenovo

Type and Model Number: ThinkCentre / Intel i5 3.4 GHz

**Data Logging Computers:** 

Manufacturer: Lenovo

Type and Model Number: ThinkPad / Intel i5 3.4 GHz

**Plotters and Printers:** 

Manufacturer: Brother Type and Model Number: HL-2270

# Data backup:

Manufacturer: Western Digital
Type and Model Number: 1.5 TB external HDD

# 4.4.2 Software

Manufacturer: Geosoft®

Function: Geophysical data processing

Type and Model Number: Oasis Montaj v 7.3

Manufacturer: Waypoint Consulting
Function: GPS post-processing
Type and Model Number: GrafNav v 8.50

# **5 PERSONNEL**

The following Goldak personnel were involved in the Oklahoma project:

Company President – Ben Goldak
Pilot – Jay Mathieson
Co-Pilot/ Instrument Operator – Dustin Biesenthal
Field Manager/ QC – Bill Heath
Flight Block Design – Bill Heath, Glen Carson
Final Data Processing – Bill Heath
Data Processing Manager – Glen Carson
Logistics – Brenda Doherty, Glen Carson, Bill Heath
Aircraft Maintenance – Daniel Leppington

Table 4 - Project Personnel

#### **6 DATA PROCESSING**

#### 6.1 Positioning Data and Altitude Data

Processing of the positioning data takes place in the field and is performed on a post-flight basis. The following procedures are included in positioning and altitude data processing:

- 1. The raw airborne GPS data are corrected using the corresponding GPS base station data and NovAtel® Inc.'s Waypoint® GrafNav® GNSS Post-Processing software suite.
- 2. The corrected GPS World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS84) longitude, latitude and altitude are merged into a Geosoft® database with aircraft flight data and re-projected to the local UTM Zone 14 WGS84 datum. Velocity is then calculated from the corrected positions. Corrected UTM coordinates are trimmed to online.
- 3. The primary radar altimeter data is lagged by 0.9 seconds and the secondary radar altimeter data is lagged by 3.0 seconds.
- 4. The digital elevation model is calculated by subtracting the radar altimeter data from the GPS altitude data.
- 5. Quality-control procedures described in section 7.2 are performed.

#### 6.2 Magnetic Data

#### 6.2.1 Initial Field Processing

Processing of the magnetic data begins in the field where the raw magnetic, positioning and altitude data from the aircraft acquisition systems is first imported into a Geosoft® Oasis montaj™ database on a line basis. The magnetic base station data, logged during the corresponding flight time, were then merged with the flight data for display and quality control checks.

- 1. A system latency correction, determined from the pre-survey lag test of 0.4 seconds for the tail magnetometer data and 0.3 seconds for the wing-tip magnetometer data, is then applied.
- 2. A diurnal correction derived from the local magnetic base station data is applied to account for temporal variations in the total magnetic field.
- 3. The raw, measured magnetic gradients are normalized using the known aircraft sensor separations and aircraft direction to give consistently signed gradient values in units of nT/m. A correction matrix, derived from the attitude data, is then applied scaling them to provide true longitudinal and transverse gradient values parallel to and perpendicular to the ideal line direction.
- 4. Quality-control procedures described in section 7.2 are performed.

#### 6.2.2 Control-Line Levelling

The intention of control-line levelling is to apply a smoothly-varying function to the measured data, which results in nearly identical values at the intersections of traverse and control lines. The most significant component of the correction is to accommodate the diurnal variation of the magnetic field. Other sources of error are altitude errors, GPS positioning errors and system drift.

