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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/National Bureau of Standards

Bibliographies of Industrial Interest: Thermodynamic Measurements on the Systems $\text{CO}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{CuCl}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{NH}_3\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{H}_2\text{S}\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{ZnCl}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, and $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4\text{-H}_2\text{O}$

B.R. Staples, D. Garvin, D. Smith-Magowan, T.L. Jobe, Jr.,
J. Crenca, C.R. Jackson, T.F. Wobbeking, R. Joseph,
A. Brier, R.H. Schumm, and R.N. Goldberg

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Bibliographies of Industrial Interest:

Thermodynamic Measurements on the Systems $\text{CO}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{CuCl}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{NH}_3\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{H}_2\text{S}\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{ZnCl}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$, and $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4\text{-H}_2\text{O}$

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ABSTRACT

Contained herein are bibliographies of sources of experimental and correlated thermodynamic data for seven binary aqueous mixtures of industrial importance, namely, mixtures of CO₂, H₂S, NH₃, H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄, CuCl₂, and ZnCl₂ with water. The categories of equilibrium data included in the bibliographies are activity and osmotic coefficients, equilibria in solution, enthalpies and heat capacity data, vapor-liquid equilibria, and phase equilibrium data.

KEY WORDS: ammonia; bibliography; carbon dioxide; copper chloride; enthalpy; equilibrium constants; heat capacity; hydrogen sulfide; phosphoric acid; sulfuric acid; thermodynamics; water; zinc chloride.



INTRODUCTION

This report is comprised of bibliographies on seven binary aqueous mixtures of great industrial importance, mixtures of CO_2 , NH_3 , H_2SO_4 , H_3PO_4 , H_2S , CuCl_2 , and ZnCl_2 with water. The bibliographies identify sources of measurements or treatments of the equilibria that exist in these systems and the effects of temperature and pressure upon these equilibria. Treatments concerning more complex admixtures were not explicitly sought but those that were found that also addressed a fundamental aspect, such as the effect of ionic strength, were retained in the list. Three of the systems, CO_2 , NH_3 , and H_2S involve both vapor/liquid equilibria and acid/base dissociations under most typical conditions. Concerns regarding mixtures of H_2SO_4 and H_3PO_4 are limited for the most part to acid/base dissociation. The two salt systems, CuCl_2 and ZnCl_2 involve multiple association equilibria between cation and anion as well as hydrolysis of the cation. Annotations have been provided to describe the type of data reported in a particular publication and the environmental conditions under which measurements were made or for which the treatment is valid.

This report has been prepared for the Design Institute for Physical Property Data (DIPPR) of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers as part of the Project 811. Their support is gratefully acknowledged.

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*prepared for publication by D. Smith-Magowan

$\text{CO}_2\text{-H}_2\text{O}$

Bert R. Staples, Jacqueline Crenca, Cynthia R. Jackson, and David Garvin

INTRODUCTION

Listed in this bibliography are publications that contain information on the vapor-liquid equilibrium between CO_2 gas and its solutions in water or data on the ionization equilibria among $\text{CO}_2(\text{aq})$, $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$, $\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq})$ and $\text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$. To a lesser extent are publications on equilibria of CO_2 with and in mixture of water and organic compounds, on the enthalpies of solution, dilution and ionization, on activity coefficients and on the thermochemistry of the species listed above. References reporting measurements or presenting correlations or evaluations of data are included. Publications that consider only applications of existing data to specific systems but provide no new data have been avoided.

A subset of the papers is about the neutral molecule H_2CO_3 , carbonic acid, as distinguished from dissolved CO_2 . The study of the formation and ionization is a problem in both kinetics and thermodynamics. See [75KER] for a good introduction to this topic. Papers that refer to the "true" ionization constant of carbonic acid are about $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 = \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-$. Papers about the "apparent" ionization constant of carbonic acid or of carbon dioxide consider the overall process $\text{CO}_2(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-$. There is confusion in the nomenclature but not the numbers, the "true" K is approximately 10^{-4} and the apparent K is about 10^{-7} (because of the appreciable solubility of CO_2).

The references are listed alphabetically by first author. Each citation is preceded by a brief identification code composed of the year of publication and three letters from the last names of the first two authors. The citations list the names of authors; the title of the article, chapter or report as appropriate, and the source information, i.e. journal or book title, volume, year of publication . The structure of these citations does not conform to the specifications established by the American National Standards Institute but is the information necessary to direct the reader to a particular reference. In a few instances only an abstract or secondary reference was available. In these cases either the citation to Chemical Abstracts or source of the secondary citation is given.

Some titles have been translated, e.g. those in Russian. These translations come, by preference, from abstracts in the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts (The titles from the latter may be condensations of the original).

Each paper has been annotated to show the class of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, pressure, solution composition and pH. The data class designations are taken from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics. They are two letter codes with some mnemonic or physical chemical associations. A list is appended. No attempt has been made to assess the quality of the data, however, an annotation of "Ze" indicates that a particular reference constitutes or includes an evaluation of experimental data from several sources.

The bibliography has been prepared by searching the files of the NBS Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics and references in the papers retrieved from those sources. It covers a time period from the 19th century to 1982. Additions and corrections will be welcomed.

- 22ADO/HEN: Adolph, E.F.; Henderson, L.J.; "The heat of reaction of oxygen with hemoglobin"; J. Biol. Chem.; 50, 463-490 (1922); [CA 16:1254]

Hm, Hr, 22°C,
p?, solution and
reaction with NaOH and KOH(aq).
- 77AND: Anderson, G.R.; "The Raman spectra of carbon dioxide in liquid H₂O and D₂O"; J. Phys. Chem.; 81, 273-276 (1977) (negative results).

Md, 10°C, 45 atm,
H₂CO₃, Raman spec.
- 16ANT: Anthony; Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular; (1916)

Pv, see 58LIN for
table of data.
- 21APP: Appell, P.; "Resultats experimentaux sur l'absorption de l'anhydride carbonique par l'eau pure et sable"; Chaleur et Industrie; 2, 345-347, (1921)

Pv, t = ?, in H₂O and NaCl(aq),
cited in passing in 58LIN.
- 11AUE/PIC: Auerbach, F.; Pick, H.; Arb. Kaiser Gesundh.; 38, 1243, (1911).#

Kk, 18°C, 2d ioniz.
(from 64SIL/MAR)
- 63AUS/LAC: Austin, W.H.; LaCombe, E.; Rand, P.W.; Chatterjee, M.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in serum from 15 to 38°"; J. Appl. Physiol.; 18, 301-304, (1963); [CA 59:7969f]

Pv, 15-38°C, in H₂O and
blood serum.
- 56BAR/FRI: Bartholome, E.; Friz, H.; "Loslichkeit von Kohlendioxyd in Wasser bei hoheren Drucken"; Chemie - Ing. Tech.; 28, 706-708, (1956)

Pv, 10-30°C, 1-20 atm.
- 83BAR/HEP: Barbero, J.A.; Hepler, L.G.; McCurdy, K.G.; Tremaine, P.; "Thermodynamics of aqueous carbon dioxide and sulfur dioxide: heat capacities, volumes, and the temperature dependence of ionization"; Can. J. Chem.; 61, 2509-2519, (1983)

Dx, t = 25°C,
 $m(CO_2) = 0.01 - 0.1 \text{ mol/kg}$
- 66BAT/CLE: Battino, R.; Clever, H.L.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; Chem. Rev.; 66, 395-463, (1966)

Zr, Ze, Pv, methods,
thermodynamic formulae,
bibliography, data
quality but no data.
- 06BAU: Bauer, E.; "Uber die Dissociationskonstanten schwacher Sauren"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 56, 212-222, (1906)

Pv, 25°C, 730 mmHg.

74BAU/GAS:	Bauer, K.; Gaspar, M.; "Solubility of Nagylengyel reservoir rock in carbon dioxide-saturated formation water"; Koolaj Foldgaz; 7, 140-144, (1974)	Pv, 120°C, 10-70 kPa, in MgCO ₃ and CaCO ₃ sat. sol.
41BEL/SHP:	Belopolsky; Shpunt; Palkina; Ref. Zh. Khim.; 4(6), 82-83, (1941)	Pv, in aq. NH ₄ Cl-(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ .
53BER/PAT:	Berg, D.; Patterson, A., Jr.; "The high field conductance of aqueous solutions of carbon dioxide at 25°C. The true ionization constant of carbonic acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 75, 5197-5200, (1953)	Kk, 25°C, H ₂ CO ₃ .
78BER/VAN:	Berg, R.L.; Vanderzee, C.E.; "Thermodynamics of carbon dioxide and carbonic acid- (a) the standard enthalpies of solution of Na ₂ CO ₃ (s), NaHCO ₃ (s), and CO ₂ (g) in water 298.15 K, (b) the standard enthalpies of formation standard gibbs energies of formation, and standard entropies of CO ₂ (aq), HCO ₃ ⁻ (aq), CO ₃ ²⁻ (aq) NaHCO ₃ (s), Na ₂ CO ₃ (s), Na ₂ CO ₃ .H ₂ O(s), and Na ₂ CO ₃ .10H ₂ O(s)"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 10, 1113-1136, (1978)	Hm, 25°C, CO ₂ , NaHCO ₃ , Na ₂ CO ₃ in NaOH(dilute).
78BER/VAN2:	Berg, R.L.; Vanderzee, C.E.; "Enthalpies of dilution of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate solutions, and the standard enthalpies of ionization of aqueous carbonic acid, at 298.15K"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 10, 1049-1075, (1978)	Hm, Kk, 25°C, in carbonate sol.
29BHA/DHA:	Bhagwat, W.V.; Dhar, N.R.; "Dissociation constants of some inorganic acids from solubility measurements"; J. Indian Chem. Soc.; 6, 807-822, (1929)	Pv, 20-30°C in aq. sol. KF and salts of oxyacids, of P, Cr, Mo, V, Ti, B, Sb, and I.
23BJE:	Bjerrum, N.; "Dissoziationskonstanten von mehrbasischen Sauren und ihre Anwendung zur Berechnung molekularer Dimensionen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 106, 219-242, (1923)	Zr, Kk, 18°C, citing earlier data.
1899BOH:	Bohr, C.; "Definition und Methode zur Bestimmung der Invasions- und Evasionscoefficenten bei der Auflösung von Gasen in Flüssigkeiten. Werthe der Genannten Constanten sowie der Absorptionscoefficenten der Kohlensäure bei Auflösung in Wasser und in Chlornatriumlösungen"; Ann. Phys.; 68, 500-525, (1899)	Pv, 0-60°C, 1 atm.?, in H ₂ O and NaCl(aq).

76BOU:	Bourrie, G.; "Relations between pH, alkalinity, buffer intensity, and carbon dioxide equilibrium in natural waters"; Bull. Assoc. Fr. Etude Sol; No. 3, 141-159, (1976)	Pv, t ca. ambient, CO ₂ in natural water. analysis of speciation.
69BOX/EMI:	Boxkes, W.; Emig, G.; "Bestimmung von CO ₂ -Loslichkeiten in Wasser"; Chem.- Ing.- Tech.; 41, 1273-1276, (1969)	Pv, 15-80°C, pH 3.9-6, [CO ₂] vs. pH (at 21°C)
33BRI/MAR:	Brinkman, R.; Margaria, R.; Roughton, F.J.W.; "III. The kinetics of the carbon dioxide-carbonic acid reaction"; Phil Trans; A232, 65-97, (1933)	Kk, 15-18°C?, pH = 1-13, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics).
76BRU/BRU:	Bruice, P.Y.; Bruice, T.C.; Yagi, H.; Jerina, D.M.; "Nucleophilic displacement on the arene oxides of phenanthrene"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 98(10), 2973-2981, (1976)	Kk, 30°C, 2d ioniz., new data?
61BRU/NEL:	Bruckensteine, S.; Nelson, D.C.; "Acid-base dissociation constants in 1.0M sodium chloride"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 6(4), 605-606, (1961)	Kk, 25°C, in NaCl(aq).
38BUC:	Buch, K.; "New determination of the second dissociation constant of carbonic acid in sea water"; Acta Acad. Aboensis Math Physica; 11(5), 5-16, (1938)	Kk, Za, 20°C, 1 atm., 2d ioniz.
39BUC:	Buch, K.; "Kohlensäure in Atmosphäre und Meer an der Grenze Zum Arktikum"; Acta Acad. Aboensis Math Physica; 11(12), 5-31, (1939)	Pv, ca.20°C, ca.10 ⁻⁴ atm, in seawater.
45BUC:	Buch, K.; "Kolsyrejamukten i Baltiksa Havet"; Fennia; 68(5), (1945)	Pv, in sea water, cited in 77OST
1855BUN:	Bunsen, R.; "Memoires sur la loi de l'absorption des gaz par les liquides"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; 43, 496-508, (1855)	Pv, 0-20°C, 1 atm.
1855BUN2:	Bunsen, R.; Justus Liebigs Ann. Chem.; 93, 1, (1855)	Pv, 0-20°C, 1 atm, same data as 1855BUN.
1855BUN3:	Bunsen, M.R.; Phil. Mag. (4th series); "On the absorption of gases"; 9, 116-130; 181-201, (1855)	Pv, 0-20°C, 1 atm, same data as 1855BUN.

27BUY/BRI:	Buytendyk, F.J.J.; Brinkman, R.; Mook, H.W.; "A study of the system carbonic acid, carbon dioxide and water I. Determination of the true dissociation constant of carbonic acid"; Biochem. J.; 21, 576-584, (1927)	Kk, 14-18°C, dil. sol., H_2CO_2 (kinetics).
05CHR:	Christoff, A.; "Untersuchungen über die Absorption des CO_2 in wasserigen Salzlösungen und binären Flüssigkeitsgemengen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 53, 321-340, (1905)	Pv, 15°C, in dil. aq. salt and acid sol.
06CHR:	Christoff, A.; "Über die Abhangigkeit der Absorption von der Oberflächenspannung"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 55, 622-634, (1906)	Pv, 20°C, in conc. H_2SO_4 .
71COA/KIN:	Coan, C.R.; King, A.D., Jr.; "Solubility of water in compressed carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, and ethane. Evidence for hydration of carbon dioxide and nitrous oxide in the Gas Phase"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 93, 1857-1862, (1971)	Pv, t = 25 - 100°C, p = 1 - 60 atm.
82COB/MUR:	Cobble, J.W.; Murray, R.C., Jr.; Turner, P.J.; Chen, K.; 'High-temperature thermodynamic data for species in aqueous solution'; EPRI NP-2400, Electric Power Research Institute, Palo Alto, CA (1982)	Ze, Kk, Pv, 0-300°C, thermal functions, 2d ioniz.
79COL:	Collins, P.L.F.; "Gas hydrates in CO_2 -bearing fluid inclusions and the use of freezing data for estimation of salinity"; Economic Geology; 74, 1435-1444 (1979)	Px, -30 to 30°C.
17COS:	Coste, J.H.; "The absorption of atmospheric gases by water"; J. Soc. Chem. Ind.; 36, 846-853, (1917)	Pv, Zr, review of early meas.
62COX/HEA:	Cox, J.D.; Head, A.J.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in hydrofluoric acid solutions"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 58, 1839-1845, (1962)	Pv, Hm, 20-30°C, 1 atm., in H_2O and HF(aq).
67CUL/KES:	Culberson, C.; Kester, D.R.; Pytkowicz, R.M.; "High-pressure dissociation of carbonic and boric acids in seawater"; Science; 157, 59-61, (1967)	Kk, 22°C, 1-654 atm., 1st and 2d ioniz. in seawater.
68CUL/PYT:	Culberson, C.; Pytkowicz, R.M.; "Effect of pressure on carbonic acid, boric acid, and the pH in seawater"; Limnol. Oceanog. 13(3), 403-417, (1968)	Kk, 2-22°C, 1-1000 atm., 1st and 2d ioniz. in seawater.

38CUR/HAZ:	Curry, J.; Hazelton, C.L.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in deuterium oxide at 25°"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 60, 2771-2773, (1938)	Pv, 25°C, in D ₂ O.
38CUR/HAZ2:	Curry, J.; Hazelton, C.J.; "The first thermodynamic ionization constant of deuterio-carbonic acid at 25°"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 60, 2773-2776, (1938)	K _k , 25°C, 1 atm, 1st ioniz.
54CUT/STR:	Cuta, F.; Strafelda, F.; "The second dissociation constant of carbonic acid between 60 and 90°C"; <i>Chem. Listy</i> ; 48, 1308-1313, (1954)	K _k , 60-90°C, 2d ioniz. in dil. NaHCO ₃ /Na ₂ CO ₃ sol.
65DIS/DIS:	Disteche, A.; Disteche, S.; "The effect of pressure on pH and dissociation constants from measurements with buffered and unbuffered glass electrode cells"; <i>J. Electrochem. Soc.</i> ; 112, 350-354, (1965)	K _k , D _m , 22°C p = 1000 kg cm ⁻² ?, 1st and 2d ioniz., in KCl(aq).
67DIS/DIS:	Disteche, A.; Disteche, S.; "The effect of pressure on the dissociation of carbonic acid from measurements with buffered glass electrode cells"; <i>J. Electrochem. Soc.</i> ; 114, 330-340, (1967)	K _k , D _m , 22°C, 1-1000 bar pH 5.1-9.6 I=0-1.0 1st and 2d ioniz.
56DOD/STU:	Dodds, W.S.; Stutzman, L.F.; Sollami, B.J.; "Carbon dioxide solubility in water"; <i>Ind. Eng. Chem.</i> ; 92-95, (1956)	Z _c , Pv, 0-120°C, 1-700 atm.
73DYR/HAN:	Dyrssen, D.; Hansson, I.; "Ionic medium effects in sea water. Comparison of acidity constants of carbonic acid in sodium chloride and synthetic sea water"; <i>Marine Chem.</i> ; 1(2), 137-149, (1973); [CA 79:70056c]	Z _r , K _k , 1st. and 2d ioniz., in seawater.
70EDM/GIE:	Edmond, J.M.; Gieskes, J.M.T.M.; "On the calculation of the degree of saturation of sea water with respect to calcium carbonate under in situ conditions"; <i>Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta</i> ; 34, 1261-1291, (1970)	K _k , Za, 5-35°C, 1-1000 atm. in seawater.
78EDW/MAU:	Edwards, T.J.; Maurer, G.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria in multicomponent aqueous solutions of volatile weak electrolytes"; <i>AIChE J.</i> ; 24(6), 966, (1978)	Z _c , Pv, K _k , 0-170°C, I to 6m, 1st ioniz.

75EDW/NEW:	Edwards, T.J.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Thermodynamics of aqueous solutions containing volatile weak Electrolytes"; AIChE J.; 21(2), 248-259, (1975)	Zc, Pv, Kk, 0-100°C, m(salt) to 2, 1st ioniz.
59ELL:	Ellis, A.J.; "The effect of pressure on the first dissociation constant of 'carbonic acid"'; J. Chem. Soc.; 3689-3699, (1959)	Kk, 25-65°C, P(total) to 3000 atm, 1st ioniz.
59ELL2:	Ellis, A.J.; "The system Na_2CO_3 - NaHCO_3 - CO_2 H_2O at temperatures up to 200°"; Am. J. Sci.; 257, 287-296, (1959)	Pv, 120-200°C, $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3/\text{NaHCO}_3$ sol.
59ELL3:	Ellis, A.J.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in water at high temperatures"; Am. J. Sci.; 257, 217-234, (1959)	Pv, 115-350°C, $\text{P}(\text{CO}_2) < 5$ atm.
59ELL4:	Ellis, A.J.; "The solubility of calcite in carbon dioxide solutions"; Am. J. Sci.; 257, 354-365, (1959)	Pv, 100-300°C, $\text{P}(\text{CO}_2) = 1-4$ atm., sat. $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{aq})$.
57ELL/FYF:	Ellis, A.J.; Fyfe, W.S.; "Hydrothermal chemistry"; Rev. Pure Appl. Chem.; 7, 261-316, (1957)	Zr, Pv, 25-370°C, Kk, 0-300°, (graph)
63ELL/GOL:	Ellis, A. J.; Golding, R. M.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide above 100°C in water and in sodium chloride solutions"; Amer. J. Sci.; 261, 47-60, (1963)	Pv, 150-300°C, m(NaCl) = 0-2.
56END/KLE:	Enders, C.; Kleber, W.; Paukner, E.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide, oxygen, and nitrogen in beer and water"; Brauwissenschaft; 2-8, 50-59, (1956)	Pv, t=?, in H_2O , 4% EtOH and beer.
57ERE:	Eremenko, V.Ya.; "The value of the ionization constants of carbonic acid"; Gidrokhim. Materialy; 27, 122-134, (1957); [CA 52:13379c]	Zr, Kk, literature review.
59ERE:	Eremenko, V.Ya.; Gidrokhim. Materialy; 28, 233, (1959)	Zr, Kk, 0-38°C, 2d ioniz. (from 64SIL/MAR).
75ESP:	Espinosa Gala, O.; "Diagram for calculation of molar heats of solution of carbon dioxide in water"; Bol. Soc. Quim. Peru; 41, No. 2, 91-93, (1975)	Hm, Zc, -20 to +20°C, graphical correlation, data source not given.

75ESP2:	Espinoza Gala, O.; "Generalized nomogram for calculation of equilibrium data in the carbon dioxide-water system"; Bol. Soc. Quim. Peru; 41, No. 2, 94-100, (1975)	Zc, Pv, graphical correlation, data source not given.
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52ESS/GAN:	Essery, R.E.; Gane, R.; "Effect of storage on beers concentrated by freezing, and on beers kept in the frozen state- solubility of carbon dioxide in ice"; J. Inst. Brewing; 58, 129-133, (1952); [CA 46:9775a]	Pv, -20 and -5°C, in ice.
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76EVE/MOO:	Evelein, K.A.; Moore, R.G.; Heidemann, R.A.; "Correlation of the phase behavior in the systems hydrogen sulfide-water and carbon dioxide-water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 15(3), 423-428 (1976)	Zc, Pv, Px, t = 290-520°C, p to 2000 atm, 2 and 3 phase equilibrium.
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24FAU:	Fauholt, C.; "Etudes sur les solutions aqueuses d'anyhydride carbonique et d'acide carbonique"; J. Chim. Phys.; 21, 400-455, (1924)	Kk, 0-18°C, H ₂ CO ₃ .
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21FAU:	Fauholt, C.; "Über die Prozesse "NH ₂ COOH ₄ + H ₂ O = (NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃ " und "CO ₂ + H ₂ O = H ₂ CO ₃ "; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 120, 85-102, (1921)	Kk, 0°C, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics and thermo).
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08FIN:	Findlay, A.; "Einfluss von Kolloiden auf die Absorption von gasen, insbesondere von Kohlendioxyd, in Wasser"; Kolloid Z.; 3, 169-170, (1908)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O and with added colloids.
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10FIN/CRE:	Findlay, A.; Creighton, H.J.M.; "The influence of colloids and fine suspensions on the solubility of gases in water. Part I. Solubility of carbon dioxide and nitrous oxide"; J. Chem. Soc.; 97, 536-561, (1910)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O and aq. suspensions of Fe(OH) ₃ , dextrin, As ₂ S ₃ , and nat. macro-molecules.
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15FIN/HOW:	Findlay, A.; Howell, O.R.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in water in the presence of starch"; J. Chem. Soc.; 107, 282-284, (1915)	Pv, 25°C, in aq. starch sol.
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11FIN/SHE:	Findlay, A.; Shen, B.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in beer"; J. Chem. Soc.; 1313-1320, (1911)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O, alcohol-water sol., and in beer.
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12FIN/SHE:	Findlay, A.; Shen, B.; "The influence of colloids and fine suspensions on the solubility of gases in water. Part II. solubility of carbon dioxide and of hydrogen"; J. Chem. Soc.; 101, 1459-1468, (1912)	Pv, 25°C, 760-1350mmHg, also salt sol. and colloids.
13FIN/WIL:	Findlay, A.; Williams, T.; "The influence of colloids and fine suspensions on the solubility of gases in water. Part III. Solubility of carbon dioxide at pressures lower than atmospheric"; J. Chem. Soc.; 103, 636-645, (1913)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O, and aq. suspensions of Fe(OH) ₃ , dextrin, starch, etc.
59FOK:	Fokeev, V.M.; "Determination of the saturation pressure of carbon dioxide in water"; Izvst. Vysshikh Ucheb. Zavedenii, Geol. i Razvedka; (6), 87-92, (1959); [CA 54:6280i]	Pv, t = ?, $x(CO_2) = 0.5-0.95$.
29FRE/JOH:	Frear, G.L.; Johnston, J.; "The solubility of calcium carbonate (calcite) in certain aqueous solutions at 25°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 51, 2082-2093, (1929)	Pv, 25°C, 0.003-1 atm., in sat. CaCO ₃ (aq).
58FRY/NIL:	Frydman, M.; Nilsson, G.; Rengemo, T.; Sillen, L.G.; "Some solution equilibria involving calcium sulfite and carbonate III. The acidity constants of H ₂ CO ₃ and H ₂ SO ₃ , and CaCO ₃ CaSO ₃ equilibria in NaClO ₄ Medium at 25°C"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 12, 378-884, (1958)	Kk, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz., in NaHCO ₃ /NaCO ₃ /NaClO ₄ sol.
26GAT:	Gatterer, A.; "The absorption of gases by colloidal solutions"; J. Chem. Soc.; 299-316, (1926)	Pv, 5-25°C, in colloidal sol.
04GEF:	Geffcken, G.; "Beitrage zur Kenntnis der Loslichkeitsbeeinflussung"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 49, 257-302, (1904) alkali metal salts.	Pv, 15 and 25°C, in aq. sol. of acids and of
79GEH/LEN:	Gehrig, M.; Lentz, H.; Franck, E.U.; "Thermodynamic properties of water-carbon dioxide-sodium chloride mixtures at high temperatures and pressures"; High-Pressure Sci. Technol., AIRAPT Conf., 6th; 1, 539-542 (1979)	Pv, Px, t<500°C, p<3kbar.
71GER/BIT:	Gerecke, J.; Bittrich, H.J.; Wiss. Tech. Rochsch. Chem. Carl Schorlemmer Leuna - Merseburg; 13, 115, (1971)	Pv, 25°C, (from 77WIL/BAT)

80GIG:	Giggenbach, W.F.; "Geothermal gas equilibria"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta; 44, 2021-2032, (1980)	Pv, 100-300°C, application of previously published data to geochemical equilibria.
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82GIL/WIL:	Gillespie, P.C.; Wilson, G.M.; 'Vapor-liquid and liquid-liquid equilibria: water-methane, water-carbon dioxide, water-hydrogen sulfide, water-npentane, water-methane-npentane'; Research Report 48, Gas Processors Association; Tulsa, Okla., (1982)	Pv, t = 60 - 600°F, p = 17 - 3000 psi
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53GJA:	Gjaldbaek, J. Chr.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in perfluoro-n-heptane, normal heptane, cyclo-hexane, carbon tetrachloride, benzene, carbon disulphide and aqueous solution of aerosol"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 7, 537-544, (1953)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O, CS ₂ , CCl ₄ , C ₆ H ₆ , C ₇ F ₁₆ , C ₇ H ₁₆ .
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60GLA/LON:	Glasoe, P.K.; Long, F.A.; "Use of glass electrodes to measure acidities in deuterium oxide"; J. Phys. Chem.; 64, 188-190, (1960)	Kk, 25°C, 1st ioniz., in D ₂ O and H ₂ O.
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58GOL/MAL:	Golutvin, Yu., M.; Malysheva, T.V.; Skorobogatova, V.I.; "Solubility of hydrogen sulfide and carbon dioxide in water and aqueous solutions of ammonia and phenol"; Izvest. Sibir. Otdel. Akad. Nauk SSSR; (8), 83-87, (1958); [CA 53:9787i]	Pv, 20°C.
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74GOR/BAS:	Gordienko, V.I.; Bashirova, L.Kh.; Leibert, B.M.; "Hydrolysis constants for carbonate and bicarbonate ions in highly concentrated sodium chloride aqueous solutions"; Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved. Khim. Khim. Tekhnol.; 17, 1127-1131, (1974); [CA 82-22381]	Kk, 25°C? 2d ioniz., NaOH/NaHCO ₃ /NaCl(aq).
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73GRE:	Greenwood, H.J.; "Thermodynamic properties of gaseous mixtures of H ₂ O and CO ₂ between 450° and 800°C and 0 to 500 bars"; Am. J. Sci.; 273, 561-571 (1973)	Da, 450-800°C, in gaseous CO ₂ + H ₂ O mixtures.
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20HAE:	Haenel, O.; "The strength of carbonic acid at higher pressures"; Centr. Min. Geol.; 25-32, (1920); [CA 15:620]	Pv, Kk, 0°C, 1-50 atm.
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1885HAM:	Hamberg, A.; "Beitrag zur Chemie des Meerwassers II. Ein Apparat zur Bestimmung des Stickstoffgases und der Kohlensäure im Meerwasser"; J. Prakt. Chem.; [2] 33, 433-463, (1885)	Pv, 0-20°C, in full-strength and diluted seawater.
73HAN:	Hansson, I.; "The determination of dissociation constants of carbonic acid in synthetic sea water in the salinity range of 20-40 ppt. and temperature range of 5-30°C"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 27, 931-944, (1973)	Kk, Za, 5-30°C, 1 atm, 1st and 2d ioniz. in seawater.
73HAN2:	Hansson, I.; "A new set of acidity constants for carbonic acid and boric acid in sea water"; Deep-Sea Research; 20, 461-478, (1973)	Kk, Zc, 10-35°C, 1 atm, in seawater.
58HAN/BER:	Han, S.T.; Bernardin, L.J.; "Ionic activity coefficients of sodium bicarbonate"; Tappi; 41, 540-544, (1958)	Kk, Dm, Da, Zc, 20-65°C, 1 atm, I to 1.1
01HAN/VAG:	Hantzscher, A.; Vagt, A.; "Über den Zustand gelöster Stoffe auf Grund von Verteilungsversuchen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 38, 705-42, (1901)	Pv, 0-90°C, $P(CO_2) = 0.3-0.7$ atm.
45HAR/BON:	Harned, H.S.; Bonner, F.T.; "The first ionization of carbonic acid in aqueous solutions of sodium chloride"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 67, 1026-1031, (1945)	Kk, 0-50°C, 1st ioniz., $m(NaCl) = 0-1$.
43HAR/DAV:	Harned, H.S.; Davis, R. Jr.; "The ionization constant of carbonic acid in water and the solubility of carbon dioxide and in water and aqueous salt solutions from 0 to 50°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 65, 2030-2037, (1943)	Pv, Kk, 0-50°C, 1st ioniz., in H_2O and $Na_2CO_3(aq)$.
41HAR/SCH:	Harned, H.S.; Scholes, S.R., Jr.; "The ionization constant of HCO_3^- from 0 to 50°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 1706-1709, (1941)	Kk, Hr, Q1, 2d ioniz., 0-50°C, in $Na_2CO_3(aq)$.
16HAS:	Hasselbalch, K.A.; "Die Berechnung der Wasserstoffzahl des Blutes aus der freien und gebundenen Kohlensäure desselben, und die Sauerstoffbindung des Blutes als Funktion der Wasserstoffzahl"; Biochem. Z.; 78, 112-144, (1916)	Kk, 18 and 38°C, in $NaHCO_3(aq)$ and blood.

- 25HAS/SEN: Hastings, A.B.; Sendroy, J., Jr.; "The effect of variation in ionic strength on the apparent first and second dissociation constants of carbonic acid"; *J. Biol. Chem.*; 65, 445-455, (1925) Kk, 38°C, 1st and 2d ioniz., in NaHCO₃/Na₂CO₃/NaCl/NaOH sol.
- 73HAW/PYT: Hawley, J.E.; Pytkowicz, R.M.; "Interpretation of pH measurements in concentrated electrolyte solutions"; *Marine Chemistry*; 1, 245-250, (1973) Kk, 25°C, 1 atm, in NaCl.
- 71HAY/MAL: Hayduk, W.; Malik, V.K.; "Density, Viscosity, and carbon dioxide solubility and diffusivity in aqueous ethylene glycol solutions"; *J. Chem. Eng. Data*; 16, 143-146, (1971) Pv, 25°C, 1 atm., in H₂O-glycol mixt, x=0 to 1
- 15HEA: Heath, W.P.; *Privately Printed*, Atlanta, GA.; (1915) Pv, see 58LIN for data.
- 67HEL: Helgeson, H.C.; "Thermodynamics of complex dissociation in aqueous solution at elevated temperatures"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; 71(10), 3121-3126, (1967) Ze, Kk, Pv, 0-200°C
- 76HEL/KIR: Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic properties of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures. III. Equation of state for aqueous species at infinite dilution"; *Am. J. Sci.*; 276, 97-240, (1976) Kk, Zc, Ze, 25-3000°C, 1-1000 atm.
- 81HEL/KIR: Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; Flowers, G.C.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic behavior of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures: IV. Calculation of activity coefficients, osmotic coefficients, and apparent molal and standard and relative partial molal properties to 600°C and 5kB"; *Am. J. Sci.*; 281, 1249-1516, (1981) Ze, Kk, Da, Dm, 0-600°C, 0-5kB
- 70HER/GOD: Hertz, M.B.; Godbold, T.M.; "Sodium carbonate equilibrium with monoethanolamine additive"; *Roth, J.A.*; 15(1), 137-139, (1970) Pv, Kk, 30°C, in NaHCO₃/Na₂CO₃ sol. and with added monoethanolamine.
- 75HOR: Horrath, A.L.; "Reference literature to the critical properties of aqueous electrolyte solutions"; *J. Chem. Infor. Comp. Sci.*; 15, 245-247 (1975) Zr, Vc

57HOU/MCL:	Houghton, G.; McLean, A. M.; Ritchie, P. D.; "Compressibility, fugacity, and water-solubility of carbon dioxide in the region 0-36 Atm. and 0-100°C"; Chem. Eng. Sci.; No. 6, pg. 132, (1957)	Pv, Vg, 0-100°C, p = 0-36 atm., $x(\text{CO}_2) = 0.6$ to 10, reanalysis, new eq. of state.
72HU/SIN:	Hu, A.T.; Sinke, G.C.; Mansson, M.; Ringner, B.; "Test Substances for Bomb Combustion Calorimetry. p-chlorobenzoic acid"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 4, 283-299, (1972)	Ze, Pv, Hm, 25°C.
78JHO/NEA:	Jho, C.; Nealon, D.; Shogbola, S.; King, A. D., Jr.; "Effect of pressure on the surface tension of water adsorption of hydrocarbon gases and carbon dioxide on water at temperatures between 0 and 50°C"; J. Colloid Interface Sci.; 65, 141-154, (1978)	Hs, 25°C, effect of CO_2 on surface tension of H_2O .
01JUS:	Just, G.; "Loslichkeit von gasen in Organischen Losungsmitteln"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 37, 342-367, (1901)	25°C, 1 atm.?, also in 43 organic liq. at 15, 20, and 25°C.
73KAL/DUB:	Kalinin, Yu. Ya.; Dubinin, A. B.; "Specific heats of a boiling liquid and dry saturated water vapor, Freon 21, carbon dioxide along the left and right branches of a boundary curve"; Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved., Energ.; 16, No. 6, 142-147, (1973)	Q1, Qh, Qg, 0-320°C, and sat. process.
34KAU:	Kauko, Y.; "The first dissociation constant of the carbonic acid equilibrium"; Ann. Acad. Sci. Fenniae; A39(3), 88, (1934); [CA 29:3218 7]	Zr, Kk, 1st ioniz., 0-25°C.
35KAU:	Kauko, Y.; "The value of the first dissociation constant of carbonic acid"; Ann. Acad. Sci. Fenniae; No. 9, 8 pp. (1935); [CA 30:2828 4]	Ze, 18°C, 1st ioniz.
37KAU/AIR:	Kauko, Y.; Airola, A.; "Die Zweite Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; A179, 307-313, (1937)	Zr, Kk, 0-38°C, dilute $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3/\text{NaHCO}_3$ sol.
35KAU/CAR:	Kauko, Y.; Carlberg, J.; "Zur Kenntnis der Ersten Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; A173, 141-149, (1935)	Kk, 18°C, 1st ioniz., NaHCO_3 sol.
39KAU/ELO:	Kauko, Y.; Elo, H.; "Die erste Dissoziation der Kohlensäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; A184, 211-230, (1939)	Ze, Kk, 1st ioniz., 0-25°C.

16KEN:	Kendall, J.; "The specific conductivity of pure water in equilibrium with atmospheric carbon dioxide"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 38, 1480-1497, (1916)	Pv, Kk, 1st ioniz., 0-25°C.
60KER:	Kern, D.M.; "The hydration of carbon dioxide"; J. Chem. Education; 37, 14-23, (1960)	Zr, Kk, 25°C, H_2CO_3 (kinetics and thermo).
73KHI/KAD:	Khitarov, N. I.; Kadik, A. A.; "Water and carbon dioxide in magmatic melts and peculiarities of the melting process"; Contrib. Mineral. Petrology; 41, 205-215, (1973)	Pv, above 1000°C, p = 10kb.
37KIS/LAJ:	Kiss, A.V.; Lajtai, I.; Thury, G.; "Über die Löslichkeit von gasen in Wasser-Nichtelektrotlgtgemischen"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 233, 346-352, (1937)	Pv, 0-25°C, in H_2O and its mixtures with org. compounds.
26KLE/HER:	Klemenc, A.; Herzog, M.; "Zur Kenntnis der Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Montsh.; 47, 405-413, (1926)	Kk, 0, 12.5°C, 1st ioniz., very dil. solutions.
35KOB/WIL:	Kobe, K.A.; Williams, J.S.; "Confining liquids for gas analysis"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 7(1), 37-38, (1935)	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm., in H_2O , acid and salt sol.
61KOE/ENG:	Koefoed, J.; Engel, K.; "Kinetics of the carbon dioxide hydration under conditions of enforced stationarity"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 15, 1319-1326, (1961)	Kk, 0°C, H_2CO_3 (kinetics).
28KOL/BOS:	Kolthoff, I.M.; Bosch, W.; "The influence of neutral salts on acid-salt equilibria III. The second dissociation constant of carbonic acid and the influence of salts on the activity of the hydrogen ions in a bicarbonate carbonate mixture"; Rec. Trav. Chim.; 47, 819-825, (1928)	Kk, 25°C, 2d ioniz., in H_2O and alkali metal salt sol.
80KOR/KAR:	Korbutova, Z. V.; Karpova, Yu. G.; Leites, I. L.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous solutions of potassium carbonate"; Khim. Prom-st.; No. 12, 721-725, (1980); Tr. The Soviet Chemical Industry, 1401-1404, (1980)	Pv, 40-70°C?, 20-40 wt%. K_2CO_3

70KRA/SOB:	Kratochvil, J.; Sobr, J.; Matous, J.; Pick, J.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in heavy water at pressures up to 40 atm."; Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun.; 35, 3761-3764, (1970)	Pv, 25°C, p to 40 atm., sol. in D ₂ O.
35KRI/SHA:	Kritschewsky, I.R.; Shaworonkoff, N.M.; Aepelbaum, V.A.; "Gemeinsame Loslichkeit der gase in Flussigkeiten unter Druck. I. Loslichkeit des Kohlendioxyds in Wasser aus seinen Gemischen mit Wasserstoff bei 20 und 30°C und Gesamtdruck bis 30 kg/cm ² "; Z. Phys. Chem.; A175, 232-238, (1935)	Pv, 20-30°C, 5-30 bar.
82KRU/FRA:	Kruse, R.; Franck, E.U.; "Raman spectra of hydrothermal solutions of CO ₂ and KHCO ₃ at high temperatures and pressures"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 86, 1036-1038 (1982)	Kk, 22-300°C, 1st ioniz., p to 2000 bar.
71KRY/STA:	Kryukov, P.A.; Starostina, L.I.; Tarasenko, S.Ya.; Pavlyuk, L.A.; Smolyakov, B.S.; "Ionization constants of carbonic acid, hydrogen sulfide, boric acid, and sulfuric acid at high temperatures"; Larionov, E.G.; Mezdunar. Geokhim. Kongr., [Dokl.], 2, 186-198, (1971); [CA 81-69193]	Kk, 25-100°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
22KUN:	Kunerth, W.; "Solubility of CO ₂ and N ₂ O in certain solvents"; Phys. Rev.; 19, 512-524 (1922)	Pv, 18-34°C, approx. 1 atm. and 2d ioniz.
69LAR/HEP:	Larson, J.W. ; Hepler, L.G. ; "Heats and entropies of Of ionization"; 'Solute-Solvent Interactions', Coetzee, J.F. and Ritchie, C.D.(eds); Marcel Dekker, NY and London, (1969)	Zr,Kk, Hr, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
71LI/TSU:	Li, Y.-H.; Tsui, T.-F.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in water and sea water"; J. Geophys. Res. ; 76, 4203-4207, (1971)	Pv, t = 0-30°C, [salt] = 0-2.9%, Cl ⁻ and 0.64m NaCl.
58LIN:	Linke, W.F. ; 'Solubilities' , 4th ed.; D. Van Nostrand, Princeton, (1958) [originated by A. Seidel]	Ze, Pv, 0-1000ψ, compiled solubility data for CO ₂ in water salt solutions and mixed solvents.