Levelling of the total field data consists of the following steps:

- 1. Calculation of the positions of the survey-line—control-line intersection points and the extraction of mismatch values of the magnetic data between the line and control lines at these points.
- 2. An iterative application of corrections, based of best-fit, first-order linear trends of mismatch values (with outliers removed), on the traverse and control lines until the resulting corrections approach zero.
- 3. An iterative application of long-wavelength corrections on traverse and control lines determined by applying median and low-pass filters to the remaining intersection mismatches (with outliers removed) and then using Akima spline interpolation between the now-filtered intersection mismatch values. This enhances and isolates correction "features" that span several intersections. The lengths of the filters are based on the traverse-line–control-line intersection separations. In this case, the initial filter lengths spanned 10 control-line intersections on survey lines and 50 survey-line intersections on control lines. The number of intersections spanned is reduced in increments to an appropriate minimum until the correction approaches zero.
- 4. Calculation of the first vertical derivative from the gridded data of the intermediate levelled total field using a 2-D fast Fourier transform (FFT) operator.
- 5. An altitude correction derived by multiplying the calculated vertical gradient by the aircraft's deviation from the planned surface height is then applied to the original unlevelled magnetic data.
- 6. Steps 1 to 3 are then repeated using the altitude-corrected magnetic data.
- 7. Manual inspection of the remaining intersection mismatches and reducing it to zero (where appropriate) by applying the necessary corrections to either the survey or tie lines. Special attention is paid to ensuring that the overall correction profiles are as smooth as possible and that there is no line-to-line correlation in the correction profiles, which implies a misapplied correction.
- 8. The second vertical derivative of the total field grid is analyzed to ensure that the corrections are sufficient and appropriate. Features that appear along the survey lines in the second vertical derivative may be the result of over-correction or under-correction. In either case, the solution is to revise the correction profile at those intersections.

#### 6.2.3 Calculation and Removal of the International Geomagnetic Reference Field

The International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) was calculated using the 2015 model year with a constant date, roughly the mid-point for each individual block, as the reference date (see table below). The corrected GPS altitude at each given survey point was specified as the elevation. This value was subtracted from the tie-line or microleveleld levelled data to obtain the residual magnetic field data.

Survey Block	Reference Date for IGRF Calculation	
Area 123	2017/09/21	
Area 4	2017/09/16	
Area 5	2017/10/09	

#### 6.2.4 Microlevelling of the Magnetic Data

After control line levelling, any residual flight line noise or "corrugation" in the magnetic field data was further reduced using Paterson, Grant & Watson's microlevelling technique. This technique first involves the generation of line-to-line noise profiles by applying frequency domain sixth-order, high-pass

Butterworth filter and a directional cosine filter perpendicular to the flight-line direction to the gridded data. This "decorrugation" grid is then sampled back into the database. The initial noise profile data is then limited to a user-defined maximum amplitude and then filtered using a Naudy—Dreyer non-linear filter to obtain the microlevelling correction. Finally, the correction and gridded microlevelled data are inspected to ensure no geological signal was removed and an overall improvement in the gridded data was achieved.

The following parameters in Paterson, Grant & Watson's "Miclev" routine were used for Area 123:

Decorrugation wavelength cutoff: 1 600 m
 Decorrugation grid cell size: 100 m
 Naudy filter length: 1 000 m
 Naudy filter tolerance: 0.0001
 Amplitude limit: 2.0 nT

The following parameters in Paterson, Grant & Watson's "Miclev" routine were used for Area 5:

Decorrugation wavelength cutoff: 3 200 m
Decorrugation grid cell size: 200 m
Naudy filter length: 1 000 m
Naudy filter tolerance: 0.0001
Amplitude limit: 1.0 nT

No microlevelling was applied to the Area 4 data.

#### 7 QUALITY CONTROL

#### 7.1 Tests and Calibrations

The full results of the tests and calibrations described below can be found in Appendix A.

#### a) Compensation Figure of Merit

Aircraft movements induce spurious magnetic fields, which are removed from the magnetic data by the compensator. The efficiency of this removal can be evaluated by conducting a test called a Figure of Merit (FOM). The aircraft flies a series of 3 manoeuvres of  $\pm 10^{\circ}$  rolls,  $\pm 5^{\circ}$  pitches and  $\pm 5^{\circ}$  yaws in each of the traverse- and control-line directions in a magnetically quiet zone (low magnetic gradient). The peak-to-peak amplitudes of the responses obtained on the magnetometer compensated channel are determined for each of the 3 manoeuvre types and for each of the 4 directions. The 12 values are then summed giving the Figure of Merit.

Compensation figure of merit tests were performed by both aircraft after their initial arrival on site and before survey operations commenced. In addition, the calibration and tests were repeated after any significant change to the aircraft or its systems which may have altered its magnetic properties.

In all calibration and subsequent tests performed by the aircraft, the resultant figures of merit for the tail and wing-tip sensors were below the specified threshold of 1.5 nT.

#### 7.2 Daily Field Quality Control

#### a) Positioning Data

In a Geosoft<sup>®</sup> Oasis montaj<sup>™</sup> database, the corrected GPS data are inspected for gaps and positioning error as indicated by anomalous velocity changes or vertical offsets. The real-time positions are compared to the post-corrected positions for integrity check.

Flight path is examined to detect horizontal deviations that exceed tolerances. Computed velocity is inspected and confirmed to be within tolerances.

The radar altimeter and barometric altimeter data are inspected for anomalous conditions. The computed digital elevation model is compared against known topographical data. Vertical navigation is checked for deviations from the pre-determined flight surface that exceed tolerances.

#### b) Magnetic Data

Goldak Airborne Surveys' data acquisition system is designed to allow the second pilot to monitor data quality at all times. Both pilots have been trained to operate the equipment and recognize data problems. Automated systems are also in place to draw their attention to anomalous conditions. In addition, the field processor is continually monitoring the magnetic base station via radio link to be on the alert for poor diurnal conditions. The field processor maintains scheduled communication with the aircraft for flight-following purposes and to update the flight crew on weather and diurnal conditions.

After a survey flight, the magnetic and measured gradient data are inspected on a line-by-line basis for gaps, spikes and other anomalous conditions. Magnetic noise levels are monitored using the fourth digital difference and visually. The magnetic base station data are examined for deviations that exceed the contract stated peak-to-peak magnitude and chord lengths. Reflights are assigned where necessary.

A frequency domain plot of the uncompensated and compensated magnetic data is generated through fast Fourier transform on a line-by-line basis and inspected. Through this, the general ongoing performance of the magnetic compensation can be evaluated and any aircraft system-induced magnetic noise can be easily discerned.

Grids of the total field and horizontal gradient data, along with flight path plots, are examined daily to visually compare the correlation of data between lines and across flights.

#### 7.3 Quality Control in the Home Office

#### a) Review of field processed data

At the home office, the results of the field processing are reviewed at regular intervals throughout the survey and following completion.

#### b) Review of the final processed data

The results of the levelling of the magnetic data are reviewed on a line-by-line basis through inspection of the total correction profile and intersection mismatch values. Final grid products are visually and statistically inspected for overall quality and validity.

# **8 FINAL PRODUCTS**

# 8.1 Digital Profile Data

Databases containing the magnetic and radiometric profile data were delivered in Geosoft® .GDB format. The fields included in each respective database are as follows:

Channel	Description	Units
BaseMag_1	Base Station Magnetic Reading	nT
Date	Date	YY-JulianDAY
DEM	Digital Terrain (GPS_Z_Corr-	m
DEIVI	Radar_Alt)	111
direction	Nominal Line Direction	Degrees cw from N
Fiducial	Fiducial Number	-
Flight	Flight Number	-
GPS_Lat_Corr	WGS84 Longitude	Degrees
GPS_Lon_Corr	WGS84 Latitude	Degrees
GPS_Z_Corr	Orthometric Height	m
igrf	IGRF Value	nT
Line	Line Number	-
Mag_anom	Residual Magnetic Field	nT
Mag_B_Lag	Lagged, Compensated Tail Mag	nT
Mag_DiurCorr1	Base Station Corrected Tail Mag	nT
Mag lovel	Levellled Tail Mag (Derived from	nT
Mag_level	Mag_B_Lag)	111
Mag_miclev	Microlevelled Mag*	nT
Radar_Alt	Radar Altimeter	m
Χ	WGS84 Zone 14N Easting	m
Υ	WGS84 Zone 14N Northing	m