75LIN/BOR:	Lindberg, A.; Borno, C.; "Calculation of calcium carbonate-carbon dioxide equilibrium in water and mixtures of water"; Verh.-Int. Ver. Theor. Angew. Limnol.; No. 19, Pt. 2, 1511-1517, (1975)	Za, Kk, 0-100°C, selected ionization constants (from Schmitt(1955)).
58LJU/LAM:	Ljunggren, S.; Lamm, O.; "A relaxation method for the determination of moderately rapid reaction rates near chemical equilibrium"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 12, 1834-1850, (1958)	Kk, 4°C, H_2CO_3 (kinetics and thermo).
57LOP:	Loprest, F.I.; "A method for the rapid determination of the solubility of gases in liquids at various temperatures"; J. Phys. Chem.; 61, 1128-1130 (1957)	Pv, Px, 2-60°C.
33MAC/BEL:	MacInnes, D.A.; Belcher, D.; "The thermodynamic ionization constants of carbonic acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 55, 2630-2646, (1933)	Kk, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
35MAC/BEL:	MacInnes, D.A.; Belcher, D.; "The thermodynamic ionization constants of carbonic acid at 38° from electromotive force measurements"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 57, 1683-1685, (1935)	Kk, 38°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
1877MAC:	Mackenzie, J.J.; "Über die Absorption der gase durch Salzlösungen"; Ann. Phys.; 237, 438, (1877)	Pv 8-30°C, 1 atm?, aq NaCl, KCl, NH_4Cl , $CaCl_2$, $SrCl_2$, and $BaCl_2$
55MAI/BAB:	Mai, K.L.; Babb, A.L.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria by radioactive tracer techniques. System carbon dioxide hydrogen sulfide-sodium carbonate-sodium bicarbonate sodium sulfide-water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 47, 1749-1757, (1955)	Pv, 20-65°C, in $Na_2CO_3/NaHCO_3$ sol.
74MAK/KAP:	Makarov, A. V.; Kapyrina, Yu. D.; Fokeev, V. M.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous-saline solutions under pressure"; Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved., Geol. Razved.; 17, No. 4, 90-92, (1974)	Pv, 290-370 K, in 0.1M NaCl.
59MAL:	Malinin, S.D.; "The system H_2O-CO_2 at high temperatures pressures"; Geokhimiya; No. 3, 235-245, (1959); [CA 53:18612f] Tr. Geochemistry No. 3 292, (1959)	and Pv, t = 200-330°C, p = 100-500kg/cm ² , [salt] = 0, 10% $CaCl_2$.

74MAL:	Malinin, S.D.; "Questions concerning the thermodynamics of the H ₂ O - CO ₂ system"; Geokhimiya; No. 10, 1523-1549, (1974)	Zr, V, 100-600°C.
78MAL:	Malinin, S.D.; "CO ₂ solubility in aqueous solutions of electrolytes"; Geokhimiya; No. 10, 1452-1465, (1978)	Zc, Pv, 25-300°C, in NaCl and CaCl ₂ sol.
75MAL/KUR:	Malinin, S. D.; Kurovskaya, N. A.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in chloride solutions at elevated temperatures and carbon dioxide pressures"; Geochem. Intern.; 12, 199-201, (1975)	Pv, t = 25-100°C, p to 50kg/cm ⁻² , [salt] = 0 to 7 molal, solubility in NaCl and CaCl ₂ solutions.
72MAL/SAV:	Malinin, S.D.; Savelyeva, N.I.; "The solubility of CO ₂ in NaCl and CaCl ₂ solutions at 25, 50 and 75° under elevated CO ₂ pressures"; Geochem. Int.; 9, 410-418 (1972)	Pv, 25-75°, in NaCl and CaCl ₂ solutions
41MAR/KOB:	Markham, A.E.; Kobe, K.A.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; Chem. Rev.; 41, 519-588, (1941)	Zr, Pv, methods, thermodynamic formulae, bibliography, data quality but no values for solubilities.
41MAR/KOB2:	Markham, A.E.; Kobe, K.A.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous solutions of sulfuric and perchloric acids at 25°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 1165-1166, (1941)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ SO ₄ (aq) and in HClO ₄ (aq), 0-100%.
41MAR/KOB3:	Markham, A.E.; Kobe, K.A.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide and nitrous oxide in aqueous salt solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 449-454 (1941)	Pv, 0.2-40°C, in various salt solutions.
58MAR/LOP:	Marshall, W.L.; Loprest, F.J.; Secoy, C.H.; "The equilibrium Li ₂ CO ₃ (s) + CO ₂ + H ₂ O = 2 Li ⁺ + 2HCO ₃ ⁻ temperature and pressure"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 80, 5646-5651, (1958)	Pv, 200-290°C, P to 200 atm., at high in sat. Li ₂ CO ₃ sol.
74MAS/KIN:	Massoudi, R.; King, A. D., Jr.; "Effect of pressure on the surface tension of water. Adsorption of low molecular weight gases on water at 25°C"; J. Phys. Chem.; 78, 2262-2266, (1974)	Ps, 25°C.

69MAT/SOB:	Matous, J.; Sobr, J.; Novak, J. P.; Pick, J.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in water at pressures up to 40 atm"; Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun.; 34, 3982-3985, (1969)	Pv, 30-80°C, $P(CO_2) = 10.38$ atm.
03MCC:	McCoy, H.N.; "Equilibrium in the system composed of sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, carbon dioxide, and water"; Amer. Chem. J.; 29, 437-462, (1903)	Kk, near 25°C, 2d ioniz., in $NaHCO_3/Na_2CO_3$ sol.
73MEH/CUL:	Mehrback, C.; Culberson, C.H.; Hawley, J.E.; Pytkowicz, R.M.; "Measurement of the apparent dissociation constants of carbonic acid in sea water at atmospheric pressure"; Limnol. Oceanogr.; 18(6), 897-907, (1973); [CA 80:112427c]	Kk, 2-35°C, 1 atm., in seawater.
57MEI/SCH:	Meier, J.; Schwarzenbach, G.; "Eine mit Glaselektroden ausgerustete Stromungsapparatur (Über die H_2CO_3 aciditätsskonstante der wahren Kohlensäure und deren Dehydratationsgeschwindigkeit"; Helv. Chem. Acta; 40, 907-917, (1957)	Kk, 20°C, formation of (kinetics and thermo).
73MEI/PEP:	Meissner, H.P.; Peppas, N.A.; "Activity coefficients of aqueous solutions of polybasic acids and their salts"; AIChE J.; 19, 806-809, (1973)	Zc, Da, Pv, 25°C, generalized activity coefficient correlation (to high ionic strengths).
22MEN:	Menzel, H.; "Über Dissoziations- und Hydrolysengleichgewichte in Lösungen kohlensaurer und borsaurer Salze"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 100, 276-315, (1922)	Kk, 18°C, 1st ioniz., in dil. $NaHCO_3$ (aq).
24MET:	Metschl, J.; "The supersaturation of gases in water and certain organic liquids"; J. Phys. Chem.; 28, 417-437, (1924)	Pv, 25°C?, supersaturation.
25MIC/MIZ:	Michaelis, L.; Mizutani, M.; "Die Dissoziation der Schwachen Elektrolyte in Wasserig-alkoholischen Lösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 116, 135-139, (1925)	Kk, 20°C, 2d ioniz. in H_2O and mixt. with EtOH
14MIC/RON:	Michaelis, L.; Rona, P.; "Die Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Biochem. Z.; 67, 182-192, (1914)	Kk, 16-37°C, 1st and 2d ioniz., in $NaHCO_3/Na_2CO_3/NaCl$ sol.

72MIL/BER:	Millero, F.J.; Berner, R.A.; "Effect of pressure on carbonate equilibria in seawater"; <i>Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta</i> ; 36, 92-98, (1972)	Kk, Dm, 25°C, 1000 atm. calc. of partial molar volume from pressure dependence.
40MIL/URE:	Mills, G.A.; Urey, H.C.; "The kinetics of isotopic exchange between carbon dioxide, bicarbonate ion, carbonate ion and water"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 62, 1019-1026, (1940)	Kk, 0 and 25°C, H_2CO_3 ? , ^{18}O exchange.
31MOR/MAA:	Morgan, O.M.; Maass, O.; "An investigation of the equilibria existing in gas-water systems forming electrolytes"; <i>Can. J. Res.</i> ; 5, 162-199, (1931)	Pv, Kk, 0-25°C, 5-80 mmHg, 1st ioniz.
30MOR/PYN:	Morgan, J.L.R.; Pyne, H.R.; "Solubility relations in gas-liquid systems. I. A new apparatus for determining gas solubilities"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 34, 1578-1582, (1930)	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm?.
52MOR/BIL:	Morrison, T.J.; Billett, F.; "The salting-out of non-electrolytes. Part II. The effect of variation in non-electrolyte"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 3819-3822, (1952)	Pv, 13-75°C, 1 atm.
67MUN:	Munjal, P. K.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in sea water and its concentrates"; <i>Diss. Abstr. B</i> ; 27, 3952-3953, (1967) sea water	Pv, 5-25°C, p = 10-45 atm., p = 10-45 atm and concentrates.
71MUN/STE:	Munjal, P.; Stewart, P.B.; "Correlation equation for solubility of carbon dioxide in water, seawater, and seawater concentrates"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 16(2), 170-172, (1971)	Zc, Pv, -5 to 25°C, 1-45 atm., in H_2O , seawater and its concentrates.
71MUR/RIL:	Murray, C. N.; Riley, J. P.; "Solubility of gases in distilled water and sea water. IV. carbon dioxide"; <i>Deep-Sea Res.</i> ; 18, 533-541, (1971)	Pv, 1-35°C, in H_2O and acidified seawater, and brines to 3.8% Cl^- .
71MUX:	Muxart, T.S.; "Solubility of calcite in water in the presence of carbon dioxide"; <i>Mezhdunar. Geokhim. Kongr. [Dokl]</i> 1st; 4(Part 1), 326-337 (1971); [CA 80-100687]	Kk, 20 and 30°C, 2d ioniz., in sat. $CaCO_3(aq)$.
77MYS:	Mysen, B.O.; "The solubility of water and carbon dioxide under predicted magma genesis conditions and some petrological and geophysical implications"; <i>Rev. Geophys. Space Phys.</i> ; 15, 351-361, (1977)	Zr, Pv, t to 1600°C, p to 40 kbar, solubility in silicate melts.

70NAK:	Nakayama, F.S.; "Sodium bicarbonate and carbonate ion pairs and their relation to the estimation of the first and second dissociation constants of carbonic acid"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 74(13), 2726-2728, (1970)	Zc, Kk, 25°C, CO ₂ and ion pairs in NaHCO ₃ (aq) and Na ₂ CO ₃ (aq).
71NAK:	Nakayama F.S.; "Thermodynamic functions for the dissociation of NaHCO ₃ [°] , NaCO ₃ ⁻ , HCO ₃ ⁻ "; H ₂ CO ₃ and HCO ₃ ⁻ "; <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> ; 33, 1287-1291, (1971)	Kk, 0-50°C, ion pairing in Na ₂ CO ₃ (aq) and NaHCO ₃ (aq).
46NAS:	Nasanen, R.; "Die zweite Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure in NaCl- und KCl-Lösungen"; <i>Suomen Kemistilehti</i> ; 19B, 90-93, (1946)	Kk, 25°C, I<2m, 2d ioniz., in NaCl(aq).
47NAS:	Nasanen, R.; "Potentiometric study on the first ionization of carbonic acid in aqueous solutions of sodium chloride"; <i>Acta Chem. Scand.</i> ; 1, 204-209, (1947)	Kk, 5-45°C, 1st ioniz. m(NaCl) = 0-3.
61NAS/MER:	Nasanen, R.; Merilainen, P.; Leppanen, K.; "Potentiometric Determination of the solubility product of lead carbonate"; <i>Acta Chem. Scand.</i> ; 15, 913-918, (1961)	Kk, 25°C, 2d ioniz., in 2m KNO ₃ .
74NAU/KHA:	Naumov, V. B.; Khakimov, A. Kh.; Khodakovsky, I.L.; "On the solubility of carbon dioxide in concentrated chloride solutions at high temperatures and pressures"; <i>Geokhimiya</i> ; No. 1, 45-55, (1974)	Zr, Pv, Kk, 100-500°C, 600-2500 bar.
68NEZ:	Nezdoiminoga, N. A.; "On the question of the solubility of carbon dioxide in water"; <i>Izv. Akad. Nauk Arm. SSR; Ser. Tekh. Nauk.</i> , 21, No. 3, 11-17, (1968)	Pv, 24°C, 0.1-5 atm., sol. in H ₂ O and carbonate solutions.
58NIL/REN:	Nilsson, G.; Rengemo, T.; Sillén, L.G.; "Some solution equilibria involving calcium sulfite and carbonate I. Simple solubility equilibria of CO ₂ , SO ₂ , CaCO ₃ , and CaSO ₄ "; <i>Acta Chem. Scand.</i> ; 12, 868-872, (1958)	Pv, 25, 35 and 75°C, in NaClO ₄ (aq).
61NOV/FRI:	Novak, J.; Fried, V.; Pick, J.; "Löslichkeit des Kohlendioxyds in Wasser bei verschiedenen Drucken und Temperaturen"; <i>Collection Czech. Chem. Commun.</i> ; 26, 2266-2270, (1961)	Pv, 10-80°C, 100-760 mmHg.

70OND/SAD:	Onda, K.; Sada, E.; Kobayashi, T.; Kito, S.; Ito, K.; "Salting-out parameters of gas solubility in aqueous salt solutions"; <i>J. Chem. Jap.</i> ; 3(1), 18-24, (1970); [CA 73:39198c]	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm., in aq salt sol.
36ORC/SEE:	Orcutt, F.S.; Seevers, M.H.; "A method for determining the solubility of gases in pure liquids or solutions by the Van Slyke-Neill Manometric Apparatus"; <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> ; 117, 501-507, (1936)	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm., in H ₂ O and org. solv.
77OST:	Ostrom, B.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide total carbon dioxide content and primary production in sea water. Relations and formulas for calculations"; <i>Botanica Marina</i> ; 20(2), 69-74, (1977)	Pv, -2 to 30°C, reanalysis of data of 45BUC for solubility of CO ₂ in seawater.
68OSU/SAT:	Osugi, J.; Sato, M.; Fujii, T.; "Pressure-jump study on the kinetics of reactions in ionic solutions"; <i>Nippon Kagaku Zasshi</i> ; 89(6), 562-565, (1968)	Kk, 25°C, H ₂ CO ₃
69PAR/NEV:	Parkinson, W.J.; deNevers, N.; "Partial molal volume of carbon dioxide in water solutions"; <i>Ind. Eng. Chem. Fund.</i> ; 8, 709-713, (1969)	V, 0-40, P(CO ₂) = 15-500 psia.
31PAS:	Passauer, H.; "Neue gasanalytische Sperrflüssigkeiten"; <i>Feuerungsteck</i> ; 19, 142, (1931)	Pv, 20°C, in water and sat. salt sol.
82PAT/SLO:	Patterson, C.S.; Slocum, G.H.; Busey, R.H.; Mesmer, R.E.; "Carbonate equilibria in hydrothermal systems: first ionization of carbonic acid in NaCl media to 300°C"; <i>Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta</i> 46, 1653-1663, (1982)	Kk, t = 50 - 300°C, p = psat to psat + 70 bar
74PER/SAN:	Perez, J. F.; Sandall, O. C.; "Carbon dioxide solubility in aqueous carbopol solutions at 24°, 30°, and 35°C"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 19(1), 51-53, (1974)	Pv, 24-350C, in H ₂ O and carboxy polymethylene
56PIN/PEA:	Pinsent, B.R.W.; Pearson, L.; Roughton, F.J.W.; "The Kinetics of combination of carbon dioxide with hydroxide ions"; <i>Trans. Faraday Soc.</i> ; 52, 1512-1520, (1956)	Kk, 0-40°C, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics).

49PIN/ROU:	Pinsent, B.R.W.; Roughton, F.J.W.; Abs. 1st Internal Congr. Biochem., Cambridge, England; (1949).#	Kk, 0-38°C, 2d ioniz (from 64SIL/MAR).
37PIT:	Pitzer, K.S.; "The heats of ionization of water, ammonium hydroxide, carbonic, phosphoric, and sulfuric acids. The variation of ionization constants with temperature and the entropy change with ionization"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 59, 2365-2371, (1937)	Zc, Kk, Hr, 1st ioniz., 0-60°C.
82PLU/BUS:	Plummer, L.N.; Busenberg, E.; "The solubilities of calcite, aragonite, and vaterite in CO ₂ -H ₂ O solutions between 0 and 90°C, and an evaluation of the aqueous model for the system CaCO ₃ -CO ₂ -H ₂ O"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta; 46, 1011-1040, (1982)	Zr, Pv, Kk, 0-250°C, 1st and 2d ioniz., 1 atm. to 100°C, p(H ₂ O, sat) above 100°C, evaluation of data.
77POC/BJO:	Pocker, Y.; Bjorkquist, D.W.; "Stoped-flow studies of carbon dioxide hydration and bicarbonate dehydration in H ₂ O and D ₂ O. Acid-base and metal ion catalysis"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 99(20), 6537-6543, (1977)	Kk, 25°C, 1st ioniz. in H ₂ O and D ₂ O, from kinetic data.
67PON:	Ponnamperuma, F. N.; "A theoretical study of aqueous carbonate equilibria"; Soil Sci.; 103, 90-110, (1967)	Zc, Px, 25 C, influence of p(CO ₂) on pH and solubilities of carbonates and hydroxides.
78POS/PED:	Postigo, M. A.; Pedrosa, G.; Katz, M.; "New experimental method for determining gas solubility in liquids"; Ann. Asoc. Quim. Argent.; 66, No. 1, 25-30, (1978)	Pv, Hm, 15-55°C, 25°C, Bunsen coefficients in 10 to 60 wt% sucrose.
45PRU/SAV:	Prutton, C.F.; Savage, R.L.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in calcium chloride-water solutions at 75, 100, 120° and high pressures"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 67, 1550-1554, (1945)	Pv, 75-120°C, 16-694 atm, in H ₂ O and conc., CaCl ₂ sol.
1895PRY/HOL:	Prytz, K.; Holst, H.; "Die Absorptionscoefficienten der Kohlensäure und des Schwefelwasserstoffs in Wasser bei dessen Gefrierpunkt"; Ann. der Phys.; 290, 130-138, (1895)	Pv, 0°C, 1 atm.
16PUS:	Pusch, L.; "Über die Zeitreaktion bei der Neutralisation der Kohlensäure und die wahre Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Zeit. Elektrochemie; 22, 206-212, (1916)	Kk, t = ?, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics and thermo).

- 16PUS2: Pusch, L.; "Nachtrag zu meiner Arbeit: Über die Zeitreaktion bei der Neutralisation der Kohlensäure und die wahre Dissoziationskonstante der Kohlensäure"; Zeit. Elektrochemie; 22, 293, (1916) -----
- 74PYT/HAW: Pytkowicz, R.M.; Hawley, J.E.; "Bicarbonate and carbonate ion-pairs and a model of seawater at 25°C"; Limnol. Oceanog.; 19(2), 223-234, (1974) -----
- 75REA: Read, A.J.; "The first ionization constant of carbonic acid from 25 to 250°C and to 2000 bar"; J. Solution Chem.; 4(1), 53-70, (1975) -----
- 11RIL: Riley, O.; J. Inst. Brewing; 17, 124, (1911).# Pv, see 58LIN for table of data. -----
- 59ROB/STO: Robinson, R.A.; Stokes, R.H.; Butterworths, London; 'Electrolyte solutions'; second edition (1959) Ze, Kk, Da, summary of useful data. -----
- 68ROB/ZIM: Robb, R.A.; Zimmer, M.F.; "Solubility and heat of solution of carbon dioxide in aqueous solutions of arsenous oxide, arsenic pentoxide, and hydrochloric acid. Standard state correction for the combustion calorimetry of organochlorine compounds"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 13, 200-203, (1968) Pv, 20-30°C, 1 atm., in water, HCl(aq), arsenite and arsenate solutions. -----
- 41ROU: Roughton, F.J.W.; "The kinetics and rapid thermochemistry of carbonic acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 2930-2934, (1941) Hr, 0-37°C, H₂CO₃. -----
- 63RYZ: Ryzhenko, B.N.; "Determination of dissociation constants of carbonic acid and calculation of degree of hydrolysis of the CO₃²⁻ and HCO₃⁻ ions in solutions of carbonate and bicarbonate at elevated temperatures"; Geokhimiya; 137-148, (1963); [CA 58:10785g] Kk, 100-300°C, 1st and 2d ioniz. -----
- 28SAA: Saal, R.N.J.; "The velocity of ionic reactions"; Rec. Trav. Chim. Pays Bas.; 47, 264-285, (1928) Kk, 14°C, H₂CO₃ (kinetics and thermo). -----
- 74SAD/KIT: Sada, E.; Kito, S.; Ito, Y.; "Solubilities of gases in aqueous solutions of weak acids"; J. Chem. Eng. Jap.; 7, No. 1, 57-59, (1974) Pv, 25°C, [acid] to 5 molar, solubility in phosphoric and five organic acids. -----

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58SCH/BRO:	Scheurer, P.G.; Brownell, R.M.; DuValle, J.E.; "An apparatus for the investigation of rapid reactions. The kinetics of the carbonic acid dehydration"; <i>J.Phys. Chem.</i> 62, 809-812, (1958)	Kk, 17-37°C, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics and thermo).
55SCH:	Schmitt, C.; "Contribution a l'etude du system chaux-carbonate et de calcium bicarbonate de calcium-acid carbonic-eau"; <i>These Renne; Ser. B</i> ; 12 (1955)	Kk, 0-100°C, literature review (from 75LIN/BOR)
73SCH:	Schroder, W.; "Untersuchungen über die temperaturabhängigkeit der Gaslöslichkeit in Wasser"; <i>Chemie- Ing. Tech.</i> ; 45, 603-608, (1973)	Zc, Pv, 50-300°C, 120-2000 atm.
28SCH/BER:	Schwab, G.-M.; Berninger, E.; "Invasion und Solvatation von gasen in Wasser"; <i>Z. Phys. Chem.</i> ; A138, 55-74, (1928)	Pv, 20-80°C?.
62SEG/HOL:	Segnit, E.R.; Holland, H.D.; Biscardi, C.J.; "The solubility of calcite in aqueous solutions - I The solubility of calcite in water between 75 and 200 at CO ₂ pressures up to 60 atm"; <i>Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta</i> ; 26, 1301-1331, (1962)	Pv, 75-200°C, 2-60 atm., in sat. CaCO ₃ (aq).
17SEY/LLO:	Seyler, C.A.; Lloyd, P.V.; "Studies of the carbonates. Part II. Hydrolysis of sodium carbonate and bicarbonate and the ionisation constants of carbonic acid"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 111, 138-158, (1917)	Kk, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz., Na ₂ CO ₃ /NaHCO ₃ sol.
17SEY/LLO2:	Seyler, C.A.; Lloyd, P.V.; "Studies of the carbonates. Part III. Lithium, calcium, and magnesium carbonates"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 111, 994-1001, (1917)	Pv, 25°C, in LiHCO ₃ sol.

57SHC/DEV:	Shchennikova, M.K.; Devyatkh, G.G.; Korshunov, I.A.; "Determination of the solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous solutions of sulfuric acid by the isotopic dilution method"; J. Appl. Chem. USSR; 30, 881-886, (1957); Tr. of Zh. Prikl. Khim., 30, 833-838, (1957)	Pv, 20-75°C, in H ₂ SO ₄ (aq).
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36SHO/FER:	Showalter, H.A.; Ferguson, J.B.; "The solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous solutions containing alcohols and sugars"; Can. J. Res.; B14, 120-126, (1936)	Pv, 15°C., P < 1 atm.
62SIE:	Siesjo, B.K.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in cerebral cortical tissues of cats. With a note on the solubility of carbon dioxide in water, 0.16M NaCl, and cerebrospinal fluid"; Acta Physiol. Scand.; 55, 325-341, (1962) [CA 58:11750f]	Pv, 38°C, in H ₂ O, salt solutions, acid, spinal fluid, tissue.
64SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion complexes. Section I. Inorganic ligands', The Chemical Society (London); 215-216, (1964); Special Publication No. 17#	Ze, Kk, 0-200°C, 1st and 2d ioniz. compiled data, see for early references.
71SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion complexes. Supplement No 1', The Chemical Society (London); (1971); Special Publication No. 25#	Kk, 20-350°C, compiled data.
58SIR:	Sirs, J.A.; "Electrometric stopped flow measurements of rapid reactions in solution Part 2. Glass electrode pH Measurements"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 54, 207-212, (1958)	Kk, 0-30°C, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics).
76SMI/MAR:	Smith, R.M.; Martell, A.E.; 'Critical stability constants'; 4, 37, (1976)	Ze, Kk, Δ _r H, Δ _r S 25°C, I=0, 0.5 and 1.0, 2d ioniz., evaluated data.
84SON/KOB:	Song, K.Y.; Kobayashi, R.; Marsh, W.; "The water content of CO ₂ -rich fluids in equilibrium with liquid water or hydrate"; 'Research Report RR-80'; Gas Producers Assoc., Tulsa, OK, (1984)	Pv, Px, 0-77°F, p to 2000 psia.

28STA/HAW:	Stadie, W.C.; Hawes, E.R.; "Studies on the oxygen-, acid-, and base-combining properties of blood III. The validity of hydrogen ion activity determinations by the hydrogen electrode in systems containing carbonic acid, carbonates, hemoglobin, carbon monoxide hemoglobin, and methemoglobin"; J. Biol. Chem.; 77, 241-301, (1928)	Kk, 38°C, 1st ioniz., very dil. solutions.
70STE/MUN:	Stewart, P. B.; Munjal, P.; "solubility of carbon dioxide in pure water, synthetic sea water, and synthetic sea water concentrates at -5° to 25°C. and 10- to 45-atm. pressure"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 15(1), 67-71, (1970)	Pv, -5 to 25°C, 10-45 atm, in H ₂ O, sea water and its concentrates
16STR:	Strohecker, E.R.; "Contributions to the knowledge of aqueous solutions of carbon dioxide"; Z. Nahr.-Genussm.; 31, 121-160, (1916); [CA 10:1826]	Kk, 4°C (and 18 C?), H ₂ CO ₃ .
75SZE/ADA:	Sze, Y.K.; Adams, W.A.; Davis, A.R.; "A laser Raman study of clathrate and aqueous solutions of carbon dioxide"; 'Chemistry and Physics of Aqueous Gas Solutions', Adams, W.A. (editor); The Electrochemical Society, Princeton, (1975)	Kk, hydrate formation from Raman spectra, 12-18°C, 0.04-1.76 kbar.
64TAK/KEN:	Takesonchi, S.; Kennedy, G.C.; "The binary system H ₂ O-CO ₂ at high temperatures and pressures"; Am. J. Sci.; 262, 1055-1074 (1964)	Pv, Px, 110-350°C, p to 3000 bars.
62TAN:	Tans, A.M.P.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in water"; Ind. Chemist; 38, 411 (1962); [CA -14485 d]	Pv, t=?, nomogram
55TAY:	Taylor, C.E.; "Thermodynamics of sodium carbonate in solution"; J. Phys. Chem.; 59, 653-657, (1955)	Kk, Pv, Da, 15-95°C, 0.1-2.5m in Na ₂ CO ₃
14THI/STR:	Thiel, A.; Strohecker, E.R.; "Dynamics of the time reactions between carbonic acid and bases"; Ber.; 47, 1061-1068, (1914); [CA 8:2293]	Kk, 4°C, H ₂ CO ₃ (kinetics).
82TOD:	Todheide, K.; "Hydrothermal solutions"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 86, 1005-1016 (1982)	Zr: Pv, Px, Kk, Da, 0-1000°C, p to 800 bar, in water and in NaCl solutions.

63TOD/FRA:	Todheide, K.; Franck, E. V.; "Das Zweiphasengebiet und die kritische Kurve in system Kohlendioxid-wasser bis zu Drucken von 3500 bar"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 37, 387-401, (1963)	Pv, Px, 50-350°C, p to 3500 bar, critical phenomena.
75TOK:	Tokunaga, J.; "Solubilities of oxygen, nitrogen, and carbon dioxide in aqueous alcohol solutions"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 20(1), 41-46, (1975)	Pv, 10 and 20°C, in H ₂ O and aq. EtOH.
10USH:	Usher, F.L.; "The influence of non-electrolytes on the solubility of carbon dioxide in water"; J. Chem. Soc.; 97, 66-78, (1910)	Pv, 20°C, in H ₂ O and aq. sol. of sugars, amides and acids.
81VAN/HAA:	Vanderzee, C.E.; Haas, N.C.; "Second cross virial coefficients B ₁₂ for the gas mixture (carbon dioxide + water) from 300 to 1000 K"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 13, 203-211 ,(1981)	Ze, Da, t = 300 - 1000 K p < 30MPa.
28VAN/SEN:	Van Slyke, D.D.; Sendroy, J. Jr.; Hastings, A.B.; Neill, J.M.; "Studies of gas and electrolyte equilibria in blood. X. Solubility of carbon dioxide at 38° in water, salt solution, serum, and blood cells"; J. Biol. Chem.; 78, 765-799, (1928)	Pv, 38°C, approx. 2 atm., in H ₂ O, various salts and acids and in blood.
77VES/SAL:	Vesala, A.; Saloma, E.; "Determination of basicity constants by potentiostatic titration"; Finn. Chem. Lett.; (6), 160-163, (1977)	Kk, 25°C, 2d ioniz., in K ₂ CO ₃ (aq).
82WAG/EVA:	Wagman, D.D.; Evans, W.H.; Parker, V.B.; Schumm, R.H.; Halow, I.; Bailey, S.M.; Churney, K.L.; Nuttall, R.L.; "The NBS Tables of chemical thermodynamic properties"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; 11, Supplement No 2 (1982)	Pv, Kk, 25°C. Δ_fH , Δ_fG , S, compiled thermochemical data.
27WAL/BRA:	Walker, A.C.; Bray, U.B.; Johnston, J.; "Equilibrium in solutions of alkali carbonates"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 49, 1235-1256, (1927)	Pv, Da, Kk, 25 and 37°C, 1st ioniz., in bicarbonate and chloride sol.
00WAL/COR:	Walker, J.; Cormack, W.; "The dissociation constants of very weak acids"; J. Chem. Soc.; 77, 5-21, (1900)	Kk, 18°C, 1st. ioniz. const.
22WAR:	Warburg, E.J.; "Studies on carbonic acid compounds and hydrogen ion activities in blood and salt solutions"; Biochem. J.; 16, 153, (1922)	Kk, 16-20°C, in NaCl sol.

80WAS/BUL:	Wasmund, R.; Bultmann, H.; "Carbon dioxide adsorption in pure water and its dependence on pressure and temperature"; Monatsschr. Brau.; 33, pgs. 356, 358-360, (1980)	Pv, 0-60°C, 1-9 bar.
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35WEI:	Weider, O.; "Determination of the second dissociation constant of carbonic acid"; Ber.; 68B, 1423-1430, (1935);	Kk, 0, 18°C, 0.01-0.1m, 2d ioniz. in NaCl/NaHCO ₃ /Na ₂ CO ₃ sol.
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74WEI:	Weiss, R. F.; "Carbon dioxide in water and sea water-solubility of a nonideal gas"; Mar. Chem.; 2, 203-215, (1974)	Pv, Zc, 6 to 20°C, -1 to 40 °C, [salt] = 0, 4%.
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78WEN/RUP:	Wenzel, H.; Rupp, W.; "Calculation of phase equilibria in systems containing water and supercritical components"; Chem. Eng. Sci.; 33, 683-687, (1978)	Zc, Pv, Px, 298-573K, p to 500 bar.
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41WIE:	Wiebe, R.; "The Binary system carbon dioxide-water under pressure"; Chem. Rev.; 29, 475-481, (1941)	Pv, 12-100°C, 1-700 atm.
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39WIE/GAD:	Wiebe, R.; Gaddy, V.L.; "The solubility in water of carbon dioxide at 50, 75, and 100°, at pressures to 700 atmospheres"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 61, 313-318 (1939)	Pv, 50-100°C, 25-700 atm.
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40WIE/GAD:	Wiebe, R.; Gaddy, V. L.; "The solubility of CO ₂ in water at various temperatures from 12 to 40° and at pressures to 500 atmospheres"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 62, 815-817, (1940)	Pv, 12-40°C, 25-500 atm
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41WIK/GAD:	Wikbe, R.; Gaddy, V.L.; "Vapor phase composition of carbon dioxide-water mixtures at various temperatures and at pressures to 700 atmospheres"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 475-477 (1940)	Pv, 25-75°C, 1 to 700 atm.
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21WIL:	Wilke, E.; "Zur Kenntnis wassriger Kohlensäurelösungen"; Z. Anorg. Chem.; 119, 365-379, (1921)	Kk, 18-40°C, 1st ioniz., in water and alkali metal chloride sol.
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77WIL/BAT:	Wilhelm, E.; Battino, R.; Wilcock, R.J.; "Low-pressure solubility of gases in liquid water"; Chem. Rev.; 77, 219-262, (1977)	Ze, Pv, 0-100°C, P=1 atm, methods, tables, thermodynamic properties, correlations and theory.
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83WIL/BRA:	Wilson, G.M.; Brady, C.J.; "Heats of mixing of steam with N ₂ , CO ₂ , H ₂ , CH ₄ , and CO at high temperatures and pressures using a new high temperature calorimeter"; 'Research Report RR-73'; Gas Producers Assoc., Tulsa, OK, (1983)	Hm, 780-1180°F, 500-2500 psia, CO ₂ (g) + H ₂ O(g).
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06WIN:	Winkler, L.W.; "Gesetzmässigkeit bei der Absorption der Gase in Flüssigkeiten"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 55, 344, (1906)	Zr, Pv, 0-60°C, analysis # of early meas. Data in 58LIN p. 1153.
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54WIS/FRE:	Wissbrun, K.F.; French, D.M.; Patterson, A. Jr.; "The true ionization constant of carbonic acid in aqueous solution from 5 to 45°C"; J. Phys. Chem.; 58, 693-695, (1954)	Kk, Hr, 5-45°C, H ₂ CO ₃ .
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27WOL/KRA:	Wolf, O.; Krause; "Sperrflüssigkeiten für technisch gasuntersuchen"; Arch. Warmewirt; 8, 216-218, (1927)	Pv, 20, 30°C, in H ₂ O, aq. acids and salts, (data in 58LIN)
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81WON/CHU:	Won, Y.S.; Chung, D.K.; Mills, A.F.; "Density, viscosity, surface tension, and carbon dioxide solubility and diffusivity of methanol, ethanol, aqueous propanol, and aqueous ethylene glycol at 25°C"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 26, 140-141, (1981)	Pv, 25°C, in H ₂ O, EtOH and PrOH aq. sol.
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1882WRO:	Wroblewksi, S.; "Sur les lois de solubilité de l'acide carbonique dans l'eau sous de hautes pressions"; Compt. Rend.; 94, 1355-1357, (1882)	Pv, 0-12°C, 1-30 atm.
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79YAS/TSU:	Yasunishi, A.; Tsuji, M.; Sada, E.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous mixed-salt solutions"; Adv. Chem. Ser.; 177, 189-203, (1979)	Pv, 25°C, p(CO ₂) = 1 atm., [salt] = 0.3 to 4 molar, solubility in aqueous mixtures (binary and ternary) containing halides and sulfates.
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79YAS/YOS:	Yasunishi, A.; Yoshida, F.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in aqueous electrolyte solutions"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 24(1), 11-14, (1979)	Pv, 15-35°C, 1 atm, sol. as fn. of salt conc. in aq. chlorides, nitrates and sulfates.
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64YEH/PET:	Yeh, S.-Y.; Peterson, R.E.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide, krypton, and xenon in aqueous solution"; J. Pharm. Sci.; 53, 822-824, (1964)	Pv, 25-45°C, 1 atm., in water, NaCl(aq) and phosphate buffer.
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- 40ZAA: Zaalishvili, ; "Solubility of CO₂ in mixtures with other gases at 20, 30, 35 and 50°C"; Zhur. Fiz. Khim.; 14, 413-417 (1940) qPv, 20-50°C, in mixt. with H₂ and other gases.
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- 81ZAW/MAL: Zawisza, A.; Malesinska, B.; "Solubility of carbon dioxide in liquid water and of water in gaseous carbon dioxide in the range 0.2-5 MPa and at temperatures up to 473K"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 26, 388-391, (1981) Pv, 50-200°C, 0.2-5MPa.
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- 39ZEL: Zelvenskii; Zh. Prikl. Khim.; 12, 1311-1329, (1939) Pv, 0-100°C, p<100 atm, (data in 58LIN).
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- 39ZHA: Zhavoronkov, N.M.; "The partial pressure of ammonia, carbon dioxide and water over copper ammonium solutions"; J. Chem. Ind.; 16(10), 36-37, (1939); [CA 34:2233 9] Pv, 20-80°C, in copper-ammonia(aq) and formate solutions.