Table 5 - Final Database Channels

#### 8.2 Grids

Grids of the residual total magnetic field in UTM Zone 14N WGS84 datum coordinates we delivered in Geosoft .GRD format

File	Cell Size
Area_123_Mag_Anom.grd	100
Area_4_Mag_Anom.grd	250
Area_5_Mag_Anom.grd	200

Table 6 - Final Grids

# **APPENDIX A – SURVEY BLOCK COORDINATES**

The WGS84 UTM Zone 14 North coordinates for the survey blocks appear below:

Area 123

Vertex	Easting	Northing	Vertex	Easting	Northing
1	496689	3883145	20	570856	3851833
2	496689	3893227	21	568115	3844273
3	405275	3913026	22	570679	3843389
4	387137	3863345	23	565728	3829773
5	387329	3853049	24	556090	3829419
6	481256	3832751	25	552046	3818314
7	499693	3809175	26	510296	3818448
8	620476	3809981	27	514785	3831980
9	622890	3816979	28	510263	3841894
10	609699	3821759	29	503126	3844510
11	589826	3841688	30	502803	3842896
12	557387	3874977	31	491016	3846997
13	551900	3859786	32	492146	3850872
14	551250	3860040	33	489465	3851841
15	548179	3851836	34	492437	3859980
16	550495	3850977	35	497891	3859526
17	552102	3854713	36	497762	3870276
18	554963	3853659	37	492309	3870917
19	556267	3857182	38	496689	3883145

Table 7 – Area 123 400 m spaced Coordinates

#### Area 123 200 metre Infill

Vertex	Easting	Northing
1	491039	3846992
2	492214	3850808
3	489642	3851830
4	492640	3859991
5	507292	3859633
6	519234	3857844
7	516713	3850314
8	516560	3850433
9	513306	3841540
10	503544	3844470
11	502947	3842954
12	491056	3847009
13	491039	3846992

Table 8 – Area 123 200 m spaced Coordinates

# Area 123 4 00m Infill Lines

Vertex	Easting	Northing
1	498356	3861260
2	498356	3870119
3	493722	3871346
4	501218	3891108
5	555326	3871754
6	551237	3860033
7	550965	3860579
8	548239	3851856
9	545104	3853082
10	543741	3848449
11	535973	3851311
12	533928	3847903
13	524524	3851720
14	523298	3847767
15	517710	3849948
16	523843	3866439
17	521662	3866439
18	518936	3858807
19	498765	3860987

Table 9 – Area 123 4000 m spaced Coordinates

# Area 4

Vertex	Easting	Northing
1	506300	4000631
2	560065	4037464
3	530608	4079229
4	477440	4042797

Table 10 – Area 4 Coordinates

Area 5

Vertex	Easting	Northing
1	651416	4029641
2	693668	4058271
3	714427	4027756
4	715645	3926779
5	693527	3912269
6	679559	3932600
7	657305	3917524
8	624935	3965380
9	672476	3998635
10	651416	4029641
11	651416	4029641
12	693668	4058271
13	714427	4027756

Table 11 – Area 5 Coordinates

# **APPENDIX B – TEST AND CALIBRATION RESULTS**

# **B.1 Compensation Figure of Merits**

# Compensation / Figure of Merit Test Analysis

Project	Central Oklahoma
Flight	2
Aircraft	C-GJBB
Date	2017-08-13
Julian Day	225

Pilot	Mathieson
Copilot	Biesenthal
Processor	Heath

# Test Summary

MB FOM	0.79

Test Location	Altus
Reason for Comp / FOM	Start of Project

Air Time	0.9
Test Time	0.5
Ferry Time	0.4

# RMS AADCII Compensator Statistics

	Uncomp Std Dev	Comp Std Dev	IR	Solution Norm
Left Wing M1	1.90E+00	3.65E-02	51.9	53.9
Right Wing M2	2.21E+00	4.98E-02	42.7	58.3
Tail Top M3				
Tail Lower M4	3.03E-01	2.11E-02	14.3	16.5
Lateral Grad G1	5.73E+00	1.03E-01	55.8	42.6
Long Grad G2	1.72E+00	1.54E-01	111.5	65.3
Vert Grad G3				
Memory Slot	4			

# FOM Analysis

Bottom Tail Magnetometer (MBc)						
	North East South West Sum					
Pitch	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.36	
Roll	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.17	
Yaw	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.09	0.26	
Sum	0.17	0.22	0.17	0.23	0.79	

Table 12 - C-GJBB Compensation Figure of Merit, August 13

# Compensation / Figure of Merit Test Analysis

Project	Central Oklahoma
Flight	26
Aircraft	C-GJBB
Date	2017-09-11
Julian Day	254

Pilot	Mathieson
Copilot	Biesenthal
Processor	Heath

# Test Summary

MB FOM	0.87

Test Location	Altus
Reason for Comp / FOM	for orientation of Northern
	Block Lines

Air Time	0.6
Test Time	0.6
Ferry Time	

# RMS AADCII Compensator Statistics

	Uncomp Std Dev	Comp Std Dev	IR	Solution Norm
Left Wing M1	1.78E+00	3.67E-02	54	53.7
Right Wing M2	2.28E+00	5.27E-02	43.2	58.4
Tail Top M3				
Tail Lower M4	2.84E-01	2.44E-02	11.6	17.1
Lateral Grad G1	5.59E+00	1.07E-01	52.1	43.2
Long Grad G2	1.80E+00	1.61E-01	112.1	63.6
Vert Grad G3				
Memory Slot	5			

# FOM Analysis

	Bottom Tail Magnetometer (MBc)														
	North East South West Sum														
Pitch	0.11	0.08	0.07	0.11	0.37										
Roll	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.13										
Yaw	0.11	0.1	0.08	0.08	0.37										
Sum	0.25	0.22	0.17	0.23	0.87										

Table 13 - C-GJBB Compensation Figure of Merit, September 11

# **APPENDIX C – OPERATIONS REPORTS**

# **Goldak Airborne Surveys Operations Report**

**Central Oklahoma** 

August 07 to August 13 2017

Aircraft and Crew Summary C-GJBB Project Total 29075 Aircraft: Pilot: Mathieson Remaining Biesenthal Flown this week Copilot: Processor: Flown to date 0 Base: Altus, OK Contact: 306-290-3881

,			Flight	Times (	h)		Product				rvical		(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon		C-GJBB												
August 07														
Tues		C-GJBB												
August 08		C-GJDD												
August 00														
Wed		C-GJBB												Aircraft and crew leave Saskatoon. Clear customs and overnight
August 09														in Williston, ND
		0.0.100												
Thurs August 10		C-GJBB												Arrive in Altus Base GPS set up
August 10														base and set up
Fri	1	C-GJBB	1.3			1.3				60				Cloud, T-Storms most of the day.
August 11														Basemags set up
														Comp Flight attempted
		0.0.100								400				01- 470
Sat		C-GJBB								100				Cloud T-Storms
August 12														
Sun	2	C-GJBB	0.9			0.9				80				Overcast for most of the day, clearing around 5 pm local
August 13														compensation flight performed => OK FOM of 0.78

Weekly Total	2.2	0	0	2.2	0	0	0
Total to Date	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

August 14 to August 20 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB

Pilot: Mathieson

Copilot: Biesenthal

Processor: Heath

Base: Altus, OK

Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 29075
Remaining 22608
Flown this week 6467
Flown to date 6467