$\text{CuCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

Bert R. Staples, Thomas L. Jobe, Jr., and David Garvin

INTRODUCTION

Listed in this bibliography are publications that contain information on the equilibria that exist in aqueous solutions of cupric chloride. The species present are $\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})$, $\text{CuCl}^+(\text{aq})$, $\text{CuCl}_2(\text{aq})$ and $\text{CuCl}_3^-(\text{aq})$.

The position of the equilibrium is dependent upon the Cl^- concentration and to a lesser extent the acidity and total salt concentration.

The references listed here treat the stability constants, solubilities, activity coefficients, enthalpies of solution and dilution, heat capacities and thermochemistry of the solids. The only vapor species of any importance above the solutions is water; the measurement of its pressure is considered in papers treating activity coefficients. Publications reporting measurements or presenting correlations/evaluations are included but publications that consider only applications of existing data to specific problems without providing new data have been avoided.

The references are listed alphabetically by first author. Each citation is preceded by a brief identification code composed of the year of publication and three letters from the last names of the first two authors. The citations list the names of authors; the title of the article, chapter or report as appropriate, and the source information, i.e. journal or book title, volume, and year of publication. The structure of these citations does not conform to the specifications established by the American National Standards Institute but is the information necessary to direct the reader to a particular reference. In a few instances only an abstract or secondary reference was available. In these cases either the citation to Chemical Abstracts or source of the secondary citation is given.

Some titles have been translated, e.g. those in Russian. These translations come, by preference, from abstracts in the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts. (The titles from the latter may be condensations of the original)

Each paper has been annotated to show the class of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, pressure, solution composition and pH. The data class designations are taken from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics. They are two letter codes with some mnemonic or physical chemical associations. A list is appended. No attempt has been made to assess the quality of the data, however, an annotation of "Ze" indicates that a particular reference constitutes or includes an evaluation of experimental data from several sources.

The bibliography has been prepared by searching the files of the NBS Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics and references in the papers retrieved from those sources. It covers a time period from the 19th century to 1982. Additions and corrections will be welcomed.

75ADE/NWA:	Adeosun, S.O.; Nwanze, V.O.; "Thermochemistry of dialkylamine complexes of Cu(II) halides"; <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> ; 37, 2091-2093 (1975)	Q1, dialkyamine complexes of CuCl_2 and other halides.
28AGO:	Agostini, P.; "Heats of formation of the double chlorides of copper and potassium"; <i>Atti. Acad. Lincei.</i> ; 7, 1030-1032 (1928)	Hm, temp. given, 600 H_2O .
71AND/CHA:	Andreev, S.N.; Chaiko, A.I.; "Effect of the dielectric constant of the solvent on the stability of complexes"; <i>Zh. Neorg. Khim.</i> ; 16, 1965-1967 (1971)	Kk, alcohol complexes, me thru n-butyl.
71AST/KRA:	Astakhova, R.K.; Krasikov, B.S.; "Electrochemical behavior of copper in chloride electrolytes"; <i>Zh. Prikl. Khim.</i> ; 44, 363-371 (1971); [CA 74:150198]	Kk.
60BAR/BET:	Barton, P.B., Jr.; Bethke, P.M.; "Thermodynamic properties of some synthetic zinc and copper minerals"; <i>Am. J. Sci.</i> ; 258A, 21-34 (1960)	Px, Kk, 25 to 75°C, $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2\text{Cl}_2$ in KCl and HCl .
73BAR/PAN:	Barvinok, M.S.; Panin, A.V.; Obozova, L.A.; "Compounds of pyridine with cobalt (II), copper (II), and zinc (II) chlorides"; <i>Zh. Neorg. Khim.</i> ; 18, 1572-1575 (1973)	Kd, Hm, 25°C, pyridine complexes.
73BEL/KON:	Belousov, E.A.; Konstantinova, K.K.; Bocharov, V.V.; Alovayainikov, A.A.; Mironov, V.E.; "The composition and stability of copper(II) and cobalt(II) chloride complexes in hydrochloric acid solutions in tributyl phosphate"; <i>Zh. Fiz. Khim.</i> ; 47, 1869-1871 (1973)	Kk, 25°C in tributyl phosphate - HCl mixt.
1873BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur les sels metalliques et sur les ferriques en particulier"; <i>Ann. Chim. Phys.</i> ; [4], 30, 145-204 (1873)	Hm, 18°C, 100-300 H_2O .
1879BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Sur le protochlorure de cuivre"; <i>Compt. rend.</i> ; 89, 967-971 (1879)	Hr, 16.5°C, react. $\text{BaO}_2 + \text{CuCl} + \text{HCl(aq)} = \text{BaCl}_2 + \text{CuCl}_2(\text{aq})$.
1880BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur les sels basiques et sur l'atacamite"; <i>Compt. rend.</i> ; 91, 450-453 (1880)	Hr, 15°C, with KOH.

77BJE/SKI:	Bjerrum, J.; Skibsted, L.H.; "A contribution to our knowledge of weak chloro complex formation by copper(II) in aqueous chloride solutions"; <i>Acta Chem. Scand.</i> ; 31, 673-677 (1977)	Kk, 25°C, meas., discussion of earlier work.
74BLO/RAZ:	Blokhin, V.V.; Razmyslova, L.I.; Shalaevskaya, M.I.; Makashev, Yu.A.; Mironov, V.E.; "Thermodynamics of copper(II) monochloride complexes in aqueous alcoholic solutions"; <i>Zh. Fiz. Khim.</i> ; 48, 469-471 (1974)	Hr, Kk, 25°C, 0-80% ethanol or methanol, I = 3 NaClO ₄ .
50BOB/LAR:	Bobtelsky, M.; Larisch, R.D.; "The heat of solution of halides, sulphuric acid, oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide, and urea in ethyl alcohol-water mixtures"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 3612-3615 (1950)	Hm, 22.5°C, 307 H ₂ O, dihydrate.
76CAR/WET:	Carlsson, B.; Wettermark, G.; "Determination of the equilibrium constants and uv-absorption spectra for Cu ²⁺ -Cl ⁻ complexes in 1 M HClO ₄ "; <i>J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.</i> ; 38, 1525-1527 (1976)	Kk, 25°C, 1 M perchloric acid, Cl complexes.
76CAR/WOO:	Cartwright, M; Woolf, A.A.; "Heats of formation of tin and titanium iodides"; <i>J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans.</i> ; 829-833 (1976)	Hr, 25°C.
62D'A/CAL:	D'Amore, G.; Calabro, G.; Curro, P.; "A study of solution complexity by ion exchangers. I. Copper(II)-chloride system"; <i>Atti Soc. Peloritana Sci. Fis. Mat. Nat.</i> ; 8, 265-281 (1962)	Kk, 30°C, fctn of molality, Cu(II) complexes.
16DER/YNG:	Derby, I.H.; Yngve, V.; "The dissociation tensions of certain hydrated chlorides and the vapor pressures of their saturated solutions"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 38, 1439-1451 (1916)	Pv, 26.6-64.5°C and 17.9-64.2°C.
1892DEV/STA:	van Deventer, C.M.; van de Stadt, H.J.; "Over the relation between solubility and heats of solution of salts"; <i>Maandblad Natuurwetenschappen</i> ; 17, 1-9 (1892)	Hm, 18°C, 8 - 40 H ₂ O.
76DOW/PIT:	Downes, C.J.; Pitzer, K.S.; "Thermodynamics of electrolytes. Binary mixtures formed from aqueous NaCl, Na ₂ SO ₄ , CuCl ₂ and CuSO ₄ at 25°C"; <i>J. Solution Chem.</i> ; 5, 389-398 (1976)	Da, 25°C, osmotic coefs. and activ. coefs.

62FAU/CRE:	Faucherre, J.; Crego, A.; "Determination cryoscopique de constantes de dissociation de complexes peu stables"; Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.; 1820-1824 (1962)	Kd, Kd for CuCl ⁺ in KNO ₃ eutectic.
1853FAV/SIL:	Favre, P.-A.; Silbermann, J.-T.; "Recherches sur les quantites de chaleur degagees dans les actions chimiques et moleculaires"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [3], 37, 406-508 (1853)	Hm, t = 11-13°C?, sol. in acid.
37FED/SIL:	Fedorov, A.S.; Sil'chenko, G.F.; "Heats of formation and solution of saturated aqueous solutions of some salts"; Ukr. Khem. Zh.; 12, 53-60 (1937)	Hm, 17°C, 300 H ₂ O.
52FRI:	Friedberg, S.A.; "The specific heat of CuCl ₂ .2H ₂ O between 1.5 and 20°K"; Physica (Utrecht); 18, 714-722 (1952)	Ql, 1.5 - 20°K, Cp.
70GED/PEA:	Gedansky, L.M.; Pearce, P.J.; Hepler, L.G.; "Thermochemistry of copper compounds: Cu(OH) ₂ , CuCl ₂ , Cu(IO ₃) ₂ .H ₂ O and Cu(IO ₂) ₂ "; Can. J. Chem.; 48, 1770-1773 (1970)	Hm, 25°C, 5 m.
79GOL:	Goldberg, R.N.; "Evaluated activity and osmotic coefficients for aqueous solutions: Bi-univalent compounds of lead, copper, manganese, and uranium"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; 8, 1005-1050 (1979)	Ze, Da, 25°C.
72GRI/PHI:	Gritzner, G.; Phillips, R.F.; "Densities, viscosities, and vapor pressures of copper(II) chloride solutions in hydrochloric acid"; J. Chem. Eng. Data.; 17, 425-428 (1972)	Xd, Xv, 30-90°C, 4-7M HCl.
58GUG/STO:	Guggenheim, E.A.; Stokes, R.H.; "Activity coefficients of 2:1 and 1:2 electrolytes in aqueous solution from isopiestic data"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 54, 1646-1649 (1958)	Da, 25°C, revision of activ. coeffics.
49GUI:	Guiter, H.; "The hydrolysis of the chloride nitrate, and sulfate of copper"; Compt. rend.; 228, 569-570 (1949)	Kk, t = ??, CuCl ₃ OH ²⁻ (aq).
64HAM/GRE:	Hammer, R.R.; Gregory, N.W.; "Vaporization reactions in the copper chloride-chlorine system"; J. Phys. Chem.; 68, 3229-3233 (1964)	Pp, 285 and 440°C, H and S calculated, at 298°K.

46HER:	Herrera, C.G.; "Fisico-quimica de las soluciones de cloruro cuprico"; An. Fis. Quim.; 42, 165 (1946)	Ke, Kk, Xr, conductivity, room temp.
38HIE/FED:	Hieber, W.; Feder, E.E.; "Heats of formation of cupric and mercuric halogen compounds with amines"; Z. Elektrochem.; 44, 881-887 (1938)	Hm, Kr, 20°C, sol in HCl(aq).
66HUA/PAN:	Huang, J.-T.; Pan, K.; "Osmotic and activity coefficients of copper(II) chloride and cadmium chloride from freezing point measurements"; J. Chin. Chem. Soc. (Taipei); 13, 64 (1966)	Da, Px, 0°C, $m < 0.1$.
1891ISA:	Isaachsen, D.; "Die Farbenanderung von Salzlösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 8, 145 (1891)	Px, Pv, 0 and 100°C, freezing and boiling points, $m < 0.4$.
75KAK/GIE:	Kakolowicz, W.; Giera, E.; "Heat of formation of chelate complexes of some d-electron elements and metal-oxygen bond energy"; Conf. Intern. Thermodyn. Chim. Quat.; 1, 73-79 (1975)	Hm, 25°C, 4.36M HCl, sol.
66KEN/LIS:	Kennedy, M.B.; Lister, M.W.; "Heats of association of aqueous copper, nickel, and cobalt ions with halide ions"; Can. J. Chem.; 44, 1709-1716 (1966)	Hr, 25 and 40°C, I = 2m $\text{CuClO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{NaCl}(\text{aq})$.
59KEN:	Kenttamaa, J.; "A cryoscopic study of the dissociation of some bivalent metal chlorides in aqueous solutions saturated with electrolyte"; Suom. Kemistil. B.; 32B, 68-70 (1959)	Px, Kk, 0°C, complexation.
76KHA/SCH:	Khan, M.A.; Schwing-Weill, M.J.; "Stability and electronic spectra of the copper(II) chloro complexes in aqueous solutions"; Inorg. Chem.; 15, 2202-2205 (1976)	Kk, Md, t=? , I=5M, Cl complexes.
72KIR/TRU:	Kirintsev, A.N.; Trushnikova, L.N.; Lavrent'eva, V.Q.; 'Handbook of phase diagrams of inorganic substances in water'; Khimiya, Leningrad; (1972)	Px, -40 to 120°C, $x=0$ to .60, pg. 23.

- 71KLY/GLE: Klygin, A.E.; Glebov, V.A.; Lekae, V.A.; Kolyada, N.S.; Smirnova, I.D.; Nikol'skaya, N.A.; Zavrazhnova, D.M.; "Complex formation by the ions of metals of the first transition series in hydrochloric acid solutions"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 16, 1590-1595 (1971) -----
- 69KOL: Kolonin, G.R.; "Chloride complexes of ore-forming metals at high temperatures (calculated data)"; Eksp. Issled. Mineral.; 105-117 (1969-1970); [CA 77:118904] -----
- 76KON/FED: Koneva, T.N.; Fedorov, V.A.; "Influence of the ionic strength of the solution on the stability of CuCl_1^+ (aq)"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 21, 1132 -1135 (1976) -----
- 72LEB/NIK: Lebedeva, A.P.; Nikolaev, V.P.; Frolov, Yu.G.; Vlasenko, K.K.; Karapet'yants, M.Kh.; "Change in excess thermodynamic functions during mixing of the isopiestic solutions sodium chloride-water + cobalt(II) chloride-water, rubidium chloride-water + cobalt(II) chloride-water, and lithium chloride-water + copper(II) chloride-water"; Tr. Mosk. Khim.-Tekhnol. Inst.; 71, 105-106 (1972); [CA 80:100769] -----
- 73LIB: Libus, Z.; "Nature and stability of the CuCl_1^+ complex in aqueous solution"; Inorg. Chem.; 12, 2972-2977 (1973) -----
- 58LIN: Linke, W.F.; 'Solubilities'; D. Van Nostrand, N.Y.; 1, Fourth Edition (1958) -----
- 60LIS/ROS: Lister, M.W.; Rosenblum, P.; "Some equilibrium constants of transition metal halides"; Can. J. Chem.; 38, 1827-1836 (1960) -----
- 71MAK/KUL: Makashev, Yu.A.; Kul'ba, F.Ya.; Agaf, M.I.; Volokhov, Yu.A.; Mironov, V.E.; "Effect of ionic strength and solution temperature on the formation of inner-sphere and outer-sphere copper(II) complexes"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 45, 734-735 (1971) -----
- Kk, 25°C?, complexes in
M(HCl) = 0-10 solns.
- Kk, 25 and 200°C,
complexation.
- Kk, 25°C, in
0.05 - 8M ClO_4^- (aq).
- Hm, Dx, mixing of CuCl_2 (aq)
with LiCl(aq).
- Kk, 25°C, Cl
complexes in perchlorate
media.
- Px, 0-360°C, in H_2O ,
sol. of acids and aq.
salts.
- Kk, 12,25,40°C, I =
2.0M NaClO_4 , K1 and K2.
- Kk, 15-50°C, NaClO_4
media.

65MAN/IWA:	Manahan, S.E.; Iwamoto, R.T.; "Chloro complexes of copper(II) and copper(I) in acetonitrile"; Inorg. Chem.; 4, 1409-1413 (1965)	Kk, 25°C, complexation.
1876MAR:	Marignac, C.; "Sur les chaleurs specifiques des solutions salines"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; 8, 410-430 (1876)	Q1, 19-51°C, 10-200 H_2O , specific heats.
69MAV/MIR:	Mavrina, I.V.; Mironov, V.E.; Makashev, Yu.A.; "Inner sphere and outer sphere complexes of copper(II)"; Uch. Zap., Leningrad Gos. Pedagog. Inst. im. A. I. Gertsena; 385, 153-157 (1969); [CA 75:122861]	Kk, 25°C, aq solns. of LiX mixtures.
50MCC/DAV:	McConnell, H.; Davidson, N.; "Optical interaction between the chloro-complexes of copper(I) and copper(II) in solutions of unit ionic strength"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 72, 3168-3173 (1950)	Kk, 25 and 47°C, complexation K's.
74MIH:	Mihailov, M.H.; "A correlation between the overall stability constants of metal complexes.- I. Calculation of the stability constants using the formation function n"; J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.; 36, 107-113 (1974)	Kk, theory, stepwise complex formation.
68MIR/MAK:	Mironov, V.E.; Makashev, Yu.A.; Mavrina, I.Ya.; Markhaeva, D.M.; "Determination of stability constants of inner-sphere and outer-sphere complex compounds"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 42, 2987-2989 (1968)	Kk, 25°C, in 3.0M $LiClO_4$ and $LiCl$.
69MIR/MAK:	Mironov, V.E.; Makashev, Yu.A.; Mavrina, I.Ya.; "Inner-sphere and outer-sphere complexes of copper(II)"; Zh. Nerog. Khim.; 14, 1424-1425 (1969)	Kk, 25°C, in 3.0M $LiClO_4$ and $LiCl$.
70MIR/MAK:	Mironov, V.E.; Makashev, Yu.A.; Mavrina, I.Ya.; Kryzhanovskii, M.M.; "Outer-sphere and inner-sphere complexes of cobalt(II), and nickel(II), and copper(II)"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 15, 1301-1304 (1970)	Kk, 25°C, $I = 3m$, complexation.
51MON:	Monk, C.B.; "Electrolytes in solutions of amino acids. Part II. The cupric complexes of glycine, alanine, and glycyl-glycine"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 47, 285-291 (1951)	Kk, 25°C, $CuCl^+$.

62MOR/SHO:	Morris, D.F.C.; Short, E.L.; "Stability Constants of Copper(II) Complexes"; J. Chem. Soc.; 2672-2675 (1962)	K _k , 20°C, I = 0.691m HClO ₄ , stability constants of Cl complexes.
50NAS:	Näsänen, R.; "Complex formation in dilute aqueous solutions of cupric chloride, spectrophotometric determination of equilibrium involving slight complex for formation in electrolytic solution"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 4, 140-145 (1950)	K _k , 25°C, in HCl(aq).
51NAS/LUM:	Näsänen, R.; Lumme, P.; "Potentiometric studies on the equilibria of some copper(II)-hydroxysalts in aqueous salt solutions, and involved complex formation"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 5, 13-22 (1951)	K _k , 25°C, NaClO ₄ and NaCl solns.
49NAS/TAM:	Näsänen, R.; Tamminen, V.; "The equilibria of cupric hydroxysalts in mixed aqueous solutions of cupric alkali salts at 25°C"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 71, 1994-1998 (1949)	P _x , K _k , 25°C, Cu(OH) ₃ Cl in KCl.
77OIK/GEO:	Oikova, T.; Georgiev, G.; "The CuCl ₂ -MnCl ₂ -H ₂ O system at 25°C"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 22, 3147-3151 (1977)	D _x , mixtures with MnCl ₂ (c/aq).
29PAR/SOP:	Partington, J.R.; Soper, W.E.; "The heats of solution of some salts in water and ethyl alcohol solutions"; Philos. Mag.; 7, 209-247 (1929)	H _m , 25°C, 0-10.049m, H soln and diln.
1890REI/DEV:	Reicher, L. T.; Van Deventer, C. M.; "Über einige eigentümlichkeiten von kupferchloridlösungen in thermischer hinsicht"; Z. phys. Chem. (Leipzig); 5, 559-565 (1890)	H _m , 11°C, heat of soln etc.
74RIC/BRO:	Richardson, D.W.; Brown, R.R.; "Enthalpy of formation of malachite [Cu ₂ (CO ₃)(OH) ₂]"; U.S. Bur. Mines. Rept. Invest.; 7851, 5pp. (1974)	H _m , 25°C, formation and soln for malachite (Cu ₂ (CO ₃)(OH) ₂).
40ROB/STO:	Robinson, R.A.; Stokes, R.H.; "Part VI. The activity coefficients of manganese, cobalt, nickel and copper chloride in aqueous solution at 25°"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 36, 1137-1138 (1940)	D _a , P _v , 25°C, 0.1 to 2.769m, isopiestic meas.
59ROB/STO:	Robinson, R.A.; Stokes, R.H.; 'Electrolyte Solutions'; Butterworths, London; Second Edition, (1959)	Z _e , P _v , Da, 25°C, 0.1-6.0m.

34ROT/BUC:	Roth, W.A.; Büchner, A.; "The heats of ionization of some metals"; Z. Elektrochem.; 40, 87-89 (1934)	Hm, 20°C, 999-3640 H ₂ O.
76RUD/YAG:	Rud'ko, P.K.; Yaglova, V.N.; Novikova, G.I.; "Thermal dehydration of copper(II) chloride dihydrate"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 50, 2988 (1976)	Hr, 20-300°C, vap press. measured also.
1889SAB:	Sabatier, P.; "Sur les chlorures métalliques hydrates"; Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.; [3], 1, 88-91 (1889)	Hm, 20°C, sol. in 300-600 H ₂ O.
73SCH:	Schwing-Weill, M.J.; "Copper(II) chloride complexes in aqueous solutions"; Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.; [3], 1, 823-830 (1973); [CA 79:58291]	Kk, 25°C, Cl = .005 - 4.9 M, I = 5m NaClO ₄ and NaCl, pH = 2, successive form. of mononucl. complexes.
54SHC/OR4:	Shchukarev, S.A.; Oranskaya, M.A.; "Thermal stability of copper halides"; Zh. Obshch. Khim.; 24, 1926-1935 (1954)	Kd, 219-495°C, meas. pressure Cl ₂ (g), mp +436°C.
27SIE/GOT:	Sieverts, A.; Gotta, A.; "Heat of formation of copper hydride"; Justus Liebigs Ann. Chem.; 453, 289-297 (1927)	Hr, 23.5°C, reduction of cupric to cuprous.
64SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion complexes'; Chemical Soc., London; Special Publ. No. 17, (1964)	Kk, -3 to 75°C, compiled data.
76SMI/MAR:	Smith, R.M.; Martell, A.E.; 'Critical Stability Constants. Vol. 4: Inorganic complexes'; Plenum Press, N.Y.; (1976)	Kk, 25°C, I = 0-1 m, crit. evaluation.
56SMI/TIK:	Smirnov, V.I.; Tikhonov, A.I.; "Concerning the equilibrium reactions of chlorides of cobalt, nickel and copper with oxygen"; Izvest. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Otdel. Tekh. Nauk; 9, 48-54 (1956)	Kk, 300-450°C, CuCl ₂ /CuO, Cu ₂ Cl ₂ /CuO.
48STO:	Stokes, R.H.; "A thermodynamic study of bivalent metal halides in aqueous solution. Part XVII - Revision of data for all 2:1 and 1:2 electrolytes at 25°, and discussion of results"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 44, 295-307 (1948)	Da, 0.1 - 6m, activ. coeff.

70SZA/PAL:	Szabo, Z.G.; Palfalvi-Rozsahegyl, M.; Burger, K.; "Hydration of metal ions"; Proc. Symp. Coord. Chem. 3rd.; 1, 99-110 (1970)	Hm, t=?, CuCl ₂ (aq) + (HCl + LiCl ₂ (aq)).
74VAS/KAR:	Vasilev, V.A.; Karapet'yants, M.Kh.; Sanaev, E.S.; Novikov, S.N.; "Heat capacities of copper(II) chloride solutions at 25°C"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 48, 2360-2362 (1974)	Q1, 25°C, Cp solns.
76VAS/SAN:	Vasilev, V.A.; Sanaev, E.S.; Karapet'yants, M.Kh.; "The heat capacities of mixed aqueous solutions containing chlorides of d transition metals in the fourth period"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 50, 1128-1131 (1976)	Q1, 25°C, mixtures of CuCl ₂ with LiCl or NiCl ₂ .
66VDO/KOL:	Vdovenko, V.M.; Kolokol'tsov, V.B.; Stebunov, O.B.; "Resonance processes in complex formation"; Radiokhimiya; 8, 286-290 (1966)	Kk, 25°C?, complexation.
76VIL/DEM:	Vilcu, R.; De Madrinan, E.C.; I-inei, F.; "Thermodynamic properties of electrolyte solutions. V. Differential cryoscopy in sodium chloride + copper(II) chloride + water and potassium chloride + copper(II) chloride + water ternary systems and in associated binaries"; Rev. Roum. Chim.; 21, 333-341 (1976); [CA 85:131441]	Da, activ. coeff. in mixtures with NaCl or KCl.
71VLA/KAR:	Vlasenko, K.K.; Karapet'yants, M.Kh.; "Thermodynamic properties of mixed electrolyte solutions. IX. Temperature variation of the heats of mixing of aqueous lithium, sodium, and cesium chlorides with copper(II) chloride solutions"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 45, 2460-2463 (1971)	Hm, 0, 25, 40°C, heat of mixing with isomolal Cs, Li or Na chloride solns.
30WAR/WER:	von Wartenberg, H.; Werth, H.; "The heats of formation of cuprous and cupric chloride"; Z. Physik. Chem.; 151A; 109-112 (1930)	Hr, temp. not given, formation of CuCl ₂ from elements.
53YAT/KHA:	Yatsimirskii, K.B.; Kharitonov, V.V.; "On the thermochemistry of anthranilylates"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 27, 799-804 (1953)	Hm, 25°C, in 6.24m HCl.

$H_2SO_4 \cdot H_2O$

Bert R. Staples, Theresa F. Wobbeking, Rebecca Joseph,
Abby Brier and David Garvin

INTRODUCTION

Listed in this bibliography are publications that report data on equilibria in mixtures of sulfuric acid and water and on the associated vapor-liquid equilibria and solubilities (at low temperature) as shown in phase diagrams. To a lesser extent there are data on enthalpies of mixing, on activity coefficients and on the thermochemistry of the system.

Sulfuric acid is a dibasic acid in solutions below 0.01 m, dissociating into $2H^+$ and SO_4^{2-} . Above 1 molal it is a monobasic strong acid, forming H^+ and HSO_4^- . At the sulfuric acid rich side of the phase diagram, molecular species predominate. Several crystalline hydrates have been studied at low temperatures.

References reporting measurements or presenting the results of correlations and evaluations have been included. Publications that consider only applications of existing data to specific problems without providing new data have been avoided. References concerning mixtures with organic substances have also been excluded.

The citations are listed alphabetically according to first author. Each is preceded by a brief identification code composed of the year of publication and three letters from the last names of the first two authors. The citations list, in order, the names of authors; the title of the article, chapter or report as appropriate; and the source information, i.e. journal or book title, volume, and year of publication. The structure of these citations does not conform to the specifications established by the American National Standards Institute but the information given is that necessary to direct the reader to a particular reference. In a few instances only an abstract or secondary reference was available. In these cases either the citation to Chemical Abstracts or to the secondary reference is given.

Some titles have been translated, e.g. those in Russian. These translations come, by preference, from abstracts in the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts. (The titles from the latter may be condensations of the originals.)

Each publication has been annotated to show the class of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, pressure, solution composition and pH. The data class designations are taken from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics. They are two letter codes with some mnemonic or physical chemical associations. A list is appended. No attempt has been made to assess the quality of the data, however, an annotation of "Ze" indicates that a particular reference constitutes or includes an evaluation of experimental data from several sources.

The bibliography has been prepared by searching the files of the NBS Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics, and references in the papers retrieved from those sources. It covers a time period from the 19th century to 1982. Additions and corrections will be welcomed.

46ABE:	Abel, E.; "The Vapor Phase Above the System Sulfuric Acid-Water"; J. Phys. Chem.; 50, 260 (1946)	Zr, Pv, vapor pressures, m = 2.5 to 90.
26AGD/HOL:	Agde, G.; Holtmann, H.; "Die Spezifischen Warmen der Systeme Schwefelsaure-Wasser, Eisenvitrol-Wasser, Schwefelsaure-Eisenvitrol-Wasser"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 158, 317 (1926)	Q1, 25-45°C.
69ADH/GAN:	Adhikari, M.; Ganguli, D.; Biswas, G.; Ghosh, D.; "Determination of the Second Dissociation Constant of H_2SO_4 from Measurements of E.M.F. Across Cation Exchange Membrane"; J. Ind. Chem. Soc.; 46, 1131 (1969)	Ke, 25 and 30°C, m = .001-.005, clay membranes.
26AKE:	Akerlof, G.; "Investigations of Sulfate Solutions. Experimental Methods and Results on Cells Without Liquid Junction"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 48, 1160 (1926)	Ke, t = ?, m = .01-3.6.
62AUS/MAI:	Austin, J.M.; Mair, R.D.; "The Standard Enthalpy of Formation of Complex Sulfate Ions in Water. I., HSO_4^- , $LiSO_4^-$, $NaSO_4^-$ "; J. Phys. Chem.; 66, 519 (1962)	Hm, m = .007.
60BAS/GIL:	Bass, S.J.; Gillespie, R.J.; Oubridge, J.V.; "Solutions in Sulphuric Acid. Part XXVIII. Osmotic Coefficients of Some Electrolyte Solutions"; J. Chem. Soc.; 837 (1960)	Da, Pt, t = 0, $MHSO_4$ and org. bases.
60BEC/DOB:	Beck, W.H.; Dobson, J.V.; Wynne-Jones, W.F.K.; "The Potentials of the Mercurous Sulphate/Mercury Electrode"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 56, 1172 (1960)	Ke, 5-55°C, m = 0.1-8.
59BEC/SIN:	Beck, W.H.; Singh, K.P.; Wynne-Jones, W.F.K.; "The Behaviour of the Lead Dioxide Electrode. Part 6. The Potentials of the Lead Dioxide/Lead Sulphate Electrode"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 55, 331 (1959)	Ke, 5-55°C, m = 0.1-8.
34BEC/ROT:	Becker, G.; Roth, W.A.; "Zur Bestimmung der Verbrennungswärme von Organischen Schwefelverbundungen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; A169, 287 (1934)	Zr, Hm, 20°C, 10000 H_2O .
09BED:	Bedford, T.G.; "The Depression of Freezing Point in very Dilute Aqueous Solutions"; Proc. Roy. Soc. London; 83A, 454 (1909)	Pt, t = 0, m = 0.0005-001.

19BER/HAR:	Berkeley, R. [8th earl]; Hartley, E.G.J.; Burton, C.V.; "On Osmotic Pressures Derived from Vapour-Pressure Measurements: Aqueous Solutions of Cane Sugar and and Methyl Glucoside"; Philos. Trans. Royal Soc. London; 218, 295 (1919)	Po, Pv, 0 and 30°C.
1873BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Parallels between the Formation of Solid Salts [of] Picric, Hydrochloric, Nitric, Sulfuric, Acetic and Benzoic Acids"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(4)29, 328 (1873)	Hr, 18°C?, neutralization.
1873BER2:	Berthelot, M.; "On Anhydrous Potassium Bisulfate and on the Heat of Solution of Anhydrous Sulfuric Acid"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(4)30, 433 (1873)	Hm, 18°C?
1874BER:	Berthelot, M.; "On the Crystalline Hydrates of Sulfuric Acid"; Compt. Rend.; 78, 716 (1874)	Hm, 12°C, sol of hydrates.
1875BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Refrigeration Mixtures"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)4, 47 (1875)	Hm, t < 0°C, H ₂ O(cr) and hydrates of H ₂ SO ₄ .
1875BER2:	Berthelot, M.; "On the Heat of Combination as Carried to the Solid State. New Expressions of the Reactions"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)4, 74-104 (1875)	Hm, 10-15°C, in 50 to 100 H ₂ O, also metal sulfates.
1875BER3:	Berthelot, M.; "On the Crystalline Hydrates of Sulfuric Acid"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)4, 154 (1875)	Hm, 12°C, sol of hydrates, same as 1874BER.
1875BER4:	Berthelot, M.; "Solution of Acids and Bases"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)4, 445 (1875)	Hm, 18°C?, dilution.
1878BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Some of the Fundamental Laws of Thermochemistry"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; 13, 5 (1878)	Hc, t = ?
1878BER2:	Berthelot, M.; "New Remarks on the Heat Release by the Reaction of Water with Sulfuric Acid in Great Excess"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)14, 443 (1878)	Hm, 20°C, in 70 H ₂ O.
1898BER:	Berthelot, M.; "On the Heat Released by the Reaction of Small Quantities of Water with Sulfuric Acid Used in Considerable Excess"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(7)13, 77 (1898)	Hm, 22°C, 1-4 H ₂ O.

60BEW:	Bewley, D.K.; "Heat of Reaction Between Ferrous Ammonium Sulphate and Hydrogen Peroxide in Aqueous Solution"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 56, 1629-1632 (1960)	Hm, Q1(?), 25°C(?), dilution.
22BIC:	Bichowsky, F.R.; "Equilibrium in the Reaction Between Sulfur Dioxide and Water"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 44, 116 (1922)	Kk, t = 530-615K, $S(l)+H_2SO_4$.
1899BIN:	Binon, E.; "Heat Capacities of Water Solutions of Sulfuric Acid"; Russkue-Fiziko Khim. Obsh., Petr.; 31, 171 (1899)	Q1, m = 0-400 waters.
1889BOD:	Bode, F.; "Specific Heat of Sulfuric Acid"; Z. Angew. Chem.; 2, 244 (1889)	Q1, 15°C, 5-400 waters.
05BOS:	Bose, E.; "Observations on Julius Thomsen's Measurements of the Heat of Mixing of Acids"; Phys. Z.; 6, 550 (1905)	Hm, t = 18°C, 1-1600 waters.
52BRA/RUT:	Brand, J.C.D.; Rutherford, A.; "The Vapour Pressure of the System Sulphuric Acid-Disulphuric Acid"; J. Chem. Soc.; 3916 (1952)	Pv, 20-80°C, 50-63 mol% SO_3 or SO_4 .
03BRI:	Briggs, E.; "The Vapour Pressures of Concentrated Solutions of Sulphuric Acid at High Temperatures"; J. Soc. Chem. Ind.; 22, 1275 (1903)	Pv, t = 100-200°C.
10BRO:	Bronsted, J.N.; "Studies on Chemical Affinity III. Mixing Affinity of Binary Systems. The Sulfuric Acid-Water System"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); 68, 693 (1910)	Hm, Vx, t = 18°C?
45BRO:	Broughton, D.B.; Chem.; "Sulphuric Acid and Oleum Enthalpy Chart"; Chem. Met. Eng.; 52(4), 123 (1945)	Hm, 17°C, 0-100% H_2SO_4 .
04BUR:	Burt, B.C.; "The Vapour Pressure of Sulphuric Acid Solutions and the Molecular Condition of Sulphuric Acid in Concentrated Solution"; J. Chem. Soc.; 85, 1339 (1904)	Pv, 55-105°C, vp of sol 55-235°C and for conc. 24.92-95.94% H_2SO_4 .
72CAB/GIA:	Cabani, S.; Gianni, P.; "Analysis of Some Calorimetric Data Concerning the Formation of Bisulfate Ion in Aqueous Solution"; Anal. Chem.; 44, 253 (1972)	Kk, review of equilibria.

1889CAT:	Cattaneo, C.; "Sulla Calorica Specifica delle Soluzioni Acquose dell'acido Solforico"; Nuovo Cimento; 26, 50 (1889)	Q1, 5-22°C.
33COL:	Collins, E.M.; "The Partial Pressures of Water in Equilibrium with Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid"; J. Phys. Chem.; 37, 1191 (1933)	Pv, 29.90-65.47% H ₂ SO ₄ .
65COV/DOB:	Covington, A.K.; Dobson; J.V.; Wynne-Jones, W.F.K.; "Stoichiometric Activity Coefficients of Sulphuric Acid and the Standard Potentials of the Lead Dioxide/Lead Sulphate and Mercury/Mercurous Sulphate Electrodes at 25°C"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 61, 2050 (1965)	Ke, Da, m = 0.007-0.1. t = 25°C.
34COW/SHR:	Cowperthwaite, I.A.; Shrawder, J. Jr.; "The Partial Molal Heat of Dilution of Sulphuric Acid from Electromotive Force Measurements"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 56, 2345 (1934)	Ke, 0-50°C.
40CRA/VIN:	Craig, D.N.; Vinal, G.W.; "Thermodynamic Properties of Sulphuric-Acid Solutions and their Relation to the Electromotive Force and Heat of Reaction of the Lead Storage Battery"; J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand.; A24, 475 (1940)	Ze, Q1, Hm, Ke, 20 and 25°C.
62D'A/FRE:	D'Ans, J.; Freund, W.E.; Woelk, N.H.; "Losungsgleichgewichte von festen und flüssigen Stoffen in Flüssigkeiten"; 'Landolt-Bornstein Tabellen'; Auflage 6, Band II, Teil 2b, p. 3-11 (1962)	Px, -60 to 40°C, x(H ₂ SO ₄) = 0 to 1.
23DAU:	Daudt, W.; "Eine Differentialmethode zur Messung kleiner Drucke mittels der Wärmeleitung"; Z. phys. Chem.; 106, 255 (1923)	Pv, -40 to -10°C, vp for 20-60 mol/kg.
52DAV/JON:	Davies C.W.; Jones, H.W.; Monk C.B.; "E.M.F. Studies of Electrolytic Dissociation. I. Sulphuric Acid in Water"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 48, 921 (1952)	Ke, 0-50°C.
33DAW:	Dawson, H.M.; "The Ionisation of Sulphuric Acid"; Proc. Leeds Phil. Lit. Soc.; 2, 359 (1933)	Kk, 25°C, m = 0.001-0.1, k determined from rates of hydrolysis of ethyl acetate.