Main															
Mon August 14   1	ı			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti				rvical		(%)	
Mon August 14   1		Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Note s
Main	Mon	3	C-GJBB	0.2		4.5	4.7	1140	1140						Flight abbreviated for media event
August 15	August 14														
August 15															
August 15															
August 15															
Med		4	C-GJBB	0.2		6.2	6.4	1521	1521		50				Rain in the morning, clearing around noon.
August 16    August 16	August 15														
August 16    August 16															
August 16    August 16															
August 16    August 16															
Fri   August 18	Wed	5	C-GJBB	0.2			0.2						100		
August 17  Fri August 18  Sat August 19  Sun B C-GJBB 0.1 5.8 5.9 1250 1250	August 16														Red River A/C looking at the issue
August 17  Fri August 18  Sat August 19  Sun B C-GJBB 0.1 5.8 5.9 1250 1250															
August 17  Fri August 18  Sat August 19  Sun B C-GJBB 0.1 5.8 5.9 1250 1250															
August 17  Fri August 18  Sat August 19  Sun B C-GJBB 0.1 5.8 5.9 1250 1250															
Company   Comp			C-GJBB										100		gear door bring fixed
August 18	August 17														
August 18															
August 18															
August 18															
Sat August 19 Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394		6	C-GJBB	0.4		5.2	5.6	1162	1162						
August 19  Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394	August 18														
August 19  Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394															
August 19  Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394															
August 19  Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394															
Sun 8 C-GJBB 0.2 5.9 6.1 1394 1394		7	C-GJBB	0.1		5.8	5.9	1250	1250						
	August 19														
August 20		8	C-GJBB	0.2		5.9	6.1	1394	1394						
	August 20														
											-				

USGS - Central Oklahoma August 21 to August 27 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB

Pilot: Mathieson

Copilot: Biesenthal

Processor: Heath

Base: Altus, OK

Contact: 306-290-3881

Weekly Total Total to Date Summary
Project Total 29075
Remaining 15487
Flown this week 7121
Flown to date 13588

		İ	Flight	Times (	'h)		Producti	on (km)		Unse	rvical	hility	(%)	1
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Note s
Mon	9	C-GJBB	0.3		5.8	6.1	1394	1394						
August 21														
Tues	10	C-GJBB	0.4		5.7	6.1	1394	1394						
August 22														
Wed	11	C-GJBG	1.3		0.5	1.8	118	103	15	90				low overcast
August 23														
Thurs	12	C-GJBB	0.5		5.7	6.2	1394	1394						
August 24		O GODD	0.0		0.7	0.2	1004	1004						
		0.0.100												
Fri August 25		C-GJBB								100				heavy rain, low overcast
August 25														
Sat	13	C-GJBB	0.2		6.1	6.3	1493	1482	11					
August 26														
Sun	14	C-GJBB	0.3		5.8	6.1	1354	1354						
August 27														
					1							ı	ı	

**USGS - Central Oklahoma** 

August 28 to September 3 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB

Pilot: Mathieson

Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Altus, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Weekly Total Total to Date

Summary	
Project Total	29075
Remaining	8205
Flown this week	7282
Flown to date	20870

			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti	ion (km)		Unse	rvical	oility (	(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon	15	C-GJBB	0.7		5.2	5.9	1268	1268						
August 28														
Tues	16	C-GJBB	0.6		5.4	6.0	1324	1324						
August 29														
Wed	17	C-GJBB	0.1		6.1	6.2	1346	1346						
August 30	- 17	O-GODD	0.1		0.1	0.2	1540	1340						
- Tagarra														
Thurs	18	C-GJBB	0.3		5.5	5.8	1193	1066	127					
August 31														
Fri		C-GJBB										100		Aircraft maintenance
September 01														
Sat	19	C-GJBB	0.3		5.7	6.0	1126	1126						
September 02														
Sun	20	C-GJBB	0.3		5.7	6.0	1152	1152						
September 03						2.0	52							

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

September 04 to September 10 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Altus, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 44671
Remaining 20431
Flown this week 3370
Flown to date 24240

_			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti	on (km)		Unse	rvical		(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon	21	C-GJBB	0.5		5.4	5.9	1221	1221						
September 04														
Tues		C-GJBB								100				High winds and turbulence
September 05														
Wed	22	C-GJBB	0.4		5.1	5.5	848	848						
September 06														
Thurs	23	C-GJBB	0.5		3.8	4.3	546	527	19					
September 07														
Fri		C-GJBB									100			Active Diurnal
September 08		-												
·														
Sat	24	C-GJBB	0.6		4.5	5.1	774	774						
September 09	24	O-GODD	0.0		4.5	3.1	774	774						
эергенізен өз														
		0.0.100											400	District.
Sun September 10		C-GJBB											100	Pilot is ill
September 10														

Weekly Total	2	0	18.8	20.8	3389	3370	19
Total to Date	10.8	0	109.6	120.4	24412	24240	172

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

September 18 to September 24 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Bisenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Altus, OK
Contact: 309-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 44671
Remaining 14878
Flown this week 2232
Flown to date 29793

			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti	ion (km)		Unse	rvical	bility (	(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
1400		C-GJBB						<u>.</u>		100		ıt		High wind, turbulence, T-Storm activity
Mon September 18		C-GUDD								100				riigii wind, tubulence, 1-Storii activity
September 16														
Tues		C-GJBB								100				Low level wind shear, turbulence
September 19														
ļ														
Wed		C-GJBB								100				Low level wind shear, turbulence
September 20														
Thurs		C-GJBB								100				Lligh wind and turbulance
Thurs September 21		C-GJDD								100				High wind and turbulence
September 21														
ŀ														
Fri	30	C-GJBB	1.4		3.5	4.9	771	771						Area4
September 22														Turbulent throughout
Sat	31	C-GJBB	2.1		3.1	5.2	646	646						Area 4: 377 kmcompletes Area 4
September 23														Area 5: 269 km
														Turbulent throughout
		0.0.100	<del></del>	-	0.0		0:-	0:-					-	A 5
Sun	32	C-GJBB	1.7		3.6	5.3	815	815		$\vdash$			<u> </u>	Area 5
September 24														Turbulent
ŀ													-	
•													-	
				-									-	

Weekly Total	5.2	0	10.2	15.4	2232	2232	0
Total to Date	21.2	0.6	135.3	157.1	30214	29793	421

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

October 02 to October 08 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Chickasha, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary

Project Total 44671

Remaining 9148

Flown this week 3212

Flown to date 35523

			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti			Unse	rvical	bility (	(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon		C-GJBB								100				Rain
October 02														
Tues	36	C-GJBB	0.9			0.9				100				Flight aborted. Low ceilings
October 03														
Wed		C-GJBB								100	-			Rain, Thunderstorms
October 04		0 0000												Train, Trained Storms
		0.0.100												D. L. vic Div. Oliv. L. v. L.
Thurs October 05		C-GJBB												Relocated to Chickasha
October 03														
Fri	37	C-GJBB	1.1		5.0	6.1	1203	1203						
October 06														
Sat	38	C-GJBB	1.0		4.7	5.7	1001	1001						
October 07														
				1							l -			
Sun	39	C-GJBB	0.9		4.8	5.7	1008	1008						
October 08														
				l	l						İ.			

Weekly Total	3.9	0	14.5	18.4	3212	3212	0
Total to Date	30.7	0.6	160.6	191.9	35944	35523	421

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

September 25 to October 01 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Altus, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 44671
Remaining 12360
Flown this week 2518
Flown to date 32311

			Flight	Times (	(h)		Producti	on (km)		Unse	rvical	bility (	(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon		C-GJBB								100				Rain, Lightning, Low overscast
September 25														
Tues		C-GJBB								100				Rain, Low overcast
September 26														
Wed		C-GJBB								100				Rain, Low overcast
September 27		C-GUBB								100				Hairi, Low overcast
September 27														
Thurs		C-GJBB								100				Low overcast
September 28														
Fri	33	C-GJBB	1.9		2.7	4.6	668	668		25				Weather cleared by mid-day
September 29														
Sat	34	C-GJBB	1.9		4.1	6.0	1003	1003						
September 30														
				<b> </b>										
Sun	35	C-GJBB	1.8		4.0	5.8	847	847						
October 01		- 0020		1		5.0	347	047						
				<u> </u>										

Weekly Total	5.6	0	10.8	16.4	2518	2518	0
Total to Date	26.8	0.6	146.1	173.5	32732	32311	421

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

October 09 to October 15 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJE

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Chickasha, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 44671
Remaining 7672
Flown this week 1476
Flown to date 36999