54DEN/TAF:	Deno, N.C.; Taft, R.W., Jr.; "Concentrated Sulfuric Acid-Water"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 76, 244 (1954)	Da, 25°C, 83-99.8% H_2SO_4 , act. of H_2O and acidity function.
1893DIE:	Dieterici, C.; "Über die Dampfdrucke wasseriger Lösungen bei 0°C"; Ann. Phys.; 286, 47 (1893)	Pv, 0°C, m(H_2SO_4) to 11.
1897DIE:	Dieterici, C.; "Über die Dampfdrucke verdunnter wasseriger Lösungen bei 0°C"; Ann. Phys.; 298, 616 (1897)	Pv, 0°C, m(H_2SO_4) to 0.4.
1899DIE:	Dieterici, C.; "Über die Dampfdrucke verdunnter wasseriger Lösungen bei 0°C"; Ann. Phys.; 303, 859 (1899)	Pv, 0°C, m(H_2SO_4) to 0.5.
11DRU:	Drucker, K.; "Das Dissoziationsschema der Schwefelsäure und die Beweglichkeit des Hydrosulfations"; Z. Electrochem.; 17, 398 (1911)	Kk, Da, 0-25°C, m = (H_2SO_4) < 0.1.
20DRU:	Drucker, C.; "Weitere Untersuchungen über die Dissoziation ternärer Elektrolyte"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 96, 381-427 (1920)	Ke, 18°C, ioniz. from emf data.
34DRU:	Drucker, C.; "Salzeffecte in concentrirten Lösungen. Die Veränderung der Lösungswärme von Kaliumchlorid durch andere Elektrolyte"; Ark. Kemi, Mineral. Geol.; 11A, 1-27 (1934)	Q1, 18°C, but mostly about Cp for KCl in H_2SO_4 (aq).
68DUI/GIA:	Duisman, J.A.; Giauque W.F.; "Thermodynamics of the Lead Storage Cell. The Heat Capacity and Entropy of Lead Dioxide from 15 to 318K"; J. Phys. Chem.; 72, 562 (1968)	Ke, 0-60°C, EMF's from Third Law.
64DUN/NAN:	Dunsmore, H.S.; Nancollas, G.H.; "Dissociation of the Bisulfate Ion"; J. Phys. Chem.; 68, 1579 (1964)	Zr, Kk, 25°C.
65EDW/WAN:	Edward, J.T.; Wang, I.C.; "Ultraviolet Study of the Ionization of Bisulfate Ion"; Can. J. Chem.; 43, 2867 (1965)	Mm, m = 0.010 to 0.30.
55EIC/RAB:	Eichler, E.; Rabideau, S.; "The Determination of the Bisulfate Dissociation Quotient from Potentiometric Measurements"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 77, 5501 (1955)	Ke, Zr, t = ? bisulfate dissociation in aq. perchlorate, m = 0.01-1.

71EVA/MON:	Evans, C.E.; Monk, C.B.; "E.M.F. Studies of Electrolytic Dissociation"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 67, 2652 (1971)	K _e , 25°C, I = 0.006 to 0.06.
1853FAV/SIL:	Favre, P.A.; Silbermann, J.T.; "Recherches sur les Quantites de Chaleur Degagees dans les Actions Chimiques et Moleculaires Troisieme Partie"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; (3), 37, 4 (1853)	H _m , t = ?
74FEI/FUC:	Feilchenfeld, H.; Fuchs, J.; "Hydration Numbers of Some Acids and Salts"; Israel J. Chem.; 12, 899 (1974)	K _k , hydration at 25°C.
21FER/FRA:	Ferguson, A.L.; France, G.F.; "The Transference Numbers of Sulfuric Acid by the Concentration Cell Method"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 43, 2150-2160 (1921)	K _e , 25°C.
61FLI:	Flis, I.E.; "Energies of the Process of Formation of Ions SO ₄ ²⁻ and HSO ₄ ⁻ in Aqueous Solutions at Various Temperatures"; Zh. Prikl. Khim.; 34, 1744 (1961)	K _e , 10-15°C, enthalpy of bisulfate ion.
58FLI/MIS:	Flis, I.E.; Mishchenko, K.P.; Pakhomova, N.V.; "The Thermochemistry of Dissociation of Sulphuric and Hypochlorous Acids in Aqueous Solution"; Russ. J. Inorg. Chem.; 3, 1772 (1958)	H _r , 10-15°C, neutralization.
1884FOR:	de Forcrand, R.; "Sur les Sulfites et Bisulfites de Soude"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; (6), 3, 242 (1884)	H _m , 10°C.
50GAB/BET:	Gable, C.M.; Betz, H.F.; Maron, S.H.; "Phase Equilibria of the System Sulfur Trioxide-Water"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 72, 1445 (1950)	Pt, 1.5-93.7% SO ₂ , freezing points from -35 to +35°C.
69GAR/JEK:	Gardner, W.L.; Jekel, E.C.; Cobble, J. W.; "The Thermodynamic Properties of High-Temperature Aqueous Solutions. IX. The Standard Partial Molal Heat Capacities of Sodium Sulfate and Sulphuric Acid from 0 to 100°"; J. Phys. Chem.; 73, 2017 (1969)	D _m , C _p by integral heat method.
69GAR/MIT:	Gardner, W.L.; Mitchell, R.E.; Cobble, J.W.; "The Thermodynamic Properties of High-Temperature Aqueous Solutions. X. The Electrode Potentials of Sulphate Ion Electrodes from 0 to 100. Activity Coefficients and the Entropy of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid"; J. Phys. Chem.; 73, 2021 (1969)	D _a , 0-100°C, third law method to calculate act and conc(0.1 to 4.0 mol/kg).

60GIA/HOR:	Giauque, W.F.; Hornung, E.W.; Kunzler, J. E.; Rubin, T.R.; "The Thermodynamic Properties of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid Solutions and Hydrates from 15 to 300K"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 82, 62 (1960)	Hm, 15-300K.
56GIA/KUN:	Giauque, W.F.; Kunzler, J.E.; Hornung, E.W.; "The Freezing Point Method of Determining Free Energies in a 2-Component System Forming Compounds. Concentrated Aqueous Sulphuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 78, 5482 (1956)	Px, 0-2 H ₂ O, freezing points = 0.2 to -80°C.
81GIA/WUS:	Giazitzoglou, Z.; Wuster, G.; "Das binare System H ₂ SO ₄ H ₂ O; p,v,T-Daten und Dampfdruckkurven in weiten Konzentrationsbereichen bei erhöhtem Druck"; Ber. Bun. Phys. Chem.; 85, 127-132 (1981)	Pv, 450 - 823 K, 1 - 50 bar, conc. = 20-98 mole percent H ₂ SO ₄
50GIL:	Gillespie, R.J.; "Cryoscopic Measurements in Sulphuric Acid. Part IV. Reactions of Ionised Sulphates in Sulphuric Oleum. Self-ionisation Equilibria in Sulphuric Acid, and Ionic Equilibria in Oleum. The Polysulphuric Acids"; J. Chem. Soc.; 2516 (1950)	Px, aq. ammonium sulfate and bisulfate in sulfuric acid.
50GIL/HUG:	Gillespie, R.J.; Hughes, E.D.; Ingold C.K.; "Cryoscopic Measurements in Sulphuric Acid. Part I. Principles and Methods. The Cryoscopic Constant and Some Other Constants of Sulphuric Acid"; J. Chem. Soc.; 2473 (1950)	Hp, Px.
56GLU/KIT:	Glueckauf, E.; Kitt, G.P.; "Thermodynamic Data on Concentrated Sulphuric Acid Solutions"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 52, 1074 (1956)	Da, bithermal isopiestic method, m = 20-65.
77GOL/STA:	Goldberg, R.N.; Staples, B.R.; Nuttall, R.L.; Arbuckle, R.; Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) Spec. Pub.; 'A Bibliography of Sources of Experimental Data Leading to Activity or Osmotic Coefficients for Polyvalent Electrolytes in Aqueous Solution'; No. 485, 49 pp. (1977)	Zr, bibliog. of activity data for sulfuric acid and other aq. systems.
60GOO/LAC:	Good, W.D.; Lacina, J.L.; McCullough, J.P.; "Sulfuric Acid Heat of Formation of Aqueous Solutions by Rotating-bomb Calorimetry"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 82, 5589 (1960)	Hc, heat of formation of H ₂ SO ₄ , 115H ₂ O.
73GOP/RAO:	Gopinath C.R.; Rao, K.S.R.; "Thermodynamic Properties of Some Molecules of X ₂ O ₂ Y ₂ and X ₂ O ₂ YZ Types"; Curr. Sci.; 42, 164 (1973)	Md, Zr, 100-1000K, set of thermo. properties.

1843GRA:	Graham, T.; "Experiments on the Heat Disengaged in Combinations"; Philos. Mag.; 22, 329 (1843)	Hm, t = ?
25GRE:	Greenewalt, C. H.; "Partial Pressure of Water Out of Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 17, 522 (1925)	Zr, Zc, 0-100°C, vp of water over 0-95% sulfuric acid.
31GRO:	Groenier, W.L.; "The Heats of Dilution of Sulphuric Acid Solutions"; Thesis, Univ. Chicago; (1931)	Hm, about 25°C, m = 0.003 to 4.0.
25GRO/FRA:	Grollman, A.; Frazer, J.C.W.; "The Vapor-Pressure Lowering of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid Solutions at 25°C"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 47, 712 (1925)	Pv, 25°C, m = 0.1 to 3.
58GUG/STO:	Guggenheim, E.A.; Stokes, R.H.; "Activity Coefficients of 2:1 and 1:2 Electrolytes in Aqueous Solution from Isopiestic Data"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 54, 1646 (1958)	Zc, Da, 25°C, m = 0.1.
65GUN:	Gunn, S.R.; "Comparison Standards for Solution Calorimetry"; J. Phys. Chem.; 69, 2902 (1965)	Hr, 25°C, reaction with NaOH.
12HAC:	Hacker, C.; "Über die Änderung der Dampfspannung von wasserigen Schwefelsäurelösungen mit der Temperatur"; Ann. Phys.; 275, 1342 (1912)	Pv, 0-100°C, m = 2.9 to 9.2.
63HAL:	Hala, E.; "Liquid-Vapour Equilibrium in Systems of Electrolytic Components. I. Excess Free-Energy of Dilution and the Mean Rational Activity Coefficients of Ions"; Coll. Czech. Chem. Communications; 28, 1780 (1963)	Zc, 308-330°C, SO ₃ +H ₂ O.
35HAM:	Hamer, W. J.; "The Potential of the Lead Dioxide-Lead Sulfate Electrode at Various Temperatures"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 57, 9 (1935)	Px, 0-60°C, m = 0.005 to 7.
35HAM2:	Hamer, W.J.; "Temperature Variation in Transference Numbers of Concentrated Solutions of Sulfuric Acid as Determined by the Galvanic Cell Method"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 57, 662 (1935)	Ke, 0-60°C, m = 0.05 to 17.
33HAM/DEY:	Hammett, L.P.; Deyrup, A.J.; "Some Properties of Electrolytes in the Solvent Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 55, 1900 (1933)	Pt, fp of sulfuric acid, m = 0.1 to 0.4.

35HAR/HAM:	Harned, H. S.; Hamer, W. J.; "The Thermodynamics of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid Solutions from Electromotive Force Measurements"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 57, 27 (1935)	Ke, 0-60°C, m = 0.05 to 17.5.
25HAR/STU:	Harned, H.S.; Sturgis, R.D.; "The Free Energy of Sulfuric Acid in Aqueous Sulfate Solutions"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 47, 945 (1925)	Ke, 25°C, m = 0.01 and 0.1.
15HAR:	Hartung, E. J.; "A New Method for Determining the Specific Heats of Liquids"; <i>Trans. Faraday Soc.</i> ; 11, 64 (1915)	Q1, Q, 17 to 20°C.
02HAU:	Hausrath, H.; "Eine Differentialmethode zur Bestimmung kleiner Gefrierpunktsdepressionen"; <i>Ann. Phys.</i> ; 314, 522 (1902)	Kk, Hp, t < 0°C, m = 0.0001 to 0.02.
76HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic properties of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures. III. Equation of state for aqueous species at infinite dilution"; <i>Am. J. Sci.</i> ; 276, 97-240 (1976)	Kk, Zc, Ze, 25-300°C, 1-1000 atm.
81HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; Flowers, G.C.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic behavior of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures: IV. Calculation of activity coefficients, osmotic coefficients, and apparent molal and standard and relative partial molal properties to 600°C and 5kB"; <i>Am. J. Sci.</i> ; 281, 1249-1516 (1981)	Ze, Kk, Da, Dm, 0-600°C, 0-5kB.
1886HEL:	Helmholtz, R.; "Untersuchungen über Dampfe und Nebel, besonders über solche von Lösungen"; <i>Ann. Phys.</i> ; 263, 508 (1886)	Pv, 0-50°C, in 10, 17, and 50 H ₂ O.
41HER:	Herrmann, C.V.; "Heat of Formation of Oleums from Sulfur Trioxide and Water"; <i>Ind. Eng. Chem.</i> ; 33, 898 (1941)	Zc, Hm, 18°C, diln. and soln.
28HEP:	Hepburn, J. R. I.; "The Vapour Pressure of Water over Sulphuric Acid-Water Mixtures at 25°C., and its Measurements by an Improved Dew-Point Apparatus"; <i>Proc. Phys. Soc. London</i> ; 40, 249 (1928)	Hv, m = 7 to 12.5, dew point method.

62HOG:	Hogfeldt, E.; "On the Dissociation of Strong Acids. Comments on the Paper: 'Konzentrierte wassrige Lösungen, II"'; Z. Phys. Chem.; 35, 260 (1962)	Kk, 25°C?, conc. sol, comment on 62KAN.
56HOR/BRA:	Hornung, E. W.; Brackett, T.E.; Giauque, W.F.; "The Low Temperature Heat Capacity and Entropy of Sulfuric Acid Hemihexahydrate. Some Observations on Sulfuric Acid Octahydrate"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 78, 5747 (1956)	Q1, 15-320K, $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot 6.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$.
55HOR/GIA:	Hornung, E.W.; Giauque, W. F.; "The Vapour Pressure of Water over Aqueous Sulfuric Acid at 25 °"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 77, 2744 (1955)	Hv, 23 to 70°C, m = 14-28.
55HOR/GIA2:	Hornung, E.W.; Giauque, W.F.; "The Heat Capacities and Entropies of Sulfuric Acid Tri- and Tetrahydrates"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 77, 2983 (1955)	Q1, ,Hp, 15-300K, props. of hydrates.
69IZA/EAT:	Izatt, R. M.; Eatough, D.; Christensen, J. J.; Bartholomew, C. H.; "Calorimetrically Determined Log K, H, and S Values for the Interaction of Sulphate Ion with H+, Na+, and K+ in the Presence of Tetra-n-alkyl-ammonium Ions"; J. Chem. Soc.; 1, 45 (1969)	Kk, Ke, thermo. prop. from titrations at 25° C.
63JOH/SUN:	Johnson, W. H.; Sunner, S.; "The Heats of Solution and Oxidation of Sulfur Dioxide"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 17, 1917 (1963)	Hm, 25°C, in 2500 H_2O .
1893JON:	Jones, H.C.; "Über die Bestimmung des Gefrierpunktes von verdunnten Lösungen einiger Säuren, Alkalien, Salz und organischen Verbindungen"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); 12, 623 (1893)	Px, m = 0.001 to 0.1.
51JON:	Jones, F.R.; "An Accurate Method for the Determination of Aqueous Vapour Pressure: The Equilibrium Humidities of Solutions of Sulphuric Acid"; J. Appl. Chem.; 1, S144 (1951)	Pv, absorption method to calc. vp, m = 0.5 to 55.
02JON/GET:	Jones, H.C.; Getman, F.H.; "The Lowering of the Freezing-point of Water Produced by Concentrated Solutions of Certain Electrolytes, and the Conductivity of Such Solutions"; Am. Chem. J.; 27, 433 (1902)	Px, m = 0.1 to 2.8.

- 04JON/GET: Jones, H.C.; Getman, F.H.; "On the Nature of Concentrated Solutions of Electrolytes-Hydrates in Solution"; Am. Chem. J.; 31, 303 (1904) ----- Px, m = 0.1-2.5, K(diss) at 0°C.
- 04JON/GET2: Jones, H.C.; Getman, F.H.; "A Study of the Molecular Lowering of the Freezing-point of Water Produced by Concentrated Solutions of Electrolytes"; Phys. Rev.; 18, 146 (1904) ----- Px, m = 0.5-2.5.
- 07JON/GET: Jones, H.C.; Getman, F.H.; Bassett, H.P.; McMaster, L.; Uhler, H.S.; "Hydrates in Aqueous Solutions. Evidence for the Existence of Hydrates in Solution, their Approximate Composition, and Certain Spectroscopic Investigations Bearing Upon the Hydrate Problem"; Carnegie Institution of Washington, Publication No. 60, (1907) ----- Px, m = 0.1 to 6.4, freezing point lowering and conductivity.
- 07JON/PEA: Jones, H.C.; Pearce, J.N.; "Dissociation as Measured by Freezing Point Lowering and by Conductivity-Bearing on the Hydrate Theory. The Approximate Composition of the Hydrate Formed by a Number of Electrolytes"; Am. Chem. J.; 38, 683 (1907) ----- Kk, Px, fp, m = 0.01-2.0.
- 62KAN: Kangro, W.; "Konzentrierte wassrige Losungen. II"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 32, 273 (1962) ----- Kk, 25°C, interp. of part. press., see 62HOG.
- 24KAR: Karve, D.D.; "Thermo-chemical Investigations on the Constitution of Acids in Solution"; J. Indian Chem. Soc.; 1-2, 247 (1924-25) ----- Hm, 0-40°C.
- 57KEN: Kenttamaa, J.; "The Solubility of Silver Sulphate and the Dissociation of the Bisulphate Ion"; Suomen Kemi.; 30B, 9 (1957) acid. ----- Kk, 25°C, from solubility of Ag_2SO_4 in
- 57KER: Kerker, M.; "The Ionization of Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 79, 3664 (1957) ----- Kk, m = 0-1.80.
- 58KIR/WYA: Kirkbride, B. J.; Wyatt, P.A.H.; "The Partial Molar Heat Contents of Solutes in Sulphuric Acid at 25°C. An Investigation of the Self-Dissociation of Sulphuric Acid"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 54, 4 (1958) ----- Hm, 25°C.

72KIR/TRU:	Kirintsev, A.N.; Trushnikova, L.N.; Lavrent'eva, V.G.; 'Handbook of Phase Diagrams of Inorganic Substances in water'; Khimiya, Leningrad, 105-106 (1972)	Px, -62 to 8°C, $x = 0$ to 1,
42KLO/ECK:	Klotz, I.M.; Eckert, C.F.; "The Apparent Molal Volumes of Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid at 25°C"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 64, 1878 (1942)	Dm, Xd, 25°C, $m = .014-3.19.$
01KNI:	Knietsch, R.; "Ueber die Schwefelsaure und ihre Fabrication nach dem Contactverfahren"; Ber. Deutsch. Chem. Gesellsch.; 34, 4069 (1901)	Q1, Hm, 20 and 30°C.
1898KOH/HOL:	Kohlrausch, F.; Holborn, L.; 'Das Levitvermogen der Elektrolyte'; Leipzig, B.G. Teubner, (1898)	Kk, Zc, 18, 25°C.
16KOH HOL:	Kohlrausch, F.; Holborn, L.; 'Ds Levitvermogen der Elektrolyte'; Second Edition, Leipzig, B.G. Teubner, (1916)	Kk, Zc, 18, 25°C.
52KUN/GIA:	Kunzler, J. E.; Giauque, W. F.; "The Heat Capacity and Entropy of Sulfuric Acid Trihydrate Glass and Cystals from 15 to 300K"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 74, 797 (1952)	Q1, 15-300K, liq, vit. and crystal trihydrate.
52KUN/GIA2:	Kunzler, J. E.; Giauque, W. F.; "Aqueous Sulfuric Acid. Heat Capacity. Partial Specific Heat Content of Water at 25 and -20"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 74, 3472 (1952)	Q1, 25°C.
52KUN/GIA3:	Kunzler, J.E.; Giauque, W.F.; "The Freezing Point Curves of Concentrated Aqueous Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 74, 5271 (1952)	Px, $m > 30.$
50LAN/CRO:	Land, J.E.; Crockford, H.D.; "The Activity Coefficients of Sulfuric Acid in Aqueous 2-Propanol Solutions at 25"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 72, 1895 (1950)	Da, 25°C, $m < 1$, in water and aq. propanol.
33LAN/MON:	Lange, E.; Monheim, J.; Robinson, A.L.; "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Zinc, Cadmium and Copper Sulfates and Sulfuric Acid at 25"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 55, 4733 (1933)	Hm, 25°C, $m < 1.$
76LAR/HEP:	Larson, J.W.; Hepler, L.G.; "Heats and entropies of ionization"; 'Solute-Solvent Interactions', Coetzee, J.F. and Ritchie, C.D.(eds); Marcel Dekker, NY and London, (1969)	Zr, Hr, Kk, 25°C 2d ioniz.

37LAU/ODA:	Lauer, K.; Oda, R; "Der einfluss des Losungsmittels auf den Ablauf chemischer Reaktionen, XII. Mitteil.: Losungswarne und Aktivierungsenergie bei der Sulfurierung des Anthrachinons"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 70B, 333 (1937)	Hm, t = ? sol. of H ₂ O in conc. H ₂ SO ₄ .
37LAU/ODA2:	Lauer, K.; Oda, R.; "Der Einfluss des Losungsmittels auf den Ablauf chemischer Reaktionen, XIII. Mitteil.: Losungswarne und Aktivierungsenergie bei Umsetzungen, deren einer Teilnehmer als Losungsmittel dient"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 70B, 1707 (1937)	Hm, t = ? sol. of H ₂ O in conc. H ₂ SO ₄ .
80LEN/RAF:	Lennartz, H.; Rafflenbenl, L.; Hartmann, H.; "Verdampfungs-gleichgeurchte des Systems H ₂ O/H ₂ SO ₄ "; 'Hydrogen as an energy vector', Strub, A.A. and Imarisio, G. (eds); D. Reidel Publish. Co., Dordrecht, Holland, (1980)	Pv, Px, 200 to 500°C, 0 o 100% H ₂ SO ₄ , 1 to 15 bar.
14LEW/LAC:	Lewis, G.N.; Lacey, W.N.; "The Potential of the Copper Electrode and the Activity of Bivalent Ions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 36, 804 (1914)	Ke, 25°C, m = 0.005 and 0.05.
19LEW/LIN:	Lewis, G. N.; Linhart, G. A.; "The Degree of Ionization of Very Dilute Electrolytes"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 41, 1951 (1919)	Kk, 0°C, interp. of freezing point lowering.
21LEW/RAN:	Lewis, G. N.; Randall, M.; "The Activity Coefficient of Strong Electrolytes"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 43, 1112 (1921)	Zr, Da, 25°C, review of early work.
61LIE/STO:	Lietzke, M.H.; Stoughton, R.W.; Young, T.F.; "The Bisulfate Acid Constant from 25 to 225° as Computed from Solubility Data"; J. Phys. Chem.; 65, 2247-2249 (1961)	Kk, 25-225°C, Psat, 2d ioniz., from solb. of Ag ₂ SO ₄
75LIL/BRI:	Lilley, T. H.; Briggs, C.C.; "Stoichiometric Activity Coefficients of Aqueous H ₂ SO ₄ Solution at 298.15K"; Electrochim. Acta; 20, 257 (1975)	Zr, Da, 25°C, m < 0.02.
58LIN:	Linke, W.F.; "Solubilities"; D. Van Nostrand, Princeton, 4th ed.; 1, 1153-1156 (1958); [originated by A. Seidel]	Ze, Pv, compiled and correlated solubilities.
69LIN/WIR:	Lindstrom, R.E.; Wirth, H.E.; "Estimation of the Bisulfate Ion Dissociation in Solutions of Sulfuric Acid and Sodium Bisulfate"; J. Phys. Chem.; 73, 218 (1969)	Zc, Kk, V, 25°C?, m < 0.01.

57LLO/WYA:	Lloyd, L.; Wyatt, P.A.H.; "The Partial Molar Heats of Solution of Water in Dinitrogen Pentoxide Solutions and of Potassium Nitrate and Sulphuric Acid in Nirtic Acid at 0°"; J. Chem. Soc.; 4262 (1957)	Q1, Hm, 0°C, in conc. aq HNO ₃ .
1893LOO:	Loomis, E.H.; "Ueber ein exacteres Verfahren bei der Bestimmung von Gefrierpunktserniedrigungen"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 26, 797 (1893)	Px, 0°C, m < 0.2, freezing point lowering, same data in 1894LOO.
1894LOO:	Loomis, E. H.; "On the Freezing-Points of Dilute Solutions. II."; Phys. Rev.; 1, 274 (1894)	Px, 0°C, m < 0.2, freezing point lowering.
1894LOO2:	Loomis, E.H.; "Ueber Ein Exacteres Verfahren bei der Bestimmung von Gefrierpunktserniedrigungen"; Ann. Physik.; 51, 500 (1894)	Kk, 0°C, m < 0.2, freezing point lowering, same data in 1894LOO.
56LUC:	Luchinskii, G.P.; "Vapor-liquid Equilibrium in System H ₂ O-SO ₃ . I. Physico-chemical Observations on the System H ₂ O-SO ₃ "; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 30, 1207 (1956)	Pv, 20-200°C.
59LUC:	Luchinskii, G.P.; "Physico-chemical Investigation of the System H ₂ O-SO ₃ . II. The Heats of Interaction of the Components in the System H ₂ O-SO ₃ with the Liquid Phase of Varying Composition"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 33, 1275 (1959)	Hm, 25°C?
33MAC/BLU:	MacDougall, F. H.; Blumer, D.R.; "The Activity of Each Component in Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid and Acetic Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 55, 2236 (1933)	Ke, V, 25°C, [H ₂ SO ₄] = 0.05 to 2.2.
67MAK:	Maksimova, I.N.; "Free Energy, Entropy, and Enthalpy of Ionic Equilibria in Aqueous Solution at High Temperatures"; Russ. J. Phys. Chem.; 41, 27 (1967)	Kk, 20-300°C, few exper. data.
63MAN/SUN:	Mansson, M.; Sunner, S.; "The Heat of Formation of Sulphuric Acid"; Typescript, Thermochemistry Lab, Univ. of Lund; (1963)	Hc, 25°C, combustion of sulfur.
1876MAR:	Marignac, M.C.; "Specific Heat of Saline Solutions"; Arch. Sci. Phys. Nat.; 55, 113 (1876)	Q1, 16-18°C, 20-50 H ₂ O.
1876MAR2:	Marignac, M.C.; "Sur les Chaleurs Specifiques des Solutions Salines"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(5)8, 410 (1876)	Q1, 16-18°C, same data as in 1876MAR.

66MAR/JON:	Marshall, W. L.; Jones, E.V.; "Second Dissociation Constant of Sulfuric Acid from 25 to 350 Evaluated from Solubilities of Calcium Sulfate in Sulfuric Acid Solutions"; J. Phys. Chem.; 70, 4028 (1966)	Kk, 25-350°C, in CaSO ₄ (aq, sat).
1890MAT:	Mathias, M.E.; "Sur la Chaleur de Vaporisation des Gaz Liquefies"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *(6)21, 69 (1890)	Hm, 16°C, H ₂ O into conc. H ₂ SO ₄ .
42MCC/MCK:	McCurdy, J.L.; McKinley C.; "The System Nitric Acid-Sulfuric Acid-Water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 34, 1002 (1942)	Zc, Qh, Hm, 32-500°F?, nomograph for mixt of H ₂ SO ₄ /HNO ₃ /H ₂ O.
27MCH:	McHaffie, I. R.; "The Vapour Pressure of Water over Sulphuric Acid-Water Mixture at 25"; J. Chem. Soc.; 112 (1927)	Pv, 25°C, 66-84% H ₂ SO ₄ .
32MEY:	von Meyeren, W.; "Eine einfache Methode zur Messung kleiner Dampfdrucke"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); A160, 272 (1932)	Pv, 0-40°C, 60-70 wt% H ₂ SO ₄ .
42MOR:	Morgen, R. A.; "Heats of Solution of the System Sulfur Trioxide-Water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 34, 571 (1942)	Zc, Dm, 18°C, enthalpies.
43MOR/BEN:	Morgan, J.J.; Bender, D.A.; Capell, R.G.; "Specific Heats of Mixed Acids at Higher Temperatures"; Chem. Met. Eng.; 50, 122 (1943)	Zc, Qh, 0-100°C, in H ₂ O and mixt. with HNO ₃ .
13MUL:	Muller, J. A.; "Sur les Chaleurs de Dilution a l'infini des Solutions Aqueuses Moleculaires d'Acide Chlorhydrique et d'Acide Sulfurique"; Bull. Soc. Chim. France; 13, 1053 (1913)	Hm, 14-38°C, at inf. dil.
28NAU:	Naudé, S.M.; "Über die Verdunnungswärme schwach konzentrierter Lösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); 135, 209 (1928).	Hm, 18°C, [H ₂ SO ₄] = 0.001-0.5.
60NEC:	Neckel, A.; "Gefrierpunktsniedrigung"; 'Landolt-Bornstein Tabellen'; Auflage 6, Band II Teil 2a, p.862 (1960)	Ze, Hm, 0°C, freezing point lowering.
07NOY:	Noyes, A.A.; 'The Electrical Conductivity of Aqueous Solutions'; Publ. 63, Carnegie Institution of Washington, 153-234, (1907)	Kk, 25-306°C.

10NOY/FAL:	Noyes, A.A.; Falk, K.G.; "The Properties of Salt Solutions in Relation to the Ionic Theory. I. Mol-Numbers Derived from the Freezing-Point Lowering"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 32, 1017 (1910)	Zr, Kk, 0°C, freezing point lowering.
56PAP/CAN:	Papee, H.M.; Canady, W.J.; Laidler, K.J.; "The Heat of Neutralization of Strong Acids and Bases in Highly Dilute Aqueous Solutions"; <i>Can. J. Chem.</i> ; 34, 1677 (1956)	Hr, 25°C, m < 3x10 ⁻² , neutralization.
20PAS/GAR:	Pascal, P.; Garnier, M.; "Chaleur Specificue des Acides Sulfuriques, des Acides Nitriques et de Leurs Melanges (1)"; <i>Bull. Soc. Chim. France</i> ; 27, 8 (1920)	Ql, 20°C, x(H ₂ SO ₄) = .10 to 1.0.
1890PIC:	Pickering, S.U.; "The Nature of Solutions, as Elucidated by the Freezing Points of Sulphuric Acid Solutions"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 57, 331 (1890)	Px, t < 20°C, solidus, x(H ₂ SO ₄) = 0 to 0.94.
1890PIC2:	Pickering, S.U.; "The Nature of Solutions, as Elucidated by a Study of the Density, Electric Conductivity, Heat Capacity, Heat of Dissolution and Expansion by Heat of Sulphuric Acid Solutions"; <i>J. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 57, 64 (1890)	V, Vm, Q, Hr, 8-38°C, but diff for various props.
1891PIC:	Pickering, S.U.; Verhandlungen über die Theorie der Lösungen"; <i>Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig)</i> ; 7, 378 (1891)	Kk, t < 0°C, freezing point lowering, comment by J. Walker, pg 396.
1892PIC:	Pickering, S.U.; "Das kryoskopische Verhalten schwacher Lösungen"; <i>Ber. Deutsch. Chem. Ges.</i> ; 25, 1099 (1892)	Kk, t < 0°C, to 2 wt %, freezing point lowering.
76PIT:	Pitzer, K.S.; "Thermodynamic Properties of Dilute Sulfuric Acid and the Potential of the Lead Sulfate-Lead Electrode"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 80, 2863 (1976)	Da, 25°C.
77PIT/ROY:	Pitzer, K.S.; Roy, R.N.; Silvester, L.F.; "Thermodynamics of Electrolytes. 7. Sulfuric Acid"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 99 4930 (1977)	Ze, Da, Kk, 25°C, 0-6 m.
73PLA:	Platford, R.F.; "Osmotic Coefficients of Aqueous Solutions of Seven Compounds at 0°C"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 18, 215 (1973)	Da, 0°C, 1-11 m.

18POR:

Porter, A. W.; "The Thermal Properties of Sulphuric Acid and Oleum"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 13, 373 (1918)

Zr, Q, Hp, Hm, various t., dil. and conc. sol.

30PRE:

Pretat, M.; "Determination des Chaleurs de Dilutions des Melanges Sulfonitriques"; Mem. Poudres; 24, 119 (1930)

Hm, 20-25°C, conc. H_2SO_4 and $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{HNO}_3$ mixt.

65QUI/MAR:

Quist, A.S.; Marshall, W.L.; Jolley, H.R.; "Electrical Conductances of Aqueous Solutions at High Temperatures and Pressure. II. The Conductances and Ionization Constants of Sulfuric Acid-Water Solutions from 0 to 800°C and at Pressures up to 4000 Bars"; J. Phys. Chem.; 69, 2726 (1965)

Kk, 0-800°C, p to 4000 bar, K1 and K2 (ioniz.), ΔH (ioniz) m(H_2SO_4) < 0.01.

34RAD/JUL:

Radulescu, D.; Jula, O.; "Beitrag zur Bestimmung der Abstufung der Polarität des Aminstickstoffes in den organischen Verbindungen"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); B26, 390 (1934)

Q1, 15-18°C, $[\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4] = 2$.

18RAN/CUS:

Randall, M.; Cushman, O.E.; "The Free Energy of Dilution of Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 40, 393 (1918)

Ke, 25°C,
x(H_2SO_4) = 0.0001-0.128.

27RAN/LAN:

Randall, M.; Langford, C.T.; "The Activity Coefficient of Sulfuric Acid in Aqueous Solutions with Sodium Sulfate at 25"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 49, 1445 (1927)

Ke, Da, 25°C,
 $M(\text{SO}_4^{2-}) = 0.2$ to 2,
a(H_2SO_4) from EMF.

27RAN/SCO:

Randall, M.; Scott, G.N.; "The Freezing Point and Activity Coefficient of Aqueous Barium Nitrate, Sodium Sulfate and Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 49, 647 (1927)

Px, Da, 0°C,
 $M(\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4) < 0.1$, a(H_2SO_4),
a(H_2O).

41RAN/TAY:

Randall, M.; Taylor, M. D.; "Heat Capacity and Density of Aqueous Solutions of Potassium Iodate, Potassium Acid Sulfate, Iodic Acid, and Sulfuric Acid at 25°C"; J. Phys. Chem.; 45, 959 (1941)

Q1, Vx, 25°C,
m(H_2SO_4) = 0.04 to 2.2.

83RAR:

Rard, J.A.; "Isopiestic Determination of the Osmotic Coefficients of Aqueous H_2SO_4 at 25°C"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 28, 384-387 (1983)

Pv, Da, 25°C,
m(H_2SO_4) = 0.14 to 3.1, isopiestic studies.

76RAR/HAB:

Rard, J. A.; Habenschuss, A.; Spedding, F.H.; "A Review of the Osmotic Coefficients of Aqueous H_2SO_4 at 25 °C"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 21, 374-379 (1976)

Ze, Da, Pv, 25°C,
m(H_2SO_4) = 0.1 to 28,
a(H_2O).

77RAR/SPE:	Rard, J. A.; Spedding, F.H.; "Isopiestic Determination of the Osmotic Coefficients of Aqueous CaCl_2 Solutions at 25°C"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 22, 56 (1977)	Da, Pv, 25°C, m = 2.6 to 8.8.
69REA/COB:	Readnour, J.M.; Cobble, J.W.; "Thermodynamics Properties for the Dissociation of Bisulfate Ion and the Partial Molal Heat Capacities of Bisulfuric Acid and Sodium Bisulfate over an Extended Temperature Range"; <i>Inorg. Chem.</i> ; 8, 2174 (1969)	Hm, Q, Kk, 0-100°C, K2(ioniz.), enthalpy of solution of Na_2SO_4 in H_2SO_4 .
1845REG:	Regnault, M.V.; "Etudes sur l'Hygrometrie"; <i>Ann. Chem. Phys.</i> ; 15(3), 129 (1845)	Pv, 8-52°C, $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})$ to $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(18\text{H}_2\text{O})$.
38RHO/NEL:	Rhodes, F. H.; Nelson, C.C.; "Heats of Dilution of 'Mixed Acids"'; <i>Ind. Eng. Chem.</i> ; 30, 648 (1938)	Hm, 18°C, $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{acid} = 0-3.5$, $\Delta\text{H}(\text{sol}): \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4, \text{HNO}_3$ and their mixtures into H_2O .
39ROB:	Robinson, R.A.; "The Activity Coefficients of Sulphuric Acid and Lanthanum Chloride in Aqueous Solution at 25"; <i>Trans Faraday Soc.</i> ; 35, 1229 (1939)	Pv, Da, 25°C, m(H_2SO_4) = 0.2-3, isopiestic method vs. KCl.
45ROB:	Robinson, R.A.; "The Vapour Pressure of Solutions of Potassium Chloride and Sodium Chloride"; <i>Trans. R. Soc. N.Z.</i> ; 75, 203 (1945)	Pv, 25°C, m(H_2SO_4) = 1.3-4.3, isopiestic method vs. NaCl, a(H_2O).
30ROT/GRA:	Roth, W.A.; Grau, R.; Meichsner, A.; "Beitrage zur Thermochemie des Schwefels. III"; <i>Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.</i> ; 193, 161 (1930)	Hm, 18-20°C, m(H_2SO_4) < 0.033, $\Delta\text{H}(\text{sol})$, $\Delta\text{H}(\text{dil})$.
31ROT:	Roth, W.A.; "Losungs- und Verdunnungswarme von Sauren und Basen"; 'Landolt-Bornstein Physikalisch-Chemsche Tabellen'; Auf. 5, Erg 2, 1547-50 (1931)	Ze, Hm, 8-18°C.
52RUB/GIA:	Rubin, T.R.; Giauque, W.F.; "The Heat Capacities and Entropies of Sulfuric Acid and its Mono- and Dihydrates from 15 to 300K"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 74, 800 (1952)	Q1, 15-300K, includes data on solutions above melting points of the hydrates.