		ĺ	FII alaa i	T: (	'L-\		Due due t	: (l)		Hara		.:::	(0/)	1
İ			Flight	ı imes (		1	Producti		-		rvical		(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon		C-GJBB										100		Aircraft maintenance
October 09														
T		O O IDD										100		A:
Tues October 10		C-GJBB										100		Aircraft maintenance
October 10														
Wed		C-GJBB										100		Aircraft maintenance
October 11														
Thurs		C-GJBB								50		50		Aircraft maintenance complete by midday.
October 12														High winds and turbulence.
Fri	40	C-GJBB	1.0		5.1	6.1	1201	952	249		20			Some diurnal activity during flight
October 13														, , ,
Sat	41	C-GJBB	1.3		2.7	4.0	595	524	71	40	20			Flight shortened, heavy winds
October 14														
													_	
				-		-					-		-	
													-	
Sun		C-GJBB								100				High winds and turbulence
October 15														. agras and another
,														

Weekly Total	2.3	0	7.8	10.1	1796	1476	320
Total to Date	33	0.6	168.4	202	37740	36999	741

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

October 16 to October 22 2017

Aircraft and Crew
Aircraft: C-GJBB

Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Blesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Chickasha, OK
Contact: 306-290-3881

Summary

Project Total 44671

Remaining 3395

Flown this week 4277

Flown to date 41276

			Flight	Times (	(h)		Producti	ion (km)		Unse	rvical		(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon	42	C-GJBB	1.2		3.9	5.1	928	928						
October 16														
Tues	43	C-GJBB	1.1		4.1	5.2	1033	1033						
October 17														
											-			
Wed	44	C-GJBA	0.9		2.9	3.8	664	597	67	30				High wind and turbulence shortened flight
October 18														
Thurs	45	C-GJBB	1.4		2.7	4.1	604	604						
October 19														
Fri October 20		C-GJBB								50				High winds. Unable to get into military areas; alternate flight plans not yet determined
October 20														not yet determined
C-1		O O IDD								100				I Bala salada and Asalasiana
Sat October 21		C-GJBB								100				High winds and turbulence
October 21														
Sup	46	C-GJBB	0.4		5.9	6.3	1148	1115	33		_			
Sun October 22	40	O-GUDB	0.4		5.9	0.3	1148	1115	33					
			<u> </u>								<u> </u>		ļ	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>							<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ

Weekly Total	5	0	19.5	24.5	4377	4277	100
Total to Date	38	0.6	187.9	226.5	42117	41276	841

# **USGS - Central Oklahoma**

October 23 to October 29 2017

Aircraft and Crew

Aircraft: C-GJBB
Pilot: Mathieson
Copilot: Biesenthal
Processor: Heath
Base: Chickasha, OK
Contact: 309-290-3881

Summary
Project Total 44671
Remaining -1031
Flown this week 4426
Flown to date 45702

														<del>-</del>
			Flight	Times (	h)		Producti				rvica	bility (	(%)	
	Flight	Aircraft	Ferry	Test	Survey	Total	Flown	Accepted	Rejected	Weather	Diurnal	Equipent	Crew	Notes
Mon	47	C-GJBB	0.4		5.6	6.0	1019	1019						
October 23														
Tues	48	C-GJBB	0.6		5.6	6.2	921	848	73					
October 24														
Wed	49	C-GJBB	0.3		4.7	5.0	808	794	14					
October 25														
Thurs October 26	50	C-GJBB	0.3		5.3	5.6	905	905						
October 26														
		0.0.00												
Fri October 27		C-GJBB												
October 27														
		0.0.100		İ	4.0		000	000						On the British
Sat October 28	51	C-GJBB	8.0		4.2	5.0	860	860						Completes Project
October 20														
Cum		C-GJBB			$\vdash$									
Sun October 29		C-GJDB												
COLODE! ZJ														

Weekly Total	2.4	0	25.4	27.8	4513	4426	87
Total to Date	40.4	0.6	213.3	254.3	46630	45702	928