07RUM:	Rumelin, G.; "Über die Verdunnungswärme konzentrierter Lösungen"; Z. Phys. Cpm. (Leipzig); 58, 449 (1907)	Hm, Pv, 10-16°C, $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = 2-200$.
64RYZ:	Ryzhenko, B.N.; "Determination of the Second Dissociation Constant of Sulfuric Acid and the Precipitation of Salts in the Reciprocal System Ca^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , SO_4^{2-} , CO_3^{2-} under Hydrothermal Conditions"; Geokhimiya; 1, 8 (1964)	Kk, 100-218°C, K2 and ΔH_2 (ioniz) from conductance of $\text{KHSO}_4(\text{aq})$.
74SAN:	San'ko, Yu. P.; "Heat Capacity of Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid at Low Temperatures (to -196°C)"; Inzh-fiz. Zh.; 27, 78 (1974)	Q1, -190 to 20°C, 40-95% H_2SO_4 .
73SAU/SAW:	Saunders, A.; Sawistowski, H.; "Correlation of Activity Coefficients of Water in Solutions of Sulphuric Acid and Toluene Sulphonic Acid"; J. Appl. Chem. Biotechnol.; 23, 111 (1973)	Pv, t~100°C, vapor pressures, activity coefficients of ternary mixture.
38SCA/HAM:	Scatchard, G.; Hamer, W.J.; Wood, S.E.; "Isotonic Solutions. I. The Chemical Potential of Water in Aqueous Solutions of Sodium Chloride, Potassium Chloride, Sulfuric Acid, Sucrose, Urea and Glycerol at 25°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 60, 3061 (1938)	Pv, Da, 25°C, m = 0.1-4.4, $a(\text{H}_2\text{O})$, isopiestic method.
09SCH:	Schlesinger, H.; "Die spezifischen Warmen von Lösungen. I"; Phys. Z.; 10, 210 (1909)	Q1, 0-70°C, 5 and 85% H_2SO_4 .
65SCH/FER:	Schwabe, K.; Ferse, E.; "Untersuchungen an den Ketten: (Pt), $\text{H}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$, HCl , $\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{S})/\text{Hg}$ und (Pt), $\text{H}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$, H_2SO_4 , $\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{S})/\text{Hg}$ "; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 69(5), 383 (1965)	Ke, 25°C, m(H_2SO_4) < 0.01, EMF in the presence of Na_2SO_4 and Li_2SO_4 .
39SHA/GOR:	Shankman, S.; Gordon, A.R.; "The Vapor Pressure of Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 61, 2370 (1939)	Pv, 25°C, m(H_2SO_4) = 2-23, isopiestic method, $a(\text{H}_2\text{O})$.
70SHA/PRA:	Sharma, L.; Prasad, B.; "Standard E.M.F. of the Cell: Pt Q.H. $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$, $\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4/\text{Hg}$ and the Standard Electrode Potential of $\text{Hg}/\text{Hg}_2\text{SO}_4$, SO_4^{2-} at 5, 15, 25, and 35°C"; J. Ind. Chem. Soc.; 47, 379 (1970)	Ke, Da, 5-35°C, $[\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4] = 0.008-0.32$ $a(\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4)$.

39SHE/JAN:	Sheffer, H.; Janis, A.A.; Ferguson, J.B.; "The Activity of Water in Sulphuric Acid Solutions at 25°C by the Isopiestic Method"; Can. J. Res.; B17, 336 (1939)	Da, 25°C, $m(H_2SO_4) = 0.02-4.3$, $a(H_2O)$, isopiestic method.
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81SHE/VAL:	Shenfel'd, B.E.; Valeev, R.R.; Vasil'ev, B.T.; Sushcher, V.S.; Zc: Kk, 700-1200 K. Z. Prikl. Khim.; 56, 1142-1144 (1983)	-----
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34SHR/COW:	Shrawder, J. Jr.; Cowperthwaite, I.A.; "The Activity Coefficients of Sulfuric Acid at Temperatures from 0 to 50"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 56, 2340 (1934)	Ke, Da, Dm, 0-50°C, $[H_2SO_4] = 0.001-0.02$, $a(H_2SO_4)$, $\Delta H(dil)$.
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64SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; "Stability Constants of Metal-ion Complexes, Section I, Inorganic Ligands"; Special Publication No. 17, Chemical Society (London); 215-216 (1964)	Ze, Kk, compiled solution equilibria.
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71SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; 'Stability Constants of Metal-Ion Complexes. Supplement No., 1'; The Chemical Soc., London; Spec. Publ. 25 (1971)	Kk, 20-350°C, compiled data.
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75SIN/PUR:	Sinha, O.P.; Puri, O.P.; "Specific Heat Anomaly of Sulphuric Acid with Dilution"; Chem. Phys. Letters; 32, 495 (1975)	Q, Vx, theoretical interpretation.
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79SMI/GOL:	Smith-Magowan, D.; Goldberg, R.N.; "A Bibliography of Experimental Data Leading to Thermal Properties of Binary Aqueous Electrolyte Solutions"; Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.) Spec. Pub.; No. 537 (1979)	Hm, Ql, Vx, annotated bibliography.
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76SMI/MAR:	Smith, R.M.; Martell, A.E.; 'Critical Stability Constants'; 4 (1976)	Ze, Kk, H, Q, evaluated solution equilibria.
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24SMI/MAY:	Smith, D.F.; Mayer, J.E.; "The Free Energy of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 46, 75 (1924)	Ke, 80°C, $H_2SO_4 + 6HI = I_2 + 4H_2O + S(s)$.
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32SOC:	Socolik, A. S.; "Warme Kapazitäten der wässerigen Lösungen von Schwefelsäure"; Z. Angew. Chem.; 158, 305 (1932)	Q, 60 and 80°C, 5-100% H_2SO_4 .
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32SOC2:	Socolik, A.; "Heat Capacity of Solutions of Sulfuric Acid"; Zh. Obshch. Khim.; 2, 311 (1932)	Q, 60 and 80°C, 5-100% H_2SO_4 .
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1890SOR: Sorel, E.; "The Manufacture of Sulphuric Acid"; J. Soc. Chem. Ind.; 9, 175 (1890) ----- Zr, Pv, 10-95°C, 44-82% H₂SO₄, review.

81STA: Staples, B.R.; "Activity and Osmotic Coefficients of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; 10, 779 (1981) of data. ----- Ze, Da, Dx, 25°C, m(H₂SO₄) = 0 to 28, critical review

81STA/WOB: Staples, B.R.; Wobbekeing, T.F.; 'A Compilation of Thermodynamic and Transport Properties of Aqueous Sulfuric Acid', Nat. Bur. Stand., NBSIR; 81-2276 (1981) ----- Zr, bibliography.

45STO: Stokes, R.H.; "The Derivation of Water Activities from Electromotive Force Data"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 67, 1686 (1945) ----- Zc, Da, 25°C.

47STO: Stokes, R.H.; "The Measurement of Vapour Pressures of Aqueous Solutions by Bi-thermal Equilibration through the Vapor Phase"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 69, 1291 (1947) ----- Pv, Da, 25°C, m(H₂SO₄) = 3-11.5, two temperature isopiestic method.

48STO: Stokes, R.H.; "A Thermodynamic Study of Bivalent Metal Halides in Aqueous Solutions. Part XVII. Revision of Data for all 2:1 and 1:2 Electrolytes at 25, and Discussion of Results"; Trans Faraday Soc.; 44, 295 (1948) ----- Zr, Da, 25°C, m(H₂SO₄) = 0.1-22, review, a(H₂O).

63STU/SEC: Stuckey, J.E.; Secoy, C.H.; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 8, 386-389 (1963) ----- Pt, Vc, 218-670°C.

41TAR/NEW: Tartar, H.V.; Newschwander, W.W.; Ness, A.T.; "A Thermodynamic Study of the System Zinc Sulfate-Sulfuric Acid-Water at 25°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 63, 28 (1941) ----- Ke, Pv, 25°C, m(H₂SO₄) = 0.1 to 4.

13THI: Thibaut, R.; "Die Elektromotorische Kraft des Bleiakkumulators in Abhangigkeit von Temperatur und Sauredichte"; Z. Electrochem.; 19, 881 (1913) ----- Ke, 15-45°C, m(H₂SO₄) = 0.4-5.2, EMF of lead accumulator.

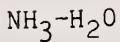
1882THO: Thomsen, J.; 'Thermochemische Untersuchungen', J.A. Barth Verlag, Leipzig; 1, 36 (1882) ----- Q1, 18°C, 5-200 H₂O.

1883THO: Thomsen, J.; 'Thermochemische Untersuchungen', J.A. Barth Verlag, Leipzig; 3, 39 (1883) ----- Hm, 20°C, H₂SO₄/H₂O = 1 to 800, dilution heats.

33TRI/EBE:	Trimble, H.M.; Ebert, P.F.; "The Effect of Ethylene Glycol upon the Activity of Sulfuric Acid in Aqueous Solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 55, 958 (1933)	Ke, Dm, 25°C, $m(H_2SO_4) = 0.005-1$, in H_2O and aq. ethylene glycol.
74TUR:	Turner, D.J.; "Dissociation of the Bisulphate Ion at Moderate Concentrations"; J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. I; 70, 1346 (1974)	Kk, 25°C, $m[SO_4^{2-}] = 0.02-4$, $K_2(\text{ioniz})$, ion pairing.
67VDO/LAZ:	Vdovenko, V.M.; Lazarev, L.N.; Khvorostin, Ya. S.; "Determination of the Dissociation Constants of Hydrogen Sulphate Ions in Solutions at Different Ionic Strengths and Temperatures"; Russ. J. Inorg. Chem.; 12, 610 (1967)	Kk, 20-35°C, I = 0 to 2m, K_2 in presence of Na salts.
29VOS/CRA:	Vosburgh, W.C.; Craig, D.N.; "The Lead Dioxide-Lead Sulfate Electrode"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 51, 2009 (1929)	Ke, 20-40°C, $m(H_2SO_4) = 0.1$, EMF of Lead Sulfate-Sulfuric acid cell.
27VRE:	Vrevskii, M.S.; "Latent Heat of Vaporization of Pure Liquids and of Solutions"; Zh. Fiz. Khim. Obs.; 59, 69 (1927)	Hp, 96.5°C, 53% H_2SO_4 , vaporization.
27VRE/NIK:	Vrevskii, M.S.; Nikol'skii; "Determination of the Latent Heat of Vaporization of H_2O from Solutions of Sulphuric Acid for 79.3 and the Comparison of the Thermal Effect and of Work of Dilution of these Aqueous Solutions"; Zh. Russ. Fiz. Khim. Obs.; 59, 77-78 (1927)	Hp, 80°C, 17-60 wt%, vaporiz.
82WAG/EVA:	Wagman, D.D.; Evans, W.H.; Parker, V.B.; Schumm, R.H.; Halow, I.; Bailey, S.M.; Churney, K.L.; Nuttall, R.L.; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; 11, Supplement No 2 (1982); "The NBS Tables of Chemical Thermodynamic Properties"	Ze, H, K, Q, evaluated thermochemical data.
66WAL:	Wallace, R.M.; "Determination of the Second Dissociation Constant of Sulfuric Acid by Donnan Membrane Equilibrium"; J. Phys. Chem.; 70, 3922 (1966)	Kk, 25-50°C, $K_2(\text{ioniz})$ and $H_2(\text{ioniz})$.
69WAN/ZWI:	Wanders, A.C.M.; Zwietering, Th.N.; "Calculation of ΔH and K Values from Thermometric Titration Curves"; J. Phys. Chem.; 73, 2076 (1969)	Kk, calculation method for $K_2(\text{ioniz})$ and H_2 .

00WHE:	Whetham, C.D.; "The Ionization of Dilute Solutions at the Freezing Point"; Phil. Trans A; 194, 321-360 (1900)	Kk, 0-70°C, 1st ioniz., $m = .00005 - 0.02$.
53WHI/LAN:	Whitten, W.N.; Land, J.E.; "The Thermodynamics of Aqueous 2-Propanol-Sulfuric Acid Solutions from Electromotive Force Measurements"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 75, 2202 (1953)	Ke, Da, Dm, 5-25°C, $[H_2SO_4] = 0.05-1$, mixed solvent system.
21WIL:	Wilson, R.E.; "Humidity Control by Means of Sulfuric Acid Solutions, with Critical Compilation of Vapor Pressure Data"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 13, 326 (1921)	Pv, Zc, 0-50°C, $x(H_2SO_4) = 0-1$.
71WIR:	Wirth, H.E.; "Activity Coefficients in Sulphuric Acid and Sulphuric Acid-Sodium-Sulphate Mixtures"; Electrochim. Acta; 16, 1345 (1971)	Zc, Dm, 25°C, reevaluation and calculational method.
29WRE:	Wrewsky, M. S.; "Theoretische und experimentelle Untersuchung über Verdampfung binärer Gemische. I. Methode der Bestimmung von Verdampfungswärmen reiner Flüssigkeiten und Lösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; A144, 244 (1929) [Vrevskii, M.S.]	Pv, Hp, 79.3°C, 53.66% H_2SO_4 , transpiration method for H(uap). H_2SO_4 is test case.
57WU:	Wu, Y. C.; "Part I. Thermal Effects of the Interactions Between Univalent Ions. Part II. Heat of Dilution of Sulfuric Acid in Aqueous Solution"; Thesis, Univ. of Chicago (1957)	Hm, 25°C, $m(H_2SO_4) = 0.001-6.5$, also data on LiCl and HCl.
80WU/YOU:	Wu, Y.C.; Young, T.F.; "Enthalpies of Dilution of Aqueous Electrolytes: Sulfuric Acid, Hydrochloric Acid, and Lithium Chloride"; J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand.; 85, 11 (1980)	Hm, 25°C, $m(H_2SO_4) = 0.001-6.5$, also data on LiCl and HCl, see 57WU.
60WYA:	Wyatt, P.H.A.; "The Constitution of 80-100% Aqueous Sulphuric Acid: A Case of Overlapping Equilibria"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 56, 490 (1960)	Kk, 83-97% H_2SO_4 , ionization constants, reassessment.
62YOU/IRI:	Young, T. F.; Irish, D. E.; "Solutions of Electrolytes"; Ann. Review Phys. Chem.; 13, 435 (1962)	Zr, Kk, Px, Hm, review of solution equil. to 1961.
59YOU/MAR:	Young, T.F.; Maranville, L.F.; Smith, H.M.; "Raman Spectral Investigations of Ionic Equilibria in Solutions of Strong Electrolytes"; 'The Structure of Electrolytic Solutions', Hamer, W.J.(ed); John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, (1959)	Kk, Mn, 0-50°C, 0.05 - 18m.

63ZAR/VIN: Zarakhani, N.G.; Vinnik, M.I.; Russ. J. Phys. Chem.; 37, Kk, 25°C.
260-263 (1963)



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INTRODUCTION

Publications are listed in this bibliography that have data on equilibria in mixtures of ammonia and water and on the associated vapor-liquid equilibrium and solubilities(at low temperatures) as shown in phase diagrams. To a lesser extent, there are data on enthalpies of mixing, on activity coefficients and on the thermochemistry of the system.

References reporting measurements or presenting correlations or evaluations of data are included. Publications that consider only applications of existing data to specific systems but provide no new data have been avoided.

Ammonia is completely miscible with water but relatively volatile. It is a monoprotic base, abstracting a proton from water to form the ammonium cation. Ammonium salts have a wide variety of commercial applications and solutions of these have been studied extensively in association with the study of equilibria involving ammonia. Ammonia also complexes with many metal cations in solution .

The references are listed alphabetically by first author. Each citation is preceded by a brief identification code composed of the year of publication and three letters from the last names of the first two authors. The citations list the names of authors; the title of the article,chapter or report as appropriate, and the source information, i.e. journal or book title, volume, year of publication. The structure of these citations does not conform to the specifications established by the American National Standards Institute but is the information necessary to direct the reader to a particular reference. In a few instances only an abstract or secondary reference was available. In these cases either the citation to Chemical Abstracts or source of the secondary citation is given.

Some titles have been translated, e.g. those in Russian. These translations come, by preference, from abstracts in the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts. (The titles from the latter may be condensations of the originals.)

Each publication has been annotated to show the class of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, pressure, solution composition and pH. The data class designations are taken from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics. They are two letter codes with some mnemonic or physical chemical associations. A list is appended. No attempt has been made to assess the quality of the data, however, an annotation of "Ze" indicates that a particular reference constitutes or includes an evaluation of experimental data from several sources.

The bibliography has been prepared by searching the files of the NBS Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics, and references in the papers retrieved from those sources. It covers a time period from the 19th century to 1982. Additions and corrections will be welcomed.

02ABE/RIE:	Abegg, R.; Riesenfeld, H.; "Über das losungsvermögen von salzlösungen für ammoniak nach messungen seines partialdrucks. I."; Z. Phys. Chem.; 40, 84-108 (1902)	Pv, 25, 35°C, and in the presence of alkali and alkaline earth salts.
65ABL/BUR:	Ablov, A.V.; Burnasheva, Z.P.; Konunova, Ts.B.; "Heats of addition of amines to zinc halides"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 10, 2286-2292 (1965)	Hm, 25°C, in 2N HCl.
81ALL/WOO:	Allred, G.C.; Woolley, E.M.; "Heat capacities of aqueous acetic acid, sodium acetate, ammonia, and ammonium chloride at 283.15, 298.15, and 313.15 K: ΔC_p^o for ionization of acetic acid and for dissociation of ammonium ion"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 13, 155-164 (1981)	Ql, Vx, 10-30°C, dil. solns.
1842AND:	Andrews, T.; "Sur la chaleur développée pendant la combinaison des acides avec les bases"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [3], 4, 316-329 (1842)	Hr, 11-15°C(?), reaction with acid.
1870AND:	Andrews, T.; "On the heat developed in the combination of acids and bases"; J. Chem. Soc.; 23, 432-441 (1870)	Hr, 11-15°C(?), reaction with HCl(aq), HNO ₃ (aq) and acetic acid.
59ARN/FRE:	Arnold, E.; Freitag, H.; Patterson, A., Jr.; "Ionization equilibria in ammonia-water solutions from 5° to 55°C. as obtained from high field conductance measurements"; 'The structure of electrolytic solutions', W. J. Hamer, ed.; John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, 281-290 (1959)	Kk, Za, 5-55°C
78ART/KOC:	Artyukhov, A.P.; Kochetkov, V.N.; Vitkov, V.S.; Mikhailov, G.V.; "Equations for calculating heat capacity and enthalpy in the ammonia-phosphorus pentoxide-water systems"; Khim. Prom-st. (Moscow); *(8), 625-627 (1978); [CA 89:205121z]	Zc, Px, t=?, in phosphate sol., theoret.
71BAL/SPE:	Baldi, G.; Specchia, V.; "Solubilità dell'ammoniaca in acqua"; Chim. Ind. (Milan); 53(10), 929-933 (1971)	Pv, 25°C, 0.65 atm., Solubility in solutions of alkali halides nitrates and sulfates.

71BAL/SPE2:	Baldi, G.; Specchia, V.; "Solubilita dell'ammoniaca in soluzioni saline"; Chim. Ind. (Milan); 53(11), 1022-1027 (1971)	Pv, 25°C, 0.65 atm., Solubility in solutions of alkali halides nitrates and sulfates.
66BAT/CLE:	Battino, R.; Clever, H.L.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; Chem. Rev.; 66, 395-463 (1966)	Ze, Zr, Pv, methods, thermodynamic formulae, bibliography but no data.
49BAT/PIN:	Bates, R.G.; Pinching, G.D.; "Dissociation constant of ammonium ion 0° to 50°C, and the base strength of ammonia"; J. Res. Nat. Bureau Standards; 42, 419-430 (1949)	Kk, Da, Hr, Q, 0-50°C, m(NH ₃) to 0.1, in NH ₄ Cl(aq).
50BAT/PIN:	Bates, R.G.; Pinching G.D.; "Dissociation constant of aqueous ammonia at 0° to 50° from E. M. f. studies of the ammonium salt of a weak acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 72, 1393-1396 (1950)	Kk, 0-50°C, m(NH ₃) to 0.1 in NH ₄ Cl(aq)
09BAU/GAY:	Baud, E.; Gay, L.; "Determination des hydrates, en solution, par la methode thermique. Application au systeme eau ammoniac liquide"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [8]17, 398-418 (1909)	Hm, 12°C 1.atm., 17-63% NH ₃ by weight.
14BAU/TYK:	Baume, G.; Tykociner, A.; "Recherches quantitatives sur les systemes volatils. Courbe de fusibilite du system anhydride sulfureux-eau"; J. Chim. Phys.; 12, 270-275 (1914)	Px, -90 to 13°C, liquidus.
34BEC/ROT:	Becker, G.; Roth, W.A.; "Die Bildungswärme von Ammoniak und Salpetersäure"; Z. Elektrochem.; 40, 836 (1934)	Ze, Hr, 20°C, reaction with HNO ₃ (aq).
76BEG:	Beggerow, G.; "Mixing and solution heats"; 'Landolt - Bornstein Zahlenwerte und funktionen aus Naturwissenschaften und Technik'; "Gruppe IV, Neue Serie, Band 2, 79-80 (1976)	Hm, 3-61°C, 1-150 H ₂ O.
53BER/PAT:	Berg, D.; Patterson, A., Jr.; "The high field conductance of aqueous solutions of ammonia at 25°C"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 75, 5731-5733 (1953)	Kk, 25°C.

1873BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches calorimetriques sur l'etat des corps dans les dissolutions. Recherches sur les acides forts et les acides faibles et sur les sels qu'ils forment avec la potasse, la soude et l'ammoniaque"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [4], 29, 433-514 (1873)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with HNO ₃ (aq) and HCl(aq).
1873BER2:	Berthelot, M.; "Parallele entre la formation des sels solides engendres par les acides picrique, chlorhydrique, azotique, sulfurique, acetique et benzoique"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [4], 29, 328-351 (1873)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with HNO ₃ (aq) and HCl(aq).
1875BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Dissolution des acides et des alcalis, Septieme memoire. Sur la chaleur degagee dans la reaction entre l'eau et l'ammonique"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [5], 4, 526-531 (1875)	Hm, 10°C, solution in 250-370 H ₂ O, also dilution data at 14°C.
1875BER2:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur les acides gras et leurs sels alcalins"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; 80, 592-598 (1875)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with acetic acid.
1875BER3:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur les acides gras et leurs sels alcalins"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [5], 6, 325-334 (1875)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with acetic acid.
1881BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur l'acide perchlorique"; Compt. Rend.; 93, 240-246 (1881)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with HClO ₄ .
1882BER:	Berthelot, M.; "Recherches sur l'acide perchlorique"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [5], 27, 214-222 (1882)	Hr, 18°C, reaction with HClO ₄ .
25BIL/MES:	Biltz, W.; Messerknecht, C.; "Beitrag zur systematischen Verwandtschaftslehre XXXIII. Über die Ammoniakate der Berylliumhalogenide"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 148, 157-169 (1925)	Hr, t = ?, reaction with HCl.
41BJE:	Bjerrum, J.; 'Metal ammine formation in aqueous solution. Theory of reversible step reactions', P. Haase and Son, Copenhagen; (1941)	Kk, 22 and 30°C, in NH ₄ NO ₃ solutions.
03BOU:	Bouzat, M.; "Composes cuproammoniques"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [7], 29, 305-383 (1903)	Hr, Hm, 13°C, reaction with HCl.

11BRI:	Brichaix, A.; "Loi relative a la solubilite de l'ammoniaque a differentes temperatures et sous differentes pressions"; Bull. Soc. Chem. Belge; 25, 145-153 (1911)	Zc, Pv, 15-120°C, 3-50% NH ₃ , reinterp. of O3PER and O8MOL.
17BRU/LEV:	Bruni, G.; Levi, G.; "Gli ammoniacati dei sali d'argento. Nota III."; Gazz. Chim. Ital.; 47, 259-272 (1917)	Hr, 12°C(?), reaction with HNO ₃ and HClO ₄ .
33CAL:	Calvet, E.; "Measures thermochimiques directes en chimie organique. Vitesses et chaleurs de saponification des amides, II."; J. Chim. Phys.; 30, 140-149 (1933)	Hm, 17°C, dil. from 70 to 200 H ₂ O.
65CHA:	Chan, J.P.C.; "The heat capacity and entropy of ammonia di-hydrate"; Ph.D. Thesis, Univ of California, Berkeley; Diss Abstr. 652957, 25, 6250 (1965)	Ql, 15-298 K, NH ₃ -2H ₂ O (cr and l).
71CHE:	Chernen'kaya, E.I.; "Experimental determination of the specific heats of aqueous solutions of NH ₄ HCO ₃ , Na ₂ CO ₃ , and of liquors of the soda industry at 25°C"; J. Appl. Chem. (USSR); 44, 1562-1566 (1971)	Ql, 25°C, $m(NH_3) = 1-13$.
71CHE2:	Chernen'kaya, E.I.; "Determination of the heat capacities of liquids of the soda industry at 25°C by calculation. Communication II"; J. Appl. Chem. (USSR); 44, 1744-1747 (1971)	Zc, Ql, 25°C, in mixt. of Cl ⁻ , CO ₃ ²⁻ and SO ₄ ²⁻ .
75CHE/BRA:	Chernen'kaya, E.I.; Bratash, E.G.; "Calculation of specific heats of aqueous salt systems over a wide temperature range"; J. Appl. Chem. (USSR); 48, 1910-1912 (1975)	Zc, Ql, 25-60°C, NH ₄ Cl(aq) and NH ₄ HCO ₃ (aq).
33CLI/HUN:	Clifford, I.L.; Hunter, E.; "The system ammonia-water at the temperatures up to 150°C and at pressures up to twenty atmospheres"; J. Phys. Chem.; 37, 101 (1933)	Pv, Zc, 60-100°C to 1.5 atm., 0.02-10 atm., NH ₃ to 25%, correlation to 10 atm.
82COB/MUR:	Cobble, J.W.; Murray, R.C., Jr.; Turner, P.J.; Chen, K.; "High temperature thermodynamic data for species in aqueous solution"; EPRI NP-2400 Research Project 1167-1; (1982)	Zr, 0-200°C, thermal functions.

73COU/PET:	Couturier, Y.; Petitfaux, C.; "Composition and stability of cupric and cuprous complexes of aminopyridines. II. complexes of 3-amino-pyridine in aqueous solution"; Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.; *(2)(Pt.1), 445-451 (1973); [CA 78:128998j]	Kk, 20°C, Cited in 76SMI/MAR.
77D'A/SUR:	D'Ans, J.; Surawsljo, H.; Synowietz, C.; "Specific heat of solutions"; 'Landolt - Bornstein Zahkerwerte und functionen aus Naturwissenschaften und Technik'; *Gruppe IV, Neue Serie, Band 1, Teil b, 274-275 (1977)	Q1, 2-61°C, 1-25 wt%.
1898DEL:	Delepine, M.; "Amines et amides derives des aldehydes"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [7], 15, 469-574 (1898)	Hr, T = ?, reaction with HCl.
66DUR/SCH:	Durst, R.A.; Schmidt, P.G.; Feldman, I.; "Mass spectrometric method for the determination of the activity coefficient of ammonia in aqueous salt solutions"; J. Phys. Chem.; 70, 2058 (1966)	Px, Pv, Da, and 22°C, m(NH ₃)=0-4 in salt solns.
63DVO/BOU:	Dvorak, K.; Boubkik, T.; "Liquid-vapour equilibria. XXIX. Measurement of equilibrium data in systems with high equilibrium ratio of the components"; Coll. Czech. Chem. Commun.; 28, 1249-1255 (1963)	Pv, 90°C, 0.3 - 2.3 wt% NH ₃ in sol.
78EDW/MAU:	Edwards, T.J.; Maurer, G.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria in multicomponent aqueous solutions of volatile weak electrolytes"; AIChE J.; 24(6), 966-976, (1978)	Zc, Pv, Kk, 0-170°C, I to 6m.
75EDW/NEW:	Edwards, T.J.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Thermodynamics of aqueous solutions containing volatile weak electrolytes"; AIChE J.; 21(2), 248-259, (1959)	Zc, Pv, 0-100°C, also NH ₃ + H ₂ S mixt, m <2.
78EDW/NEW:	Edwards, T.J.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Thermodynamics of vapor-liquid equilibria for the ammonia-water system"; Ind. Eng. Chem. Fundam.; 17(4), 264-269 (1978)	Zc, Da, Pv, 60-170° F, X(NH ₃) = 0-1
64EFR/PRY:	Efremova, G.D.; Pryanikova, R.O.; "Phase and volume relations in the adipodinitrile-ammonia system"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; 38, 686 (1964)	Pv, Hm, 25-125°C.

24ELL:	Elliott, L.D.; "The freezing point curve of the system water-ammonia"; J. Phys. Chem.; 28, 887-888 (1924)	Px, -97 to -77°C, liquidus.
75EME/RUS:	Emerson, K.; Russo, C.; Lund, R.E.; Thurston, R.V.; "Aqueous ammonia equilibrium calcualtions. Effect of pH and temperature"; J. Fish. Res. Board Can.; 32, 2379-2383 (1975)	Kk, 0-30°C, pH 6-10.
79ERO/BAB:	Eroshchenkov, S.A.; Babichenko, A.K.; "Calculation of compositions of equilibrium phases of water-ammonia solutions"; Vestn. Khar'kov. Politekhn. In-ta; 78(145), 54-56 (1979) [CA 91:28082]	Pv? (not seen).
62ESV/TYR:	Esval, O.E.; Tyree, S.Y. Jr.,; "The activity coefficients of ammonium perchlorate in water at 25°"; J. Phys. Chem.; 66, 940-942 (1962)	Da 25°C, m(NH ₄ ClO ₄) = 0.1-2.1.
54EVE/LAN:	Everett, D.H.; Landsman, D.A.; "A redetermination of the dissociation constant of the ammonium ion and the base strength of ammonia in water"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 50, 1221-1229, (1954)	Kk, Hr, 25-45°C, [NH ₄ ⁺]<0.04m, in HCl(aq).
38EVE/WYN:	Everett, D.H.; Wynne-Jones, W.F.K.; "The dissociation of the ammonium ion and the basic strength of ammonia in water"; Proc. Roy. Soc.; A169, 190-204 (1938)	Kk, 5-45°C, I to 0.2m, in NH ₄ Cl(aq).
52EVE/WYN:	Everett, D.H.; Wynne-Jones, W.F.K.; "The dissociation constants of the ammonium and methyl ammonium ions in 60% aqueous methanol"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 48, 531-536 (1952)	Kk, Hr, Q, 0-40°C, I<0.2m, NH ₃ /NH ₄ Cl in aq. MeOH.
1853FAV/SIL:	Favre, P.A.; Silbermann, J.T.; "Recherches sur les quantites de chaleur degages dans les actions chimiques et moleculaires"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; * (3)37, 406-508 (1853)	Hm, 15°C, dil. sol.
00GAU:	Gaus, W.; "Über den Einfluss von Neutralsalzen auf die Tension des Ammoniaks aus wasseriger Losung"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 25, 236-264 (1900)	Pv, 25°C, m(NH ₃)<1.0.

80GIG:	Giggenbach, W.F.; "Geothermal gas equilibria"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta; 44, 2021-2032 (1980)	Pv, 100-300°C, application of previously published data to geochemical equilibria.
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1884GUN:	Guntz, A.; "Recherches thermiques sur les combinaisons du fluor avec les metaux"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [6], 3, 5-66 (1884) earlier work.	Hr, 13°C, reaction with HF(aq), quoting
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75HAK:	Hakuta, T.; "Vapor-liquid equilibrium of polluting materials in sea water. 1. Vapor-liquid equilibrium of ammonia-water system"; Nippon Kaisui Gakkai-Shi 28, 353-359 (1975)	Pv, 80-100°C, NH ₃ = 1.2-10.6 ppm., pH 6-8, in borate buffer.
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77HAK/EDW:	Hakuta, T.; Edwards, T.J.; Prausnitz, J.M.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria of some pollutants in aqueous and saline solutions. Part II. Correlation for dilute weak electrolytes in aqueous buffered solutions"; Desalination; 21, 23-33 (1977)	Pv Zc, Kk, 273-400 K Speciated model for weak electrolytes in water.
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79HAL/DRE:	Hales, J. M.; Drewes, D. R.; "Solubility of ammonia in water at low concentrations"; Atmos. Environ.; 13, 1133-47 (1979)	Pv, 280-300 K, $m(NH_3) = 3 \times 10^{-4}$ in H ₂ O and in very dilute H ₂ SO ₄
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30HAR/OWE:	Harned, H.S.; Owen, B.B.; "The thermodynamic properties of weak acids and bases in salt solutions, and an exact method of determining their dissociation constants"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 52, 5079-5091 (1930)	Ze, Kk, 25°C.
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58HAR/OWE:	Harned, H.S.; Owen, B.B.; 'The Physical Chemistry of Electrolyte Solutions' Reinhold Publ. Corp., New York, 3d ed.; (1958)	Kk, 25°C.
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28HAR/ROB:	Harned, H.S.; Robinson, R.A.; "The ionic concentrations and activity coefficients of weak electrolytes in certain salt solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 50, 3157 (1928)	Kk, 25°C, I<1.5.
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67HEL:	Helgeson, H.C.; "Thermodynamics of complex dissociation in aqueous solution at elevated temperatures"; J. Phys. Chem.; 71, 3121-3136, (1967)	Ze, Kk, 0-306°C.
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76HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic properties of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures. III. Equation of state for aqueous species at infinite dilution"; Am. J. Sci., 276, 97-240 (1976)	Kr, Zc, Ze, 25-3000°C, 1-1000 atm.
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81HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; Flowers, G.C.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic behavior of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and tempeatures: IV. Calculation of activity coefficients, osmotic coefficients, and apparent molal and standard and relative partial molal properties to 600°C and 5kB"; Am. J. Sci.; 281, 1249-1516 (1981)	Ze, Kk, Da, Dm, 0-600°C, 0-5kB.
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11HER:	Herzen, E.; "Abaque des tensions de vapeur d'une solution aqueuse ammonicale"; Bull. Soc. Chem. Belge; 25, 154-157 (1911)	Zc, Pv, 0-150°C, 0-12% NH ₃ , nomogram.
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53HIL/GIA:	Hildenbrand, D.L.; Giauque, W.F.; "Ammonium oxide and ammonium hydroxide. Heat capacities and thermodynamic properties from 15 to 300 K"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 75 , 2811-2818 (1953)	Q1, 25°C, on NH ₃ (H ₂ O), and from -73 to -18°C, on more conc. sol.
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76HIT/MES:	Hitch, B. F.; Mesmer, R. E.; "The ionization of aqueous ammonia to 300°C in KCl media"; J. Solution Chem.; 5, 667-79 (1976)	Kk, 50-300°C, p to 100 bar, in KCl.
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75HOS/NAG:	Hoshino, D.; Nagahama, K.; Hirata, M.; "A new apparatus for measuring vapor-liquid equilibria of gas-solvent systems at constant pressure"; Bull. Jap. Petrol. Inst.; 17, 9-13 (1975)	Pv, x=0-1, 1 atm, E=-40-100°C.
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25HOU:	Hougen, O.A.; " Absorption of ammonia "; Chem. Met. Eng.; 32(14), 704-705 (1925)	Zc, Pv, 15-25°C, p(NH ₃) meas,
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78IKE/SAS:	Ikemizu, K.; Sasaki, K.; Morooka, S.; Kato, Y.; Shinohara, H.; "Diffusivities and solubilities of NH ₃ gas in aqueous solutions of ammonium salts"; Kagaku Kogaku Rombunshu; 4(3), 273-276 (1978)	Pv, 35-65°C, NH ₃ = 3-12 m, solubility in water and aq. mixt. of NH ₄ NO ₃ NH ₄ Cl and (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ <3 molal
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71JAI/GAB:	Jain, P.C.; Gable, G.K.; "Equilibrium property data equations for aqua-ammonia mixtures"; Amer. Soc. Heat., Refrig. Air-Cond. Eng., Trans.; 77 (pt.1), 149-151 (1971)	Zc, Pv, 22-132°F, 50-350 psia, equation for data in 64MAC/EAK.
65JEN:	Jennings, B.H.; "Ammonia-water properties (Experimentally-determined P,V,T,x liquid-phase data)"; ASHRE Trans.; 71I, 21-29 (1965)	Pt, Xd, 10-100%wg NH ₃ , t=75-312°C, 7-540 psi
63JON:	Jones, M.E.; "Ammonia equilibrium between vapor and liquid aqueous phases at elevated temperatures"; J. Phys. Chem.; 67, 1113-1115 (1963)	Pv, 147-318°C, 2,20,200 ppm.
07KAN:	Kanolt, C.W.; "Ionization of water at 0° 18° and 25° derived from conductivity measurements of the hydrolysis of the ammonium salt of diketotetrahydrothiazole"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 29, 1402-1416 (1907)	Kk, 0-25°C.
71KAR:	Karov, E.G.; "Isothermal invariant points"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 16(11), 3110-14 (1971)	Pv, 25°C, 720 mmHg.
57KAU/DOG:	Kauko, Y.; Doger, S.; "Bestimmung kleiner Mengen von Ammoniak in Gasmischungen"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 11, 804-810 (1957)	Pv, Kk, 25 and 40°C.
30KIN/HAL:	King, H.H.; Hall, J.L.; Ware, G.C.; "A study of the density, surface tension and adsorption in the water-ammonia system at 20°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 52, 5128-5135 (1930)	Vx, 20°C, x(NH ₃)=.20-1.00, density data.
72KIR/TRU:	Kirintsev, A.; Trushnikova, L.N.; Lavrent'eva, V.G.; 'Handbook of phase diagrams of inorganic substances in water'; Khimiya, Leningrad, 95-96 (1972)	Px, -100 to 0°C, x=0 to 1.
62KIS:	Kiseleva, E.V.; "About the state of ammonia in aqueous solutions"; Tr. Mosk. Khim.-Tekhnol. Inst.; *(38), 71 (1962)	Pv, 20 and 30°C, p(NH ₃) and p(H ₂ O) meas.
24KLA:	Klarmann, E.; "Das Henrysche Gesetz bei wässrigen Ammoniaklösungen und die Hydrolyse der Ammonsalze"; Z. Anorg. Chem.; 132, 289-300 (1924)	Pv, Kk, 0-25°C, NH ₃ (aq) and NH ₄ Ac.

67KOM/SUN:	Komar', N.P.; Sung, N. T. S.; "Protonation of weak bases: The $\text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_3\text{O}^+ = \text{NH}_4^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ system"; Russ. J. Inorg. Chem.; 12 (5), 669-675 (1967)	Kk, 25°C, I<3, NH_4Cl , NH_4
73KON/LAN:	Koneczny, H.; Lango, D.; Lango, M.; "System potassium chloride-ammonia-water"; Chem. Stosow.; 17, 115-125 (1973); [CA 80-41382w]	Px, 20-60°C, in sat. KCl (aq).
75KON/LAN:	Koneczny, H.; Lango, D.; Lango, M.; "Potassium sulfate-ammonia-water system"; Chem. Stostow.; 19, 27-36 (1975); [CA 83-33493e]	Px, 20-60°C, 0-25% NH_3 , in sat. K_2SO_4 (aq).
74KON/SAS:	Kononenko, A.F.; Sashevskaya, Z.G.; "Relation of density and viscosity to temperature for some salt solutions"; Zh. Priklad. Khim.; 47, 211-212 (1974)	Pv, Vx, -20 to 20°C, conc. NaCl (aq).
25KOW/HOU:	Kowalke, O.L.; Houge, O.A.; Watson, K.M.; "Absorption of ammonia in towers"; Chem. Met. Eng.; 32, 443-446 (1925)	Zc, Pv, 0-7% NH_3 .
28KRA:	Kracek, F.C.; "P-T-X relations for systems of two or more components and containing two or more phases (L-V, $\text{L}_1\text{-}\text{L}_2\text{-V}$ and S-L-V systems)"; 'International Critical Tables', Washburn, E.W., ed; 3, 351-385, (1928); p. 362 for NH_3 .	Ze, Pv, Px, -89 to 170°C, 5-100% NH_3 .
30KRA:	Kracek, F.C.; "Vapor pressures of solutions and the Ramsay-Young rule. Application to the complete system water-ammonia"; J. Phys. Chem.; 34, 499-521 (1930)	Ze, Pv, Px, -89 to 170°C, 5-100% NH_3 .
24LAR:	Larsson, E.; Diss Lund.; (1924)	Kk, 25°C, in H_2O -EtOH, cited in 64SIL/MAR.
34LEW/SCH:	Lewis, G.N.; Schutz, P.W.; "The ionization of some weak electrolytes in heavy water"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 56, 1913-1915 (1934)	Kk, 25°C, ND_3 in D_2O .
65LIN:	Linke, W.F.; 'Solubilities'; American Cyanamid Co., Stamford, Conn., 4th ed.; 2, 590-603 (1965); originated by Atherton Seidell, Ph.D.	Zr, Pv, in H_2O , salt solns., organic solvents and mixed systems, major compilation.

04LOC/FOR:	Locke, J.; Forssall, J.; "The action of ammonia upon copper sulphate solutions"; Am. Chem. J.; 31, 268-302 (1904)	Pv, 25°C, [NH ₃] to 1, [Cu ⁻²] to 0.11.
07LUN:	Lunden, H.; "Hydrolyse des sels des acides faibles et des bases faibles et sa variation avec la temperature"; J. Chim. Phys.; 5, 574-608 (1907)	Kk, 10-50°C, NH ₃ and NH ₄ H ₂ BO ₃ .
08LUN:	Lunden, H.; "Influence de la temperature sur l'energie interne et l'energie libre des dissociations electrolytiques des acides et bases faibles"; J. Chim. Phys.; 6, 681-698 (1908)	Kk, Hr, 10-50°C, reaction with acid.
64MAC/EAK:	Macriss, R.A.; Eakin, B.E.; Ellington, R.T.; Huebler, J.; "Physical and thermodynamic properties of ammonia-water mixtures"; Research Bulletin, No. 34, American Gas Assn.; (1964)	Pv, 140-200°F, 96-100% NH ₃ , 200-500 psia, Ql, Qg, 106-441°F, 50-500 psia, Vt, Zc, -50 to 400°F, 0-450 psia.
71MAC/ROR:	MacKellar, W.J.; Rorabacher, D.B.; "Solvent effects in coordination kinetics. I. Inner-sphere effects in the reaction of solvated nickel(II) ion with ammonia in methanol-water mixtures"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 93, 4379-4387 (1971)	Kk, 25°C, citing 71ROR/MAC and unpub. work.
79MAE/ARN:	Maeda, M.; Arnek, R.; Biedermann, G.; "A potentiometric and calorimetric study of the system Ag ⁺ -NH ₃ in 3M NaClO ₄ , 3M LiClO ₄ and 3M NaNO ₃ media"; J. Inorg. Chem.; 41, 343-346 (1979)	Kk, Hr, 25°C, in ClO ₄ ⁻ (aq) and NO ₃ ⁻ (aq) from data on Ag ⁺ -NH ₃ complexes.
1897MAL:	Mallet, J.W.; "On the solubility of ammonia in water at temperatures below 0°C"; Am. Chem. J.; 19, 804-809 (1897)	Pv, -40 to -10°C, 74mmHg.
41MAR/KOB:	Markham, A.E.; Kobe, K.A.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; Chem. Rev.; 41, 519-588 (1941)	Zr, Pv, methods, thermodynamic formulae, bibliography, data quality but no values for solubilities.
67MAR/KAT:	Martynova, O.I.; Katkovskaya, K. Ya.; Vaineikis, A.; Dubrovskii, I. Ya.; Feodoseichuk, T. A.; "The effect of solution ionic composition on the distribution of ammonia between water and saturated vapor"; Teploenergetika; 14(12), 39-42 (1967)	Pv, 25 and 230-300°C, pH = 3 to 8, in nitrate sol.

02MAS:	Massol, G.; "Chaleurs de dissolution de l'ammoniaque solide et liquide prise vers -75° et chaleur latente de fusion de l'ammoniaque solide"; Compt. Rend.; 134, 653 (1902)	Hm, NH ₃ (at -75°C) into water (at 10°C).
25MIC/MIZ:	Michaelis, L.; Mizutani, M.; "Die Dissoziation der schwachen Elektrolyte in wasserig-alkoholischen Lösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 116, 135-139 (1925)	K _k , 18°C.
55MIR:	Mironov, K.E.; Zh. Obshch. Khim.; 25, 1081-1086 (1955); "Diagram of the phase transformations of the system H ₂ O-NH ₃ "; J. Gen., Chem., USSR; 25, 1039 (1955)	P _x , -123 to 0°C, x(NH ₃) = 0-1.0, liquidus.
08MOL:	Mollier, H.; "Dampfdruck von wässrigen Ammoniaklösungen"; Z. Ver. Dtch. Ing.; 52(3), 1315-1320 (1908)	P _v , 10-120°C, x(NH ₃) = 0.1-0.5.
12MOO/WIN:	Moore, T.S.; Winmill, T.F.; "The state of amines in aqueous solution"; J. Chem. Soc.; 101, 1635-1676 (1912)	K _k , 18-35°C(?), calc.
31MOR/MAA:	Morgan, O.M.; Maass, O.; "An investigation of the equilibria existing in gas-water systems forming electrolytes"; Can. J. Res.; 5, 162-199 (1931)	P _v , K _k , 0-25°C, P < 1 atm.
00NEW:	Newth, G.S.; "Note on partially miscible aqueous inorganic solutions"; J. Chem. Soc.; 77, 776-788 (1900)	P _x , 1-43°C, sol. in K ₂ CO ₃ (aq).
21NEU/PAT:	Neuhausen, B.S.; Patrick, W.A.; "A study of the system ammonia-water as a basis for a theory of the solution of gases in liquids"; J. Phys. Chem.; 25, 693-720 (1921)	P _v , V _x , 0, 20, 40°C, 1000-4000 mmHg, p(NH ₃) and p(H ₂ O).
07NOY:	Noyes, A.A.; 'The electrical conductivity of aqueous solutions'; Publication 63, Carnegie Institution of Washington, 153-234 (1907)	K _k , 18-306°C, Psat NH ₃ (aq) and NH ₄ Ac(aq).
08NOY:	Noyes, A.A.; "The conductivity and ionization of salts, acids, and bases in aqueous solutions at high temperatures"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 30, 335-352 (1908)	K _k , 18-306°C, Psat
10NOY/KAT:	Noyes, A.A.; Kato, Y.; Sosman, R.B.; "The hydrolysis of ammonium acetate and the ionization of water at high temperatures"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 73, 159-178 (1910)	K _k , 18-306°C, Psat NH ₃ (aq) and NH ₄ Ac(aq).

10NOY/KAT2:	Noyes, A.A.; Kato, Y.; Sosman, R.B.; "Die Hydrolyse von Ammoniumacetat und die Ionisation von Wasser bei hohen temperaturen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 73, 1-24 (1910); Translation of 10NOY/KAT	Kk, 0-300°C, Psat hydrolysis of NH ₃ (aq) and NH ₄ Ac.
75OLO:	Olofsson, G.; "Thermodynamic quantities for the dissociation of the ammonium ion and for the ionization of aqueous ammonia over a wide temperature range" J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 7, 507-14 (1975)	Kk, Hr, Qh, 278-418 K.
340WE:	Owen, B.B.; "The determination of the dissociation constants of weak bases by the silver iodide electrode"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 56, 2785-2786, (1934)	Kk, 25°C.
65PAO/STE:	Paoletti, P.; Stern, J.H.; Vacca, A.; "Thermochemical studies. XV. Thermodynamics of protonation of triethylenediamine, trimethylamine, and ammonia in aqueous solution at 25°C"; J. Phys. Chem.; 69, 3759-3762 (1965)	Kk, Hr, 25°C, NH ₄ Cl.
65PAR:	Parker, V.B.; "Thermal properties of aqueous uni-univalent electrolytes"; NSRDS-NBS 2; 1-66, (1965)	Ze, Ql, Hm, 25°C, NH ₃ (aq) and ammonium salts.
37PEA/PUM:	Pearce, J.N.; Pumplin, G.G.; "The vapor pressures and activity coefficients of aqueous solutions of ammonium chloride at 25°C"; J. Amer. Chem. Soc.; 59, 1219-1220 (1937)	Pv, Da, 25°C, M(NH ₄ Cl) to 7.3.
80OPEN/ROB:	Peng, D.-Y.; Robinson, D.B.; "Two- and three-phase equilibrium calculations for coal gasification and related processes"; ACS Symp. Ser.; No. 133, 393-414, (1980); Thermodyn. Aqueous Syst. Ind. Appl.	Zc, Pv, 100-300° F, 0-100% NH ₃ , Correlation of VLE data,
01PER:	Perman, E.P.; "Vapour pressure of aqueous ammonia solution. Part I"; J. Chem. Soc.; 81, 718-725 (1901)	Pv, 0-60°C, 4-30% NH ₃ .
01PER2:	Perman, E.P.; "Influence of sodium sulfate on the vapour pressure of aqueous ammonia solution"; J. Chem. Soc.; 81, 725-729 (1901)	Pv, 26-47°C, 10-17% NH ₃ , 4%Na ₂ SO ₄ .

02PER:	Perman, E. P.; "The influence of salts and other substances on the vapour pressure of aqueous ammonia solution"; J. Chem. Soc.; 81, 480-89 (1902)	Pv, 20-60°C 150-1000 mmHg, sol. in aq. urea, manitol KCl, NH ₄ Cl, CuCl ₂ .
03PER:	Perman, E.P.; "Vapour pressure of aqueous ammonia solution. Part II"; J. Chem. Soc.; 83, 1168-1184 (1903)	Pv, 0-60°C, 0-30% NH ₃ .
59PIE:	Pierre, B.; "Total vapor pressure in bars over aqueous ammonia-water solutions" Kyltek. Tidsk.; Aug (1959), sheet 14.	Pv, 175-650 psia, NH ₃ up to 40 wt.%, as cited in 64MAC/EAK.
37PIT:	Pitzer, K.S.; "The heats of ionization of water, ammonium hydroxide, carbonic, phosphoric, and sulfuric acids. The variation of ionization constants with temperature and the entropy change with ionization"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 59, 2365-2371 (1937)	Hr, Ql, 25°C, ionization.
75POL/LU:	Polak, J.; Lu, B.C.-Y.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria in system ammonia-water at 14.69 and 65 psia"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 20, 182-3 (1975)	Pv, 90-100°C, 15,65 psia, x(NH ₃) to 0.043.
20POS:	Postma, S.; "Le systeme ammoniaque - eau"; Rec. Trav. Chim.; 39, 515-536 (1920)	Pv, Px, -103 to +65°C.
68QUI/MAR:	Quist, A.S.; and Marshall, W.L.; "Ionization equilibria in ammonia-water solutions to 700°C and to 4000 bars of pressure"; J. Phys. Chem.; 72(9), 3122-8 (1968)	Kk, 0-700°C, up to 4000 bar, m(NH ₃)=0.01-0.05.
74RAB/OZU:	Rabenstein, D. L.; Ozubko, R.; Libich, S.; Evans, C.A.; Fairhurst, M.T.; Suvanprakorn, C.; "Nuclear magnetic resonance studies of the solution chemistry of metal complexes X. Determination of the formation constants of the methylmercury complexes of selected amines and aminocarboxylic acids"; J. Coord. Chem.; 3(4), 263-271 (1974); [CA 82:65120b]	Kk, as cited in 76SMI/MAR.
31RAM/HAN:	Ramstetter, H.; Hantke, G.; "Eine neue Methode zur Messung von Warmetonungen"; Z. Phy. Chem. Bodenstein Festband; 662-668 (1931)	Hm, 20°C, m(NH ₃) = 0.15 - 2.6.

1874RAO:	Raoult, F.-M.; "Recherches sur l'absorption de l'ammoniaque par les dissolutions salines"; Ann. Chim. France; *[5] 1, 262-274 (1874)	Pv, 0-28°C, in water and salt solutions.
67RAS/CHE:	Rashkovskaya, E.A.; Chernen'kaya, E.I.; "Densities of solutions of NH_4HCO_3 , NaHCO_3 , NH_4Cl and of ammonia in the 20-100° range"; Zh. Prikl. Khim.; 40, 301-308 (1967); Russ. J. Appl. Chem.; 40, 289-295 (1967)	Xd, 2-16% NH_3 20-100°C p=1 atm.
03REI:	Reisenfeld, H.; "Über das Lösungsvermögen von Salzlösungen für Ammoniak nach Messungen seines Partialdruckes. II."; Z. phys. Chem.; 45, 467 (1903)	Pv, 35°C, in aq. soln. of K and Na salts.
77RIC/NED:	Rice, N.M.; Nedved, M.; "Dissociation constant of ammonium ions at high ionic strength"; Chem. Ind.; July 2, 539-540 (1977)	Kk, 25°C, $\sim 10^{-3}\text{m}$ NH_3 , I=
59ROB/STO:	Robinson, R.A.; Stokes, R.H.; 'Electrolyte solutions' Butterworths, London, 2nd Ed.; (1959)	Ze, Kk, Da, various temperatures.
56ROL/VUI:	Rollet, A.P.; Vuillard, G.; "Sur un nouvel hydrate de l'ammoniac"; Compt. Rend.; 243, 383-386 (1956)	Px, -50 to -103°C, liquidus.
71ROR/MAC:	Rorabacher, D.B.; MacKellar, W.J.; Shu, F.R.; Bonavita, M.; "Solvent effects on protonation constants. Ammonia, acetate, polyamine, and polyaminocarboxylate ligands in methanol-water mixtures"; Anal. Chem.; 43, 561-572 (1971)	Kk, 25°C, in H_2O and mixt. with MeOH.
10RUP:	Rupert, F.F.; "The solid hydrates of ammonia. II."; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 32, 748-749 (1910)	Px, -100 to 0°C, liquidus.
51SAN/YOU:	Sanders, B.H.; Young, D.A.; "Graphical correlation of physical properties of a ternary system Vapor pressure and specific gravity for ammonia-ammonium nitrate-water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 43, 1430-1433 (1951)	Vx, Pv, Zc, 30-120°F, binary and ternary systems correlated, no new data.
47SCA/EPS:	Scatchard, G.; Epstein, L.F.; Warburton, J., Jr.; Cody, P.J.; "Thermodynamic properties of $\text{NH}_3\text{-H}_2\text{O}$ liquid and vapor mixtures from -60°F to 370°F and from 0-100% NH_3 in liquid"; J. Am. Soc. Refrig. Eng.; 413-419, 446, 450, 452 (1947)	Zc, Pv, Vg, -60-370°F, $x(\text{NH}_3)=0-1$, enthalpy and PvTx.

25SCH/WIJ:	Scheffer, F.E.C.; de Wijs, H.J.; "Sur des solutions d'ammoniac"; Rec. Trav. Chim.; 44, 655 (1925)	Pv, 25°C.
73SCH:	Schulz, S.C.G.; "Equations of state for the system ammonia-water for use with computers"; Progr. Refrig. Sci. Technol., Proc. Int. Congr. Refrig.; 13th, 2, 431-6 (1973)	Zc, Vg, Vx, 200-450 K 0.01-25 bar, theory, data, sources not cited.
36SCH/EPP:	Schwarzenbach, G.; Epprecht, A.; Erlenmeyer, H.; "Über Dissoziationskonstanten in Wasser und Deuteriumoxyd. Messungen mit der Deuteriumelektrode"; Helv. Chim. Acta; 19, 1292-1304 (1936)	Kk, 20°C, m = 0.007, NH_4Cl and ND_4Cl in NaOH(aq) .
25SHE:	Sherwood, T.K.; "Solubilities of sulfur dioxide and ammonia in water"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 17, 745-747 (1925)	Zc, Pv, 0-60°C, p = 10-1000 mmHg.
62SHU/MAK:	Shul'ts, M.M.; Makarov, L.L.; Yu-jeng, S.; "Activity coefficients of NH_4Cl in binary and ternary solutions at 25°"; Russ. J. Phys. Chem.; 36(10), 1181-1183 (1962)	Da, 25°C, m(NH_4Cl) = 2 to 7.
66SHU/SIM:	Shul'ts, M.M.; Simanova, S.A.; "Activity coefficients of ammonium bromide in aqueous solutions at 25°"; Russ. J. Phys. Chem.; 40(2), 247-248 (1966)	Da, 25°C, 1.1-7.9 m, activity of $\text{NH}_4\text{Br(aq)}$.
73SIN:	Singh, N.M.; "Transport and equilibrium properties of water-ammonia gaseous mixtures"; Progr. Refrig. Sci. Technol., Proc. Int. Congr. Refrig.; 13th, 2, 473-80 (1973)	Zc, Vg, 323-673 K, fugacity.
72SLO/ORE:	Slobodkina, G.L.; Orekhov, I.I.; Sverdlova, V.P.; "Vapor pressures of water and ammonia over ammoniated phosphoric acid solutions"; Tr. Sev.-Zap. Zaoch. Politekh. Inst.; *(21), 8-12 (1972); [CA 80:41154y]	Pv, Hp, Da, 30-90°C, in 13-60% $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4\text{(aq)}$.
53SPI:	Spike, C.G.; "Entropy factors in chelation"; Diss. Abstr. Publ. No. 5098; U. Michigan, (1953)	Kk, Cited in 76SMI/MAR.
77SYN:	Synowietz, C.; "Densities of binary aqueous systems"; 'Landolt - Bornstein Zahlenwerte und funktionen aus Naturwissenschaften und Technik'; *Gruppe IV, Neue Serie, Band 1, Teil b, 69-70 (1977)	Vx, 0-100°C, 1-100 wt%.

1882THO:	Thomsen, J.; 'Thermochemische Untersuchungen', Barth, Leipzig; (1882-86)	Hm, 18°C, (vol. 2 pg 72), Hr, 18°C, neutral. (vol. 1, pg 312)
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80THU/RUS:	Thurston, R.V.; Russo, R.C.; Emerson, K.M.; Gov. Rep. Announce. Index (U.S.); "Aqueous ammonia equilibrium - tabulation of percent un-ionized ammonia"; 80(1); 55 (1980)	Kk, Zc, 0-40°C pH=5-12, Tables of % un-ionized NH ₃ ,
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65TSI/LIN:	Tsiklis, D.S.; Linshits, L.R.; Goryunova, N.P.; "Phase equilibria in the system ammonia-water"; Russ. J. Phys. Chem.; 39, 1590-1592 (1965)	Pv, 0-100%wg NH ₃ t=97-320°C.
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72VAN/KIN:	Vanderzee, C.E.; King, D.L.; "The enthalpies of solution and formation of ammonia"; J. Chem. Thermodynamics; 4, 675-683 (1972)	Ze, Hm, 25°C, vf ^{H(NH₃,g).}
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72VAN/KIN2:	Vanderzee, C.E.; King, D.L., Wadso, I.; "The enthalpy of ionization of aqueous ammonia"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; 4, 685-689 (1972)	Hr, 25°C, sol. of NH ₄ Cl, ionization.
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68VAS/KOC:	Vasil'ev, V.P.; Kochergina, L.A.; "Heat of ionisation of ammonium hydroxide in sodium nitrate solutions at various temperatures"; Russ. J. Physical Chemistry; 42(2), 199-202 (1968)	Hr, 18-40°C, I = 0.5-3m, in acidified aq. NaNO ₃ .
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60VOR/PRI:	Vorob'ev, A.F.; Privalova, N.M.; Monaenkova, A.S.; Skuratov, S.M.; "Standard enthalpy of formation of hydrochloric acid and some perchlorates"; Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR; 135(6), 1388-1390 (1960)	Hr, 25°C, neutralization.
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23VRE/KAI:	Vrewskii, M.S.; Kaigorodov, A.N.; "Heat capacity of aqueous solutions of HCl and NH ₃ "; Zhur. Russ. Fiz.-Khim. Obschest, Chast Fiz ches.; 54, 336-347 (1923)	Q1, Pv, 2.4°C - 60.9°C, 1.39% to 40.1% NH ₃ , based on 03PER.
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23VRE/ZAV:	Vrewskii, M.S.; Zavaritskii, N.N.; "Measuring the heat of solution of gas in water"; Zhur. Russ. Fiz. Khim., Obshch. Clast; 54, 348 (1923)	Hm, 199, 41°C, m(=.3405 to 0.61).
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****VREWSKII, SEE ALSO WREWSKY***

06WHE:	Whetham, W.C.D.; "Die elektrische Leitfähigkeit verdunnter Lösungen von Schwefelsäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 55, 200-205 (1906)	K _k , 18°C, with added CO ₂ and KCl.
80WIL/OWE:	Wilson, G.M.; Owens, R.S.; Roe, M.W.; "Sour water equilibria. Ammonia volatility down to ppm levels. pH vs. composition and effect of electrolytes on ammonia volatility"; ACS Symp; Ser. 133 (1980); (Thermodyn. Aqueous Syst. Ind. Appl.)	P _v , 80-120°C, NH ₃ =0.09-10 wt%, [NH ₃] and p(NH ₃) meas; includes effect of NaOH and Na-acetate (0-25%).
25WIL:	Wilson, T.A.; "The total and partial vapor pressures of aqueous ammonia solutions"; Bull., Univ. Ill. Eng. Expt. Sta.; 146, (1925)	P _v , 32-190°F, P to 170 psia, as cited in 64MAC/EAK.
53WIS/STO:	Wishaw, B.F.; Stokes, R.H.; "The osmotic and activity coefficients of aqueous solutions of ammonium chloride and ammonium nitrate at 25°"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 49, 27-31 (1953)	D _a , 25°C, m(NH ₄ Cl) to 7.4, m(NH ₄ NO ₃) to 25.9.
54WIS/STO:	Wishaw, B.F.; Stokes, R.H.; "Activities of aqueous ammonium sulphate solutions at 25°"; Trans. Faraday Soc 50, 952-954 (1954)	D _a , 25°C, m(NH ₄ SO ₄) = 0.1 to 5.8.
80WON/SEL:	Won, K.W.; Selleck, F.T.; Walker, C.K.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria of the ammonia-water system"; EFCE Publ. Ser. 11 (Phase Equilib. Fluid Prop. Chem. Ind.); 45-9 (1980)	Z _c , V _g , No new data. Reassessment of work of 64MAC/EAK and 32CLI/HUN.
74WOR/DUN:	Worswick, R.D.; Dunn, A.G.; Staveley, L.A.K.; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; "The enthalpy of solution of ammonia in water and in aqueous solutions of ammonium chloride and ammonium bromide"; 6(6); 565-70 (1974)	H _m , 298.15 K, m(NH ₃)=1-4 in H ₂ O, NH ₄ Cl(aq) and NH ₄ Br(aq).
24WRE:	Wrewsky, M.; "Über das Gleichgewicht zwischen Dampf und Flüssigkeit wasseriger Lösungen des Ammoniaks"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 112, 117-127 (1924)	H _m , 3-60°C, m = 0.8-2.8.
24WRE/KAI:	Wrewsky, M.; Kaigorodoff, A.; "Warmekapazität wasseriger Lösungen von Chlorwasserstoff und Ammoniak bei verschiedenen Temperaturen"; Z. Physik. Chem.; 112, 83-89 (1924)	Q ₁ , 3-60°C, m = 0.8-2.8.

- 24WRE/SAW: Wrewsky, M.; Sawaritzky, N.; "Die Bildungswarmen wasseriger Lösungen von HCl und NH₃ bei verschiedenen Temperaturen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 112, 90-96 (1924) Q1, Hm, 3-60°C, sol. and dil.
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- ***WREWSKY, SEE ALSO VREWSKII***
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- 32WUC: Wucherer, J.; "Messung von Druck, Temperatur und Zusammensetzung der flüssigen und dampfförmigen Phase von Ammoniak-Wassergemischen im Sättigungszustand. 6. Beurteilung der Ergebnisse und Vergleich mit früheren Messungen"; Z. Gesamtes Kalte-Ind.; 39, 97-104, 136-140 (1932) Zc, -3 to 200°C, x = 0 to 1, summary and tables.
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- 78ZAT/DER: Zatorskii, A.A.; Dergachev, A.G.; Kokhanskii, A.I.; "Determination of parameters of a water-ammonia solution"; Kholod. Tekh. Tekhnol.; 25, 67-71 (1978); [CA 89:221886h] Zc, t=?, theoret.
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- 39ZHA: Zhavoronkov, N.M.; "The partial pressure of ammonia, carbon dioxide and water over copper ammonium solutions"; J. Chem. Ind.; 16(10), 36-37 (1939) Pv, 20-80°C, Copper-ammonium formate solutions.
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- 34ZIN: Zinner, K.; "The heat content of mixtures of ammonia and water dependent upon the composition and temperature"; Z. Gesamt. Kalte-Ind.; 41, 21-29 (1934) Hm, 50°F, 0-100% NH₃, as cited in 64MAC/EAK.
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H₂S-H₂O

INTRODUCTION

Listed in this bibliography are publications that have data on the vapor-liquid equilibrium between H₂S gas and its solutions in water or that contain information on the ionization equilibria in solution among H₂S(aq), HS⁻(aq), S²⁻(aq) and H⁺(aq).

To a lesser extent there are references on measurement or calculation of the enthalpies of those processes, on activity coefficients, and on the thermochemistry of the species mentioned above. Publications reporting measurements and those presenting correlations or evaluations of data are included, however, references that concern only applications of existing data to specific problems or models have been avoided.

The citations are listed alphabetically by first author. Each is preceded by a brief identification code (composed of the year of publication and the first three letters of the first two authors' names) and contains the author names; the title of the article, report, or chapter; the name of the source (journal, book, or issuing agency) and the year of publication. The structure of these citations does not conform to the specifications established by the American Standards Institute but the information given is sufficient to direct the reader to the particular reference. In a few instances only an abstract or secondary reference was available. In these cases either the citation to Chemical Abstracts or the source of the secondary citation is given.

Some titles have been translated, e.g. those in Russian. These translations come, preferably, from abstracts in the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts. (The titles from the latter may be condensations of the original).

Each reference is annotated to show the class of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, pressure, solution composition, and pH. The data class designations are taken from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics and are two-letter codes with some mnemonic or physical chemical associations. A list is appended. No attempt has been made to assess the quality of the data, however, an annotation of "Ze" indicates that a particular reference constitutes or includes an evaluation of experimental data from several sources.

The bibliography was prepared by searching the files of the NBS Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics and references in the publications retrieved from those sources. It covers a time period from the 19th century to 1982. Additions and corrections will be appreciated.

04AUE:	Auerbach, F.; "Der Zustand des Schwefelwasserstoffs in Mineralquellen"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 49, 217-223 (1904)	K, 18°C conductivity
28AUM:	Aumeras, M.; "Sur l'etat d'ionisation des solutions d'hydrogène sulfure"; Compt. Rend.; 186, 1724-1726 (1928)	Kk, 16 or 25°C?, 2d, ioniz., from CdS solubility.
66BAT/CLE:	Battino, R.; Clever, H.L.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; Chem. Rev.; 66, 395-463 (1966)	Pv, 0-60°C, 0-2000mmHg., bibliography.
67BER:	Berner, R. A.; "Thermodynamic stability of sedimentary iron sulfides"; Am. J. Sci.; 265, 773-785 (1967)	Kk, 25°C, 1st. ioniz.
49BON/RUS:	Bond, D.C.; Russell, N.B.; "Effect of antifreeze agents on the formation of hydrogen sulfide hydrate"; Trans. AIME; 179, 192-198 (1949)	Px, 29.5°C.
82BRE:	Brewer, L.; "Thermodynamic values for desulfurization processes"; Am. Chem. Soc. Symp. Ser.; 188, 1-40 (1982)	Ze, H, Kk, Qh, 25°C and higher thermochemical data.
69BUR/GER:	Burgess, M. P.; Germann, R.P.; "Physical properties of hydrogen sulfide-water mixtures"; AIChE J.; 15, 272-275 (1969)	Zc, Pv, 30-170°C, P(total)=250-340 psia, refit of tabulated data.
30BUT/MAA:	Butler, K.H.; Maass, O.; "Hydrogen disulfide"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 43, 2539-2548 (1930)	Qg, 25°C, H ₂ S ₂ , Cp.
81CAD:	Cady, G.H.; "Composition of clathrate gas hydrates of CHClF ₂ , CCl ₃ F, Cl ₂ , ClO ₃ F, H ₂ S, and SF ₆ "; J. Phys. Chem.; 85, 3225-3230 (1981)	Kk, hydration data, 0°C.
71CLA/GLE:	Clarke, E. C. W.; Glew, D. N.; "Aqueous nonelectrolyte solutions. part VIII. Deuterium and hydrogen sulfides solubilities in deuterium oxide and water"; Can. J. Chem.; 49, 691-698 (1971)	Pv, 0-50°C, 0.5-1 atm.
64COB:	Cobble, J. W.; "The thermodynamic properties of high temperature aqueous solutions. VI. Applications of entropy correspondence to thermodynamics and kinetics"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 86, 5394-5401 (1964)	Zc, Qh, Da, Pv, Kk, 0-300°C, 1st and 2nd ioniz.

82COB/MUR:	Cobble, J. W.; Murray, R. C. Jr.; Turner, P. J.; Chen, K.; 'High-temperature thermodynamic data for species in aqueous solution', EPRI Report NP-2400, Electric Power Research Institute, Palo Alto, CA, (1982)	Ze, Kk, Pv, 0-350°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
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80COX:	Cox, J. D.; "Tentative set of key values for thermodynamics, part VIII"; CODATA Special Report 8; (1980)	Ze, 25°C, Δ_f^H , Δ_f^G , S for S^{2-}
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78EDW/MAU:	Edwards, T. J.; Maurer, G.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J. M.; "Vapor-liquid equilibria in multicomponent aqueous solutions of volatile weak electrolytes"; AIChE J.; 24, 966-975 (1978)	Zc, Pv, Kk, 0-170°C, I to 6m.
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75EDW/NEW:	Edwards, T. J.; Newman, J.; Prausnitz, J. M.; "Thermodynamics of aqueous solutions containing volatile weak electrolytes"; AIChE J.; 21, 248-259 (1975)	Zc, Pv, Kk, 0-100°C, m = 0 to 1, 1st ioniz.
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61ELL/AND:	Ellis, A. J.; Anderson, D. W.; "The first acid dissociation constant of hydrogen sulphide at high pressures"; J. Chem. Soc.; 4678-4680 (1961)	Kk, 25°C, m to 0.4, 1-2000 atm., 1st ioniz.
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71ELL/GIG:	Ellis, A. J.; Giggenbach, W.; "Hydrogen sulphide ionization and sulphur hydrolysis in high temperature solution"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta.; 35, 247-260 (1971)	Kk, 25-270°C, 1st and 2d ioniz. in strong alkali.
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59ELL/GOL:	Ellis, A. J.; Golding, R. M.; "Spectrophotometric determination of the acid dissociation constants of hydrogen sulphide"; J. Chem. Soc.; 127-130 (1959)	Kk, 25°C. 1st and 2d ioniz.
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67ELL/MIL:	Ellis, A. J.; Milestone, N. B.; "The ionization constants of hydrogen sulfide from 20 to 90°C"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta.; 31, 615-620 (1967)	Kk, 20-90°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
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38EPP:	Epprecht, A. G.; "Die Dissoziationskonstante der ersten Stufe des Schwefelwasserstoff"; Helv. Chim. Acta; 21, 205-211 (1938)	Kk, t = 20°C(?), 1st ioniz., dil. H_2S HS^- sol.
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76EVE/MOO:	Evelein, K. A.; Moore, R. G.; Heidemann, R. A.; "Correlation of the phase behavior in the systems hydrogen sulfide-water and carbon dioxide-water"; Ind. Eng. Chem., Process Des. Dev.; 15, 423-428 (1976)	Pv, 298-444 K, 200 atm., phase behavior predicted using Redlich-Kwong equation. No new data
47FEH/HEU:	Feher, F.; Heuer, E.; "Zur thermochemie der polyschwefelwasserstoffe"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 255, 185-194, (1947)	Hr, 25°C, polysulfides. heat of decomposition.
63FEH/SEY:	Feher, F.; Seyfried, K.; "Die spezifiechen Warmen der sulfane ion füssigen Zustand"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 322, 155-161 (1963)	Qh, 25°C, polysulfides.
57FEH/WIN:	Feher, F.; Winkhaus, G.; "Zur thermochemie der sulfane Bildungsenthalpien und Bindungsenergien"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 292, 210-223 (1957)	Hc, 25°C, polysulfides, heat of combustion.
1883FOR:	de Forcrand, R.; "Recherches sur les hydrates sulfhydres"; Ann. Chim. Phys.;[5], 28, 5-67 (1883)	Hr, Kd, 0.5 - 28.5°C 1.1 - 16 atm. H ₂ O-6H ₂ O
1888FOR/VIL:	de Forcrand, R.; Villard, P.; "Sur l'hydrate d'hydrogène sulfure"; Compt. Rend.; 106, 939-941 (1888)	Kd, 20°C?, H ₂ S-6H ₂ O
72GAL/MIL:	Galley, M.R.; Miller, A.I.; Atherley, J.F.; Mohn, M.; "GS (Girdler-sulfide) process physical properties"; At. Energy Can. Ltd.; *AECL-4255, 78pp (1972); [CA 77-146735e]	Zc, Pv, Qh, V, t?
67GAM/RAI:	Gamsjaeger, H.; Rainer, W.; Schindler, P.; "Loslichkeitskonstanten und freie Bildungsenthalpien von Metallsulfiden, 4. Mitt.: Die Loslichkeit von H ₂ S in HClO ₄ -NaClO ₄ -H ₂ O-Mischungen"; Monatsh. Chem.; 98, 1793-1802 (1967)	Ze, Hm, Pv, 25°C, 1 atm.? , I < 3m, solution in presence of electrolytes.
69GAM/SCH:	Gamsjaeger, H.; Schindler, P.; "Loslichkeiten und Aktivitätskoeffizienten von H ₂ S in Elektrolytmischungen"; Helv. Chim. Acta.; 52, 1395-1402 (1969)	Pv, Da, 25°C, 1 atm.? , solubility as function of pH and salt concn.
72GER:	Gerrard, W.; "Solubility of hydrogen sulphide, dimethyl ether, methyl chloride and sulfur dioxide in liquids. Prediction of solubility of all gases"; J. Appl. Chem. Biotechnol.; 22(5), 623-650 (1972); [CA 80-31037y]	Pv, Zc, several temps, 1 bar.

71GIG:	Giggenbach, W. F.; "Optical Spectra of Highly Alkaline Sulfide Solutions and the Second Dissociation Constant of Hydrogen Sulfide"; Inorg. Chem.; 10, 1333-1338 (1971)	Kk, 25-250°C, 2d ioniz. in conc. NaOH(
80GIG:	Giggenbach, W. F.; "Geothermal gas equilibria"; Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta; 44 2021-2032 (1980)	Pv, 100-300°C, application of previously published data to geochemical equilibria.
80GIL/WIL:	Gillespie, P.C.; Wilson, G.M.; 'Vapor-liquid equilibrium data on water-substitute gas components: N ₂ -H ₂ O, H ₂ -H ₂ CO-H ₂ O, H ₂ -CO-H ₂ O, and H ₂ S-H ₂ O'; Research Report-41, Gas Processors Association; Tulsa, Okla.; 1-34 (1980)	Pr, t = 100 - 600°F, p=50-2000 psi
52GOA/GOR:	Goates, J. R.; Gordon, M. B.; Faux, N. D.; "Calculated values of the solubility product constants of the metallic sulfides"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 74, 835-836 (1952)	Kk, 25°C, 2d ioniz. based on 49KON/LEB.
75GOL/KAP:	Goldhaber, M. B.; Kaplan, I. R.; "Apparent dissociation constants of hydrogen sulfide in chloride solutions"; Marine Chem.; 3, 83-104 (1975)	Kk, 7.5-25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
10GOL/LAR:	Goldschmidt, H.; Larsen, H.; "The reduction of the nitro group by hydrogen sulphide. A study of catalysis"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 71, 437-512 (1910); (see p. 449-454)	Pv, 15-45°C, P = 1 atm ? Solubility in the presence of NaHS, polysulfides.
58GOL:	Golovin, F. I.; "The thermodynamic dissociation constant of hydrogen sulfide and its application to analysis of water"; Trudy Molodykh Nauch Rabotnikov Akad. Nauk Kirgiz. SSR; 119-137 (1958); [CA 55-4130f]	Kk, Pv, 18-45°C.
61GOL/NEM:	Golovin, F. I.; Nemirov, G. V.; "Hydrolysis of NaHS"; Gidrokhim. Materialy; 33, 160-165 (1961); [CA 57-9281d]	Kk, 18-45°C, in NaHS solutions, 1st. ioniz.
70GOR:	Gorbunov, L. V.; "Correlation between thermodynamic parameters and the solubility of salts and gases in water at increased temperatures"; Geokhimiya; *(1), 116 (1970); [CA 72-82795m]	Px, Hm, 40-90°C, also S and chem. pot.

67HEL:	Helgeson, H. C.; "Thermodynamics of complex dissociation in aqueous solution at elevated temperatures"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 71, 3121-3136 (1967)	Ze, Kk, Hm, 25-300°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
76HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C; Kirkham, D.H.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic properties of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures. III. Equation of state for aqueous species at infinite dilution"; <i>Am. J. Sci.</i> ; 276, 97-240 (1976)	Kk, Zc, Ze, 25-300°C, 1-1000 atm.
81HEL/KIR:	Helgeson, H.C.; Kirkham, D.H.; Flowers, G.C.; "Theoretical prediction of the thermodynamic behavior of aqueous electrolytes at high pressures and temperatures: IV. Calculation of activity coefficients, osmotic coefficients and apparent molal and standard and relative partial molal properties to 600°C and 5kB"; <i>Am. J. Sci.</i> ; 281, 1249-1516 (1981)	Ze, Kk, Da, Dm, 0-600°C, 0-5kB.
76HER/HEL:	Herr, F. L. Jr.; Helz, G. R.; "Measurement of the activity coefficient of aqueous NaHS to 80°C and 0.2m in the system NaHS-H ₂ S-H ₂ O"; <i>J. Solution Chem.</i> ; 5, 833-852 (1976)	Da, 12-83°C, m(NaHS) < 0.2m, p(H ₂ S) < 1 atm.
80ISA/OTT:	Isaacs, E. E.; Otto, F. D.; Mather, A. E.; "Solubility of mixtures of H ₂ S and CO ₂ in a monoethanolamine solution at low partial pressures"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 25, 118-120 (1980)	Pv, 100°C, P < 3.4 kPa, in monoethanolamine.
33JEL:	Jellinek, K.; "Lehrbuch der physikalischen Chemie"; F. Enke, Stuttgart; *IV, 62 (1933)	Kk, 25°C, data from 22JEL/CZE, 1st and 2d ioniz.
22JEL/CZE:	Jellinek, K.; Czerwinski, J.; "Uber die Dissoziation von H ₂ S, Na ₂ S und NaHS in wasseriger Losung"; <i>Z. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 102, 438-479 (1922)	Kk, Ke, Px, 25°C, Na ₂ S, NaSH. 1st and 2d ioniz.
54JUZ/LAU:	Juza, R.; Laurer, P.; "Zur Kenntnis des Lithiumhydrogensulfids"; <i>Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.</i> ; 275 79-93 (1954)	Hr, 25°C, LiOH(aq) + H ₂ S(aq).
41KAP/ANV:	Kapustinsky, A. F.; Anvaer, B. I.; "Setschenoff's rule and the solubility of hydrogen sulfide in hydrochloric acid solutions"; <i>Compt. Rend. Acad. Sci. URSS</i> ; 30, 625-628 (1941); [CA 37-2981]	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm. Aq. solutions of FeCl ₂ and ZnCl ₂ in HCl.

58KAR/KAN:	Kapustinskii, A. F.; Kan'kovskii, R. T.; "Thermochemistry of Isotopes. I. Calorimetric determination of the heat of formation of hydrogen sulfide and deuterium sulfide"; <i>Zh. Fiz. Khim.</i> ; 32, 2810-2816 (1958)	Hc, 25°C, H ₂ S(g) heat of condensation.
21KEN/AND:	Kendall, J.; Andrews, J. C.; "The solubilities of acids in aqueous solutions of other acids"; <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> ; 43, 1545 (1921)	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm, sol in HCl(aq).
65KHO/ZHO:	Khodakovskii, I. L.; Zhogina, V. V.; Ryzhenko, B. N.; "Dissociation constants of hydrogen sulfide at elevated temperatures"; <i>Geokhimiya</i> ; 7, 827-833 (1965)	Ze, Kk, 0-50°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
37KIS/LAJ:	Kiss, A. v.; Lajtai, I.; Thury, G.; "Über die Löslichkeit von Gasen in Wasser-Nichtelektrolytgemischen"; <i>Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.</i> ; 233, 346-352 (1937)	Pv, 0-25°C, 1 atm., in aq. sol. of alcohol, glycerine and carbamide.
06KNO:	Knox, J.; "Zur Kenntnis der Ionenbildung des Schwefels und der Komplektionen des Quecksilbers"; <i>Z. Elektrochem.</i> ; 12, 477 (1906)	Kk, 2d ioniz. cited in 64SIL/MAR.
31KOL:	Kolthoff, I. M.; "The solubilities and solubility products of metallic sulfides in water"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 35, 2711-2721 (1931)	Kk, 1st and 2d ioniz., cited in 64SIL/MAR, Source of data not given.
49KON/LEB:	Konopik, N.; Leberl, O.; "Die zweite Dissoziationskonstante von Schwefelwasserstoff"; <i>Monatsh. Chem.</i> ; 80, 781-787 (1949)	Kk, 20°C, 2d ioniz., in Na ₂ S sol.
31KOR/SCH:	Korvezee, A.E.; Scheffer, F.E.C.; "La composition de l'hydrate de l'hydrogène sulfure"; <i>Rec. Trav. Chim. Pays. Bas.</i> ; 50, 256-260 (1931)	Px, Pv, -25 to -2°C, H ₂ O-6H ₂ O, reinterp. of 19SCH/MEY
64KOZ:	Kozintseva, T. N.; "Solubility of hydrogen sulfide in water at elevated temperature"; <i>Geokhimiya</i> ; 758-765 (1964); [CA 61-9292b]	Pv, 160-330°C.
65KOZ:	Kozintseva, T. N.; "The solubility of H ₂ S in water and the salt solutions at elevated temperatures"; <i>Geokhim. Issled. v Obshch. Povyshennykh Davlenii i Temperatur.</i> , Akad. Nauk SSSR, Inst. Geokhim. i Analit. Khim., Sb. Statei; 121-134 (1965); [CA 64-10459b]	Pv, 150-330°C, 1 and 2 atm in water, NaCl, CaCl ₂ , and Na ₂ SO ₄ sol.

73KRY/STA:	Kryukov, P. A.; Starostina, L. I.; Tarasenko, S. Ya.; Pavlyuk, L. A.; Smolyakov, B. S.; Larionov, E. G.; "Ionization constants of carbonic acid, hydrogen sulfide, boric acid, and sulfuric acid at high temperatures"; Mezhdunar. Geokhim. Kongr. [Dokl.] 1st, (1971); 2, 186-198 (1973); [CA 81-69193]	Kk, 25-150°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
74KRY/STA:	Kryukov, P. A.; Starostina, L. I.; Tarasenko, S. Ya.; Primanchuk, M. P.; "Second ionization constant of hydrogen sulfide at temperatures up to 150°C"; Geokhimiya; 1003-1013 (1974)	Kk, 25-150°C, 2d ioniz.
46KUB:	Kubli, H.; "Die Dissoziation von Schwefelwasserstoff"; Helv. Chim. Acta.; 29, 1962-1973 (1946)	Kk, 20°C, m(Na ₂ S) = 0.04 - 0.08, 1st and 2d ioniz.
53KUR/ZIE:	Kury, J. W.; Zielen, A. J.; Latimer, W. M.; "Heats of formation and entropies of HS- and S--. Potential of sulfide-sulfur couple"; J. Electrochem. Soc.; 100, 468-470 (1953)	Hr, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
05KUS/HEB:	Kuster, F. W.; Heberlein, E.; "Beitrage Zur Kenntnis der Polysulfide I."; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 43, 53-84 (1905)	Kk, hydrolysis of Na ₂ S, polysulfides. See 22JEL/CZE
69LAR/HEP:	Larson, J.W.; Hepler, L.G.; "Heats and Entropies of Ionization"; 'Solute-Solvent Interactions', Marcel-Dekker, New York and London, 1969 and 1976; 1, chapter 1 (1969)	Zr, Kk, Hr, 25°C 1st and 2d ioniz.
76LAW/GAR:	Lawson, J. D.; Garst, A. W.; "Gas sweetening data: Equilibrium solubility of hydrogen sulfide and carbon dioxide in aqueous monoethanolamine and aqueous diethanolamine solutions"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 21, 20-30 (1976)	Pv, 80-300°F, p to 27,800mmHg, in H ₂ O/ethanolamines.
77LEE/MAT:	Lee, J.I.; Mather, A. E.; "Solubility of hydrogen sulfide in water"; Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem.; 81, 1020-1023 (1977)	Pv, 10-180°C, P to 6.7 MPa.

73LEE/OTT:	Lee, J. I.; Otto, F. D.; Mather, A. E.; "Solubility of hydrogen sulfide in aqueous diethanolamine solutions at high pressures"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data.</i> ; 18, 71-73 (1973)	Pv, 25-120°C, .02-20 atm., in H ₂ O/diethanolamine solution.
73LEE/OTT2:	Lee, J. I.; Otto, F. D.; Mather, A. E.; "Partial pressures of hydrogen sulfide over aqueous diethanolamine solutions."; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 18, 420 (1973)	Pv, 25-120°C, .0007-20 atm., in H ₂ O/diethanolamine solution.
74LEE/OTT:	Lee, J. I.; Otto, F. D.; Mather, A. E.; "Solubility of mixtures of carbon dioxide and hydrogen sulfide in aqueous diethanolamine solutions"; <i>Can. J. Chem. Eng.</i> ; 52, 125-127 (1974); [CA 81-30275]	Pv, 50 and 100°C, .01-840 psia, H ₂ S/CO ₂ = 0.67 in H ₂ O-diethanolamine mixt.
76LEE/OTT:	Lee, J. I.; Otto, F. D.; Mather, A. E.; "Equilibrium in hydrogen sulfide-monoethanolamine-water system"; <i>J. Chem. Eng. Data</i> ; 21, 207-208 (1976)	Pv, 25-120°C, p(H ₂ S) = .15 to 2317 kPa, ethanolamine-water mixt.
76LET/THO:	Letoffe, J. M.; Thourey, J.; Perachon, G.; Bousquet, J.; "Determination des enthalpies standards de formation des polysulfures de sodium et de lithium"; <i>Bull. Soc. Chim. France</i> ; 424 (1976)	Hm, 25°C, Na ₂ S and polysulfides.
58LIN:	Linke, W. F.; D. Van Nostrand, Princeton; "Solubilities"; 4th ed.; 1, 1153-1156 (1958); [originated by A. Seidel]	Ze, Pv, 0-100°C, 270-3500mmHg, in water and salt solutions, data compiled.
28LOO:	Loomis, A. G.; in Washburn, E. W.; "Solubilities of gases in water"; ed., "International Critical Tables", McGraw Hill, N.Y.; *III, 259 (1928)	Pv, 0-100°C, Winkler's data (06WIN).
61LOY/HIM:	Loy, H. L.; Himmelblau, D. M.; "The first ionization constant of hydrogen sulfide in water"; <i>J. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 65, 264-267 (1961)	Kk, 0-50°C, 1st ioniz.
41MAR/KOB:	Markham, A. E.; Kobe, K. A.; "The solubility of gases in liquids"; <i>Chem. Rev.</i> ; 28, 519 588 (1941)	Zr, Pv, methods, bibliography, data quality, no values for solubilities.
59MAR:	Maronny, G.; "Constantes de dissociation de l'hydrogene sulfure"; <i>Electrochim. Acta</i> ; 1, 58-69 (1959)	Kk, 0-25°C. 2d ioniz. and polysulfides.

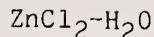
59MAR2:	Maronny, G.; "Fonctions thermodynamiques standards des ions sulfurs et polysulfures en solution aqueuse II. Determination des tensions standards"; <i>J. Chim. Phys.-Phys.-Chim. Biol.</i> ; 56, 202-213 (1959)	Kk, 25°, polysulfides.
59MAR3:	Maronny, G.; "Fonctions thermodynamiques standards des ions sulfures et polysulfures en solution aqueuse"; <i>J. Chim. Phys. -Chim. Biol.</i> ; 56, 214-221 (1959)	Kk, Hr, 20-25°C, polysulfides. 2d ioniz.
55MAR/VAL:	Maronny, G.; Valensi, G.; "Calorimetric determination of thermodynamical functions of the S_5^{2-} ion"; <i>Compt. Rend. de la Septieme Reunion, Lindau</i> ; 266-274 (1955)	Kk, Hr, 25°C, polysulfides.
03MCL:	McLauchlan, W. H.; "Über den Einfluss von Salzen auf die Wasserloslichkeit von Schwefelwasserstoff, Jod und Brom"; <i>Z. Phys. Chem.</i> ; 44, 600-633 (1903)	Pv, 25°C, 1 atm., in water and salt solutions.
83MEY/WAR:	Meyer, B.; Ward, K.; Koshlap, K.; Peter, L.; "Second dissociation constant of hydrogen sulfide"; <i>Inorg. Chem.</i> ; 22, 2345-2346 (1983)	Kk, 25°C, 2d ioniz., in conc. NaOH.
75MIL/WIL:	Miles, D.H.; Wilson, G.M.; "Vapor-liquid equilibrium data for design of sour water strippers"; Annual Report to American Petroleum Institute, 1974; (1975)	Pv, as cited by 78EDW/MAU
61MUH/SUN:	Muhammad, S. S.; Sundaram, E. V.; "The spectrophotometric determination of the dissociation constants of hydrogen sulfide"; <i>J. Sci. Ind. Res. (Delhi)</i> ; 20B, 16-18 (1961)	Kk, 30°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
77NAS/MAT:	Nasir, P.; Mather, A. E.; "The measurement and prediction of the solubility of acid gases in monoethanolamine solutions at low partial pressures"; <i>Can. J. Chem. Eng.</i> ; 55, 715-717 (1977); [CA 88-42271]	Pv, 80-100°C, P to 9 kPa, H_2S, CO_2 and their mixt. in H_2O /ethanolamine.
77NOW/CHA:	Nowak, E. S.; Chan, J. S.; "A mixture saturation theory and experimental measurements of the thermal properties of a two component-two phase system"; <i>Proc. Symp. Thermophys. Prop.</i> ; 7, 538-545 (1977)	Qh, 300-400 K, 10-20 bar, liq and gas mixt.
1899PAU:	Paul, T.; "Tuberlinger Chemische Gesellschaft Sitzung, 2 Juni"; <i>Chem. Ztg.</i> ; 23, 535 (1899)	cited in 77RAO/HEP and 64SIL/MAR.

76PAV/KRY:	Pavlyuk, L. A.; Kryukov, P. A.; "Spectrophotometric determination of the first ionization constant of hydrogen sulfide at elevated temperatures"; Izv. Sib. Otdel. Akad. Nauk SSSR; *(6), 25 (1976)	Kk, 25-110°C. 1st ioniz.
80OPEN/ROB:	Peng, D.-Y.; Robinson, D.B.; "Two-and three-phase equilibrium calculations for coal gasification and related processes"; ACS Symp. Ser.; No. 133, 393-414 (1980)	Zc, Pv, 100-340°F 100-5000 psia, correlation of VLE data.
49PES/VAL:	Peschanski, D.; Valensi, G.; "Contribution à L'electrochimie des solutions aqueuses de polysulfures"; J. Chim. Phys.; 46, 602-619 (1949)	Ke, 20°C, polysulfide.
61POH:	Pohl, H. A.; "Thermodynamics of the hydrogen sulfide-water system relevant to the dual temperature process for the production of heavy water"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 6, 515 (1961)	Zc, Pv, Qh, 0-160°C, 0-400 psia.
62POH:	Pohl, H. A.; "Solubility of iron sulfides"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; 7, 295 (1962)	Ze, Kk, 25°C, values from 52LAT/KUR selected.
09POL:	Pollitzer, F.; "Über das Gleichgewicht der Reaktion $H_2SI + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons 2H_2S + H_2O$ und die Dissoziation des Schwefelwasserstoffs"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; 64, 121-148 (1909)	Pv, 40-60°C, from a study of reaction equilibrium.
1895PRY/HOL:	Prytz, K.; Holst, H.; "Die Absorptionscoefficienten der Kohlensäure und des Schwefelwasserstoffs in Wasser bei dessen Gefrierpunkt"; Ann. Phys.; 290(54 3rd ser.), 130-138 (1895)	Pv, 0°C, 1 atm.
77RAO/HEP:	Rao, S. R.; Hepler, L. G.; "Equilibrium constants and thermodynamics of ionization of aqueous hydrogen sulfide"; Hydrometallurgy; 2, 293-299 (1977)	Ze, Kk, Hr, 25-200°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
1881SAB:	Sabatier, P.; "Les sulfures"; Ann. Chim. et Phys.; 22[5], 5-98 (1881)	Hr, 15°C, NaOH(aq) + $H_2S(aq)$ polysulfides.
13SCH:	Scheffer, F.E.C.; "Das System Schwefelwasserstoff-Wasser"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 84, 734-745 (1913)	Pv, Px, -25 to -2°C, $H_2S \cdot 6H_2O$.

19SCH/MEY:	Scheffer, F.E.C.; Meyer, G.; "On an indirect analysis of gas-hydrates by a thermodynamic method and its application to the hydrate of sulphuretted hydrogen"; Proceedings of the Section of Sciences; 21(6-10) Pt. 2, 1338-1348 (1919)	Pv, Px. -25 to -2°C, H ₂ S-6H ₂ O sol. and vap. press.
60SCH/FIS:	Schwarzenbach, G.; Fischer, A.; "Die Aciditat der Sulfane und die Zusammensetzung wasseriger Polysulfidlösungen"; Helv. Chim. Acta; 43, 1365-1390 (1960)	Kk, 20°C, I=0.1m, H ₂ S, H ₂ S ₃ , H ₂ S ₄ , H ₂ S ₅
52SEL/CAR:	Selleck, F. T.; Carmichael, L. T.; Sage, B. H.; "Phase behavior in the hydrogen sulfide-water system"; Ind. Eng. Chem.; 44, 2219-2226 (1952)	Pv, Px, 100-340°F, P to 5200 psia. good summary.
64SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L. G.; Martell, A. E.; "Stability constants of metal-ion complexes, Section I, Inorganic ligands"; Special Publication No. 17, Chemical Society (London); 215-216 (1964) early references.	Ze, Kk, 0-200°C, 1st and 2d ioniz. compiled data, see for
71SIL/MAR:	Sillen, L.G.; Martell, A.E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion complexes. Supplement No 1'; The Chemical Soc., London; Spec. Pub. 25 (1971)	Kk, 20-350°C, compiled data.
28SMI:	Smith, D. F.; in Washburn, E. W.; "The solubility of gases in solution"; ed., International Critical Tables, McGraw Hill, N.Y.; *III, 274, (1928)	Pv, 0-30°C, HCl, HI, NaCl, and NaHS solutions.
76SMI/MAR:	Smith, R. M.; Martell, A.E.; 'Critical stability constants' Plenum Press, N.Y.; 4, 76 (1976)	Ze, Kk, 20 and 25°C, evaluated data.
50SOU/SCH:	Souchay, P.; Schaal, R.; "Determination cryoscopique des constantes de dissociation d'acides très faibles"; Bull. Soc. Chim. France; 819-824 (1950)	Kk, 32, 38°C, 2d ioniz. in Na ₂ SO ₄ (10H ₂ O).
74SRE:	Sretenskaya, N. G.; "Electrical conductivity of hydrogen sulfide aqueous solutions and the first constant of hydrogen sulfide acid dissociation at various temperatures"; Geokhimiya; 996-1002 (1974)	Kk, 25-90°C. 1st ioniz.
71STE/COB:	Stephens, H. P.; Cobble, J. W.; "Thermodynamic properties of the aqueous sulfide and bisulfide ions and the second ionization constant of hydrogen sulfide over extended temperatures"; Inorg. Chem.; 10, 619-625 (1971)	Kk, Hr, Qh, Zc, 25°C, 95°C, from K HS(cr) + KOH(aq)

64STE/TOR:	Ste-Marie, J.; Torma, A. E.; Gubeli, A. O.; "The stability of thiocomplexes and solubility products of metal sulphides"; Can. J. Chem; 42, 662 (1964)	Kk, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
57SUN/WAD:	Sunner, S.; Wadso, I.; "The heat of hydrolysis of thiolacetic acid"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; 53, 455-459 (1957)	Hm, 25°C. in acid sol.
69SYR/KRA:	Syrkina, I. G.; Krasheninnikova, A. A.; Zaliopo, V. M.; "Solubility of sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, and chlorine in hydrochloric acid"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; 14(5), 1331-1334 (1969); [CA 71-33884k]	Pv, 2.5-75°C, in HCl solutions.
78TAG/POL:	Tagieva, L. V.; Poltoratskii, G. M.; Maksimov, V. F.; Tyutyunnik, L. F.; "Equilibrium between the liquid and the vapor in the water-sodium sulfide-sodium hydrogen sulfide system"; Zh. Priklad. Khim.; 51, 49-52 (1978)	Pv, Da, Dm, 298-343 K.
71TED:	Teder, A.; "The equilibrium between elementary sulfur and aqueous polysulfide solutions"; Acta Chem. Scand.; 25, 1722-1728 (1971)	Kk, 25 and 80°C, S; polysulfide equilib.
1882THO:	Thomsen, J.; "Thermochemische Untersuchen"; Leipzig; 4, 188 (1882-86)	Hm, 18°C.
76TSO/COU:	Tsonopoulos, C.; Coulson, D. M.; Inman, L. B.; "Ionization constants of water pollutants"; J. Chem Eng. Data; 21, 190-193 (1976)	Kk, 25-150°C. 1st and 2d ioniz.
57TUM/MIS:	Tumanova, T. A.; Mishchenko, K. P.; Flis, I. E.; "The dissociation of hydrogen sulfide in aqueous solutions at various temperatures"; J. Inorg. Chem., USSR; 2, 1990 (1957)	Kk, 10-15°C. 1st ioniz.
82WAG/EVA:	Wagman, D. D.; Evans, W. H.; Parker, V. B.; Schumm, R. H.; Halow, I.; Bailey, S. M.; Churney, K. L.; Nuttall, R. L.; "The NBS tables of chemical thermodynamic properties"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; 11, Supplement No 2 (1982)	Kk, 25°C. Δ_fG , S, Δ_fH ,
00WAL/COR:	Walker, J.; Cormack, W.; "The dissociation constants of very weak acids"; J. Chem. Soc.; 77, 5 (1900)	Kk, cited in 77RAO/HEP and 64SIL/MAR, 1st ioniz., conduct.

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- 23WAS2: Wasastjerna, J.A.; "Hydrolysis of potassium monosulfide"; Soc. Sci. Fennica Com. Phys.-Mat.; 1(40), 1-24 (1923); [CA 18-1076] Kk, Hr, 0 and 25° 2d ioniz.
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- 11WEN/RUP: Wenzel, H.; Rupp, W.; "Calculation of phase equilibria in systems containing water and supercritical components"; Chem. Eng. Sci.; 33, 683 (1978) Zc, Pv, Px, 410-444 K, p:to 350 bar, phase equilibria calc. using Redlich-Kwong equation.
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- 77WIL/BAT: Wilhelm, E.; Battino, R.; Wilcock, R. J.; "Low-pressure solubility of gases in liquid water"; Chem. Rev.; 77, 219-262, (1977) Ze, Pv, 0-100°C, P=1 atm, methods, tables, thermodynamic properties, correlations and theory.
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- 06WIN: Winkler, L. W.; "Gesetzmässigkeit bei der Absorption der Gase in Flüssigkeiten"; Z. Phys. Chem.; 55, 344 (1906) Zr, Pv, 0-60°C, analysis of early meas. Data in 58LIN p. 1153.
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- 32WRI/MAA: Wright, R. H.; Maass, O.; "The solubility of hydrogen sulphide in water from the vapor pressures of the solutions"; Can. J. Research; 6, 94 (1932) Pv, 25°C.
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- 32WRI/MAA2: Wright, R. H.; Maass, O.; "Electrical conductivity of aqueous solutions of hydrogen sulfide and the state of the dissolved gas"; Can. J. Research; 6, 588 (1932) Kk, 25°C, 1st ioniz.
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- 51YUI: Yui, N.; "On the ionization constant of hydrogen sulfide"; Sci. Repts. Tohoku Imp. Univ.; 35[1], 53-61 (1951) Kk, 25°C, 1st and 2d ioniz.
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- 34ZEU/ROT: Zeumer, H.; Roth, W. A.; "Die Bildungswärme und Lösungswärme von Schwefelwasserstoff"; Z. Elektrochem.; 40, 777-783 (1934) Hm, 20°C.
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T. L. Jobe, Jr. and R. N. Goldberg

INTRODUCTION

Aqueous zinc chloride solutions are of both scientific and industrial importance. The purpose of this bibliography is to identify papers which contain either experimental thermodynamic data for these systems or reviews or correlations of this data. The thermodynamic properties of interest include most types of equilibrium data: activity and osmotic coefficients, equilibrium constants in solution, enthalpies, and heat capacities. Density and solubility data are not included in this bibliography. The search of the literature was based upon a search of the following sources: a computer aided search of Chemical Abstracts from 1967 to 1983, the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics [1] from 1960 to 1981, the files of the Chemical Thermodynamics Data Center at the National Bureau of Standards, and of the references found in the papers identified in the search itself. The authors would appreciate learning of any papers which may have been missed in the search.

The papers are listed alphabetically by first author. Each bibliographic citation includes a brief reference citation (the year and three letters from the names of the first two authors), the authors names, the title of the article and the source. When only an abstract was available only the Chemical Abstracts citation is given. The attempt was made to adhere to the journal abbreviations used in the Chemical Abstracts Source Index [2].

For each paper we have indicated the type of data, the temperature range and, if appropriate, the pressure, solution composition, and pH. The codes used for the properties are from the Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics [1]; they are reproduced in Table I.

The Russian titles have been translated into English. These translations come, by preference, from the papers themselves or from Chemical Abstracts. The titles from the latter source may be condensations of the originals.

This bibliography was sponsored by the Design Institute for Physical Property Data (DIPPR) of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers.

[1] Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics, R. D. Freeman, editor,

Thermochemistry, Inc., Stillwater, OK, 1977 to 1981.

[2] Chemical Abstracts Service Source Index: 1907-1979 Cumulative, in two volumes; American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, 1979.

TABLE I

<u>Category</u>	<u>Property Symbol</u>	<u>Description of Properties</u>
<u>Category</u>	<u>Subgroup</u>	
D	Da Dm Dx	<u>Derived Quantities of Special Interest (not listed elsewhere)</u> Activity, fugacity Partial molar quantities Excess functions for mixtures
H	Hc Hr Hm Hp Hs	<u>Enthalpy Changes for Processes, by Calorimetry</u> for combustion in O_2 or F_2 for other chemical reactions for mixing: solution, dilution, etc. for phase transitions, fusion, vaporization for surface processes: adsorption, desorption, etc.
K	Kd Ke Kk	<u>Reaction Equilibria and Related Data</u> Dissociation/decomposition pressures and derived enthalpy/entropy changes. Electrochemical cell potentials, etc. and derived enthalpy/entropy changes. Equilibrium constants for chemical reactions and derived enthalpy/entropy changes.
M	Md Mi Mg Mm Mx Mb	<u>Thermodynamic Quantities Calculated from Molecular Parameters</u> Data (e.g., structural or spectroscopic) for molecular parameters; atomic energy levels; ionization potentials. Ideal gases: thermodynamic functions (e.g., tabulations). Real gases: intermolecular potentials, derived equations of state Mixtures Crystal, solid and liquid states. Bond energies; non-bonded interactions.
P	Pt Pp Py Px Po Ps	<u>Phase Equilibria</u> Temperatures: freezing point, boiling point, triple point, other phase transitions. Vapor pressure and derived quantities for vaporization and/or sublimation, pure substances Vapor/liquid equilibria and related phase diagrams, mixtures Condensed phase equilibria: solubility, freezing points, phase diagrams. Osmotic pressure/membrane equilibria Surface phenomena: surface tension, surface energy, adsorption, etc.
Q	Q1 Qh Qg	<u>Thermal Properties for Non-Reacting Systems, by Calorimetry</u> Condensed phase, $T \leq 400$ K: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, etc. Condensed phase, $T \geq 400$ K: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, etc. Gas phase: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy etc. as $f(T,P)$.
V	Vg Vc Vx Vt	<u>Volume as $f(T,P)$; Empirical Equations of State</u> Gases: PVT, and related data Critical state properties Condensed phases: compressibility, thermal expansivity Tables and charts of data, e.g., Mollier diagrams.
X	Xd Xv Xr	<u>Physical Properties of a Single Phase</u> Density Viscosity Refractive index
Z	Za Zc Ze Zr	<u>Compilations, Correlations and Reviews</u> Analysis of experimental data and of errors Empirical Correlations Evaluations and compilations Reviews
Physical States:	(c)rystal, solid (amorp)hous (liq)uid (g)as	(aq)ueous (nonaq)ueous, includes fused salts, solid solutions (Ads)orbed

65ABL/BUR:

Ablov, A. V.; Burnasheva, Z. P.; Konunova, Ts. B.; "Heats of addition of amines to zinc halides"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *10, 2286 (1965)

28BAG:

Bagdasaraian, A. B.; "Reduction of metallic chlorides by hydrogen"; Trans. Am. Electrochem. Soc.; *51, 449 (1928)

04BAU:

Baud, M. E.; "Sur quelques combinaisons du chlorure et du fluorure d'aluminium"; Ann. Chim. Phys.;[8] *1, 8 (1904)

33BEC/ROT:

Becker, G.; Roth, W. A.; "Über die Bildungswärme von Cadmiumoxyd, Cadmiumhydroxyd und Zinkoxyd"; Z. Phys. Chem. Abt. A; *167, 1 (1933)

75BEL/ALO:

Belousov, E. A.; Alyovainikov, A. A.; "Determination of the stability constants of zinc and cadmium chloro-complexes in aqueous solutions by the distribution method"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *20, 1428 (1975)

81BEL/IVA:

Belousov, E. A.; Ivanov, V. M.; Chugunova, N. V.; Prokuev, V. A.; "Stability constants of chloride complexes of copper(II), zinc(II), and cadmium(II) in hydrochloric acid solutions"; Issled. Po. Khimii, Tekhnol. i. Primeneniyu Radioaktiv. Veshchestv, L.; p.81 (1981)

75BER/VAN:

Berg, R. L.; Vanderzee, C. E.; "The enthalpies of solution of zinc oxide in perchloric and hydrochloric acids, and the standard enthalpy of formation of aqueous zinc ion"; J. Chem. Thermodynam.; *7, 229 (1975)

22BIL/HOH:

Biltz, W.; Hohorst, G.; "Beiträge zur Systematischen Verwandtschaftslehre XV. Die Bildungswärmen der Verbindungen von metallischem Magnesium mit metallischem Zink, Cadmium, Aluminium und Calcium"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *121, 1 (1922)

1884BLJ:

Blumcke, A.; "Ueber den Einfluss des Concentrationsgrades auf die spezifische Wärme wasseriger und alkoholischer Lösungen von Metallchloriden"; Ann. Phys. (Leipzig); *23, 161 (1884)

- 34BRU: Brull, L.; "L'attivita nelle soluzioni di ZnCl₂"; Gazz. Chim. Ital.; *64, 261 (1934) Da, Xd, 25 °C,
I = 0.84 to 0.0017
- OOCHA/FRA: Chambers, V. J.; Frazer, J. C. W.; "On a minimum in the molecular lowering of the freezing-point of water, produced by certain acids and salts"; Am. Chem. J.; *23, 512 (1900) Px, 0 °C
- 1899DIE: Dietz, R.; "Die Loslichkeit der Halogensalze des Zinks und Cadmiums"; Z. Anorg. Chem.; *20, 240 (1899) Px, -5 to +100 °C
- 43EGA/PAR: Egan, D. M.; Partington, J. R.; "Activity coefficients of zinc chloride, bromide and iodide from electromotive forces"; J. Chem. Soc.; p. 157 (1943) Da, 25 and 35 °C,
0.5 to 0.001 mol kg⁻¹
- 1853FAV/SIL: Favre, P. A.; Silbermann, J. T.; "Recherches sur les quantites de chaleur degagees dans les actions chimiques et moleculaires"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; [3] *37, 406 (1853) Hm, T = ?
- 27FOX/SHU: Foxton, F.; Shutt, W. J.; "The activity of zinc chloride in concentrated solution"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *23, 480 (1927) Da, Pv, 60.48 to
80.40 °C
- 27FRI/HAV: Fricke, R.; Havestadt, L.; "Verdunnungsarbeiten und Verdunnungswärmen im Gebiet Konzentrierter Lösungen"; Z. Elektrochem.; *33, 441 (1927) Pv, Hm, 0 to 10 °C
- 29FRI/LUK: Fricke, R.; Luke, J.; "Zum Thermodynamischen Verhalten Konzentrierter Lösungen"; Z. Elektrochem.; *35, 631 (1929) Hm, 20 °C
- 80GAI/SIL: Gaizer, F.; Silber, H. B.; "Stability constants of zinc chloride complexes in DMSO-water mixtures"; J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.; *42, 1317 (1980) Kk, 25 °C,
0.5 M NH₄ClO₄

- 81GOL: Goldberg, R. N.; "Evaluated activity and osmotic coefficients for aqueous solutions: Bi-univalent compounds of zinc, cadmium, and ethylene bis(trimethylammonium) chloride and iodide"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; *10, 1 (1981)
- 1844GRA: Graham, T.; "Experiments on the heat disengaged in combinations. Part II. Neutralization of various acids by hydrate of potash"; Philos. Mag.; [3], *24, 401 (1844)
- 72GRA/SCH: Grauer, R.; Schindler, P.; "Die Löslichkeitskonstanten der Zinkhydroxidchloride-ein Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Korrosionprodukte des Zinks"; Corros. Sci.; *12, 405 (1972)
- 58HAR/OWE: Harned, H. S.; Owen, B. B.; 'The physical chemistry of electrolyte solutions' 3rd edition, Reinhold Publishing Corp., New York; p. 560 (1958)
- 40HAR/PAR: Harris, A. C.; Parton, H. N.; "The transport numbers of zinc chloride from E.M.F. measurements"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *36, 1139 (1940)
- 31HIE/APP: Hieber, W.; Appel, H.; "Zur Kenntnis der Stabilitätsverhältnisse von Metallsalzkomplexen mit organischen Molekulkomponenten: Zinkhalogenidverbindungen mit Aminen und ihre Bildungswärmen"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *196, 193 (1931)
- 19HOR: Horsch, W. G.; "Potentials of the zinc and cadmium electrodes"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *41, 1787 (1919)
- 30ISH/KIM: Ishikawa, F.; Kimura, G.; Murooka, T.; "Thermodynamic properties of zinc chloride and of cadmium chloride"; Rikagaku Kenkyusho Iho; *9, 744 (1930)
- 32ISH/KIM: Ishikawa, F.; Kimura, G.; Murooka, T.; "Thermodynamic data on zinc chloride and cadmium chloride"; Sci. Rep. Tokoku Imp. Univ. Ser. I; *21, 455 (1932)
- Ze, Po, Da, 25 °C
- Hm, T = ?
- Kk, 25 °C, I = 0.2 M
- Zr, Da, 25 °C
- Da, 25 and 35 °C,
0.5 to 12 mol kg⁻¹
- Hr, 0 °C
- Da, Kk, 25 °C,
0.0003 to 0.01 M
- Ke, Hm, 18 °C and
25 to 42 °C
- Kk, Hm, 18 to 42.5 °C

- 37ISH/TAK:
Ishikawa, F.; Takai, I.; "Free energies of the formation of $ZnCl_2^{2-}$, $CdCl_2$, $CdBr_2$ and CdI_2 solutions"; Rikagaku Kenkyusho Iho; *16, 1251 (1937)
- 77JAC/SKO:
Jacobsen, T.; Skou, E.; "A simple hydration treatment of activity coefficients in concentrated electrolyte solutions"; Electrochim. Acta; *22, 161 (1977)
- 76JED/CEL:
Jednakova, V.; Celeda, J.; "Aquo and halo complexes of Zn^{2+} ion in isomolar series perchlorate halide"; Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun.; *41, 2829 (1976)
- 1893JON:
Jones, H. C.; "Über die Bestimmung des Gefrierpunktes sehr verdunnter Salzlösungen"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *11, 529 (1893)
- 1893JON/GET:
Jones, H. C.; Getman, F. H.; "The molecular-lowering of the freezing-point of water produced by concentrated solutions of certain electrolytes"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *46, 244 (1903)
- 07JON/GET:
Jones, H. C.; Getman, F. H.; Bassett, H. P.; McMaster, L.; Uhler, H. S.; "Hydrates in aqueous solution. Evidence for the existence of hydrates in solution, their approximate composition, and certain spectroscopic investigations bearing upon the hydrate problem"; Carnegie Inst. Washington Publ.; *No 60, 145 pp. (1907)
- 37JUZ/FAS:
Juza, R.; Fasold, K.; Kuhn, W.; "Untersuchungen über Zink- und Cadmiumamid Metallamide"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *234, 86 (1937)
- 38JUZ/NEU:
Juza, R.; Neuber, A.; Hahn, H.; "Zur Kenntnis des Zinknitrides Metallamide und Metallnitride"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *239, 273 (1938)

75KAK/GIE:

Kakolowicz, W.; Giera, E.; "Heat of formation of chelate complexes of some d-electron elements and metal-oxygen bond energy"; Conf. Intern. Thermodyn. Chim. Quat.; *1, 73 (1975)

Hr, 25 °C, in
4.36 M HCl

41KAP:

Kapustinskii, A. F.; "The heat of the precipitation reactions of the tin chloride and of the substitution of tin by zinc and the entropy of the tin ion"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *15, 645 (1941)

Hm, 25 °C

67KAR/DRA:

Karapet'yants, M. Kh.; Drakin, S. I.; Lantukhova, L. V.; "Apparent heat capacities of univalent ions in methanol"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *41, 2653 (1967)

Q1, 25 °C

27KLE/BRA:

Klemm, W.; Brautigam, M.; "Beitrag zur Systematischen Verwandtschaftslehre. XXXIX. Messungen an Indiumhalogeniden. II. Die Bildungswärmen der Indiumchloride"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *163, 225 (1927)

Hr, 0 °C

79LAM/TIK:

Lamanski, L. Yu.; Tikhonov, K. I.; "Complex formation by zinc with chloride ions in mixed aqueous dimethylformamide solutions"; Russ. J. Inorg. Chem.; *24, 669 (1979)

Kk, 25 °C

00OLEH:

Lehfeldt, R. A.; "Elektromotorische Kraft und Osmotischer Druck"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *35, 257 (1900)

Da, Ke, 20 °C

75LEW:

Lewandowski, A.; "Thermodynamic studies of zinc chloride in mixed aqueous solvents from electromotive force measurements I. Methanol-water mixtures"; Electrochim. Acta; *23, 1303 (1978)

Kk, 298 to 313 K,
0.004 to 0.1 mol kg⁻¹

75LIB/TIA:

Libus, Z.; Tialowska, H.; "Stability and nature of complexes of the type MCl_4^{+} in aqueous solution ($M = Mn, Co, Ni$ and Zn)"; J. Solution Chem.; *4, 1011 (1975)

Kk, 25 °C, 0 to
1.0 mol kg⁻¹ Zn(ClO₄)₂

02LOU/SCH:

Louguinine, W.; Schukareff, A.; "Etude thermique de quelques alliages entre zinc et aluminium et cuivre et aluminium pris en proportion definie"; Arch. Sci. Phys. Nat.; [4] *13, 5 (1902)

Hr, 18 °C, in HCl·10 H₂O

76LUT/DUN:

Lutfullah; Dunsmore, H. S.; Paterson, R.; "Re-determination of the standard electrode potential of zinc and mean molal activity coefficients for aqueous zinc chloride at 298.15 K"; J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. I; *72, 495 (1976)

Da, Ke, 25 °C, 0.005
to 1.0 mol kg⁻¹

81LYA/CHU:

Lyashchenko, A. K.; Churagulov, B. R.; "Influence of pressure on the temperature coefficients of the solubility of electrolytes in water"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *26, 1190 (1981)

P_x, P = 0 to 10 kbar,
25 to 50 °C, 4.83 to
34.59 mol kg⁻¹

30MAI:

Maier, C. G.; "The heat of formation of zinc oxide"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *52, 2159 (1930)

Hr, 25 °C

1876MAR:

Maignac, M. C.; "Sur les chaleurs specifiques des solutions salines"; Arch. Sci. Phys. Nat.; *55, 113 (1876)

Q1, 19 to 52 °C,
10 to 200 H₂O

1876MAR:

Maignac, M. C.; "Sur les chaleurs specifiques des solutions salines"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *8, 410 (1876)

Q1, 19 to 51 °C

82MAR/BUR:

Marcos, E. S.; Burgos, F. S.; Alvarez, A. M.; "Activity coefficients of zinc chloride in the presence of lithium, sodium, and magnesium perchlorates, and magnesium nitrate in aqueous solution at 25 °C"; J. Solution Chem.; *11, 889 (1982)

Da, Ke, 25 °C, 0.0025
to 0.10044 M

32MAS:

Masaki, K.; "Concentration cell with ternary electrolyte"; Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan; *7, 35 (1932)

Ke, 30 °C

65MED/BER:

Medvedev, V. A.; Bergman, G. A.; Gurvich, L. V.; Yungman, V. S.; Vorob'ev, A. F.; Kolesov, V. P.; and others; 'Thermal constants of substances'; Gluschko, V. P. (ed.), VINITI, Moscow; vol. 1-10, (1965 to 1982)

Ze, Hm, 25 °C

74MIH:

Mihailov, M. H.; "A correlation between the overall stability constants of metal complexes-I. Calculation of the stability constants using the formation function n"; J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.; *36, 107 (1974)

Kk, T = ?,
0.05 to 0.69 M Cl⁻

64MIR/KUL:

Mironov, V. E.; Kul'ba, F. Ya.; Ivanov, Yu. E.; "Complexes of zinc with alkali metal chlorides"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *9, 1633 (1964)

Kk, 298.15 K, in
4 M Li(ClO₄, Cl)

51PEP/NEW:

Pepper, R. B.; Newman, E. S.; "Heat of solution of zinc oxide in 2 N hydrochloric acid"; J. Res. Nat. Bur. Stand.; *46, 121 (1951)

1888PIC:

Pickering, S. U.; "The heat of dissolution of substances in different liquids, and its bearing on the explanation of the heat of neutralisation, and on the theory of residual affinity"; J. Chem. Soc. Trans.; *53, 865 (1888)

73PIT/MAY:

Pitzer, K. S.; Mayorga, G.; "Thermodynamics of electrolytes. II. Activity and osmotic coefficients for strong electrolytes with one or both ions univalent"; J. Phys. Chem.; *77, 2300 (1973)

79PIT:

Pitzer, K. S.; "Theory: Ion interaction approach;" in 'Activity coefficients in electrolyte solutions' Pytkowicz, R. M. (ed.); CRC Press, Boca Raton; Vol. 1, p. 157 (1979)

10RIC/BUR:

Richards, T. W.; Burgess, L. L.; "The adiabatic determination of the heats of solution of metals in acids"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *32, 431 (1910)

10RIC/ROW:

Richards, T. W.; Rowe, A. W.; Burgess, L. L.; "The adiabatic determination of heats of solution of metals in acids. Part II. The heat of dilution of the acid solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *32, 1176 (1910)

22RIC/THO:

Richards, T. W.; Thorvaldson, T.; "The heat of solution of zinc in hydrochloric acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *44, 1051 (1922)

40R0B/STO:

Robinson, R. A.; Stokes, R. H.; "Part IV. The thermodynamics of zinc chloride solutions"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *36, 740 (1940)

Da, Ke, 10 to 40 °C,
0.005 to 1.0 mol kg⁻¹

59ROB/STO:

Robinson, R. A.; Stokes, R. H.; 'Electrolyte solutions';
Second edition revised, Butterworths, London; 571 pp. (1959)

Ze, Da, Kk, 25 °C

34ROT/BUC:

Roth, W. A.; Buchner, A.; "Über die Ionisationswarmen einiger
Metalle"; Z. Elektrochem.; *40, 87 (1934)

Hm, 20 °C

28ROT/CHA:

Roth, W. A.; Chall, P.; "Die Thermische Verfolgung einiger
Metallurgisch Wichtiger Reaktionen in einem bei Hoherer
Temperatur Arbeitenden Calorimeter"; Z. Elektrochem.; *34,
185 (1928)

Hr, 50 °C, in 2 N HCl

76SAT/MUR:

Sato, T.; Murakami, S.; "Determination of the activity coefficient
of tricaprylmethylammonium chloride and the stability constants
of the aqueous complexes formed in the extraction of zinc(II)
from hydrochloric acid solutions"; Anal. Chim. Acta; *82, 217 (1976)

Da, Kk, 20 °C

30SCA/TEF:

Scatchard, G.; Tefft, R. F.; "Electromotive force measurements on
cells containing zinc chloride. The activity coefficients of the
chlorides of the bivalent metals"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *52, 2272
(1930)

Da, Ke, 25 °C,
0.003 to 1.5 M

26SIE/GOT:

Sieverts, A.; Gotta, A.; "Bildungswarmen und Dichten von Hydriden";
Z. Elektrochem.; *32, 105 (1926)

Hm, 19 to 26 °C

28SIE/GOT:

Sieverts, A.; Gotta, A.; "Über die Eigenschaften einiger Metall-
wasserstoffe"; Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.; *172, 1 (1928)

Hr, 19 °C, in
HCl·20H₂O

64SIL/MAR:

Sillen, L. G.; Martell, A. E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion
complexes'; Special Publication No. 17, The Chemical Society,
London; p. 289 (1964)

Zr, Kk, 10 to 150 °C

71SIL/MAR:

Sillen, L. G.; Martell, A. E.; 'Stability constants of metal-ion
complexes'; Special Publication No. 25, The Chemical Society,
London; p. 179 (1971)

Zr, Kk, 25 °C

77SKO/JAC:

Skou, E.; Jacobsen, T.; van der Hoeven, W.; Atlung, S.; "On the zinc-chloride complex formation"; Electrochim. Acta; *22, 169 (1977) Kr, 25 °C, 1 to 4.6 M

76SMI/MAR:

Smith, R. M.; Martell, A. E.; 'Critical stability constants'; Plenum Press, New York; Vol. 4, p. 108 (1976) Zr, Kr, 25 °C

13SOM:

Somermeier, E. E.; "Determination of the heat of solution of metals by means of a vacuum flask calorimeter"; Phys. Rev.; [2] *1, 141 (1913) Hr, 16.3 to 21.5 °C

48STO:

Stokes, R. H.; "A thermodynamic study of bivalent metal halides in aqueous solution. Part XVII Revision of data for all 2:1 and 1:2 electrolytes at 25 °, and discussion of results"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *44, 295 (1948) Da, Pv, Po, 25 °C, 0.1 to 22.0 M

1883TH0:

Thomsen, J.; 'Thermochemische Untersuchungen'; Band III, J. A. Barth, Leipzig; (1883) Hm, 18 °C

61TSE/FLI:

Tseyyan-Shen, Ya.; Flid, R. M.; Makhlin, V. A.; "The investigation of the liquid phase hydration of acetylene with non-mercuric catalysts"; Izv. Vyssh. Uchebn. Zaved. Khim. Khim. Tekhnol."; *4, 218 (1961) Hr, 105 to 159 °C

71VOR/BRO:

Vorob'ev, A. F.; Broier, A. F.; "Enthalpy of formation of zinc(II) ions in an infinitely dilute aqueous solution"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *45, 1307 (1971) Hr, T = ?, dilute HCl

68WAG/EVA:

Wagman, D. D.; Evans, W. H.; Parker, V. B.; Halow, I.; Bailey, S. M.; Schumm, R. H.; 'Selected values of chemical thermodynamic properties. Tables for the first thirty-four elements in the standard order of arrangement', Nat. Bur. Stds. (U.S.) Tech. Note 270-3, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC; p. 234 (1968) Ze, Hm, Kr, 25 °C

82WAG/EVA:

Wagman, D. D.; Evans, W. H.; Parker, V. B.; Schumm, R. H.; Halow, I.; Bailey, S. M.; Churney, K. L.; Nuttall, R. L.; "The NBS tables of chemical thermodynamic properties"; J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data; *11, Suppl No. 2, 392 pp. (1982) Ze, Hm, Kr, 25 °C

14WAR:
von Wartenberg, H.; "Die Metastabilitat unserer Metallwelt als Folge von Allotropie und deren Bedeutung fur Chemie, Physik und Technik"; Z. Elektrochem.; *20, 443 (1914)

Hr, T = ?, dilute HCl

26WAS:
Washburn, E. W. (ed.); 'International critical tables of numerical data physics, chemistry and technology'; McGraw Hill, New York; 1 (1926)

Zr, Px, Kk, Q1

73WER/BEL:
Wertz, D. L.; Bell, J. R.; "Solute species and equilibria in concentrated zinc chloride/hydrochloric acid solutions"; J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.; *35, 861 (1973)

Kk, T = ?

79WHI/PYT:
Whitfield, M.; Pytkowicz, R.M. (ed.); 'Activity coefficients in electrolyte solutions'; CRC Press, Boca Raton; Vol 2, p. 154 (1979)

Zr, Kk, 25 °C

1884WRI/THO:
Wright, C. R. A.; Thompson, C.; "On the determination of chemical affinity in terms of electromotive force. Part VIII."; Philos. Mag.; [5] *17, 377 (1884)

Hm, T = ?, 0.5 to
25 mol kg⁻¹

53YAT/KHA:
Yatsimirskii, K. B.; Kharitonov, V. V.; "On the thermochemistry of anthranide compounds"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *27, 799 (1953)

Hm, 25 °C, in 6.24
mol kg⁻¹ HCl

$H_3PO_4-H_2O$

T. L. Jobe, Jr. and R. N. Goldberg

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[1] Bulletin of Chemical Thermodynamics, R. D. Freeman, editor, Thermochemistry, Inc., Stillwater, OK, 1977 to 1981.

[2] Chemical Abstracts Service Source Index: 1907-1979 Cumulative, in two volumes; American Chemical Society, Washington, DC, 1979.

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D	<u>Derived Quantities of Special Interest (not listed elsewhere)</u> Da Activity, fugacity Dm Partial molar quantities Dx Excess functions for mixtures
H	<u>Enthalpy Changes for Processes, by Calorimetry</u> Hc for combustion in O ₂ or F ₂ Hr for other chemical reactions Hm for mixing: solution, dilution, etc. Hp for phase transitions, fusion, vaporization Hs for surface processes: adsorption, desorption, etc.
K	<u>Reaction Equilibria and Related Data</u> Kd Dissociation/decomposition pressures and derived enthalpy/entropy changes. Ke Electrochemical cell potentials, etc. and derived enthalpy/entropy changes. KK Equilibrium constants for chemical reactions and derived enthalpy/entropy change
M	<u>Thermodynamic Quantities Calculated from Molecular Parameters</u> Md Data (e.g., structural or spectroscopic) for molecular parameters; atomic energy levels; ionization potentials. Mi Ideal gases: thermodynamic functions (e.g., tabulations). Mg Real gases: intermolecular potentials, derived equations of state Mm Mixtures Mx Crystal, solid and liquid states. Mb Bond energies; non-bonded interactions.
P	<u>Phase Equilibria</u> Pt Temperatures: freezing point, boiling point, triple point, other phase transition Pp Vapor pressure and derived quantities for vaporization and/or sublimation, pure substances <u>Pv</u> Vapor/liquid equilibria and related phase diagrams, mixtures <u>Px</u> Condensed phase equilibria: solubility, freezing points, phase diagrams. <u>Po</u> Osmotic pressure/membrane equilibria <u>Ps</u> Surface phenomena: surface tension, surface energy, adsorption, etc.
Q	<u>Thermal Properties for Non-Reacting Systems, by Calorimetry</u> Q1 Condensed phase, T ≤ 400 K: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, etc. Qh Condensed phase, T ≥ 400 K: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy, etc. Qg Gas phase: heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy etc. as f(T,P).
V	<u>Volume as f(T,P); Empirical Equations of State</u> Vg Gases: PVT, and related data Vc Critical state properties Vx Condensed phases: compressibility, thermal expansivity Vt Tables and charts of data, e.g.. Mollier diagrams.
X	<u>Physical Properties of a Single Phase</u> Xd Density Xv Viscosity Xr Refractive index
Z	<u>Compilations, Correlations and Reviews</u> Za Analysis of experimental data and of errors Zc Empirical Correlations Ze Evaluations and compilations Zr Reviews
Physical States:	(c)rystal, solid (aq)ueous (amorp)hous (nonaq)ueous, includes fused salts, solid solutions (liq)uid (Ads)orbed (gas)

09ABB/BRA:

Abbott, G. A.; Bray, W. C.; "The ionization relations of ortho- and pyrophosphoric acids and their sodium salts", J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *31, 729 (1909)

Kk, 18 °C

80AKH:

Akhumov, E. I.; "Hydration of orthophosphoric acid in water-orthophosphoric acid solutions at 25 °C ; Zn. Prikl. Khim. (Leningrad); *53, 1628 (1980)

Kk, 25 °C

72ARN/BUR:

Arnett, E. M.; Burke, J. J.; Carter, J. V.; Douty, C. F.; "Solvent effects in organic chemistry. XV. Thermodynamics of solution for nonelectrolytes in aqueous acid and salt solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *94, 7837 (1972)

Hm, 25 °C, 30.5 to 85.0 % H₃PO₄

1889ARR:

Arrhenius, S.; "Über die Dissociationswärme und den Einfluss der Temperatur auf den Dissociationsgrad der Elektrolyte"; Z. Phys. Chem. Stoechiom. Verwandschaftsl.; *4, 96 (1889)

56BAE:

Baes, C. F., Jr.; "A spectrophotometric investigation of uranyl phosphate complex formation in perchloric acid solution"; J. Phys. Chem.; *60, 878 (1956)

Kk, 25 °C

69BAL/SIL:

Baldwin, W. G.; Sillen, L. G.; "Some phosphate equilibria I. The dissociation of phosphoric acid in 3 M NaClO₄"; Ark. Kemi; *31, 391 (1969)

Kk, 25 °C, in 3 M NaClO₄

47BAT:

Bates, R. G.; "Activity coefficients in aqueous mixtures of phosphates with sodium chloride, sodium bromide, and sodium iodide, and the pH of phosphate buffer solutions"; J. Res. Natl. Bur. Stand.; *39, 411 (1947)

Kk, Da, 25 °C,
I = 0.04 25 mol kg⁻¹

51BAT:

Bates, R. G.; "First dissociation constant of phosphoric acid from 0° to 60 °C; limitations of the electromotive force method for moderately strong acids"; J. Res. Natl. Bur. Stand. *47, 127 (1951)

Kk, 0 to 60 °C

43BAT/ACR:

Bates, R. G.; Acree, S. F.; "pH values of certain phosphate-chloride mixtures, and the second dissociation constant of phosphoric acid from 0° to 60 °C"; J. Res. Natl. Bur. Stand.; *30, 129 (1943)

Kk, 0 to 60 °C

56BER:

Bernhard, S. A.; "Ionization constants and heats of tris(hydroxymethyl) aminomethane and phosphate buffers"; J. Biol. Chem.; *218, 961 (1956)

Kk, 5 to 50 °C, in
0.6 M KCl

1875BER/LOU:

Berthelot, M.; Louguanine, W.; "Thermocheimie.-Recherches thermiques sur l'acide phosphorique"; Compt. Rend.; *81 1011 (1875)

Hr, 16-19 °C, 0.17 M

124 54BEU/RIE

Berthelot, M.; Louguanine, W.; "Thermocheimie. -Sur la constitution des phosphates"; Compt. Rend.; *81, 1072 (1875)

Hr, 13 °C, 0.17 M

124

Beukenkamp, J.; Rieman, W.; Lindenbaum, S.; "Behavior of the condensed phosphates in anion-exchange chromatography"; Anal. Chem.; *26, 505 (1954)

Kk, 25 °C

80BHA/MAN:

Bhattacharyya, A.; Mandal, A. K.; Lahiri, S. C.; "Acid ionization constants of phosphoric acid in ethanol + water mixtures"; Indian J. Chem.; *19A, 532 (1980)

Kk, 25 °C

02BIL:

Biltz, W.; "Zur Kenntnis der Lösungen anorganischer Salze in Wasser"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *40, 185 (1902)

PX, 0 °C

68BIR/SKI

Birley, G. I.; Skinner, H. A.; "Heat of hydrolysis of phosphorus pentachloride, and heat of formation of aqueous orthophosphoric acid"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *64, 3232 (1968)

Hr, 25 °C

29BJE/UNM:

Bjerrum, N.; Unmack, A.; "Elektrometrische Messungen mit Wasserstoffelektroden in Mischungen von Säuren und Basen mit Salzen"; Mat.-Fys. Medd. K. Dan. Vidensk. Selsk.; *9, No. 1, 1 (1929)

Kk, 18 to 37 °C

20BLA: Blanc, E.; "Determination de la constante de dissociation de quelques acides mineraux"; J. Chim. Phys.; *18, 28 (1920) Kk, 18 and 25 °C

05BOS: Bose, E.; "Bemerkungen über Julius Thomsens Messungen der Mischungsschwarmen von Säuren"; Phys. Z.; *6, 548 (1905) Hm, T = ?

27BRI: Britton, H. T. S.: "Electrometric study of the precipitation of phosphates"; J. Chem. Soc.; *1927, 614 (1927) Kk, 20 °C

32BRI/ROB: Britton, H. T. S.; Robinson, R. A.; "The use of the glass electrode in titrimetric work and precipitation reactions. The application of the principle of the solubility product to basic precipitates"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *28, 531 (1932) Kk, 18 °C

61BRU/NEL: Bruckenstein, S.; Nelson, D. C.; "Acid-base dissociation constants in 1.0 M sodium chloride"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *6, 605 (1961) Kk, 25 °C

63CAD: Cadot-Smith, M.; "Contribution à l'étude des complexes métalliques de la triethanolamine. III. Cadmium"; J. Chim. Phys.; *60, 991 (1963) Kk, 25 °C

00CHA/FRA: Chambers, V. J.; Frazer, J. C. W.; "On a minimum in the molecular lowering of the freezing-point of water, produced by certain acids and salts"; Am. Chem. J.; *23, 512 (1900) Px, 0 °C

55CHE/DAV: Cher, M.; Davidson, N.; "The kinetics of the oxygenation of ferrous iron in phosphoric acid solution"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *77, 793 (1955) Kk, 30 °C, in 1.0 M NaC₂O₄

69CHI: Childs, C. W.; "Equilibria in dilute aqueous solutions of orthophosphates"; J. Phys. Chem.; *73, 2956 (1969) Kk, 37 °C

70CHI: Childs, C. W.; "A potentiometric study of equilibria in aqueous divalent metal orthophosphate solutions"; Inorg. Chem.; *9, 2465 (1970) Kk, 37 °C

67CHR/HAN:

Christensen, J. J.; Hansen, L. D.; Izatt, R. M.; Partridge, J. A.; "Application de la calorimetrie de la titration thermometrique de haute precision a plusieurs systemes chimiques"; Colloq. Int. C. N. R. S.; *No. 156, 207 (1967)

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Christensen, J. J.; Izatt, R. M.; "Thermodynamics of proton dissociation in dilute aqueous solution. II. Heats of proton dissociation from ribonucleotides and related compounds determined by a thermometric titration procedure"; J. Phys. Chem.; *66, 1030 (1962)

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Christensen, J. J.; Izatt, R. M.; Hansen, L. D.; Partridge, J. A.; "Entropy titration. A calorimetric method for the determination of ΔG , ΔH , and ΔS from a single thermometric titration"; J. Phys. Chem.; *70, 2003 (1966)

27COH:

Cohn, E. J.; "The activity coefficients of the ions in certain phosphate solutions. A contribution to the theory of buffer action"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *49, 173 (1927)

67COR/OUW:

Cordfunke, E. H. P.; Ouweltjes, W.; "Heats of formation of Ag_3PO_4 and Ag_3AsO_4 "; Rec. Trav. Chim.; *86, 93 (1967)

55CUT/POL:

Cuta, F.; Polej, B.; "Druha disociaci konstanta kyseliny fosforene od 60° do 90 °C"; Chem. Listy; *49, 473 (1955)

1893DIE:

Dieterici, C.; "Ueber die Dampfdrucke wasseriger Losungen bei 0 °C"; Ann. Phys. (Leipzig); *50, 47 (1893)

61DRO/KRY:

Drozdov, N. S.; Krylov, V. P.; "On the dissociation constants of weak acids"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *35, 2557 (1961)

59DUM:

Dumbaugh, W. H., Jr.; "Thermometric titrations involving proton transfer processes"; Ph.D. Thesis, Pennsylvania State Univ. (1959); Diss. Abstr.; *20, 1559 (1959)

Hr, Kk, 25 °C

Hr, Kk, 25 °C

Za, Kk, 25 °C

Kk, 60 to 90 °C

Px, 0 °C

Kk, 20 °C

Hr, Kk, 25 °C

57DUR/STU:

Durell, J.; Sturtevant, J. M.; "The synthesis of methionine by enzymic transmethylation II. Enthalpy change in the methyl-transfer from dimethylacetothetin"; *Biochim. Biophys. Acta*; *26, 282 (1957)

58EGA/LUF:

Egan, E. P., Jr.; Luff, B. B.; Wakefield, Z. T.; "Heat capacity of phosphoric acid solutions, 15 to 80 °C"; *J. Phys. Chem.* *62, 1091 (1958)

61EGA/LUF:

Egan, E. P., Jr.; Luff, B. B.; "Heat of solution of orthophosphoric acid"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; *65, 523 (1961)

62EGA/LUF/WAK:

Egan, E. P., Jr.; Luff, B. B.; "Partial molal heat contents and free energies in phosphoric acid solutions"; *J. Chem. Eng. Data*; *7, 385 (1962)

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Egan, E. P., Jr.; Wakefield, Z. T.; "Low temperature heat capacity and entropy of crystalline orthophosphoric acid"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; *61, 1500 (1957)

61EGA/WAK:

Egan, E. P., Jr.; Wakefield, Z. T.; Luff, B. B.; "Low temperature heat capacity, entropy and heat of formation of crystalline and colloidal ferric phosphate dihydrate"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; *65, 1265 (1961)

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Ellis, A. J.; Anderson, D. W.; "The effect of pressure on the first acid dissociation constants of 'sulphurous' and phosphoric acids"; *J. Chem. Soc.*; *1961, 1765 (1961)

58ELL/SHA:

Elliot, J. S.; Sharp, R. F.; Lewis, L.; "The apparent dissociation constants of phosphoric acid at 38° at ionic strengths from 0.1 to 0.5"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; *62, 686 (1958)

65ELL/MAT:

Elmore, K. L.; Hatfield, J. D.; Dunn, R.L.; Jones, A.D.; "Dissociation of phosphoric acid solutions at 25 °C"; *J. Phys. Chem.*; *69, 3520 (1965)

Hr, 25 °C, I = 0.15 to 0.20 mol kg⁻¹

Q1, 15 to 80 °C
Hm, 25 °C

Za, Hm, 15 to 80 °C,
5 to 85 wt. %

Da, Kk, 25 °C,
0.1 to 10 mol kg⁻¹

46ELM/MAS:

Elmore, K. L.; Mason, C. M.; Christensen, J. H.; "Activity of orthophosphoric acid in aqueous solution at 25° from vapor pressure measurements"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *68, 2528 (1946)

Pv, Da, 25 °C,
0.16 to 8.7 mol kg⁻¹

57END/TEL:

Ender, F.; Teltschik, W.; Schafer, K.; "Elektrochemische und thermodynamische Untersuchungen von Phosphatpuffern in Wasser-Methanolgemischen"; Z. Elektrochem.; *61, 775 (1957)

39EVE/WYN:

Everett, D. H.; Wynne-Jones, W. F. K.; "The thermodynamics of acid-base equilibria"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *35, 1380 (1939)

50FAR:

Farr, T. D.; "Phosphorus: properties of the element and some of its compounds"; Tenn. Val. Auth. Chem. Eng. Rep.; *No. 8, 93 pp (1950)

76FER:

Ferroni, G.; "Potentiometric studies on association and dissociation equilibria of orthophosphoric acid, in water-KCl 3M medium, at 25 °C"; Electrochim. Acta; *21, 283 (1976)

78FLY/KOR:

Flyantikova, G. V.; Korolenko, L. I.; "A general method for the calculation of the thermodynamic ionization constants of tri-basic acids"; Zh. Fiz. Khim.; *52, 2760 (1978)

51FON:

Fontana, B. J.; "The vapor pressure of water over phosphoric acids"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *73, 3348 (1951)

1899FOS:

Foster, W., Jr.; "The conductivity and dissociation of some electrolytes"; Phys. Rev.; *8, 257 (1899)

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Franzolini, P.; Sinistri, C.; Ajroldi, G.; "Criometrie in eutettico ghiaccio-nitrato potassico. Nota III"; Ric. Sci.; *30, 1707 (1960)

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Gamble, D. S.; "Orthophosphoric acid: calculation of concentration quotients for the first ionization equilibrium at 25.0 °C."; Can. J. Chem.; *59, 1630 (1981)

64GAR/BAT:

Gary, R.; Bates, R. G.; Robinson, R. A.; "Second dissociation constant of deuteriophosphoric acid in deuterium oxide from 5 to 50°. Standardization of a pD scale"; J. Phys. Chem.; *68, 3806 (1964)

79GHO/GHO:

Ghosh, A. K.; Ghosh, J. C.; Prasad, B.; "Second dissociation constant of phosphoric acid: a recalculation from alkaline solutions using modified Davies equation"; J. Indian Chem. Soc.; *56, 489 (1979)

80GHO/GHO:

Ghosh, A. K.; Ghosh, J. C.; Prasad, B.; "Third dissociation constant of phosphoric acid from 283.15 K to 323.15 K"; J. Indian Chem. Soc.; *57, 1194 (1980)

82GHO/GHO:

Ghosh, A. K.; Ghosh, J. C.; "First dissociation constant of phosphoric acid at a number of temperatures"; J. Indian Chem. Soc.; *59, 745 (1982)

03GIR:

Giran, H.; "Thermochimie. -Sur la chaleur de combustion du phosphore et sur les anhydrides phosphoriques"; Compt. Rend.; *136, 550 (1903)

03GIR2:

Giran, H.; "Recherches sur le phosphore et les acides phosphoriques"; Ann. Chim. Phys.; *30, 203 (1903)

60GLA/LON:

Glasoe, P. K.; Long, F. A.; "Use of glass electrodes to measure acidities in deuterium oxide"; J. Phys. Chem.; *64, 188 (1960)

59GRE/THO:

Greenwood, N. N.; Thompson, A.; "The mechanism of electrical conduction in fused phosphoric and trideuterophosphoric acids"; J. Chem. Soc.; *1959, 3485 (1959)

40GRI/MCK:

Griffith, R. O.; McKeown, A.; "Kinetics of the reaction of iodine with phosphorous acid and with phosphites"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *36, 766 (1940)

58GRZ:

Grzybowski, A. K.; "The standard potential of the calomel electrode and its application in accurate physicochemical measurements. II. Thermodynamics of the second ionization of orthophosphoric acid"; J. Phys. Chem.; *62, 555 (1958)

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Guggenheim, E. A.; Schindler, T. D.; "Studies of cells with liquid-liquid junctions. V. Standards for hydrogen ion measurements and the second dissociation constant of phosphoric acid"; J. Phys. Chem.; *38, 533 (1934)

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Hahn, F. L.; Klockmann, R.; "Die höheren Dissoziationsstufen der Phosphorsäure und der Borsäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; *151A, 80 (1930)

65HAN/CHR:

Hansen, L. D.; Christensen, J. J.; Izatt, R. M.; "Entropy titration. A calorimetric method for the determination of ΔG° (K), ΔH° and ΔS° "; Chem. Commun.; *No. 3, 36 (1965)

130 34HAR/EMB:

Harned, H. S.; Embree, N. D.; "The temperature variation of ionization constants in aqueous solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *56, 1050 (1934)

58HAR/OWE:

Harned, H. S.; Owen, B. B.; 'The physical chemistry of electrolyte solutions'; 3rd edition, Reinhold Publishing Corp., New York; p. 315 (1968)

74HAV/HOG:

Havel, J.; Hogfeldt, E.; "On some phosphate equilibria. V. The system magnesium-phosphoric acid in 3 M (Na, Mg)ClO₄"; *5, 164 (1974)

70HEA/LEW:

Head, A. J.; Lewis, G. B.; "Thermodynamic properties of phosphorus compounds 3. The enthalpy of formation of aqueous orthophosphoric acid"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; *2, 701 (1970)

62HOL:

Holmes, W. S.; "Heat of combustion of phosphorus and the enthalpies of formation of P₄O₁₀ and H₃PO₄"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *58, 1916 (1962)

Kk, 5 to 50 °C

Kk, 25 °C

Za, Kk, 25 °C

Hr, Kk, 25 °C

Kk, 10 to 50 °C

Zr, Ke, Kk, 25 °C

Kk, 25 °C

Hr, Hm, 25 °C

Hr, Hm, 25 °C

61IRA/CAL:

Irani, R. R.; Callis, C. F.; "Metal complexing by phosphorus compounds. IV. Acidity constants"; J. Phys. Chem.; *65, 934 (1961) Kk, 25 °C, I = 1.0 mol kg⁻¹

66IRA/TAU:

Irani, R. R.; Tauili, T. A.; "Metal complexing by phosphorus compounds-IX. Thermodynamics of ionization of ortho-, pyro- and tripolyphosphoric acids"; J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.; *28, 1011 (1966) Kk, Hr, 25 °C

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Irving, R. J.; McKerrell, H.; "Standard heat of formation of aqueous orthophosphoric Acid"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *63, 2582 (1967) Hr, 25 °C

73IVA/VOR:

Ivakin, A. A.; Voronova, E. M.; "Equilibrium in solutions of orthophosphoric acid"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *18, 885 (1973) Kk, 25 °C

75IVA/VOR:

Ivakin, A. A.; Voronova, E. M.; Kurbatova, L. D.; "A spectrophotometric study of the formation of vanadium (IV) complexes with orthophosphoric acid"; Zh. Neorg. Khim.; *20, 1246 (1975) Kk, 25 °C, I = 1.0 mol kg⁻¹

79JAM:

Jameson, R. F.; "The composition of the 'strong' phosphoric acids"; J. Chem. Soc.; *1959, 752 (1959) Kk, 0 to 80 °C

1885JOL:

Joly, A.; "Sur un hydrate cristallise de l'acide hypophosphorique"; Compt. Rend.; *100, 447 (1885) Hm, 13 °C

1886JOL:

Joly, A.; "Sur les produits de decomposition de l'acide hypophosphorique"; Compt. Rend.; *102, 760 (1886) Hr, 70 °C

1893JON:

Jones, H. C.; "Über die Bestimmung des Gefrierpunktes von verdunnten Lösungen einiger Säuren, Alkalien, Salze und organischen Verbindungen"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *12, 623 (1893) Px, 0 °C

03JON/GET:

Jones, H. C.; Getman, F. H.; "The molecular-lowering of the freezing-point of water produced by concentrated solutions of certain electrolytes"; Z. Phys. Chem. (Leipzig); *46, 244 (1903) Px, 0 °C

Jones, H. C.; Getman, F. H.; "Hydrates in solution"; Am. Chem. J.; *31, 322 (1904)

07JON/LEE:

Jones, H. C.; Getman, F. H.; Bassett; H. P.; McMaster, L.; Uhler, H. S.; "Hydrates in aqueous solution. Evidence for the existence of hydrates in solution, their approximate composition, and certain spectroscopic investigations bearing upon the hydrate problem"; Carnegie Inst. Washington Publ.; *No. 60, 145 pp. (1907)

70JON/LEE:

Jones, G. P.; Lee, D. A.; "The enthalpy of dilution of concentrated orthophosphoric acid"; J. Chem. Thermodyn.; *2, 760 (1970)

59JOR/DUM:

Jordan, J.; Dumbaugh, W. H., Jr.; "Enthalpies and entropies of ionization of acids in aqueous solution"; Bull. Chem. Thermo.; No. *2, 9 (1959)

29JOW/MIL:

Jowett, M.; Millet, H.; "The ionization constants of phosphoric acid"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *51, 1004 (1929)

32JOW/PRI:

Jowett, M.; Price, H. I.; "Solubilities of the phosphates of lead"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *28, 668 (1932)

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Kablukov, I. A.; Zagwoskin, K. I.; "Die Dampfspannungen der Phosphorsaurelosungen"; Z. Anorg. Allgem. Chem.; *224, 315 (1935)

58KER/ESP:

Kerker, M.; Espenscheid, W. F.; "Transference number of phosphoric acid by the e.m.f. method"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *80, 776 (1958)

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King, J.; Davidson, N.; "Kinetics of the ferrous iron-oxygen reaction in acidic phosphate-pyrophosphate solutions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *80, 1542 (1958)

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Kohlausch, F.; "Ueber das Leitungsvermögen einiger Elektrolyte in ausserst verdünnter wässriger Lösung"; Ann. Phys. (Leipzig); *26, 163 (1885)

Kolthoff, I. M.; "De Beteekenis der Dissociatieconstanten bij de Identificatie van Zuren en het Opsporen van Verontreinigingen"; Pharm. Weekbl.; *57, 514 (1920)

Kolthoff, I. M.; "Die Dissoziationskonstanten der Unterphosphorigen Saure, der Phosphorigen Saure und der Phosphorsaure"; Rec. Trav. Chim. Pays-Bas.; *46, 350 (1927)

49KON/LEB:
Konopík, N.; Leberl, O.; "Dissoziationskonstanten sehr schwacher Säuren. (Kolorimetrische pH-Bestimmung im Bereich 10 bis 15. III. Mitteilung)"; Monatsh. Chem.; *80, 655 (1949)

29KUG:
Kugelmass, I. N.; "LXVII. The determination of the tertiary dissociation constant of phosphoric acid"; Biochem. J.; *23, 587 (1929)

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Lanford, O. E.; Kiehl, S. J.; "A study of the reaction of ferric ion with orthophosphate in acid solution with thiocyanate as an indicator for ferric ions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *64, 291 (1942)

50LAR:
Larson, W. D.; "The activity coefficients of the undissociated part of weak acids. III Orthophosphoric acid"; J. Phys. Chem.; *54, 310 (1950)

69LAR/HEP:
Larson, J. W.; Hepler, L. G.; Coetzee, J. F. (ed.); Ritchie, C.D. (ed.); 'Solute-Solvent Interactions'; M. Dekker, New York; p. 1 (1969)

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Larson, J. W.; Zeeb, K. G.; Hepler, L. G.; "Heat capacities and volumes of dissociation of phosphoric acid (1st, 2nd, and 3rd), bicarbonate ion, and bisulfate ion in aqueous solution"; Can. J. Chem.; *60, 2141 (1982)

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Latimer, W. N.; Pitzer, K. S.; Smith, W. V.; "The entropies of aqueous ions"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *60, 1829 (1938)

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Loomis, E. H.; "Ueber ein exacteres Verfahren bei der Bestimmung von Gefrierpunktserniedrigungen"; Ber. Dtsch. Chem. Ges.; *26, 797 (1893)

- 1894L00: Loomis, E. H.; "Ueber ein exacteres Verfahren bei der Bestimmung von Gefrierpunktserniedrigungen"; Ann. Phys. (Leipzig); *51, 500 (1894) Px, 0 °C
- 1894L002: Loomis, E. H.; "On the freezing-points of dilute solutions. II"; Phys. Rev.; *1, 274 (1894) Px, 0 °C
- 1896L00: Loomis, E. H.; "On the freezing-points of dilute aqueous solutions"; Phys. Rev.; *3, 270 (1896) Px, 0 °C
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- 1897L002: Loomis, E. H.; "Der Gefierpunkt verdunnter wasseriger Losungen III"; Ann. Phys. (Leipzig); *60, 523 (1897) Px, 0 °C
- 81LUF: Luff, B. B.; "Heat capacity and enthalpy of phosphoric acid"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *26, 70 (1981) Q1, 25 - 367 °C
- 71LUF/REE: Luff, B. B.; Reed, R. B.; Wakefield, Z. T.; "Enthalpy of dilution of superphosphoric acids"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *16, 342 (1971) Hm, 40 °C
- 78LUF/REE: Luff, B. B.; Reed, R. B.; "Enthalpy of formation of pentaammonium triphosphate monohydrate, $(\text{NH}_4)_5\text{P}_3\text{O}_{10} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ "; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *23, 192 (1978) Hm, 25 and 40 °C
- 31LUG: Lugg, J. W. H.; "Recalculations of the first dissociation constant of phosphoric acid in aqueous solution at 18°, and incidental determination of the activity coefficients of the undissociated acid molecules"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *53, 1 (1931) Kk, Da, 18 °C

Lugg, J. W. H.; "A study of aqueous salt solutions in equilibrium with solid secondary calcium phosphate at 40 °C"; Trans. Faraday Soc.; *27, 297 (1931)

Kk 23.5 °C

69MAC/BOY: MacDonald, D. I.; Boyack, J. R.; "Density, electrical conductivity, and vapor pressure of concentrated phosphoric acid"; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *14, 380 (1969)

Kk, Pv, Xd, 25 to 170 °C,
77 to 102 wt. %

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Kk, 25 °C

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Kk, T= ?

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Kk, 25 °C,
 $I_{1/2} = 0.098$ to 1.401
mol kg⁻¹

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Kk, 25 °C, 1.0 M (NaClO₄)

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Da, Kk, 25 °C, 0.001 to
0.1 mol kg⁻¹

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Kk, Da, 25 °C, 0.1 to
10 mol kg⁻¹

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Ze, Hm, 25 °C

Kk, 25 °C

Kk, 0 to 300 °C, up to 1.0 M KCl

Kk, 50 to 300 °C, 0.2 M KCl

Kk, 25 °C

Da, Kk, 16 and 19 °C

Kk, Hm, 30 °C, 0.1 to 1.0 mol kg⁻¹

Kk, 25 °C

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- 33NIM: Nims, L. F.; "The second dissociation constant of phosphoric acid from 20 to 50°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *55, 1946 (1933) Kk, 20 to 50 °C,
I = 0.0 to 0.166 mol kg⁻¹
- 34NIM: Nims, L. F.; "The first dissociation constant of phosphoric acid from 0 to 50°"; J. Am. Chem. Soc.; *56, 1110 (1934) Kk, 0 to 50 °C,
I = 0 to 0.1 mol kg⁻¹
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- 76PIT/SIL: Pitzer, K. S.; Silvester, L. F.; "Thermodynamics of electrolytes. VI. Weak electrolytes including H_3PO_4 "; J. Solution Chem.; *5, 269 (1976) Ze, Da, Kk, 25 °C, 0 to 6 M
- 75PLA: Platford, R. F.; "Thermodynamics of aqueous solutions of orthophosphoric acid from the freezing point to 298.15 K"; J. Solution Chem.; *4, 591 (1975) Da, 273.15 and 298.15 K, 10^{-4} to 15 mol kg^{-1}
- 76PLA: Platford, R. F.; "Thermodynamics of the system $H_2O-NaH_2PO_4-H_3PO_4$ "; J. Chem. Eng. Data; *21, 468 (1976) Da, Dx, 273.15 and 298.15 K, 0 to 9 mol kg^{-1}
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Rothmund, V.; Drucker, K.; "Über die elektrolytische Dissociation der Pikrinsäure"; Z. Phys. Chem.; *46, 827 (1903)

Px, 0 °C

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Hm, 25 °C

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KK, 25 °C

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Pv, 30 to 170 °C, 85.7
to 103.4 wt % H₃PO₄

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Ze, Hr, 25 °C

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Da, Kk, 25 to 110 °C

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